

PATIENT

DISEASE Lung non-small cell lung carcinoma (NOS)
NAME
DATE OF BIRTH
SEX
MEDICAL RECORD #

PHYSICIAN

ORDERING PHYSICIAN
MEDICAL FACILITY
ADDITIONAL RECIPIENT
MEDICAL FACILITY ID
PATHOLOGIST

SPECIMEN

SPECIMEN SITE
SPECIMEN ID
SPECIMEN TYPE
DATE OF COLLECTION
SPECIMEN RECEIVED

FDA-Approved Content

Companion Diagnostic (CDx) Findings

A companion diagnostic provides essential information for the safe and effective use of a corresponding drug or biological product. This table contains therapies associated with FoundationOne®Liquid CDx's FDA-approved companion diagnostic indications.

GENOMIC FINDINGS
MET exon 14 splice site (2888-21_2888-20insAG)

CDx-INDICATED THERAPIES

TABRECTA (capmatinib)

Tumor Profiling Results

FoundationOne®Liquid CDx is FDA-approved to provide tumor mutation profiling results for oncology patients with solid tumors.

SHORT VARIANTS AND SELECT REARRANGEMENTS AND COPY NUMBER ALTERATIONS IDENTIFIED

Results reported in this section that are not designated as CDx findings are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product. See *professional services* section for information on the alterations listed in this section as well as any additional detected copy number alterations, gene rearrangements, or biomarkers. Please refer to the appendix for the description of the biomarker levels.

Companion diagnostic (CDx) findings
MET exon 14 splice site (2888-21_2888-20insAG)

Other biomarkers with potential clinical significance
DNMT3A R882H [#]
TP53 S127F [#]

[#]Variants in this gene may be derived from a nontumor source such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.

Please refer to appendix for Explanation of Clinical Significance Classification and for variants of unknown significance (VUS).

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

INTENDED USE

FoundationOne Liquid CDx is a qualitative next generation sequencing based *in vitro* diagnostic test that uses targeted high throughput hybridization-based capture technology to detect and report substitutions, insertions and deletions (indels) in 311 genes, rearrangements in four (4) genes, and copy number alterations in three (3) genes. FoundationOne Liquid CDx utilizes circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) isolated from plasma derived from anti-coagulated peripheral whole blood of cancer patients collected in FoundationOne Liquid CDx cfDNA blood collection tubes included in the FoundationOne Liquid CDx Blood Sample Collection Kit. The test is intended to be used as a companion diagnostic to identify patients who may benefit from treatment with the targeted therapies listed in Table 1 in accordance with the approved therapeutic product labeling.

Additionally, FoundationOne Liquid CDx is intended to provide tumor mutation profiling to be used by qualified health care professionals in accordance with professional guidelines in oncology for patients with solid malignant neoplasms.

A negative result from a plasma specimen does not mean that the patient's tumor is negative for genomic findings. Patients with the tumor types above who are negative for the mutations listed in Table 1 should be reflexed to routine biopsy and their tumor mutation status confirmed using an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if feasible.

Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.

FoundationOne Liquid CDx is a single-site assay performed at Foundation Medicine, Inc. in Cambridge, MA.

TABLE 1 : COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC INDICATIONS

TUMOR TYPE	BIOMARKER(S) DETECTED	THERAPY
Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)	<i>ALK</i> rearrangements	ALECENSA® (alectinib)
	<i>EGFR</i> Exon 19 deletions and <i>EGFR</i> Exon 21 L858R substitution	IRESSA® (gefitinib) TAGRISSO® (osimertinib) TARCEVA® (erlotinib)
	<i>MET</i> single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and indels that lead to <i>MET</i> exon 14 skipping	TABRECTA® (capmatinib)
Prostate cancer	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> , <i>ATM</i> alterations	LYNPARZA® (olaparib)
	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> alterations	RUBRACA® (rucaparib)
Ovarian cancer	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> alterations	RUBRACA® (rucaparib)
Breast cancer	<i>PIK3CA</i> mutations C420R, E542K, E545A, E545D [1635G>T only], E545G, E545K, Q546E, Q546R, H1047L, H1047R, and H1047Y	PIQRAY® (alpelisib)

