



Food and Drug Administration  
10903 New Hampshire Avenue  
Document Control Center – WO66-G609  
Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

Changzhou Dingjian Medical Appliance Company, Limited  
% Mr. Mike Gu  
Regulatory Affairs Manager  
OSMUNDA Medical Device Consulting Company, Limited  
7<sup>th</sup> Floor, Jingui Business Building, 982 Congyun Road  
Baiyun District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, 510420  
CHINA

December 11, 2015

Re: K143013  
Trade/Device Name: Spinal Inner Fixation System  
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3070  
Regulation Name: Pedicle screw spinal system  
Regulatory Class: Class II  
Product Code: MNH, MNI, KWP  
Dated: November 16, 2015  
Received: November 24, 2015

Dear Mr. Gu:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Parts 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set

forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm> for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>.

Sincerely yours,

**Mark N. Melkerson -S**

Mark N. Melkerson  
Director  
Division of Orthopedic Devices  
Office of Device Evaluation  
Center for Devices and  
Radiological Health

Enclosure

## Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K143013

Device Name

Spinal Inner Fixation System

Indications for Use (Describe)

Spinal inner fixation system is intended for posterior, non-cervical, pedicle fixation for the following indications: severe spondylolisthesis (grade 3 or 4) of the L5-S1 vertebrae; trauma (i.e. fracture or dislocation), spinal stenosis, curvatures (i.e. scoliosis, kyphosis, and/or lordosis); tumor; pseudoarthrosis; and failed previous fusion. The device is to be used in skeletally mature patients, and for stabilization and immobilization of the spine as an adjunct to fusion with bone graft. The levels of fixation are T8 – S1.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

**PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE – CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.**

**FOR FDA USE ONLY**

Concurrence of Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) (Signature)

---

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

**\*DO NOT SEND YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE PRA STAFF EMAIL ADDRESS BELOW.\***

The burden time for this collection of information is estimated to average 79 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain the data needed and complete and review the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this information collection, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to:

Department of Health and Human Services  
Food and Drug Administration  
Office of Chief Information Officer  
Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Staff  
*PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov*

*“An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB number.”*

## 510(k) Summary

In accordance with 21 CFR 807.92 the following summary of information is provided:

### I. SUBMITTER

Changzhou Dingjian Medical Appliance Co., Ltd.

No. 19 Juxiang Road

Wujin Economic Development Zone

Changzhou, Jiangsu Province, 213149, China

Primary Contact Person: Mike Gu  
Regulatory Affairs Manager  
OSMUNDA Medical Device Consulting Co., Ltd  
Tel: (+86) 20-6232 1333  
Fax: (+86) 20-8633 0253

Secondary Contact Person: Li Qingsong  
Changzhou Dingjian Medical Appliance Co., Ltd.  
Tel: 0086-13584330156  
Fax: 0086-519-89603573

Date Prepared: October 05, 2014

### II. DEVICE

Name of Device: Spinal Inner Fixation System

Common/Usual Name: Pedicle screw spinal system

Classification Names: 21 CFR 888.3070 Pedicle screw spinal system, 21 CFR 888.3050 Spinal interlaminar fixation orthosis

Regulation Class: II

Product Code: MNH, KWP, MNI

III. PREDICATE DEVICE

Primary predicate: General Spinal System K122994;

This predicate has not been subject to a design-related recall.

No reference devices were used in this submission.

IV. DEVICE DESCRIPTION

Spinal inner fixation system consists of a variety of shapes and sizes of pedicle screws, rods, hooks, transverse linking pole assembly, and connecting components (side, domino, and axial), which can be rigidly locked into a variety of configurations. These components are made of titanium alloy per ASTM F136.

V. INDICATIONS FOR USE

Spinal inner fixation system is intended for posterior, non-cervical, pedicle fixation for the following indications: severe spondylolisthesis (grade 3 or 4) of the L5-S1 vertebrae; trauma (i.e. fracture or dislocation), spinal stenosis, curvatures (i.e. scoliosis, kyphosis, and/or lordosis); tumor; pseudoarthrosis; and failed previous fusion. The device is to be used in skeletally mature patients, and for stabilization and immobilization of the spine as an adjunct to fusion with bone graft. The levels of fixation are T8 – S1.

