



Food and Drug Administration
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Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

February 8, 2017

Scopis Gmbh
% Mr. Roger N. White
President
Phiama, Inc.
236 McKinley Park Lane
Louisville, CO 80027

Re: K161491

Trade/Device Name: Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 882.4560
Regulation Name: Stereotaxic Instrument
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: PGW
Dated: December 28, 2016
Received: December 30, 2016

Dear Mr. White:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm> for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Industry and Consumer Education at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address

<http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>.

Sincerely yours,


Eric A. Mann -S

for Malvina B. Eydelman, M.D.
Director
Division of Ophthalmic and Ear,
Nose and Throat Devices
Office of Device Evaluation
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K161491

Device Name

Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM

Indications for Use (Describe)

The Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM is indicated for any medical condition in which the use of stereotactic surgery may be appropriate, and where reference to a rigid anatomical structure in the field of ENT surgery, such as the paranasal sinuses, mastoid anatomy, can be identified relative to a CT or MR based model of the anatomy.

Example procedures include, but are not limited to the following ENT procedures:

- Transsphenoidal access procedures;
- Intranasal procedures;
- Sinus procedures, such as Maxillary antrastomies, Ethmoidectomies, Sphenoidotomies/Sphenoid explorations, Turbinate resections, and Frontal sinusotomies;
- ENT related anterior skull base procedures.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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SECTION 5 510(k) Summary

510(k) Summary
Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM

1. Submitter Information

Submitter: Scopis GmbH
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 Contact: Dr. Christopher Özbek
 Chief Technical Officer

 Date Prepared: May 27, 2016

2. Device Information

Trade Name: Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM
 Common Name: Image Guided Surgery System
 Classification: Class II per 21 CFR 882.4560
 Classification Name: Ear, Nose, and Throat Stereotaxic Instrument
 Product Code: PGW

3. Purpose of Submission

The purpose of this submission is to gain clearance for a new Image Guided Surgery System.

4. Predicate Device Information

The Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM described in this submission is substantially equivalent to the following predicate:

Predicate Device	Manufacturer	510(k) No.:
Fiagon Navigation System	Fiagon GmbH	K133573

5. Device Description

The Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM displays the position of navigated instruments on a model of the patient's anatomy based on preoperative images (CT or MRI) using electromagnetic tracking technology. The position of the instruments and the patient are localized within an electromagnetic field produced by a field generator. The navigation of instruments relative to the patient's anatomy is established via registration of the patient's anatomy to the image set via fiducial markers, anatomical landmarks, or surface matching. The position of navigated instruments is then displayed on the model from the image set.

The Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM consists of:

1. Navigation Unit
2. Electromagnetic field generator
3. Patient tracker with integrated localizers
4. Navigation instruments with integrated localizers
5. Navigation software (Nova Basic)

6. Intended Use

The Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM is indicated for any medical condition in which the use of stereotactic surgery may be appropriate, and where reference to a rigid anatomical structure in the field of ENT surgery, such as the paranasal sinuses, mastoid anatomy, can be identified relative to a CT or MR based model of the anatomy.

Example procedures include, but are not limited to the following ENT procedures:

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- ENT related anterior skull base procedures.

7. Comparison of Technological Characteristics

The substantial equivalence of the Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM to the predicate is shown by similarity in intended use, indications for use, materials, and performance. Both the Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM and the predicate utilize:

- Electromagnetic tracking technology for navigation.
- Fiducial or anatomical reference points for procedure registration to the image-based model of the patient's anatomy.
- Tracking of the navigation instruments via localizers mounted in the tip of the instruments.

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- Use of CT or MR image sets as reference images for the image-based model of the patient's anatomy.

8. Performance Data

Bench testing of the navigation accuracy was performed to establish the substantial equivalence to the predicate device. The measured bench navigation accuracy of the Scopis Hybrid Navigation System was 0.49 ± 0.27 mm, compared to the reported predicate device navigation accuracy of 0.9 ± 0.34 mm.

9. Conclusion

Based on the indications for use, technological characteristics, performance testing, and comparison to the predicates, the Scopis Hybrid Navigation System EM has been shown to be substantially equivalent to the predicate devices identified in this submission, and does not present any new issues of safety or effectiveness.