## CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

**APPLICATION NUMBER:** 

205703Orig1s000

**OTHER REVIEW(S)** 

#### 505(b)(2) ASSESSMENT

	Application		
NDA # 205703	NDA Supplement #: S-	-	Efficacy Supplement Type SE-
Proprietary Name: N/A Established/Proper Nam Dosage Form: premixe Strengths: 2500 mg/250 Applicant: HQ Specialt Date of Receipt: June 2	e: esmolol hydrochlorion d injection omL and 2000 mg/100 p ty Pharma		
PDUFA Goal Date: Apr	ril 28, 2014	Action	Goal Date (if different):
RPM: Russell Fortney			
Noncompens Esmolol hydrochloric patients with atrial fil other emergent circu short-acting agent is Esmolol hydrochloric where, in the physic intervention. Esmolol  1.2 Intraoperativ Esmolol hydrochloric and hypertension the surgery, on emerger in the physician's juc	brillation or atrial fluttoumstances where show desirable. The salso indicated in the salso indicated in the salso indicated in the salso indicated is into the salso indicated for the salso cour during inductive from anesthesial digment such specifications.	cardia e rapid ter in per ort term n nonco apid he ended f e Short- ction and and in t e interve	control of ventricular rate in erioperative, postoperative, or a control of ventricular rate with a empensatory sinus tachycardia art rate requires specific
	GENERAL IN	FORMA	ATION
product <i>OR</i> is the ap protein or peptide pr	plicant relying on a reco oduct to support approva	mbinant al of the p	YES NO
If "YES "contact th	ne (b)(2) review staff in	n the Imi	mediate Office, Office of New Drugs.

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### INFORMATION PROVIDED VIA RELIANCE (LISTED DRUG OR LITERATURE)

2) List the information essential to the approval of the proposed drug that is provided by reliance on our previous finding of safety and efficacy for a listed drug by reliance on published literature, or by reliance on a final OTC monograph. (If not clearly identified by the applicant, this information can usually be derived from annotated labeling.)

Source of information* (e.g.,	Information relied-upon (e.g., specific
published literature, name of listed	sections of the application or labeling)
drug(s), OTC final drug	
monograph)	
NDA19386 Brevibloc	FDA's previous finding of safety and
	effectiveness

3) Reliance on information regarding another product (whether a previously approved product or from published literature) must be scientifically appropriate. An applicant needs to provide a scientific "bridge" to demonstrate the relationship of the referenced and proposed products. Describe how the applicant bridged the proposed product to the referenced product(s). (Example: BA/BE studies)

Referenced product and subject product are both intravenous product; bridge via self-evident bioequivalence. See 21 CFR 320.24(b)(6).

#### RELIANCE ON PUBLISHED LITERATURE

4)	(a) Regardless of whether the applicant has explicitly stated a reliance on published literature to support their application, is reliance on published literature necessary to support the approval of the proposed drug product (i.e., the application <i>cannot</i> be approved without the published literature)?
	YES NO 🛛
	If "NO," proceed to question #5.
	(b) Does any of the published literature necessary to support approval identify a specific (e.g., brand name) <i>listed</i> drug product?
	YES NO N
	If "NO", proceed to question #5.
	If "YES", list the listed drug(s) identified by name and answer question $\#4(c)$ .
	(c) Are the drug product(s) listed in (b) identified by the applicant as the listed drug(s)? YES $\square$ NO $\square$

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<sup>\*</sup>each source of information should be listed on separate rows, however individual literature articles should not be listed separately

#### RELIANCE ON LISTED DRUG(S)

	Reliance on published literature which id reliance on that liste	entifies a specific approve ed drug. Please answer qu	
5)	Regardless of whether the applicant has exapplication <b>rely</b> on the finding of safety ar (approved drugs) to support the approval of cannot be approved without this reliance)?	nd effectiveness for one or of the proposed drug produ	more listed drugs
			YES $\square$ NO $\square$ Proceed to question #10.
6)	Name of listed drug(s) relied upon, and the explicitly identified the product as being re		
	Name of Listed Drug	NDA#	Did applicant specify reliance on the product? (Y/N)
Br	evibloc	19386	Y
7)	Applicants should specify reliance on the certification/statement. If you believe the explicitly identified as such by the applications is a (b)(2) supplement to an original	pere is reliance on a listed oplicant, please contact the Immediate Off  (b)(2) application, does the series of th	product that has not been e (b)(2) review staff in the fice, Office of New Drugs.
j	the same listed drug(s) as the original (b)(2) If this application is $a(b)(2)$ supplement to $a(b)(3)$	N/A	YES NO
4	If " $NO$ ", please contact the (b)(2) review	ap	pplication, answer "N/A".
8)	Were any of the listed drug(s) relied upon a) Approved in a 505(b)(2) application?		ves 🗆 No 🗹
	Name of drug(s) approved in a	If " <b>YES</b> ",	YES $\square$ NO $\boxtimes$ please list which drug(s).
	b) Approved by the DESI process?		YES \( \sum \) NO \( \sum \) please list which drug(s).
	Name of drug(s) approved via	· ·	pieuse iisi which urug(s).

c) Described in a final OTC drug monograph?

YES NO

Page 3 Version: *February 2013*  Name of drug(s) described in a final OTC drug monograph:

d)	Dis	scontinued from marketing?  YES  NO \times
		If " <b>YES</b> ", please list which drug(s) and answer question d) i. below. If " <b>NO</b> ", proceed to question #9.
		Name of drug(s) discontinued from marketing:
	i)	Were the products discontinued for reasons related to safety or effectiveness?  YES NO
		(Information regarding whether a drug has been discontinued from marketing for reasons of safety or effectiveness may be available in the Orange Book. Refer to
		section 1.11 for an explanation, and section 6.1 for the list of discontinued drugs. If a determination of the reason for discontinuation has not been published in the
		Federal Register (and noted in the Orange Book), you will need to research the archive file and/or consult with the review team. Do not rely solely on any statements made by the sponsor.)

9) Describe the change from the listed drug(s) relied upon to support this (b)(2) application (for example, "This application provides for a new indication, otitis media" or "This application provides for a change in dosage form, from capsule to solution").

The formulation includes different inactive ingredients and is not eligible to be submitted under 505(j).

The purpose of the following two questions is to determine if there is an approved drug product that is equivalent or very similar to the product proposed for approval that should be referenced as a listed drug in the pending application.

The assessment of pharmaceutical equivalence for a recombinant or biologically-derived product and/or protein or peptide product is complex. If you answered **YES to question** #1, proceed to question #12; if you answered **NO to question** #1, proceed to question #10 below.

10) (a) Is there a pharmaceutical equivalent(s) to the product proposed in the 505(b)(2) application that is already approved (via an NDA or ANDA)?

(Pharmaceutical equivalents are drug products in identical dosage forms intended for the same route of administration that: (1) contain identical amounts of the identical active drug ingredient, i.e., the same salt or ester of the same therapeutic moiety, or, in the case of modified release dosage forms that require a reservoir or overage or such forms as prefilled syringes where residual volume may vary, that deliver identical amounts of the active drug ingredient over the identical dosing period; (2) do not necessarily contain the same inactive ingredients; and (3) meet the identical compendial or other applicable standard of identity, strength, quality, and purity, including potency and, where applicable, content uniformity, disintegration times, and/or dissolution rates. (21 CFR 320.1(c), FDA's "Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations" (the Orange Book)).

