



Food and Drug Administration
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January 30, 2015

Globus Medical, Incorporated
Kelly J. Baker, Ph.D.
Senior Vice President, Regulatory and Clinical Affairs
2560 General Armistead Avenue
Audubon, Pennsylvania 19403

Re: K143633
Trade/Device Name: CREO[®] Stabilization System
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3070
Regulation Name: Pedicle screw spinal system
Regulatory Class: Class III
Product Code: NKB, OSH, MNH, MNI, KWP, KWQ
Dated: January 5, 2015
Received: January 6, 2015

Dear Dr. Baker:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set

forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm> for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>.

Sincerely yours,

Vincent J. Devlin -S

for
Mark N. Melkerson
Director
Division of Orthopedic Devices
Office of Device Evaluation
Center for Devices and
Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K143633

Device Name

CREO® Stabilization System

Indications for Use (Describe)

The CREO® Stabilization System implants are non-cervical spinal fixation devices intended for posterior pedicle screw fixation (T1-S2/ilium), posterior hook fixation (T1-L5), or anterolateral fixation (T8-L5). Pedicle screw fixation is indicated for skeletally mature patients (including small stature) and for pediatric patients (CREO® 4.75 only). These devices are indicated as an adjunct to fusion for all of the following indications: degenerative disc disease (defined as discogenic back pain with degeneration of the disc confirmed by history and radiographic studies), spondylolisthesis, trauma (i.e., fracture or dislocation), deformities or curvatures (i.e., scoliosis, kyphosis, and/or lordosis, Scheuermann's Disease), tumor, stenosis, and failed previous fusion (pseudoarthrosis). When used as an adjunct to fusion, the CREO® Stabilization System is intended to be used with autograft and/or allograft.

In addition, the CREO® Stabilization System is intended for treatment of severe spondylolisthesis (Grades 3 and 4) of the L5-S1 vertebra in skeletally mature patients receiving fusion by autogenous bone graft, having implants attached to the lumbosacral spine and/or ilium with removal of the implants after attainment of a solid fusion. Levels of pedicle screw fixation for these patients are L3-sacrum/ilium.

When used for posterior non-cervical pedicle screw fixation in pediatric patients, the CREO® 4.75 Stabilization System implants are indicated as an adjunct to fusion to treat adolescent idiopathic scoliosis. The CREO® 4.75 Stabilization System is intended to be used with autograft and/or allograft. Pediatric pedicle screw fixation is limited to a posterior approach.

In order to achieve additional levels of fixation in skeletally mature patients, the CREO® Stabilization System rods may be connected to the REVERE® Stabilization System (5.5mm or 6.35mm rod), REVERE® 4.5 Stabilization System (4.5mm rod) or ELLIPSE® Occipito-Cervico-Thoracic Spinal System (3.5mm rod) using corresponding connectors. In order to achieve additional levels of fixation in pediatric patients, the CREO® Stabilization System rods may be connected to the REVERE® 4.5 Stabilization System using corresponding connectors. Refer to the REVERE®, REVERE® 4.5, or ELLIPSE® system package insert for instructions and indications of use.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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510(k) Summary: CREO® Additional Implants

Company: Globus Medical Inc.
2560 General Armistead Ave.
Audubon, PA 19403
610-930-1800

Contact: Kelly J. Baker, Ph.D.
Senior Vice President, Regulatory and Clinical Affairs

Date Prepared: January 30, 2015

Device Name: CREO® Stabilization System

Classification: Per 21 CFR as follows:
§888.3070* Spondylolisthesis Spinal Fixation Device System System
§888.3070 Pedicle Screw Spinal System, Adolescent Idiopathic Scoliosis
§888.3070 Pedicle Screw Spinal System
§888.3050 Spinal Interlaminar Fixation Orthosis
§888.3060 Spinal Intervertebral Body Fixation Orthosis
Product Codes NKB*, OSH, MNH, MNI, KWQ, KWP
Regulatory Class III* and II, Panel Code 87.
**Primary*

Primary Predicate: CREO® Stabilization System (K124058)

Purpose:

The purpose of this submission is to request clearance for additional cobalt chrome implants for the CREO® Stabilization System.

