October 31, 2019

Liofilchem s. r. l.
Anne Windau
Supervisor
Laboratory Specialists, Inc.
26214 Center Ridge Road
Westlake, Ohio 44145

Re: K192345

Trade/Device Name: MTS Ampicillin-Sulbactam 0.016/0.008 - 256/128 µg/mL
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 866.1640
Regulation Name: Antimicrobial Susceptibility Test Powder
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: JWY-Manual Antimicrobial Susceptibility Test Systems
Dated: August 28, 2019
Received: August 29, 2019

Dear Anne Windau:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmmn/pmmn.cfm identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal
statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801 and Part 809); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.


For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance) and CDRH Learn (https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Ribhi Shawar -S
Ribhi Shawar, Ph.D., (ABMM)
Chief
General Bacteriology and Antimicrobial Susceptibility
Division of Microbiology Devices
OHT7: Office of In Vitro Diagnostics and Radiological Health
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure
510(k) Number (if known)
K192345

Device Name
MTS Ampicillin-sulbactam 0.016/0.008 - 256/128 µg/mL

Indications for Use

MTS (MIC Test Strip) Ampicillin-sulbactam 0.016/0.008 - 256/128 µg/mL is a quantitative method intended for the in vitro determination of antimicrobial susceptibility of bacteria. MTS consists of specialized paper impregnated with a pre-defined concentration gradient of an antimicrobial agent, which is used to determine the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) in µg/mL of antimicrobial agents against bacteria as tested on agar media using overnight incubation and manual reading procedures. MTS Ampicillin-sulbactam at concentrations of 0.016/0.008 - 256/128 µg/mL should be interpreted at 16-20 hours of incubation.

Ampicillin-sulbactam has been shown to be active both clinically and in vitro against these bacterial species according to the FDA drug approved label:

Gram-negative bacteria
- Enterobacter asburiae
- Enterobacter cloacae
- Escherichia coli
- Klebsiella aerogenes
- Klebsiella oxytoca
- Klebsiella pneumoniae
- Proteus mirabilis
- Acinetobacter baumannii/Acinetobacter calcoaceticus complex

Ampicillin/sulbactam has been shown to be active in vitro only against the non-fastidious bacteria listed below according to the FDA drug approved label:

Gram-negative bacteria
- Morganella morganii
- Proteus vulgaris
- Providencia rettgeri
- Providencia stuartii

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)
☑️ Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)
□ Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

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