**Note** that for proposed combinations of one or more previously approved drugs, a pharmaceutical equivalent must also be a combination of the same drugs.

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	YES	$\boxtimes$	NO	
If "NO" to If "YES" to (a), answer (b) and (c) to	· / I	4		
(b) Is the pharmaceutical equivalent approved for the same in	dication	for whic	h the	
505(b)(2) application is seeking approval?	YES	$\boxtimes$	NO	
(c) Is the listed drug(s) referenced by the application a pharm $N/A$	naceutica YES	al equival	ent? NO	
If this application relies only on non product-specific published lite If " <b>YES</b> " to (c) <u>and</u> there are no additional pharmaceutical equivaquestion #12.				
If "NO" or if there are additional pharmaceutical equivalents that application, list the NDA pharmaceutical equivalent(s); you do not of the products approved as ANDAs, but please note below if approlisted in the Orange Book. Please also contact the (b)(2) review stay Office of New Drugs.	have to ved app	individua roved ger	elly list nerics a	all ire
Pharmaceutical equivalent(s):				
11) (a) Is there a pharmaceutical alternative(s) already approved (via	an NDA	or AND	A)?	
(Pharmaceutical alternatives are drug products that contain the identic precursor, but not necessarily in the same amount or dosage form or as such drug product individually meets either the identical or its own resp applicable standard of identity, strength, quality, and purity, including p content uniformity, disintegration times and/or dissolution rates. (21 C. forms and strengths within a product line by a single manufacturer are alternatives, as are extended-release products when compared with imm formulations of the same active ingredient.)	the same pective co potency a FR 320.1 thus phar	e salt or es impendial ind, where (d)) Diffe imaceutica	ter. Eac or other applica rent dos il	th , able, sage
<b>Note</b> that for proposed combinations of one or more previously approve alternative must also be a combination of the same drugs.	ed drugs,	a pharma	ceutical	
If "No	YES O", proc	Ceed to qu	NO uestion	#12.
(b) Is the pharmaceutical alternative approved for the same indic 505(b)(2) application is seeking approval?	ation for	which th	ne	
	YES		NO	
(c) Is the approved pharmaceutical alternative(s) referenced as the N/A	e listed YES	drug(s)?	NO	
If this application relies only on non product-specific published lite If " <b>YES</b> " and there are no additional pharmaceutical alternatives #12.				n

Page 5 Version: February 2013 If "NO" or if there are additional pharmaceutical alternatives that are not referenced by the application, list the NDA pharmaceutical alternative(s); you do not have to individually list all of the products approved as ANDAs, but please note below if approved generics are listed in the Orange Book. Please also contact the (b)(2) review staff in the Immediate Office, Office of New Drugs.

Pharmaceutical alternative(s):

#### PATENT CERTIFICATION/STATEMENTS

drug(s)	patent numbers of all unex for which our finding of sa 2) product.				
List	ted drug/Patent number(s):		January 12, 2 January 12, 2		
	No patents	listed	proceed to q	uestion #14	
	applicant address (with an listed in the Orange Book f				
	'N <b>0</b> ", list which patents (ar	ıd which liste	ed drugs) were	YES e not addresse	$\square$ NO $\square$ ed by the applicant
	Listed drug/Patent nun	nber(s):			
	of the following patent certing the patents to when the patents the patents to when the patents the pa				
	No patent certifications a published literature that d				
	21 CFR 314.50(i)(1)(i)(A FDA. (Paragraph I certific		tent information	on has not be	en submitted to
	21 CFR 314.50(i)(1)(i)(A	)(2): The pat	tent has expire	ed. (Paragrap)	h II certification)
	Patent number(s):				
	21 CFR 314.50(i)(1)(i)(A III certification)	)(3): The dat	te on which th	e patent will	expire. (Paragraph
	Patent number(s):		]	Expiry date(s	):
	21 CFR 314.50(i)(1)(i)(A infringed by the manufactor application is submitted. was submitted, proceed to	ture, use, or s (Paragraph IV	ale of the drug certification	g product for	which the

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		Patent number(s): 6,310,094 PED)	Expiry date(s): January 12, 2021 (July 12, 2021
		Patent number(s): 6,528,540 PED)	Expiry date(s): January 12, 2021 (July 12, 2021
		NDA holder/patent owner (mus	at that applicant has a licensing agreement with the st also submit certification under 21 CFR The applicant has a licensing agreement with the ceed to question #15.
		21 CFR 314.50(i)(1)(ii): No re	levant patents.
		and the labeling for the drug prodoes not include any indication the corresponding use code in the cod	patent on the listed drug is a method of use patent oduct for which the applicant is seeking approval s that are covered by the use patent as described in the Orange Book. Applicant must provide a e patent does not claim any of the proposed ment)
		Patent number(s): Method(s) of Use/Code(s):	
ce		ation and/or applications in which	for applications containing Paragraph IV the applicant and patent holder have a licensing
	) Did		528,540 rtification stating that the NDA holder and patent application was filed [21 CFR 314.52(b)]?  YES  NO  □
		If "NO", please cont	act the applicant and request the signed certification
(c)	owr		ion showing that the NDA holder and patent 1 CFR 314.52(e)]? This is generally provided in the
		If "NO", please	YES $oxtimes$ NO $oxtime$ contact the applicant and request the documentation
(d)		at is/are the date(s) on the registe patent owner(s) received notifica	red mail receipt(s) (i.e., the date(s) the NDA holder ation):
		Date(s): September 9, 2013	
		. ,	he date the notification occurred (i.e., delivery on in which proof of notification was provided
(e)		the applicant been sued for pater fication listed above?	nt infringement within 45-days of receipt of the

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to verif	y this info	rmatio	d to call the applicant (after 45 days of receipt of the notification) on <b>UNLESS</b> the applicant provided a written statement from the that it consents to an immediate effective date of approval.	
YES	⊠ NO		Patent owner(s) consent(s) to an immediate effective date of approval	_

This is a representation of an electronic record that was signed electronically and this page is the manifestation of the electronic signature.
/s/
RUSSELL FORTNEY 04/03/2014

#### LABELS AND LABELING MEMORANDUM

Division of Medication Error Prevention and Analysis (DMEPA)
Office of Medication Error Prevention and Risk Management (OMEPRM)

Office of Surveillance and Epidemiology (OSE)
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER)

#### \*\*\* This document contains proprietary information that cannot be released to the public\*\*\*

Date of This Memorandum: March 10, 2014

**Requesting Office or Division:** Division of Cardiovascular and Renal Products (DCRP)

**Application Type and Number:** NDA 205703

**Product Name and Strength:** Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection

2500 mg/250 mL (10 mg/mL) 2000 mg/100 mL (20 mg/mL)

**Product Type:** Single Ingredient Product

Rx or OTC:

**Applicant/Sponsor Name:** HQ Specialty Pharma Corporation

**Submission Date:** February 18, 2014

**OSE RCM #:** 2013-1607

DMEPA Primary Reviewer: Loretta Holmes, BSN, PharmD

DMEPA Associate Director: Irene Z. Chan, PharmD, BCPS

#### 1. REASON FOR REVIEW

This memorandum evaluates the revised labels and labeling for Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection.

