



May 8, 2019

Medicrea International S.A.
Mr. David Ryan
Chief Operating Officer
5389 route de Strasbourg
Vancia
Rillieux-La-Pape 69140
France

Re: K190092

Trade/Device Name: UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3080
Regulation Name: Intervertebral Body Fusion Device
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: MAX
Dated: May 3, 2019
Received: May 6, 2019

Dear Mr. Ryan:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's

requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <https://www.fda.gov/CombinationProducts/GuidanceRegulatoryInformation/ucm597488.htm>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/>) and CDRH Learn (<http://www.fda.gov/Training/CDRHLearn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<http://www.fda.gov/DICE>) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

for CAPT Raquel Peat, PhD, MPH, USPHS
Director
OHT6: Office of Orthopedic Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K190092

Device Name

UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage

Indications for Use (Describe)

UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage is indicated for intervertebral body fusion procedures in skeletally mature patients with degenerative disc disease (DDD) at one or two contiguous levels from L2-S1. DDD is defined as discogenic back pain with degeneration of the disc confirmed by patient history and radiographic studies. These DDD patients may also have up to Grade I spondylolisthesis or retrolisthesis at the involved level(s). This device is to be used with autogenous bone graft.

UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage is to be used with supplemental fixation. Patients should have at least six (6) months of non-operative treatment prior to treatment with an intervertebral cage.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

☒ Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

☐ Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DO NOT SEND YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE PRA STAFF EMAIL ADDRESS BELOW.

The burden time for this collection of information is estimated to average 79 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain the data needed and complete and review the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this information collection, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to:

Department of Health and Human Services
Food and Drug Administration
Office of Chief Information Officer
Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Staff
PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov

"An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB number."

510(k) SUMMARY
MEDICREA INTERNATIONAL's UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage

In accordance with 21 CFR 807.92 of the Federal Code of Regulations the following 510(k) summary is submitted for the UNiD Patient Specific 3D printed TLIF cage:

Date Prepared: January, 14, 2019

1. Submitter:

MEDICREA INTERNATIONAL
5389 route de Strasbourg – Vancia
RILLIEUX-LA-PAPE 69140
FR

Contact Person:

David RYAN
MEDICREA INTERNATIONAL
5389 route de Strasbourg - Vancia
RILLIEUX-LA-PAPE 69140
FR

2. Trade name: UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage

Regulatory Identification/ Classification

Intervertebral Body Fusion Device with Bone Graft, lumbar
Regulation Number: 21CFR 888.3080
Product Code: MAX
Class II

3. Predicate or legally marketed devices which are substantially equivalent:

Primary predicate device:

- IMPIX 3D printed cage, (MEDICREA INTERNATIONAL, K163595)

Additional Predicate:

- UNiD Patient specific 3D printed cage (MEDICREA INTERNATIONAL, K173782)

4. Description of the device:

MEDICREA® INTERNATIONAL UNiD Patient specific 3D Printed TLIF cage consists of one single implant with specific heights, length and lordosis angle to the patient. It is intended for insertion between two adjacent vertebrae by a posterior or a transforaminal approach. The MEDICREA® INTERNATIONAL implant is manufactured from titanium alloy Ti-6Al-4V ELI following standards ASTM F3001, a radio opaque material. As any orthopaedic implant, the lumbar interbody device must not be reused. The surgeon should strictly follow the recommendations provided in the surgical technique.

MATERIALS: Titanium Alloy (Ti-6Al-4V) according to the ASTM F3001.

Function:

The UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage was developed as an implant:

- To provide immobilization and stabilization of posterior spinal segments
- to augment the development of a solid spinal fusion
- to provide stability to ease fusion
- to be mechanically resistant to allow the fusion of the operated level

5. Indication for Use

UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage is indicated for intervertebral body fusion procedures in skeletally mature patients with degenerative disc disease (DDD) at one or two contiguous levels from L2-S1. DDD is defined as discogenic back pain with degeneration of the disc confirmed by patient history

and radiographic studies. These DDD patients may also have up to Grade I spondylolisthesis or retrolisthesis at the involved level(s). This device is to be used with autogenous bone graft.
UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage is to be used with supplemental fixation. Patients should have at least six (6) months of non-operative treatment prior to treatment with an intervertebral cage.

6. Substantial equivalence claimed to predicate devices

The UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage are technologically similar to the already cleared IMPIX 3D printed cages (K163595) in terms of intended use, material used, mechanical safety and performances.

The table below compares the features and characteristics of the submitted UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage to their predicate devices.

Device	MEDICREA INTERNATIONAL UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage	PREDICATE MEDICREA INTERNATIONAL IMPIX 3D Printed cage	ADDITIONAL PREDICATE UNiD Patient specific 3D printed cage
<i>510(k) number</i>	To be determined	K163595	K173782
<i>Intended use</i>			
<i>Lumbar</i>	Yes	Yes	Yes
<i>Components</i>			
<i>Shape</i>	Rectangular anatomical shape	Rectangular anatomical shape	Rectangular anatomical shape
<i>Dimensions</i>	Lengths: 15 to 40mm Heights: 6 to 20mm Width: 8 to 12mm Lordosis angle: 0 to 22°	Lengths: 15 to 40mm Heights: 6 to 20mm Width: 8 to 12mm Lordosis angle: 0 to 22°	Lengths: 15 to 40mm Heights: 6 to 20mm Width: 8 to 12mm Lordosis angle: 0 to 22°
<i>Cage</i>	Titanium Alloy (Ti-6Al-4V) according to the ASTM F3001	Titanium Alloy (Ti-6Al-4V) according to the ASTM F3001	Titanium Alloy (Ti-6Al-4V) according to the ASTM F3001
	Provided Sterile or non sterile - Single use only	Provided Sterile - Single use only	Provided Sterile or non sterile - Single use only

7. Non-clinical Test Summary:

The following performance data was provided in support of the substantial equivalence determination.

Biocompatibility Testing

The UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage are made from the same materials as its predicates and the manufacturing processes are similar to the ones of the predicates.

Mechanical testing

The UNiD Patient specific 3D printed TLIF cage did not introduce a new worst-case device. The previously identified worst-case device was evaluated following the protocols outlined in ASTM F2077 "Standard Test Methods for Intervertebral Body Fusion Devices" and in the ASTM F2267 "Standard Test Methods Measuring Load Induced Subsidence of Intervertebral Body Fusion Device under Static Axial Compression".

The following tests were conducted: Static Compression, Static Compression-shear, Dynamic Compression, Dynamic Compression-shear and Subsidence test

8. Conclusions

UNiD Patient Specific 3D printed TLIF cages are substantially equivalent to legally marketed predicate devices.