



February 28, 2018

Trudell Medical International
Marianne Tanton
Director, Quality and Regulatory Affairs
725 Third Street
London, n5V 5G4 Ca

Re: K173367
Trade/Device Name: MC 300* Nebulizer
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 868.5630
Regulation Name: Nebulizer
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: CAF
Dated: January 24, 2018
Received: January 25, 2018

Dear Marianne Tanton:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820);

and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm> for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/>) and CDRH Learn (<http://www.fda.gov/Training/CDRHLearn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<http://www.fda.gov/DICE>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,


Michael J. Ryan -S

for Tina Kiang, Ph.D.
Acting Director
Division of Anesthesiology,
General Hospital, Respiratory,
Infection Control, and Dental Devices
Office of Device Evaluation
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K173367

Device Name

MC 300* Nebulizer

Indications for Use (Describe)

The nebulizer is intended to be used with pediatric (ages 2 years and above) and adult patients, who are under the care of a licensed healthcare provider or physician. The device is designed to aerosolize prescribed medication for inhalation by a patient in the hospital, clinic or home care environment. The nebulizer is a single patient use device.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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Section 5 – 510(k) Summary

Prepared: 21 Feb2018

1. Submitter

Trudell Medical International
725 Third Street
London, Ontario N5V 5G4, Canada

Contact: Marianne Tanton
Director, Quality and Regulatory Affairs
Tel: 1-519-455-7060
Email: mtanton@trudellmed.com

2. Device

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Trade Name: | MC 300* Nebulizer |
| Common Name: | Small Volume Nebulizer |
| Classification Name: | Nebulizer 21 CFR 868.5630 |
| Regulatory Class: | II |
| Product Code: | CAF |

3. Predicate Device

VixOne™ Nebulizer, K926055
Westmed, Inc.

The predicate device has not been subject to a recall.

Reference Device

AeroEclipse* II Breath Actuated Nebulizer, K053605
Trudell Medical International

The reference device has not been subject to a recall.

4. Device Description

The MC 300* Nebulizer is a small volume jet nebulizer designed to deliver aerosolized medications for inhalation to the respiratory system. The device is intended to be used by pediatric (ages 2 years and above) and adult patients in hospital, clinic or home settings. The MC 300* Nebulizer is a single patient use device and may be used for multiple treatments. This device is not used with a specific drug nor is it distributed with such drugs. The MC 300* Nebulizer consists of four components: mouthpiece, nebulizer top, nozzle cover, and nebulizer bottom. It is marketed with oxygen tubing. The MC 300* Nebulizer is not packaged with a mask, however the Disposable Aerosol Mask Assembly can be ordered per the information on the IFU.

Section 5 – 510(k) Summary

5. Principle of Operation

Compressed air is driven through a converging nozzle, where it accelerates and emerges at a high velocity, creating a vacuum (venturi effect). The vacuum draws a liquid residing in a reservoir up through a cylindrical channel and into the emerging airstream formed by the nozzle, to mix with air and impact upon a rigid surface. This process uses energy from the airstream to convert liquid into small droplets called aerosol. Upon reaching the user aerosol is suitably refined to enter the lungs effectively.

6. Indications for Use

The nebulizer is intended to be used with pediatric (ages 2 years and above) and adult patients, who are under the care of a licensed healthcare provider or physician. The device is designed to aerosolize prescribed medication for inhalation by a patient in the hospital, clinic or home care environment. The nebulizer is a single patient use device.

7. Comparison to predicate device

The MC 300* Nebulizer and VixOne™ Nebulizer (K926055), are identical in purpose, function, core technology and method of operation. Only minor differences exist between the MC 300* Nebulizer and VixOne™ Nebulizer, which do not affect the safety or effectiveness of the subject device. Table 1 provides a comparison of the subject and predicate devices.

Table 1: Comparison to Predicate Device

| Element of Comparison | MC 300* Nebulizer (Subject Device) | VixOne™ Nebulizer (Predicate Device - K926055) |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Indications for Use | The nebulizer is intended to be used with pediatric (ages 2 years and above) and adult patients, who are under the care of a licensed healthcare provider or physician. The device is designed to aerosolize prescribed medication for inhalation by a patient in the hospital, clinic or home care environment. The nebulizer is a single patient use device. | A handheld, pneumatic nebulizer designed to aerosolize prescription drugs for inhalation by a patient. Its use is indicated whenever a healthcare professional administers or prescribes medical aerosol products to a patient using a small volume nebulizer. |
| Technology | Pneumatic Jet Nebulizer | |
| Environment of use | Hospital, Clinic or Home | |
| Patient population | Adult and pediatric patients (ages 2 years and above) | All – specific patient population not specified |
| Single Patient Use | Yes | |
| Aerosolization | Continuous during inhalation and exhalation | |
| Type of device | Disposable, prescription only, non-sterile | |
| Manufacturing process | Plastic molding | |
| Type of gas source | Compressed air or oxygen | |
| Flow rates | 4-8 LPM | 4-10 LPM |
| Maximum Fill Volume | 6 mL | 10 mL |

Section 5 – 510(k) Summary

8. Performance Data

8.1 Performance Testing

Aerosol characterization testing for the subject (Mouthpiece and Mask) and predicate devices was conducted in accordance with the relevant sections of the CDRH Guidance Document “Reviewer Guidance for Nebulizer, Metered Dose Inhalers, Spacers and Actuators” (FDA/CDRH – 1993). Testing was performed at both low and high supplied air flow rates. The table below reflects data at 8 l/min supplied air flow rate to the nebulizer and 15 l/min flow rate through the cascade impactor. The table below also includes data from testing conducted with the medium mask, however, the nebulizer was also tested with small and large masks, which demonstrated similar performance to the medium mask.