#### 2. MATERIALS REVIEWED

DMEPA evaluated the revised labels and labeling submitted on February 18, 2014 (Appendix A). We compared the revised labels and labeling against our recommendations provided in OSE Review 2013-1607, dated December 30, 2013, and sent via email on January 21, 2014, to assess whether the revised labels and labeling address our concerns from a medication error perspective.

#### 3. CONCLUSION & RECOMMENDATIONS

Our review of the revised labels and labeling determined the Applicant has implemented all of our recommendations and we find the revisions acceptable. Therefore, we have no further recommendations at this time.

If you have further questions or need clarification, please contact Karen Bengtson, OSE Project Manager, at 301-796-3338.

3 Page(s) of Draft Labeling have been Withheld in Full as b4 (CCI/TS) immediately following this page

# Department of Health and Human Services Public Health Service Food and Drug Administration Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Office of Surveillance and Epidemiology Office of Medication Error Prevention and Risk Management

#### Label, Labeling and Packaging Review

Date: December 30, 2013

Reviewer: Loretta Holmes, BSN, PharmD

Division of Medication Error Prevention and Analysis

Team Leader: Irene Z. Chan, PharmD, BCPS

Division of Medication Error Prevention and Analysis

Drug Name and Strengths: Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection

2500 mg/ 250 mL (10 mg/mL) 2000 mg/100 mL (20 mg/mL)

Application Type/Number: NDA 205703

Applicant: HQ Specialty Pharma Corporation

OSE RCM #: 2013-1607

\*\*\* This document contains proprietary and confidential information that should not be released to the public.\*\*\*

Reference ID: 3429506

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

This review evaluates the proposed labels and labeling for Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection (NDA 205703) in response to a request from the Division of Cardiovascular and Renal Products (DCRP) for areas of vulnerability that could lead to medication errors.

#### 1.1 REGULATORY HISTORY

NDA 205703 for Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection is a 505(b)(2) application relying on clinical and preclinical data for Brevibloc Premixed Injection (NDA 019386). Brevibloc Injection was approved on December 31, 1986.

#### 1.2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

The following product information was provided in the June 28, 2013 submission.<sup>1</sup>

Active Ingredient	Esmolol Hydrochloride
Indication of Use	Control of ventricular rate in supraventricular tachycardia including atrial fibrillation and atrial flutter and control of heart rate in noncompensatory sinus tachycardia
	Control of perioperative tachycardia and hypertension
Route of Administration	Intravenous
Dosage Form	Premixed Injection Bag
Strengths	2500 mg/250 mL (10 mg/mL) and 2000 mg/100 mL (20 mg/mL)
Dose and Frequency	• Titrate using ventricular rate or blood pressure at ≥ 4-minute intervals
	Supraventricular tachycardia (SVT) or noncompensatory sinus tachycardia
	<ul> <li>Optional loading dose: 500 mcg per kg infused over one minute</li> </ul>
	o Then 50 mcg per kg per minute for the next 4 minutes
	Adjust dose as needed to a maximum of 200 mcg per kg per minute
	<ul> <li>Additional loading doses may be administered</li> </ul>
	Perioperative tachycardia and hypertension
	Loading dose: 500 mcg per kg over 1 minute for gradual control (1 mg per kg over 30 seconds for immediate control)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Appendix B for a side-by-side comparison of Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection Bags and Brevibloc Premixed Injection Bags.

How Supplied	Then 50 mcg per kg per minute for gradual control     (150 mcg per kg per minute for immediate control)     adjusted to a maximum of 200 (tachycardia) or 300     (hypertension) mcg per kg per minute  Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection is available in the following presentations:						
	Strength	Package					
	2500 mg (10 mg/mL) 250 mL						
	2000 mg (20 mg/mL) 100 mL  10 bags per carton  Double Strength						
Storage	Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F)[See USP Controlled Room Temperature]. PROTECT FROM FREEZING. Avoid excessive heat.						
Container and Closure System	The Premixed Injection is provided in a single-use dual port bag with an aluminum overwrap. The container closure is not made with natural rubber latex.						

#### 2 METHODS AND MATERIALS REVIEWED

DMEPA searched the FDA Adverse Events Reporting System (FAERS) database for Brevibloc medication errors that may inform this review. We also reviewed the proposed labels and labeling submitted by the Applicant. Furthermore, we compared the proposed labels and labeling to the currently marketed Brevibloc labels and labeling to determine if there were any areas of vulnerability that could lead to medication errors.

#### 2.1 SELECTION OF MEDICATION ERROR CASES

We previously conducted a search of the FDA Adverse Event Reporting System (FAERS)<sup>2</sup> for Brevibloc medication errors in a previous review<sup>3</sup>. The previous search covered the time period 12/31/1986 through August 2008. There were no medication error cases retrieved that involved the nomenclature, labels and labeling for Brevibloc Premixed Injection bags. Thus, for this review, we searched the FAERS database for cases received since August 2008 using the strategy listed in Table 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Appendix A for a description of the FAERS database.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Smith, Diane C. Brevibloc Label and Labeling Review, OSE Review 2008-1359, dated October 29, 2008.

Table 1: FAERS Search Strategy			
Date range	09/01/2008 through 11/26/2013		
Drug Names	Trade Name: Brevibloc		
MedDRA Search Strategy	Medication Errors (HLGT) Product Packaging Issues (HLT) Product Label Issues (HLT) Product Quality Issues NEC (HLT)		

The aforementioned search strategy did not retrieve any medication error cases involving Brevibloc Premixed Injection.

#### 2.2 LABELS AND LABELING

Using the principals of human factors and Failure Mode and Effects Analysis,<sup>4</sup> along with postmarketing medication error data, the Division of Medication Error Prevention and Analysis (DMEPA) evaluated the following:

- Dual Port Bag Labels submitted on June 28, 2013 (Appendix C)
- Overwrap Labeling submitted on June 28, 2013 (Appendix D)
- Carton Labeling submitted on June 28, 2013 (Appendix E)
- Insert Labeling submitted on June 28, 2013 (no image)

Additionally, we compared the Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection proposed labels and labeling against the currently marketed Brevibloc Premixed Injection labels and labeling (Appendix F) to identify any potential safety issues.

#### 3 MEDICATION ERROR RISK ASSESSMENT

Our review of the Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection labels and labeling identified areas of concern that can be improved for clarity to promote the safe use of the product. These areas of concern include the readability, prominence, and accuracy of important information on the labels or labeling. We provide recommendations for the labels and labeling in Section 4, below.

#### 4 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

DMEPA concludes the proposed labels and labeling can be improved to increase the readability and prominence of important information on the label to promote the safe use of the product and mitigate any confusion.

If you have further questions or need clarifications, please contact Cherye Milburn, OSE Project Manager, at 301-796-2084.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Institute for Healthcare Improvement (IHI). Failure Modes and Effects Analysis. Boston. IHI:2004.

#### 4.1 COMMENTS TO THE DIVISION

DMEPA provides the following comments for consideration by the review division prior to the approval of this NDA:

#### A. Insert Labeling

#### 1. General Comment

The term "b) (4)" is used when referring to the 10 mg/mL strength. However, this term is not used in the insert labeling for Brevibloc when referring to the 10 mg/mL strength. In order to provide consistency between the labels and to minimize potential confusion that may be caused by the use of the term, we recommend it be deleted from the insert labeling.