TEST PRINCIPLE

The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay is performed exclusively as a laboratory service using circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) isolated from plasma derived from anti-coagulated peripheral whole blood from patients with solid malignant neoplasms. The assay employs a single DNA extraction method to obtain cfDNA from plasma from whole blood. Extracted cfDNA undergoes whole-genome shotgun library construction and hybridization-based capture of 324 cancer-related genes. All coding exons of 309 genes are targeted; select intronic or non-coding regions are targeted in fifteen of these genes (refer to Table 2 for the complete list of genes reported by FoundationOne Liquid CDx). Hybrid-capture selected libraries are sequenced with deep coverage using the NovaSeq® 6000 platform. Sequence data are processed using a custom analysis pipeline designed to detect genomic alterations, including base substitutions and indels in 311 genes, copy number variants in three genes, and genomic rearrangements in four genes. A subset of targeted regions in 75 genes is baited for enhanced sensitivity.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Please refer to product label:
[foundationmedicine.com/F1LCDx](https://www.foundationmedicine.com/F1LCDx)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Alterations reported may include somatic (not inherited) or germline (inherited) alterations; however, the test does not distinguish between germline and somatic alterations. If a reported alteration is suspected to be germline, confirmatory testing should be considered in the appropriate clinical context.
2. The test is not intended to replace germline testing or to provide information about cancer predisposition.
3. Patients for whom no companion diagnostic alterations are detected should be considered for confirmation with an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if possible.

LIMITATIONS

1. For *in vitro* diagnostic use.
2. For prescription use only. This test must be ordered by a qualified medical professional in accordance with clinical laboratory regulations.
3. Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 of the intended use are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.
4. A negative result does not rule out the presence of a mutation in the patient's tumor.
5. Decisions on patient care and treatment must be based on the independent medical judgment of the treating physician, taking into consideration all applicable information

concerning the patient's condition, such as patient and family history, physical examinations, information from other diagnostic tests, and patient preferences, in accordance with the standard of care in a given community.

6. The test is intended to be performed on specific serial number-controlled instruments by Foundation Medicine, Inc.
7. Genomic findings from circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) may originate from circulating tumor DNA fragments, germline alterations, or nontumor somatic alterations, such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). Genes with alterations that may be derived from CH include, but are not limited to, the following: *ASXL1*, *ATM*, *CBL*, *CHEK2*, *DNMT3A*, *JAK2*, *KMT2D* (*MLL2*), *MPL*, *MYD88*, *SF3B1*, *TET2*, *TP53*, and *U2AF1*. The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.
8. The false positive rate of this test was evaluated in healthy donors. The detection rate for unique short variants in apparently healthy patients is 0.82%. Across 30,622 short variants, 58 variants had a detection rate of greater than 5%.
9. The analytical accuracy for the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay has not been demonstrated in all genes.
10. The analytical accuracy for the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay for the detection of SNVs and indels that lead to *MET* exon 14 skipping has not been demonstrated for samples with variant allele frequencies (VAF) below 0.34% for base substitutions and 0.73% VAF for small insertions and small deletions.
11. TABRECTA® efficacy has not been established in patients with *MET* single nucleotide variants (SNVs) <0.21% VAF and in patients with *MET* indels <0.16% VAF tested with FoundationOne Liquid CDx.
12. The precision of FoundationOne Liquid CDx was only confirmed for select variants at the limit of detection.
13. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect heterozygous deletions.
14. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect copy number losses/homozygous deletions in *ATM*.
15. A complete assessment of the impact of cfDNA blood collection tube lot-to-lot variability on the performance of the test has not been evaluated.
16. The test is not intended to provide information on cancer predisposition.
17. *BRCA1/BRCA2* homozygous deletions and rearrangements were not adequately represented in all analytical studies.
18. Representation of *ALK* rearrangements were limited in the analytical validation studies.

19. The representation of *ATM* short variants and rearrangements was limited in the analytical validation studies.

20. Performance has not been validated for cfDNA input below the specified minimum input.

21. Representation of SNV and indels that lead to *MET* exon 14 skipping that represent biomarker rule category 1 and 2, were limited in the analytical validation studies.