| Aerosol Characteristics | Particle Characterization | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | Subject Device with Mouthpiece | Subject Device with Mask* | Predicate Device |
| Total Mass (µg) | 1473.9 ± 52.1 Albuterol† 614.4 ± 17.9 Ipratropium Bromide†† 366.5 ± 16.3 Budesonide††† | 1604.3 ± 28.1 Albuterol† 689.5 ± 16.3 Ipratropium Bromide†† 357 ± 19.3 Budesonide††† | 1316.5 ± 81.7 Albuterol† 555.2 ± 39.0 Ipratropium Bromide†† 486.6 ± 41.0 Budesonide††† |
| Total Output Rate (µg/s) | 6.6 ± 0.4 Albuterol† 1.7 ± 0.2 Ipratropium Bromide†† 0.9 ± 0.1 Budesonide††† | 3.7 ± 0.2 Albuterol† 1.1 ± 0.1 Ipratropium Bromide†† 0.5 ± 0.0 Budesonide††† | 5.1 ± 0.5 Albuterol† 1.7 ± 0.3 Ipratropium Bromide†† 0.9 ± 0.2 Budesonide††† |
| Fine Particle Fraction (0.98-5.39 µm aerodynamic diameter) (%) | 73.4 ± 1.3 Albuterol† 73.4 ± 1.1 Ipratropium Bromide†† 63.2 ± 0.7 Budesonide††† | 71.1 ± 0.9 Albuterol† 69.3 ± 2.8 Ipratropium Bromide†† 65.9 ± 2.2 Budesonide††† | 58.1 ± 2.3 Albuterol† 59.8 ± 2.3 Ipratropium Bromide†† 52.6 ± 2.6 Budesonide††† |
| Fine Particle Mass (µg) | 1082.7 ± 57.3 Albuterol† 456.2 ± 15.3 Ipratropium Bromide†† 231.5 ± 10.1 Budesonide††† | 1150.1 ± 19.7 Albuterol† 478.1 ± 22.3 Ipratropium Bromide†† 235.0 ± 6.6 Budesonide††† | 764.2 ± 32.9 Albuterol† 331.8 ± 20.0 Ipratropium Bromide†† 246.2 ± 21.1 Budesonide††† |
| Fine Particle Output Rate (µg/s) | 4.8 ± 0.3 Albuterol† 1.3 ± 0.1 Ipratropium Bromide†† 0.6 ± 0.0 Budesonide††† | 2.7 ± 0.1 Albuterol† 0.8 ± 0.1 Ipratropium Bromide†† 0.3 ± 0.0 Budesonide††† | 3.0 ± 0.2 Albuterol† 1.3 ± 0.1 Ipratropium Bromide†† 0.5 ± 0.1 Budesonide††† |
| Particle Size (MMAD) | 2.8 µg Albuterol† 2.8 µg Ipratropium Bromide†† 4.4 µg Budesonide††† | 2.4 µg Albuterol† 2.5 µg Ipratropium Bromide†† 4.1 µg Budesonide††† | 4.1 µg Albuterol† 4.0 µg Ipratropium Bromide†† 5.1 µg Budesonide††† |
| GSD | 2.1 Albuterol† 2.0 Ipratropium Bromide†† 1.8 Budesonide††† | 2.2 Albuterol† 2.3 Ipratropium Bromide†† 1.9 Budesonide††† | 2.3 Albuterol† 2.2 Ipratropium Bromide†† 1.9 Budesonide††† |

† Albuterol Sulfate Inhalation Solution, 833µg/ml

†† Ipratropium Bromide Inhalation Solution 250µg/ml

††† Budesonide Suspension for Inhalation 0.25mg/ml

* Disposable Aerosol Mask Assembly – Medium Mask

Section 5 – 510(k) Summary

8.2 Biocompatibility Testing Summary

Biological endpoints applicable to an externally communicating device, tissue contact by way of gas pathway with permanent duration (> 30 days) are listed below. All *in vitro* and *in vivo* studies were performed by an independent source and included the following battery of tests: Cytotoxicity, Sensitization, Intracutaneous Reactivity, Acute Systemic Toxicity, Genotoxicity and Extractables/Leachables with a Biological Risk Assessment.

Summary of Biocompatibility Testing Conducted

| ISO Standard | Biological Endpoint |
|--------------|--|
| 10993-5 | Tests for In Vitro Cytotoxicity |
| 10993-10 | Tests for Irritation and Skin Sensitization |
| 10993-11 | Tests for systemic toxicity (Acute Toxicity) |
| 10993-3 | Tests for genotoxicity (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Study and Mouse Lymphoma Assay) |
| 10993-12 | Sample preparation and reference materials |
| 10993-17 | Establishment of allowable limits for leachable substances |
| 10993-18 | Chemical characterization of materials |

8.3 Dry Gas Pathway Testing

Testing pertaining to the dry gas pathway and associated risk assessments/conclusions were conducted by an independent source. Testing included the following assessments:

- Emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs)
- Fine particles (particulate matter PM2.5)
- Inorganic gases (ozone, CO₂, and CO)

9. Clinical Performance Summary

Not applicable, the determination of substantial equivalence is not based on Clinical Performance data.

10. Conclusion

The non-clinical data demonstrate that the MC 300* Nebulizer is as safe and effective as the predicate and therefore substantially equivalent to the predicate device.