#### 2. Dosage and Administration, Full Prescribing Information

Section 2.4 Directions for Use, Figure 1: The Medication Port and Delivery Port in the illustration of the Dual Port bag are not identified. We recommend labeling the diagram to show the location of the two ports.

#### 4.2 COMMENTS TO THE APPLICANT

DMEPA advises the recommendations below be implemented prior to approval of this NDA:

#### A. General Comment

The use of the term " on the 10 mg/mL labels and labeling may be unclear and lead to confusion because is not used on the labels and labeling of the 10 mg/mL strength of the referenced drug. Therefore, remove this statement in order to provide consistency between the labels and to help minimize potential confusion with the use of the term.

#### B. Dual Port Bag Labels, Both Strengths



C.	Overwrap Labeling, Both Strengths	
		(b) (4)
D.	Carton Labeling, Both Strengths	
		(b) (-

#### **APPENDICES**

#### **Appendix A.** Database Descriptions

#### FDA Adverse Event Reporting System (FAERS)

The FDA Adverse Event Reporting System (FAERS) is a database that contains information on adverse event and medication error reports submitted to FDA. The database is designed to support the FDA's post-marketing safety surveillance program for drug and therapeutic biologic products. The informatic structure of the database adheres to the international safety reporting guidance issued by the International Conference on Harmonisation. Adverse events and medication errors are coded to terms in the Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities (MedDRA) terminology. The suspect products are coded to valid tradenames or active ingredients in the FAERS Product Dictionary (FPD).

FDA implemented FAERS on September 10, 2012, and migrated all the data from the previous reporting system (AERS) to FAERS. Differences may exist when comparing case counts in AERS and FAERS. FDA validated and recoded product information as the AERS reports were migrated to FAERS. In addition, FDA implemented new search functionality based on the date FDA initially received the case to more accurately portray the follow up cases that have multiple receive dates.

FAERS data have limitations. First, there is no certainty that the reported event was actually due to the product. FDA does not require that a causal relationship between a product and event be proven, and reports do not always contain enough detail to properly evaluate an event. Further, FDA does not receive reports for every adverse event or medication error that occurs with a product. Many factors can influence whether or not an event will be reported, such as the time a product has been marketed and publicity about an event. Therefore, FAERS data cannot be used to calculate the incidence of an adverse event or medication error in the U.S. population.

Appendix B: Product Characteristic Comparison Chart

Product:	Proposed Drug Product	Reference Listed Drug
Product Proprietary Name:	None	Brevibloc Premixed Injection®
Product Established name	Esmolol Hydrochloride	Esmolol Hydrochloride
Conditions of Use:	Supraventricular Tachycardia (SVT) Intraoperative and Postoperative Tachycardia and/or Hypertension	Supraventricular Tachycardia (SVT) Intraoperative and Postoperative Tachycardia and/or Hypertension
Active Ingredient(s):	Esmolol Hydrochloride	Esmolol Hydrochloride
Inactive Ingredients:	N/A Sodium Acetate Trihydrate Glacial Acetic Acid Ethanol Propylene Glycol (b) (4) Sodium Hydroxide WFI	Sodium Chloride Sodium Acetate Trihydrate Glacial Acetic Acid N/A N/A Hydrochloric Acid Sodium Hydroxide WFI
Route of Administration:	Injectable	Injectable
Dosage Form:	IV (Infusion)	IV (Infusion)
Strength:	2500mg/250mL (10mg/ mL) 2000mg/100 mL (20mg / mL)	2500mg/250mL (10mg/ mL) 2000mg/100 mL (20mg / mL)

8 Page(s) of Draft Labeling have been Withheld in Full as b4 (CCI/TS) immediately following this page

IRENE Z CHAN 12/30/2013

#### **RPM FILING REVIEW**

(Including Memo of Filing Meeting)
To be completed for all new NDAs, BLAs, and Efficacy Supplements [except SE8 (labeling change with clinical data) and SE9 (manufacturing change with clinical data]

Application Information					
NDA # 205703	NDA Supplement #	#:S-	Efficac	cy Supplement Type SE-	
BLA#	BLA Supplement #	<del>‡</del>			
Proprietary Name:					
Established/Proper Name:	Esmolol hydrochloride	e premixed injecti	ion		
Dosage Form: injection					
Strengths: 2500 mg/250 mL	and 2000 mg/100 mL $$				
Applicant: HQ Specialty Ph					
Agent for Applicant (if app					
Date of Application: June 2	•				
Date of Receipt: June 28, 20					
Date clock started after UN					
PDUFA Goal Date: April 28		Action Goal D			
Filing Date: August 27, 201			Meeting	g: August 20, 2013	
Chemical Classification: (1					
				d for the rapid control of ventricular rate	
			e, or other	emergent circumstances where short term	
control of ventricular rate with a			o where i	n the physician's judgment, the rapid heart	
rate requires specific intervention					
	•				
				rtension that occur during induction and	
tracheal intubation, during surger judgment such specific interventi			postoperat	ive period, when in the physician's	
Judgment such specific interventi	on is considered indicated	u.			
Use of esmolol hydrochloride to	prevent such events is not	t recommended.			
Type of Original NDA:				505(b)(1)	
AND (if applicable	9)			∑ 505(b)(2)	
Type of NDA Supplement:			ŀ	505(b)(1)	
Type of the supplement.				505(b)(2)	
If 505(b)(2): Draft the "505(l	b)(2) Assessment" revi	ew found at:			
http://inside.fda.gov:9003/CDER/Of	ficeofNewDrugs/Immediate	Office/UCM027499			
and refer to Appendix A for f	urther information.			<b>M</b> • • • •	
Review Classification:				Standard	
To the second section to the feet		11-4-1- H/D		☐ Priority	
If the application includes a	complete response to p	ediatric WK, revi	iew		
classification is Priority.					
If a tronical disease priority r	eview voucher was sui	hmitted review		Tropical Disease Priority	
If a tropical disease priority review voucher was submitted, review classification is Priority.				Review Voucher submitted	
classylcanon is 1710711.					
Resubmission after withdra	wal?	Resubm	nission a	fter refuse to file?	
Part 3 Combination Produc	t? Conv	venience kit/Co-	package	;	
				ce/system (syringe, patch, etc.)	
If yes, contact the Office of	☐ Pre-f			levice/system (syringe, patch, etc.)	
Combination Products (OCP) and copy Device coated/impregnated/combined with drug					
them on all Inter-Center cons	•			combined with biologic	
			_	• •	

Separate products requiring cross-labeling
Drug/Biologic
Possible combination based on cross-labeling of separate
products
Other (drug/device/biological product)

