

NADA Number: 015-875

Trade Name	TBZ 200 Medicated Feed Premix Thibenzole - 100 Thibenzole - 45 Thibenzole - 200
Sponsor	Merial, Inc.
Ingredients	Thiabendazole
Species	Cattle (Cattle, no use class stated or implied) GOATS (Goat, no use class stated or implied) PHEASANTS (Pheasant, no use class stated or implied) SHEEP (DOMESTIC) (Sheep, no use class stated or implied) SWINE (Swine, no use class stated or implied)
Routes of Administration	Per Os
Dosage Form	Medicated feed
Dispensing Status	OTC
Dosage Amount, Indications & Limitations	<p>558.615 Thiabendazole.</p> <p>Specifications: Dry Type A medicated articles: 22, 44.1 66.1, and 88.2 percent</p> <p>Conditions of use:</p> <p>Cattle</p> <p>Amount: 3 grams in feed per 100 pounds body weight.</p> <p>Indications: Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (<i>Trichostrongylus</i> species, <i>Haemonchus</i> species, <i>Ostertagia</i> species <i>Nematodirus</i> species, <i>Oesophagostomum radiatum</i>).</p> <p>Limitations: Use 3 grams per 100 pounds body weight at a single dose. May repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks. Do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter. Milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.</p> <p>Amount: 5 grams in feed per 100 pounds body weight.</p> <p>Indications: Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (<i>Trichostrongylus</i> species, <i>Haemonchus</i> species, <i>Ostertagia</i> species, <i>Cooperia</i> species, <i>Nematodirus</i> species, <i>Oesophagostomum radiatum</i>); control of infections of <i>Cooperia</i> species.</p> <p>Limitations: 5 grams per 100 pounds body weight at a single dose or divided into 3 equal doses, administered 1 dose each day, on succeeding days. May repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks. Do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter. Milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.</p> <p>Goats</p> <p>Amount: 3 grams in feed per 100 pounds body weight.</p> <p>Indications: Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (<i>Trichostrongylus</i> species, <i>Haemonchus</i> species, <i>Ostertagia</i> species, <i>Cooperia</i> species, <i>Nematodirus</i> species, <i>Bunostomum</i> species, <i>Strongyloides</i> species, <i>Chabertia</i> species, and <i>Oesophagostomum</i> species).</p> <p>Limitations: 3 grams per 100 pounds body weight at a single dose. Do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter. Milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.</p> <p>Amount: 2 grams in feed per 100 pounds body weight.</p> <p>Indications: Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (<i>Trichostrongylus</i> species, <i>Haemonchus</i> species, <i>Ostertagia</i> species <i>Cooperia</i> species; <i>Nematodirus</i> species, <i>Bunostomum</i> species, <i>Strongyloides</i> species, <i>Chabertia</i> species, and <i>Oesophagostomum</i> species); also active against ova and larvae passed by sheep from 3 hours to 3 days after the feed is consumed (good activity against ova and larvae of <i>T. colubriformis</i> and axei <i>Ostertagia</i> species, <i>Nematodirus</i> species, <i>Strongyloides</i> species; less effective against those of <i>Haemonchus contortus</i> and <i>Oesophagostomum</i> species).</p> <p>Limitations: Use 2 grams per 100 pounds body weight at a single dose. Do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter. Milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.</p> <p>Sheep</p> <p>Amount: 2 grams in feed per 100 pounds body weight.</p> <p>Indications: Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (<i>Trichostrongylus</i> species,</p>

	<p>Haemonchus species, Ostertagia species Cooperia species; Nematodirus species, Bunostomum species, Strongyloides species, Chabertia species, and Oesophagostomum species); also active against ova and larvae passed by sheep from 3 hours to 3 days after the feed is consumed (good activity against ova and larvae of T. colubriformis and axei Ostertagia species, Nematodirus species, Strongyloides species; less effective against those of Haemonchus contortus and Oesophagostomum species).</p> <p>Limitations: Use 2 grams per 100 pounds body weight at a single dose. Do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter. Milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.</p> <p>Swine</p> <p>Amount: 45.4- 908 grams per ton of feed (0.005-0.1 percent).</p> <p>Indications: Aid in the prevention of infections of large roundworms (genus Ascaris).</p> <p>Limitations: Administer continuously feed containing 0.05-0.1 percent thiabendazole per ton for 2 weeks followed by feed containing 0.005-0.02 percent thiabendazole per ton for 8 14 weeks. Do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.</p> <p>Pheasants</p> <p>Amount: 454 grams per ton of feed (0.05 percent) continuously for 2 weeks (14 days).</p> <p>Indications: For the treatment of gapeworms (Syngamus trachea) in pheasants.</p> <p>Limitations: Do not use treated pheasants for food for 21 days after last day of treatment. Fertility, hatchability, and other reproductive data are not available on use in breeding animals. Do not use in Type B or Type C medicated feed containing bentonite.</p>
Tolerances	<p>Thiabendazole: Tolerances are established as follows: a. Cattle, goats, sheep, pheasants, and swine: 0.1 part per million for negligible residues of thiabendazole in uncooked edible tissues b. Milk: 0.05 part per million for negligible residues</p>