Device Description:

The CREO® Stabilization System consists of rods, hooks, monoaxial screws, uniplanar screws, polyaxial screws, reduction screws, locking caps, t-connectors, head offset connectors, trans-iliac connectors, staples, and associated manual surgical instruments. Implants are available in a variety of sizes to accommodate individual patient anatomy. CREO® implants mate with 4.75mm, 5.5mm, and 6.35mm diameter rods. Implant components can be rigidly locked into a variety of configurations for the individual patient and surgical condition. Polyaxial screws, hooks, and t-connectors are intended for posterior use only. Staples are intended for anterior use only. Rods and monoaxial screws may be used anteriorly or posteriorly. Locking caps are used to connect screws or hooks to the rod and trans iliac connectors.

The most common use of this screw, hook, and rod system in the posterior thoracolumbar and sacral spine is two rods, each positioned and attached lateral to the spinous process via pedicle screws and/or lamina, pedicle or transverse process hooks.

The most common use of this screw, hook, and rod system in the anterior thoracolumbar spine is one rod, positioned and attached to the vertebral bodies via monoaxial screws through an appropriate size staple.

Screws and hooks attach to the rods using a locking cap with an inner set screw. The size and number of screws are dependent on the length and location of the rod. Screws are inserted into a pedicle of the thoracolumbar and/or sacral spine. Screws may be used with a staple. The type and number of hooks are also dependent on the location in the spine needing correction and/or stabilization. Hooks are attached to the laminae, pedicles, or transverse process of the posterior spine.

T-connectors are modular components designed to connect the two rods of a construct and act as a structural cross member. The rod-clamping set screws secure the t-connectors to the rods. Additional set screws secure the adjustable cross members at the desired length. Additional connectors may be used to connect two rods, and are also secured using set screws.

CREO® Stabilization System S-rods and unit rods are specifically excluded for use in adolescent idiopathic scoliosis patients.

CREO® implants are composed of titanium alloy, commercially pure titanium, cobalt chromium molybdenum alloy, or stainless steel, as specified in ASTM F136, F1295, F1472, F67, F1537 and F138. Screws are also available with hydroxyapatite (HA) coating per ASTM F1185. Due to the risk of galvanic corrosion following implantation, stainless steel implants should not be connected to titanium, titanium alloy, or cobalt chromium-molybdenum alloy implants.

Indications for Use:

The CREO® Stabilization System implants are non-cervical spinal fixation devices intended for posterior pedicle screw fixation (T1-S2/ilium), posterior hook fixation (T1-L5), or anterolateral fixation (T8-L5). Pedicle screw fixation is indicated for skeletally mature patients (including small stature) and for pediatric patients (CREO® 4.75 only). These devices are indicated as an adjunct to fusion for all of the following indications: degenerative disc disease (defined as discogenic back pain with degeneration of the disc confirmed by history and radiographic studies), spondylolisthesis, trauma (i.e., fracture or dislocation), deformities or curvatures (i.e., scoliosis, kyphosis, and/or lordosis, Scheuermann's Disease), tumor, stenosis, and failed previous fusion

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Technological Characteristics:

The technological characteristics of the CREO® Stabilization System additional implants are similar to the predicate device in terms of design, dimensions, intended use, materials, and performance characteristics.

Performance Data:

Engineering analysis and mechanical testing (static and dynamic compression and static torsion) conducted in accordance with ASTM F1717 and the "Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff, Guidance for Spinal System 510(k)s," May 3, 2004, were provided in support of substantial equivalence.

Basis of Substantial Equivalence:

CREO® additional implants are similar to the predicate device with respect to technical characteristics, performance, design, and intended use. The information provided within this premarket notification supports substantial equivalence to the predicate device. CREO® additional implants perform as well as or better than the predicate device.