Fast Track Designation	PMC response						
Breakthrough Therapy Designation	PMR response:						
Rolling Review Orphan Designation	FDAAA [505(o)]						
		PREA deferred pediatric studies [21 CFR 314.55(b)/21 CFR 601.27(b)]					
Rx-to-OTC switch, Full				firmato	ry studies (21 CFR		
Rx-to-OTC switch, Partial	314.510/21 CF				.,		
☐ Direct-to-OTC	Animal rul	e postma	arketing	studie	s to verify clinical		
	benefit and saf	ety (21 G	CFR 31	4.610/2	21 CFR 601.42)		
Other:							
Collaborative Review Division (if OTC pro	oduct): asdfffsf						
List referenced IND Number(s):							
Goal Dates/Product Names/Classific		YES	NO	NA	Comment		
PDUFA and Action Goal dates correct in t	racking system?	$\boxtimes$					
If no, ask the document room staff to correct	than immadiataly						
These are the dates used for calculating inspe							
Are the proprietary, established/proper, and		$\boxtimes$					
correct in tracking system?							
If no, ask the document room staff to make the ask the document room staff to add the estable							
to the supporting IND(s) if not already entere							
system.							
Is the review priority (S or P) and all appro		$\boxtimes$					
classifications/properties entered into track							
chemical classification, combination produ							
505(b)(2), orphan drug)? For NDAs/NDA so the New Application and New Supplement No.							
for a list of all classifications/properties at:	nijicanon Checkusis						
http://inside.fda.gov:9003/CDER/OfficeofBusinessProce	ssSupport/ucm163969.ht						
<u>m</u>							
If no, ask the document room staff to make th	ne appropriate						
entries.							
Application Integrity Policy		YES	NO	NA	Comment		
Is the application affected by the Applicati	on Integrity Policy		$\boxtimes$				
(AIP)? Check the AIP list at: http://www.fda.gov/ICECI/EnforcementActions/Applicate	ionIntegrityPolicy/default						
<u>.htm</u>	ionimeg/nyl one//acjami						
If yes, explain in comment column.							
If affected by AIP, has OC/OMPQ been n	notified of the						
submission? If yes, date notified:							
User Fees		YES	NO	NA	Comment		
Is Form 3397 (User Fee Cover Sheet) inclu	uded with	$\boxtimes$					
authorized signature?							

User Fee Status		Payment	t for this	applic	ation:			
If a user fee is required an is not exempted or waived) unacceptable for filing fold Review stops. Send Unacce and contact user fee staff.	, the application is lowing a 5-day grace period	d. Exen						
		Payment	t of othe	r user f	ees:			
If the firm is in arrears for whether a user fee has bee the application is unaccept period does not apply). Re- and contact the user fee sta	n paid for this application) table for filing (5-day grace view stops. Send UN letter	, In an	Not in arrears ☐ In arrears					
505(b)(2)			YES	NO	NA	Comment		
(NDAs/NDA Efficacy S  Is the application for a di		nd eligible						
		nd engione			╵╹			
for approval under section 505(j) as an ANDA?  Is the application for a duplicate of a listed drug whose only difference is that the extent to which the active ingredient(s) is absorbed or otherwise made available to the site of action is less than that of the reference listed drug (RLD)? [see 21 CFR 314.54(b)(1)].								
Is the application for a di	uplicate of a listed drug v	vhose only		$\boxtimes$				
difference is that the rate								
active ingredient(s) is ab								
of action is unintentional	•	sted drug						
[see 21 CFR 314.54(b)(2)]?  If you answered yes to any of the above questions, the application								
may be refused for filing u the 505(b)(2) review staff i								
Is there unexpired exclus				$\boxtimes$				
the active moiety (e.g., 5								
exclusivity)?								
Check the Electronic Oran http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/sci								
in province costumination series	The state of the s							
If yes, please list below:								
Application No.	Drug Name	Exclusivity Co	de	Exc	lusivity	Expiration		
				_				
If there is unexpired, 5-year	ll r exclusivity remaining on t	he active moiet	tv for the	propose	ed drug	product. a 505(b)(2)		
application cannot be subm								
patent certification; then an								
exclusivity will extend both year exclusivity may block						0)(2). Unexpired, 3-		
Exclusivity May block	ano approvar our nor me suc	mission of a s	YES	NO	NA	Comment		
Does another product (sa	me active moiety) have o	orphan		X				
exclusivity for the same								

Designations and Approvals list at: http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/opdlisting/oopd/index.cfm				
If another product has orphan exclusivity, is the product			X	
considered to be the same product according to the orphan				
drug definition of sameness [see 21 CFR 316.3(b)(13)]?				
If yes, consult the Director, Division of Regulatory Policy II,				
Office of Regulatory Policy				
Has the applicant requested 5-year or 3-year Waxman-Hatch exclusivity? (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)				
If yes, # years requested:				
<b>Note:</b> An applicant can receive exclusivity without requesting it; therefore, requesting exclusivity is not required.				
Is the proposed product a single enantiomer of a racemic drug previously approved for a different therapeutic use ( <i>NDAs</i>		$\boxtimes$		
only)?				
If yes, did the applicant: (a) elect to have the single			$\boxtimes$	
enantiomer (contained as an active ingredient) not be				
considered the same active ingredient as that contained in an				
already approved racemic drug, and/or (b): request				
exclusivity pursuant to section 505(u) of the Act (per				
FDAAA Section 1113)?				
If yes, contact Mary Ann Holovac, Director of Drug Information, OGD/DLPS/LRB.				
	•	•		•
Format and Conte	nt			
1 of mat and Conte		naner	(excent	for COL)
		electro		101 002)
Do not check mixed submission if the only electronic component	Mi:	xed (pa	per/ele	ctronic)
is the content of labeling (COL).		_		
	X CT	D CTD		
	_	n-CTD ved (C	ΓD/non	-CTD)
If mixed (paper/electronic) submission, which parts of the	1711	Acu (C.	ווטוויעני	-0.10)
application are submitted in electronic format?				
Overall Format/Content	YES	NO	NA	Comment
If electronic submission, does it follow the eCTD	$\boxtimes$			
guidance? <sup>1</sup>				
If not, explain (e.g., waiver granted).		<u> </u>		
Index: Does the submission contain an accurate	$ \boxtimes $			
comprehensive index?		<del> </del>		
Is the submission complete as required under 21 CFR 314.50 (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements) or under 21 CFR 601.2	$\boxtimes$			
(BLAs/BLA efficacy supplements) including:				
Denis Den official supplements including.	I	ı		I

 $\underline{http://www\ fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/Guidances/ucm072349.}\\ \underline{pdf}$ 

