



Food and Drug Administration  
10903 New Hampshire Avenue  
Silver Spring, MD 20993

Ms. Irene Powers  
Director, Regulatory Affairs  
Abbott Molecular Inc.  
1300 E. Touhy Avenue  
Des Plaines, IL 60018

**MAY 17 2011**

Re: P100017  
Abbott RealTime HCV, Abbott RealTime HCV Amplification Reagent Kit, Abbott RealTime HCV Control Kit, Abbott RealTime HCV Calibrator Kit, and optional UNG Uracil-N-Glycosylase (UNG) for use in conjunction with Abbott RealTime HCV  
Filed: May 18, 2010  
Amended: February 9, February 9, and February 15, 2011  
Procode: MZP

Dear Ms. Powers:

The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has completed its review of your premarket approval application (PMA) for the Abbott RealTime HCV, Abbott RealTime HCV Amplification Reagent Kit, Abbott RealTime HCV Control Kit, Abbott RealTime HCV Calibrator Kit, and optional UNG Uracil-N-Glycosylase (UNG) for use in conjunction with Abbott RealTime HCV. This device is indicated for:

#### Abbott RealTime HCV Amplification Reagent Kit

The Abbott RealTime HCV assay is an in vitro reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) assay for use with the Abbott *mSample* Preparation System reagents and with the Abbott *m2000sp* and *m2000rt* instruments for the quantitation of hepatitis C viral (HCV) RNA in human serum or plasma (EDTA) from HCV-infected individuals. Specimens containing HCV genotypes 1 - 6 have been validated for quantitation in the assay.

The Abbott RealTime HCV assay is intended for use as an aid in the management of HCV-infected patients undergoing antiviral therapy. The assay measures HCV RNA levels at baseline and during treatment and can be utilized to predict sustained and non-sustained virological response to HCV therapy. The results from the RealTime HCV assay must be interpreted within the context of all relevant clinical and laboratory findings.

Assay performance characteristics have been established for individuals treated with peginterferon alfa-2a or 2b plus ribavirin. No information is available on the assay's predictive value when other therapies are used. Assay performance for determining the state of HCV infection has not been established.

The Abbott RealTime HCV assay is not for screening blood, plasma, serum or tissue donors for HCV, or to be used as a diagnostic test to confirm the presence of HCV infection.

#### Abbott RealTime HCV Control Kit

The Abbott RealTime HCV Controls are used to establish run validity of the Abbott RealTime HCV assay when used for the quantitation of Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) RNA in human serum and plasma (EDTA) from HCV infected individuals.

#### Abbott RealTime HCV Calibrator Kit

The Abbott RealTime HCV Calibrators are for calibration of the Abbott RealTime HCV assay when used for the quantitative determination of Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) RNA in human serum and plasma (EDTA) from HCV infected individuals.

#### Uracil-N-Glycosylase (UNG) for use in conjunction with Abbott RealTime HCV

This kit is to be used in conjunction with Abbott RealTime HCV, List No. 1N30-90, as an optional contamination control for customer laboratories that are currently using or have previously used amplification technologies that incorporate uracil into the amplification product.

We are pleased to inform you that the PMA is approved. You may begin commercial distribution of the device in accordance with the conditions of approval described below.

The sale and distribution of this device are restricted to prescription use in accordance with 21 CFR 801.109 and under section 515(d)(1)(B)(ii) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act). FDA has determined that this restriction on sale and distribution is necessary to provide reasonable assurance of the safety and effectiveness of the device. Your device is therefore a restricted device subject to the requirements in sections 502(q) and (r) of the act, in addition to the many other FDA requirements governing the manufacture, distribution, and marketing of devices.

Expiration dating for the Abbott RealTime HCV Amplification Reagent Kit, Abbott RealTime HCV Control Kit, and Abbott RealTime HCV Calibrator Kit has been established and approved for 18 months, if stored at or below -10°C. Expiration dating for the Uracil-N-Glycosylase (UNG) for use in conjunction with Abbott RealTime HCV kit has been established and approved for 30 months, if stored at -15° to -25°C. This is to advise you that the protocol you used to establish this expiration dating is considered an approved protocol for the purpose of extending the expiration dating as provided by 21 CFR 814.39(a)(7).

Continued approval of this PMA is contingent upon the submission of periodic reports, required under 21 CFR 814.84, at intervals of one year (unless otherwise specified) from the date of approval of the original PMA. Two copies of this report, identified as "Annual Report" (please use this title even if the specified interval is more frequent than one year) and bearing the applicable PMA reference number, should be submitted to the address below. The Annual Report should indicate the beginning and ending date of the period covered by the report and should include the information required by 21 CFR 814.84.

