

August 16, 2019

Edwards Lifesciences LLC Mr. Joseph Mazzarella Director, Regulatory Affairs One Edwards Way Irvine, California 92614

Re: P140031/S085

Trade/Device Name: Edwards SAPIEN 3 Transcatheter Heart Valve System

Edwards SAPIEN 3 Ultra Transcatheter Heart Valve System

Product Code: NPT Filed: April 1, 2019 Amended: July 3, 2019

Dear Mr. Mazzarella:

The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has completed its review of your premarket approval application (PMA) supplement for the Edwards SAPIEN 3 Transcatheter Heart Valve System and Edwards SAPIEN 3 Ultra Transcatheter Heart Valve System for expanding the indication to include patients at low risk for surgical aortic valve replacement. The devices are indicated for relief of aortic stenosis in patients with symptomatic heart disease due to severe native calcific aortic stenosis who are judged by a heart team, including a cardiac surgeon, to be appropriate for the transcatheter heart valve replacement therapy. We are pleased to inform you that the PMA supplement is approved. You may continue commercial distribution of the device upon receipt of this letter. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some approved products may instead be combination products. The Premarket Approval Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPMA/pma.cfm identifies combination product submissions.

The sale and distribution of this device is restricted to prescription use in accordance with 21 CFR 801.109 and under section 515(d)(1)(B)(ii) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act). The device is further restricted under section 515(d)(1)(B)(ii) of the act insofar as the labeling must specify the specific training or experience practitioners need in order to use the device. FDA has determined that these restrictions on sale and distribution are necessary to provide reasonable assurance of the safety and effectiveness of the device. Your device is therefore a restricted device subject to the requirements in sections 502(q) and (r) of the act, in addition to the many other FDA requirements governing the manufacture, distribution, and marketing of devices.

Continued approval of the PMA is contingent upon the submission of periodic reports, required under 21 CFR 814.84, at intervals of one year (unless otherwise specified) from the date of approval of the original

PMA. This report, identified as "Annual Report" and bearing the applicable PMA reference number, should be submitted to the address below. The Annual Report should indicate the beginning and ending date of the period covered by the report and should include the information required by 21 CFR 814.84.

In addition to the above, and in order to provide continued reasonable assurance of the safety and effectiveness of the PMA device, the Annual Report must include, separately for each model number (if applicable), the number of devices sold and distributed during the reporting period, including those distributed to distributors. The distribution data will serve as a denominator and provide necessary context for FDA to ascertain the frequency and prevalence of adverse events, as FDA evaluates the continued safety and effectiveness of the device.

In addition to the Annual Report requirements, you must provide the following data in post-approval study (PAS) reports for each PAS listed below. Separate PAS Progress Reports must be submitted for each study annually, unless otherwise specified by FDA. Each report, identified as a "PMA Post-Approval Study Report" in accordance with how the study is identified below and bearing the applicable PMA reference number, should be submitted to the address below.

- 1. Post-Approval Study Continued Follow-up of the SAPIEN 3 Transcatheter Heart Valve System "Low Risk" Indication Premarket Cohort: The study will consist of all living patients who were enrolled under the IDE. The objective of this study is to characterize the clinical outcomes annually through 10 years post-procedure. The safety and effectiveness endpoints include all-cause mortality, all stroke (disabling and non-disabling), life-threatening bleeding, requirement for renal replacement, coronary artery obstruction requiring intervention, major vascular complication, valve-related dysfunction requiring repeat procedure, new permanent pacemaker implantation, prosthetic valve endocarditis, prosthetic valve thrombosis, New York Heart Association (NYHA) classification, 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) distance, Kansas City Cardiomyopathy Questionnaire (KCCQ) score, and hemodynamic performance metrics by Doppler echocardiography.
- 2. Edwards SAPIEN 3 Transcatheter Heart Valve System Registry-Based Continued Access Protocol (CAP) Cohort and "Low Risk" Indication Real-World Use Surveillance: The applicant has agreed to work with the Society of Thoracic Surgeons/American College of Cardiology Transcatheter Valve Therapy (TVT) Registry to ensure that FDA surveillance occurs for the registrybased CAP cohort per approved protocol and for commercial uses of the SAPIEN 3 Transcatheter Heart Valve System and SAPIEN 3 Ultra Transcatheter Heart Valve System for the "low risk" indication. The surveillances will be carried out to characterize the clinical outcomes of the CAP cohort annually through 10 years post implantation and to assess the real-world use of the commercial SAPIEN 3 Transcatheter Heart Valve System and SAPIEN 3 Ultra Transcatheter Heart Valve System to ensure that the device is used in appropriate circumstances, respectively. The surveillance of the CAP cohort will consist of all living CAP patients who were enrolled at participating institutions, and the surveillance of the real-world use will involve all consecutive patients treated within the first 2 years that are entered into the TVT Registry (enrollment period). The applicant has also agreed to link the data to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) claims database for long-term surveillance of these patients through 10 years post implantation (follow-up duration). This surveillance will monitor the following: (1) device success (intra-procedure); (2) all-cause mortality, all stroke, life-threatening/major bleeding, new requirement for dialysis, peri-procedural myocardial infarction, and repeat procedure for valve-related dysfunction

(surgical or interventional therapy) at 30 days and 12 months; (3) neurological (non-stroke), vascular complications, and quality of life (KCCQ) outcomes at 30 days and 12 months; and (4) all-cause mortality, all stroke, and repeat procedure for valve-related dysfunction (surgical or interventional therapy) at 2-10 year post implantation.