	_			
<ul> <li>☑ legible</li> <li>☑ English (or translated into English)</li> <li>☑ pagination</li> <li>☑ navigable hyperlinks (electronic submissions only)</li> <li>If no, explain.</li> <li>BLAs only: Companion application received if a shared or divided manufacturing arrangement?</li> </ul>			×	
If yes, BLA #				
Forms and Certifications				
Electronic forms and certifications with electronic signatures (scann e.g., /s/) are acceptable. Otherwise, paper forms and certifications w. Forms include: user fee cover sheet (3397), application form (356h), disclosure (3454/3455), and clinical trials (3674); Certifications includes certification(s), field copy certification, and pediatric certification.	ith hand- patent in	written s formati	signatur on (354	es must be included. 2a), financial
Application Form	YES	NO	NA	Comment
		110	1121	Comment
_ <b>* *</b>		П		
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?				
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21				
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].				
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information			□ NA	Comment
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)				Comment
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information	⊠ YES		NA 🖂	Comment
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21	⊠ YES			Comment
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21	⊠ YES			Comment
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21 CFR 314.53(c)?	⊠ YES □	NO		Comment No clinical studies
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21 CFR 314.53(c)?  Financial Disclosure	<ul><li>✓</li><li>YES</li><li>YES</li></ul>	NO NO		Comment
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21 CFR 314.53(c)?  Financial Disclosure  Are financial disclosure forms FDA 3454 and/or 3455 included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 54.4(a)(1) and	<ul><li>✓</li><li>YES</li><li>YES</li></ul>	NO NO		Comment No clinical studies were conducted to support this
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21 CFR 314.53(c)?  Financial Disclosure  Are financial disclosure forms FDA 3454 and/or 3455 included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 54.4(a)(1) and (3)?  Forms must be signed by the APPLICANT, not an Agent [see 21 CFR 54.2(g)].  Note: Financial disclosure is required for bioequivalence studies	<ul><li>✓</li><li>YES</li><li>YES</li></ul>	NO NO		Comment No clinical studies were conducted to support this
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21 CFR 314.53(c)?  Financial Disclosure  Are financial disclosure forms FDA 3454 and/or 3455 included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 54.4(a)(1) and (3)?  Forms must be signed by the APPLICANT, not an Agent [see 21 CFR 54.2(g)].  Note: Financial disclosure is required for bioequivalence studies that are the basis for approval.	YES U	NO NO	NA NA	Comment  No clinical studies were conducted to support this application.
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21 CFR 314.53(c)?  Financial Disclosure  Are financial disclosure forms FDA 3454 and/or 3455 included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 54.4(a)(1) and (3)?  Forms must be signed by the APPLICANT, not an Agent [see 21 CFR 54.2(g)].  Note: Financial disclosure is required for bioequivalence studies that are the basis for approval.  Clinical Trials Database	YES  YES  YES	NO NO NO		Comment  No clinical studies were conducted to support this application.  Comment
Is form FDA 356h included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 314.50(a)?  If foreign applicant, a U.S. agent must sign the form [see 21 CFR 314.50(a)(5)].  Are all establishments and their registration numbers listed on the form/attached to the form?  Patent Information (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)  Is patent information submitted on form FDA 3542a per 21 CFR 314.53(c)?  Financial Disclosure  Are financial disclosure forms FDA 3454 and/or 3455 included with authorized signature per 21 CFR 54.4(a)(1) and (3)?  Forms must be signed by the APPLICANT, not an Agent [see 21 CFR 54.2(g)].  Note: Financial disclosure is required for bioequivalence studies that are the basis for approval.	YES U	NO NO	NA NA	Comment  No clinical studies were conducted to support this application.

If no, ensure that language requesting submission of the form is included in the acknowledgement letter sent to the applicant				
Debarment Certification	YES	NO	NA	Comment
Is a correctly worded Debarment Certification included with authorized signature?	$\boxtimes$			
Certification is not required for supplements if submitted in the original application; If foreign applicant, <u>both</u> the applicant and the U.S. Agent must sign the certification [per Guidance for Industry: Submitting Debarment Certifications].				
Note: Debarment Certification should use wording in FD&C Act Section 306(k)(1) i.e., "[Name of applicant] hereby certifies that it did not and will not use in any capacity the services of any person debarred under section 306 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act in connection with this application." Applicant may not use wording such as, "To the best of my knowledge"				
Field Copy Certification	YES	NO	NA	Comment
(NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only)				
For paper submissions only: Is a Field Copy Certification (that it is a true copy of the CMC technical section) included?  Field Copy Certification is not needed if there is no CMC technical section or if this is an electronic submission (the Field Office has access to the EDR)			$\boxtimes$	
If maroon field copy jackets from foreign applicants are received, return them to CDR for delivery to the appropriate field office.				
Controlled Substance/Product with Abuse Potential	YES	NO	NA	Comment
For NMEs: Is an Abuse Liability Assessment, including a proposal for scheduling, submitted per 21 CFR 314.50(d)(5)(vii)?				
If yes, date consult sent to the Controlled Substance Staff:				
<u>For non-NMEs</u> :  Date of consult sent to Controlled Substance Staff:				

Pediatrics	YES	NO	NA	Comment
PREA		$\boxtimes$		
Does the application trices an DDE A.0				
Does the application trigger PREA?				
If yes, notify PeRC RPM (PeRC meeting is required) <sup>2</sup>				
Note: NDAs/BLAs/efficacy supplements for new active ingredients, new indications, new dosage forms, new dosing regimens, or new routes of administration trigger PREA. All waiver & deferral requests, pediatric plans, and pediatric assessment studies must be reviewed by PeRC prior to approval of the application/supplement.				
If the application triggers PREA, are the required pediatric assessment studies or a full waiver of pediatric studies included?				
If studies or full waiver not included, is a request for full waiver of pediatric studies OR a request for partial waiver and/or deferral with a pediatric plan included?				
If no, request in 74-day letter  If a request for full waiver/partial waiver/deferral is	$\vdash$	$\vdash$		
included, does the application contain the certification(s) required by FDCA Section 505B(a)(3) and (4)?				
70 74				
If no, request in 74-day letter  BPCA (NDAs/NDA efficacy supplements only):	$\Box$	$\boxtimes$		
Is this submission a complete response to a pediatric Written Request?				
If yes, notify Pediatric Exclusivity Board RPM (pediatric				
exclusivity determination is required) <sup>3</sup> Proprietary Name	YES	NO	NA	Comment
Is a proposed proprietary name submitted?				Comment
If yes, ensure that the application is also coded with the supporting document category, "Proprietary Name/Request for Review."		_	_	
REMS	YES	NO	NA	Comment
Is a REMS submitted?		$\boxtimes$		
If yes, send consult to OSE/DRISK and notify OC/ OSI/DSC/PMSB via the CDER OSI RMP mailbox				
Prescription Labeling	Not applicable			
Check all types of labeling submitted.	Package Insert (PI) Patient Package Insert (PPI) Instructions for Use (IFU) Medication Guide (MedGuide)			

http://inside\_fda.gov:9003/CDER/OfficeofNewDrugs/PediatricandMaternalHealthStaff/ucm027829.htm http://inside\_fda.gov:9003/CDER/OfficeofNewDrugs/PediatricandMaternalHealthStaff/ucm027837.htm

	-	rton lab		ner labels
	Diluent Other (specify)			
	YES		NA	Comment
Is Electronic Content of Labeling (COL) submitted in SPL format?				
If no, request applicant to submit SPL before the filing date.				
Is the PI submitted in PLR format? <sup>4</sup>	$\boxtimes$			
If PI not submitted in PLR format, was a waiver or deferral requested before the application was received or in the submission? If requested before application was submitted, what is the status of the request?			$\boxtimes$	
If no waiver or deferral, request applicant to submit labeling in PLR format before the filing date.				
All labeling (PI, PPI, MedGuide, IFU, carton and immediate container labels) consulted to OPDP?			$\boxtimes$	
MedGuide, PPI, IFU (plus PI) consulted to OSE/DRISK? (send WORD version if available)			$\boxtimes$	
Carton and immediate container labels, PI, PPI sent to OSE/DMEPA and appropriate CMC review office (OBP or ONDQA)?	$\boxtimes$			
OTC Labeling		t Appl		
Check all types of labeling submitted.	Outer carton label Immediate container label Blister card Blister backing label Consumer Information Leaflet (CIL) Physician sample Consumer sample Other (specify)			
To destroy's contest (\$1.1.1's) (\$001) and on't (\$10.10)	YES	NO	NA	Comment
Is electronic content of labeling (COL) submitted?		Ш		
If no, request in 74-day letter.  Are annotated specifications submitted for all stock keeping units (SKUs)?  If no, request in 74-day letter.				
If representative labeling is submitted, are all represented SKUs defined?			$\boxtimes$	