In addition to the above, and in order to provide continued reasonable assurance of the safety and effectiveness of the device, the Annual Report must include, separately for each model number (if

applicable), the number of devices sold and distributed during the reporting period, including those distributed to distributors. The distribution data will serve as a denominator and provide necessary context for FDA to ascertain the frequency and prevalence of adverse events, as FDA evaluates the continued safety and effectiveness of the device.

Before making any change affecting the safety or effectiveness of the device, you must submit a PMA supplement or an alternate submission (30-day notice) in accordance with 21 CFR 814.39. All PMA supplements and alternate submissions (30-day notice) must comply with the applicable requirements in 21 CFR 814.39. For more information, please refer to the FDA guidance document entitled, "Modifications to Devices Subject to Premarket Approval (PMA) - The PMA Supplement Decision-Making Process" ([www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/GuidanceDocuments/ucm089274.htm](http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/GuidanceDocuments/ucm089274.htm)).

You are reminded that many FDA requirements govern the manufacture, distribution, and marketing of devices. For example, in accordance with the Medical Device Reporting (MDR) regulation, 21 CFR 803.50 and 21 CFR 803.52, you are required to report adverse events for this device. Manufacturers of medical devices, including in vitro diagnostic devices, are required to report to FDA no later than 30 calendar days after the day they receive or otherwise becomes aware of information, from any source, that reasonably suggests that one of their marketed devices:

1. May have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury; or
2. Has malfunctioned and such device or similar device marketed by the manufacturer would be likely to cause or contribute to a death or serious injury if the malfunction were to recur.

Additional information on MDR, including how, when, and where to report, is available at [www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm](http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm).

In accordance with the recall requirements specified in 21 CFR 806.10, you are required to submit a written report to FDA of any correction or removal of this device initiated by you to: (1) reduce a risk to health posed by the device; or (2) remedy a violation of the act caused by the device which may present a risk to health, with certain exceptions specified in 21 CFR 806.10(a)(2). Additional information on recalls is available at [www.fda.gov/Safety/Recalls/IndustryGuidance/default.htm](http://www.fda.gov/Safety/Recalls/IndustryGuidance/default.htm).

CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you; however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading. CDRH will notify the public of its decision to approve your PMA by making available, among other information, a summary of the safety and effectiveness data upon which the approval is based. The information can be found on the FDA CDRH Internet HomePage located at [www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ProductsandMedicalProcedures/DeviceApprovalsandClearances/PMAApprovals/default.htm](http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ProductsandMedicalProcedures/DeviceApprovalsandClearances/PMAApprovals/default.htm). Written requests for this information can also be made to the Food and Drug Administration, Dockets Management Branch, (HFA-305), 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. The written request should include the PMA number or docket number.

Within 30 days from the date that this information is placed on the Internet, any interested person may seek review of this decision by submitting a petition for review under section 515(g) of the act and requesting either a hearing or review by an independent advisory committee. FDA may, for good cause, extend this 30-day filing period.

Failure to comply with any post-approval requirement constitutes a ground for withdrawal of approval of a PMA. The introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of a device that is not in compliance with its conditions of approval is a violation of law.

You are reminded that, as soon as possible and before commercial distribution of your device, you must submit an amendment to this PMA submission with copies of all approved labeling in final printed form. Final printed labeling that is identical to the labeling approved in draft form will not routinely be reviewed by FDA staff when accompanied by a cover letter stating that the final printed labeling is identical to the labeling approved in draft form. If the final printed labeling is not identical, any changes from the final draft labeling should be highlighted and explained in the amendment.

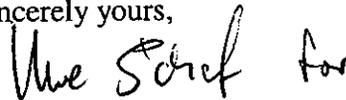
All required documents should be submitted in triplicate, unless otherwise specified, to the address below and should reference the above PMA number to facilitate processing. One of those three copies may be an electronic copy (eCopy), in an electronic format that FDA can process, review and archive (general information:

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/HowtoMarketYourDevice/PreMarketSubmissions/ucm134508.htm>; clinical and statistical data:  
<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/HowtoMarketYourDevice/PreMarketSubmissions/ucm136377.htm>)

U.S. Food and Drug Administration  
Center for Devices and Radiological Health  
PMA Document Mail Center – WO66-G609  
10903 New Hampshire Avenue  
Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

If you have any questions concerning this approval order, please contact Stephen Lovell at 301-796-6968.

Sincerely yours,



Sally Hojvat, M.Sc., Ph.D.

Director

Division of Microbiology Devices

Office of *In Vitro* Diagnostic Device Evaluation and Safety

Center for Devices and Radiological Health