Be advised that failure to comply with any post-approval requirement, including the requirements to meet the enrollment, treatment and completion dates outlined above, constitutes grounds for FDA withdrawal of approval of the PMA in accordance with 21 CFR 814.82(c).

Be advised that the failure to conduct any such study in compliance with the good clinical laboratory practices in 21 CFR part 58 (if a non-clinical study subject to part 58) or the institutional review board regulations in 21 CFR part 56 and the informed consent regulations in 21 CFR part 50 (if a clinical study involving human subjects) may be grounds for FDA withdrawal of approval of the PMA.

Be advised that protocol information, interim and final results will be published on the Post Approval Study Webpage https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPMA/pma pas.cfm.

In addition, the results from any post approval study should be included in the labeling as these data become available. Any updated labeling must be submitted to FDA in the form of a PMA Supplement. For more information on post-approval studies, see the FDA guidance document entitled, "Procedures for Handling Post-Approval Studies Imposed by PMA Order" (https://www.fda.gov/media/71327/download).

This is a reminder that as of September 24, 2014, class III devices are subject to certain provisions of the final Unique Device Identification (UDI) rule. These provisions include the requirement to provide a UDI on the device label and packages (21 CFR 801.20), format dates on the device label in accordance with 21 CFR 801.18, and submit data to the Global Unique Device Identification Database (GUDID) (21 CFR 830 Subpart E). Additionally, 21 CFR 814.84 (b)(4) requires PMA annual reports submitted after September 24, 2014, to identify each device identifier currently in use for the subject device, and the device identifiers for devices that have been discontinued since the previous periodic report. It is not necessary to identify any device identifier discontinued prior to December 23, 2013. Combination Products may also be subject to UDI requirements (see 21 CFR 801.30). For more information on these requirements, please see the UDI website, https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/unique-device-identification-udi-system.

Before making any change affecting the safety or effectiveness of the PMA device, you must submit a PMA supplement or an alternate submission (30-day notice) in accordance with 21 CFR 814.39. All PMA supplements and alternate submissions (30-day notice) must comply with the applicable requirements in 21 CFR 814.39. For more information, please refer to the FDA guidance document entitled, "Modifications to Devices Subject to Premarket Approval (PMA) - The PMA Supplement Decision-Making Process" https://www.fda.gov/media/81431/download.

You are reminded that many FDA requirements govern the manufacture, distribution, and marketing of devices. For example, in accordance with the Medical Device Reporting (MDR) regulation, 21 CFR 803.50 and 21 CFR 803.52 for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products, you are required to report adverse events for this device. Manufacturers of medical devices, including in vitro diagnostic devices, are required to report to FDA no later than 30 calendar days after the

day they receive or otherwise becomes aware of information, from any source, that reasonably suggests that one of their marketed devices:

- 1. May have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury; or
- 2. Has malfunctioned and such device or similar device marketed by the manufacturer would be likely to cause or contribute to a death or serious injury if the malfunction were to recur.

Additional information on MDR, including how, when, and where to report, is available at https://www.fda.gov/medical-device-medical-device-medical-device-problems and on combination product postmarketing safety reporting is available at (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products).

In accordance with the recall requirements specified in 21 CFR 806.10 for devices or the postmarketing safety reporting requirements (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products, you are required to submit a written report to FDA of any correction or removal of this device initiated by you to: (1) reduce a risk to health posed by the device; or (2) remedy a violation of the act caused by the device which may present a risk to health, with certain exceptions specified in 21 CFR 806.10(a)(2). Additional information on recalls is available at

https://www.fda.gov/safety/recalls-market-withdrawals-safety-alerts/industry-guidance-recalls.

CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you; however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading. CDRH will notify the public of its decision to approve your PMA by making available, among other information, a summary of the safety and effectiveness data upon which the approval is based. The information can be found on the FDA CDRH Internet HomePage located at

https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-approvals-denials-and-clearances/pma-approvals. Written requests for this information can also be made to the Food and Drug Administration, Dockets Management Branch, (HFA-305), 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. The written request should include the PMA number or docket number. Within 30 days from the date that this information is placed on the Internet, any interested person may seek review of this decision by submitting a petition for review under section 515(g) of the act and requesting either a hearing or review by an independent advisory committee. FDA may, for good cause, extend this 30-day filing period.

Failure to comply with any post-approval requirement constitutes a ground for withdrawal of approval of a PMA. The introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of a device that is not in compliance with its conditions of approval is a violation of law.

You are reminded that, as soon as possible and before commercial distribution of your device, you must submit an amendment to this PMA submission with a copy of all final labeling. Final labeling that is identical to the labeling approved in draft form will not routinely be reviewed by FDA staff when accompanied by a cover letter stating that the final labeling is identical to the labeling approved in draft form. If the final labeling is not identical, any changes from the final draft labeling should be highlighted and explained in the amendment.

All required documents should be submitted, unless otherwise specified, to the address below and should reference the above PMA number to facilitate processing.

U.S. Food and Drug Administration Center for Devices and Radiological Health Document Control Center - WO66-G609 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

If you have any questions concerning this approval order, please contact Changfu Wu, Ph.D., at 301-796-6086 or Changfu.Wu@fda.hhs.gov.

Sincerely,

Nicole G. Ibrahim -S

for Bram Zuckerman, M.D.
Director
OHT2: Office of Cardiovascular Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health