4

 $\underline{http://inside\ fda.gov:9003/CDER/OfficeofNewDrugs/StudyEndpoints and LabelingDevelopmentTeam/ucm0}\\ \underline{25576.htm}$ 

If no, request in 74-day letter.				
All labeling/packaging, and current approved Rx PI (if switch) sent to OSE/DMEPA?			$\boxtimes$	
Other Consults	YES	NO	NA	Comment
Are additional consults needed? (e.g., IFU to CDRH; QT			$\times$	
study report to QT Interdisciplinary Review Team)				
16				
If yes, specify consult(s) and date(s) sent:				
Meeting Minutes/SPAs	YES	NO	NA	Comment
End-of Phase 2 meeting(s)?		$\boxtimes$		
Date(s):				
If yes, distribute minutes before filing meeting				
Pre-NDA/Pre-BLA/Pre-Supplement meeting(s)?	$ \boxtimes$			
Date(s): 1/18/12 (preliminary responses only, mtg concelled)				
If yes, distribute minutes before filing meeting				
Any Special Protocol Assessments (SPAs)?	$  \sqcup $	$\boxtimes$		
Date(s):				
TO 11.41.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.6.011				
If yes, distribute letter and/or relevant minutes before filing meeting				
meeting	ı	I		l

#### ATTACHMENT

#### MEMO OF FILING MEETING

**DATE**: August 20, 2013

BLA/NDA/Supp #: 205703

PROPRIETARY NAME: N/A

ESTABLISHED/PROPER NAME: Esmolol hydrochloride premixed injection

**DOSAGE FORM/STRENGTH**: 2500 mg/250 mL (10 mg/mL) and 2000 mg/100 mL (20 mg/mL)

APPLICANT: HQ Specialty Pharma

#### PROPOSED INDICATION(S)/PROPOSED CHANGE(S):

**BACKGROUND**: Esmolol hydrochloride is indicated for the rapid control of ventricular rate in patients with atrial fibrillation or atrial flutter in perioperative, postoperative, or other emergent circumstances where short term control of ventricular rate with a short-acting agent is desirable. Esmolol hydrochloride is also indicated in noncompensatory sinus tachycardia where, in the physician's judgment, the rapid heart rate requires specific intervention. Esmolol Hydrochloride Premixed Injection is intended for short-term use.

Esmolol hydrochloride is indicated for the short-term treatment of tachycardia and hypertension that occur during induction and tracheal intubation, during surgery, on emergence from anesthesia and in the postoperative period, when in the physician's judgment such specific intervention is considered indicated.

Use of esmolol hydrochloride to prevent such events is not recommended.

#### REVIEW TEAM:

Discipline/Organization		Names	Present at filing meeting? (Y or N)
Regulatory Project Management	RPM:	Russell Fortney	Y
	CPMS/TL:	Edward Fromm	Y
Cross-Discipline Team Leader (CDTL)	Kasturi Srin	ivasachar	Y
Clinical	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		
Social Scientist Review (for OTC products)	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		

OTC Labeling Review (for OTC products)	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		
Clinical Microbiology (for antimicrobial products)	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		

Clinical Pharmacology	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		
Biostatistics	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		
Nonclinical (Pharmacology/Toxicology)	Reviewer:	Philip Gatti	Y
(Tharmacology/Toxicology)	TL:	Al DeFelice	N
Statistics (carcinogenicity)	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		
Immunogenicity (assay/assay validation) (for BLAs/BLA efficacy	Reviewer:	N/A	
supplements)	TL:		
Product Quality (CMC)	Reviewer:	Pei-I Chu	N
	TL:	Kasturi Srinivasachar	Y
Quality Microbiology (for sterile products)	Reviewer:	Denise Miller	Y
	TL:		
CMC Labeling Review	Reviewer:		
	TL:		
Facility Review/Inspection	Reviewer:		
	TL:		
OSE/DMEPA (proprietary name)	Reviewer:	Kim DeFronzo	
	TL:	Irene Chan	Y
OSE/DRISK (REMS)	Reviewer:		
	TL:		
OC/OSI/DSC/PMSB (REMS)	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		

Bioresearch Monitoring (OSI)	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		
Controlled Substance Staff (CSS)	Reviewer:	N/A	
	TL:		
Other reviewers			
Other attendees	Karen Ben	ngston	
FILING MEETING DISCUSSION:			

GENERAL	
GENERAL	
• 505(b)(2) filing issues:	☐ Not Applicable
o Is the application for a duplicate of a listed drug and eligible for approval under section 505(j) as an ANDA?	☐ YES ☒ NO
<ul> <li>Did the applicant provide a scientific "bridge" demonstrating the relationship between the proposed product and the referenced product(s)/published literature?</li> </ul>	☐ YES ⊠ NO
Describe the scientific bridge (e.g., BA/BE studies):	Not required.
Per reviewers, are all parts in English or English translation?	⊠ YES □ NO
If no, explain:	
Electronic Submission comments	Not Applicable
List comments:	
CLINICAL	<ul><li>☑ Not Applicable</li><li>☐ FILE</li><li>☐ REFUSE TO FILE</li></ul>
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter
Clinical study site(s) inspections(s) needed?	☐ YES ⊠ NO
If no, explain:	M MO

Advisory Committee Meeting needed?	YES
	Date if known:
Comments:	NO .
	To be determined
If no, for an NME NDA or original BLA, include the reason. For example:	Reason:
• this drug/biologic is not the first in its class	
<ul> <li>the clinical study design was acceptable</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>the application did not raise significant safety</li> </ul>	
or efficacy issues	
<ul> <li>the application did not raise significant public health questions on the role of the</li> </ul>	
drug/biologic in the diagnosis, cure,	
mitigation, treatment or prevention of a	
disease	
	5-7
Abuse Liability/Potential	Not Applicable
	FILE
	REFUSE TO FILE
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter
Comments.	Treview issues for 7 : day feller
If the application is affected by the AIP, has the	Not Applicable
division made a recommendation regarding whether	YES T
or not an exception to the AIP should be granted to	⊠ NO
permit review based on medical necessity or public	
health significance?	
Comments:	
CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY	
	☐ FILE
	REFUSE TO FILE
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter
CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY	
	FILE
	REFUSE TO FILE
Comments	Daview issues for 74 day letter
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter  YES
• Clinical pharmacology study site(s) inspections(s) needed?	NO TES
needed?	
BIOSTATISTICS	
	FILE T
	REFUSE TO FILE
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter

NONCLINICAL	Not Applicable
(PHARMACOLOGY/TOXICOLOGY)	FILE REFUSE TO FILE
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter
Comments.	
IMMUNOGENICITY (BLAs/BLA efficacy	Not Applicable
supplements only)	FILE
	REFUSE TO FILE
	Review issues for 74-day letter
Comments:	
PRODUCT QUALITY (CMC)	☐ Not Applicable
	FILE REFUSE TO FILE
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter
<b>Environmental Assessment</b>	
• Categorical exclusion for environmental assessment (EA) requested?	⊠ YES □ NO
If no, was a complete EA submitted?	YES
n no, was a complete EA submitted?	NO NO
<b>If EA submitted</b> , consulted to EA officer (OPS)?	YES
	NO
Comments:	
<b>Quality Microbiology</b> (for sterile products)	☐ Not Applicable
Was the Microbiology Team consulted for validation	⊠ YES
of sterilization? (NDAs/NDA supplements only)	□ NO
Comments: No filing issues.	
Facility Inspection	☐ Not Applicable
Establishment(s) ready for inspection?	☐ YES ☐ NO
■ Establishment Evaluation Request (EER/TBP-EER)	☐ YES
submitted to OMPQ?	□ NO
Comments:	

Facility/Microbiology Review (BLAs only)	Not Applicable
	☐ FILE ☐ REFUSE TO FILE
Comments:	Review issues for 74-day letter
CMC Labeling Review	
Comments:	
	Review issues for 74-day letter
APPLICATIONS IN THE PROGRAM (PDUFA V) (NME NDAs/Original BLAs)	⊠ N/A
Were there agreements made at the application's pre-submission meeting (and documented in the minutes) regarding certain late submission components that could be submitted within 30 days after receipt of the original application?	☐ YES ☐ NO
• If so, were the late submission components all submitted within 30 days?	☐ YES ☐ NO
What late submission components, if any, arrived after 30 days?	N/A
Was the application otherwise complete upon submission, including those applications where there were no agreements regarding late submission components?	☐ YES ☐ NO

cli	a comprehensive and readily located list of all nical sites included or referenced in the plication?
ma	a comprehensive and readily located list of all anufacturing facilities included or referenced in the plication?
	REGULATORY PROJECT MANAGEMENT
Signat	ory Authority: Norman Stockbridge
Date o	of Mid-Cycle Meeting (for NME NDAs/BLAs in "the Program" PDUFA V):
21 <sup>st</sup> Co	entury Review Milestones (see attached) (listing review milestones in this document is al):
Comm	nents:
	REGULATORY CONCLUSIONS/DEFICIENCIES
	The application is unsuitable for filing. Explain why:
$\boxtimes$	The application, on its face, appears to be suitable for filing.
	Review Issues:
	☐ No review issues have been identified for the 74-day letter.
	Review issues have been identified for the 74-day letter. List (optional):
	Review Classification:
	⊠ Standard Review
	Priority Review
	ACTIONS ITEMS
	Ensure that any updates to the review priority (S or P) and classifications/properties are entered into tracking system (e.g., chemical classification, combination product classification, 505(b)(2), orphan drug).
	If RTF, notify everybody who already received a consult request, OSE PM, and Product Quality PM (to cancel EER/TBP-EER).
	If filed, and the application is under AIP, prepare a letter either granting (for signature by Center Director) or denying (for signature by ODE Director) an exception for review.
	BLA/BLA supplements: If filed, send 60-day filing letter

If priority review:
• notify sponsor in writing by day 60 (For BLAs/BLA supplements: include in 60-day
filing letter; For NDAs/NDA supplements: see CST for choices)
mining letter, 1 of NDAs/NDA supplements. See CS1 for enoices)
 notify OMPQ (so facility inspections can be scheduled earlier)
Send review issues/no review issues by day 74
Conduct a PLR format labeling review and include labeling issues in the 74-day letter
Update the PDUFA V DARRTS page (for NME NDAs in the Program)
BLA/BLA supplements: Send the Product Information Sheet to the product reviewer and
the Facility Information Sheet to the facility reviewer for completion. Ensure that the
completed forms are forwarded to the CDER RMS-BLA Superuser for data entry into
RMS-BLA one month prior to taking an action [These sheets may be found in the CST]
eRoom at:
 http://eroom.fda.gov/eRoom/CDER2/CDERStandardLettersCommittee/0 1685f
Other

#### **Appendix A (NDA and NDA Supplements only)**

NOTE: The term "original application" or "original NDA" as used in this appendix denotes the NDA submitted. It does not refer to the reference drug product or "reference listed drug."

An original application is likely to be a 505(b)(2) application if:

- (1) it relies on published literature to meet any of the approval requirements, and the applicant does not have a written right of reference to the underlying data. If published literature is cited in the NDA but is not necessary for approval, the inclusion of such literature will not, in itself, make the application a 505(b)(2) application,
- (2) it relies for approval on the Agency's previous findings of safety and efficacy for a listed drug product and the applicant does not own or have right to reference the data supporting that approval, or
- (3) it relies on what is "generally known" or "scientifically accepted" about a class of products to support the safety or effectiveness of the particular drug for which the applicant is seeking approval. (Note, however, that this does not mean *any* reference to general information or knowledge (e.g., about disease etiology, support for particular endpoints, methods of analysis) causes the application to be a 505(b)(2) application.)

Types of products for which 505(b)(2) applications are likely to be submitted include: fixed-dose combination drug products (e.g., heart drug and diuretic (hydrochlorothiazide) combinations); OTC monograph deviations (see 21 CFR 330.11); new dosage forms; new indications; and, new salts.

An efficacy supplement can be either a (b)(1) or a (b)(2) regardless of whether the original NDA was a (b)(1) or a (b)(2).

An efficacy supplement is a 505(b)(1) supplement if the supplement contains all of the information needed to support the approval of the change proposed in the supplement. For example, if the supplemental application is for a new indication, the supplement is a 505(b)(1) if:

- (1) The applicant has conducted its own studies to support the new indication (or otherwise owns or has right of reference to the data/studies),
- (2) No additional information beyond what is included in the supplement or was embodied in the finding of safety and effectiveness for the original application or previously approved supplements is needed to support the change. For example, this would likely be the case with respect to safety considerations if the dose(s) was/were the same as (or lower than) the original application, and.
- (3) All other "criteria" are met (e.g., the applicant owns or has right of reference to the data relied upon for approval of the supplement, the application does not rely

for approval on published literature based on data to which the applicant does not have a right of reference).

An efficacy supplement is a 505(b)(2) supplement if:

- (1) Approval of the change proposed in the supplemental application would require data beyond that needed to support our previous finding of safety and efficacy in the approval of the original application (or earlier supplement), and the applicant has not conducted all of its own studies for approval of the change, or obtained a right to reference studies it does not own. For example, if the change were for a new indication AND a higher dose, we would likely require clinical efficacy data and preclinical safety data to approve the higher dose. If the applicant provided the effectiveness data, but had to rely on a different listed drug, or a new aspect of a previously cited listed drug, to support the safety of the new dose, the supplement would be a 505(b)(2),
- (2) The applicant relies for approval of the supplement on published literature that is based on data that the applicant does not own or have a right to reference. If published literature is cited in the supplement but is not necessary for approval, the inclusion of such literature will not, in itself, make the supplement a 505(b)(2) supplement, or
- (3) The applicant is relying upon any data they do not own or to which they do not have right of reference.

If you have questions about whether an application is a 505(b)(1) or 505(b)(2) application, consult with your OND ADRA or OND IO.

This is a representation of an electronic record that was signed electronically and this page is the manifestation of the electronic signature.
/s/
RUSSELL FORTNEY 08/22/2013