VI. COMPARISON OF TECHNOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS WITH THE PREDICATE DEVICE

The Spinal inner fixation system employs the same technology as its predicate device K122994. Both have the same indication for use and are made of same raw materials; the bench tests were conducted to verify that the proposed device met all design specifications as was substantially equivalent to the predicate device.

Specification	Predicate Device General Spinal System K122994	Proposed Device Spinal inner fixation system
---------------	---	---

Manufacturer	Weigao Orthopaedic Device Co., Ltd.	Changzhou Dingjian Medical Appliance Co., Ltd.
Class	II	
Product Code	MNH, KWP, MNI	
Regulation Number	21 CFR 888.3070, 21 CFR 888.3050	
Intended Use	Intended for posterior, non-cervical, pedicle fixation for the following indications: severe spondylolisthesis (grade 3 or 4) of the L5-S1 vertebrae; trauma (i.e. fracture or dislocation), spinal stenosis, curvatures (i.e. scoliosis, kyphosis, and/or lordosis); tumor; pseudoarthrosis; and failed previous fusion. The device is to be used in skeletally mature patients, and for stabilization and immobilization of the spine as an adjunct to fusion with bone graft. The levels of fixation are T8 – S1.	
Indications for Use	The levels of fixation are T8 – S1	
Patient Population	The device is to be used in skeletally mature patients	
Prescription/OTC Use	Prescription use	
Static compression bending: yield load	Similar, the testing results show no statistically significant difference between two samples groups	
Static compression bending: stiffness	Similar, the testing results show no statistically significant difference between two samples groups	
Dynamic compression bending	Similar, the testing results show no statistically significant difference between two samples groups	
Static torsion: yield torque	Similar, the testing results show no statistically significant difference between two samples groups	
Static torsion: torsional stiffness	Similar, the testing results show no statistically significant difference between two samples groups	
Materials	Titanium alloy (TiAl4V ELI) which conforms to ASTM F136	Titanium alloy (TiAl4V ELI) which conforms to ASTM F136

Biocompatibility	Titanium alloy (TiAl4V ELI) which conforms to ASTM F136	Titanium alloy (TiAl4V ELI) which conforms to ASTM F136
Sterility	Provided as non-sterile, needs autoclave prior to use	Provided as non-sterile, needs steam sterilization prior to use

The following technological differences exist between the subject and predicate device:

- Size of components should be chosen based on patient's body size. The size difference between the proposed device and its predicate does not affect their clinical performance.
- The testing results of the static compression bending test, dynamic compression bending test and static torsion test are similar ,however no statistically significant difference between two samples groups

#### VII. PERFORMANCE DATA

The following performance data were provided in support of the substantial equivalence determination:

##### Mechanical testing

According to the ASTM F1717, the following tests were carried out:

- Static compression bending test
- Dynamic compression bending test
- Static torsion test

##### Dissociation testing of screw head

##### Biocompatibility testing:

The Spinal inner fixation system has permanent contact (>30 days) with bone and tissue.

The Spinal inner fixation system is made of Ti-6Al-4V. According to the ASTM F136, the

materials have been employed successfully in human implant applications in contact with soft tissue and bone for over a decade. Due to the well-characterized level of biological response exhibited by this alloy, it has been used as a control material in Practice F 981.

There is no Ultrahigh Molecular Weight Polyethylene (UHMWPE) Used in this Orthopedic Device.

#### Animal and clinical study

The subject of this premarket submission, Spinal inner fixation system, does not require clinical studies to support substantial equivalence.

#### VIII. CONCLUSIONS

The non-clinical data supports the substantial equivalence of the device and the performance testing report demonstrates that the Spinal inner fixation system should perform as intended in the specified use conditions. Changzhou Dingjian Medical Appliance Co., Ltd., Inc considers the Spinal inner fixation system does not raise any new issues of safety or effectiveness.