NADA Number: 141-255	
Trade Name	35% Perox-aid®
Sponsor	Western Chemical, Inc.
Ingredients	Hydrogen Peroxide
Species	**FISH** (Fish, finfish, fry and fingerlings) **FISH** (Catfish, reared) **FISH** (Salmonids, reared) **FISH** (Fish, finned, eggs of salmon, trout and esocid)
Routes of Administration	Immersion
Dosage Form	Liquid (solution)
Dispensing Status	OTC
Exclusivity	New product approval.
Dosage Amount, Indications & Limitations	Sec. 529.1150 Hydrogen peroxide Specifications. Each milliliter of solution contains 396.1 milligrams (mg) hydrogen peroxide (a 35% w/w solution). Conditions of use Freshwater-reared finfish eggs Amount 500 to 1,000 mg per liter (/L) of culture water for 15 minutes in a continuous flow system once per day on consecutive or alternate days until hatch for all coldwater and coolwater species of freshwater-reared finfish eggs or 750 to 1,000 mg/L for 15 minutes in a continuous flow system once per day on consecutive or alternate days until hatch for all warmwater species of freshwater-reared finfish eggs. Indications Control mortality in freshwater-reared finfish eggs due to saprolegniasis. Limitations Initial bioassay on a small number is recommended before treating the entire group. Eggs: Some strains of rainbow trout eggs are sensitive to hydrogen peroxide treatment at a time during incubation concurrent with blastopore formation through closure, about 70 to 140 Daily Temperature Units, [deg]C. Consider withholding treatment or using an alternate therapeutant during that sensitive time to reduce egg mortalities due to drug toxicity. Freshwater-reared salmonids 100 mg/L for 30 minutes or 50 to 100 mg/L for 60 minutes once per day on alternate days for three treatments in a continuous flow water supply or as a static bath. Indications for use. Control mortality in freshwater-reared salmonids due to bacterial gill disease associated with Flavobacterium branchiophilum. Limitations Initial bioassay on a small number is recommended before treating the entire group. Fingerlings and adults of coolwater species of freshwater-reared finfish (except northern pike & paddlefish) and channel catfish Amount 50 to 75 mg/L for 60 minutes once per day on alternate days for three treatments in continuous flow water supply or as a static bath. Coolwater species of freshwater-reared finfish fry (except northern pike, pallid sturgeon & paddlefish) and channel catfish fry: 50 mg/L for 60 minutes once per day on alternate days for three treatments in continuous flow water supply or as a static bath. Indications Control mortality in freshwater-reared coolwater finfish and channel catfish due to external columnaris disease associated with Flavobacterium columnare (Flexibacter columnaris) Limitations Initial bioassay on a small number is recommended before treating the entire group. Use with caution on walleye.