LEVEL 1: COMPANION DIAGNOSTICS (CDX)

Clinical evidence should be presented from a prospectively designed clinical trial. Results can also be presented from a retrospective clinical bridging study demonstrating that the clinical endpoints are preserved using plasma samples in trials where enrollment was based on tissue test results. For follow-on markers, a clinical concordance study demonstrating non-inferiority to the original FDA-approved cfDNA-based companion diagnostic device (refer to Li, Meijuan. Statistical Methods for Clinical Validation of Follow-On Companion Diagnostic Devices via an External Concordance Study. *Statistics in Biopharmaceutical Research*. 8: 35-363, 2016) is required. In addition to the clinical validation, analytical validation for each specific Level 1 CDx biomarker should be presented.

LEVEL 2: cfDNA BIOMARKERS WITH STRONG EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN cfDNA

For a Level 2 claim of cfDNA biomarkers with strong evidence of clinical significance, clinical validation needs to be from evidence presented with FDA-approved liquid biopsy companion diagnostic biomarkers for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level. Such claims should also be supported by analytical performance for each biomarker from at least LoD, precision/reproducibility, and accuracy studies.

LEVEL 3A: BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN TISSUE SUPPORTED BY STRONG ANALYTICAL VALIDATION USING cfDNA AND CONCORDANCE BETWEEN cfDNA AND TISSUE

Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics. This should also be supported by analytical validation (LoD, precision, analytical accuracy, and concordance study to a tissue-based test) for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level, using a representative approach for SNVs and indels. Evidence evaluating concordance between cfDNA- and tissue-samples for FDA-approved tissue markers should be demonstrated using an FDA-approved tissue test or a validated tissue test.

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

LEVEL 3B: BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN TISSUE SUPPORTED BY ANALYTICAL VALIDATION USING cfDNA

Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics, with analytical validity supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

LEVEL 4: OTHER BIOMARKERS WITH POTENTIAL CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Biomarkers not categorized into Levels 1, 2, or 3 can be included under Level 4 for informational purposes or to be used to direct patients toward clinical trials for which they may be eligible. Such claims can be supported by clinical rationale for inclusion in the panel. Such rationale could also include peer-reviewed publications for genes/variants in tissue, variant information from well-curated public databases, or *in vitro* pre-clinical models. Analytical validation should be supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

MR Suite Version 0.0.0

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

Genes assayed in FoundationOne®Liquid CDx

Table 2: As part of its FDA-approved intended use, the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay interrogates 324 genes, including 309 genes with complete exonic (coding) coverage and 15 genes with only select noncoding coverage (indicated with an *). Select regions in 75 genes (indicated in bold) are captured with increased sensitivity. Genes are captured for increased sensitivity with complete exonic (coding) coverage unless otherwise noted.

ABL1 Exons 4-9	ACVR1B	AKT1 Exon 3	AKT2	AKT3	ALK Exons 20-29, Introns 18, 19	ALOX12B	AMER1 (FAM123B)	APC
AR	ARAF Exons 4, 5, 7, 11, 13, 15, 16	ARFRP1	ARID1A	ASXL1	ATM	ATR	ATRX	AURKA
AURKB	AXIN1	AXL	BAP1	BARD1	BCL2	BCL2L1	BCL2L2	BCL6
BCOR	BCORL1	BCR* Introns 8, 13, 14	BRAF Exons 11-18, Introns 7-10	BRCA1 Introns 2, 7, 8, 12, 16, 19, 20	BRCA2 Intron 2	BRD4	BRIP1	BTG1
BTG2	BTK Exons 2, 15	C11orf30 (EMSY)	C17orf39 (GID4)	CALR	CARD11	CASP8	CBFB	CBL
CCND1	CCND2	CCND3	CCNE1	CD22	CD70	CD74* Introns 6-8	CD79A	CD79B
CD274 (PD-L1)	CDC73	CDH1	CDK12	CDK4	CDK6	CDK8	CDKN1A	CDKN1B
CDKN2A	CDKN2B	CDKN2C	CEBPA	CHEK1	CHEK2	CIC	CREBBP	CRKL
CSF1R	CSF3R	CTCF	CTNNA1	CTNNB1 Exon 3	CUL3	CUL4A	CXCR4	CYP17A1
DAXX	DDR1	DDR2 Exons 5, 17, 18	DIS3	DNMT3A	DOT1L	EED	EGFR Introns 7, 15, 24-27	EP300
EPHA3	EPHB1	EPHB4	ERBB2	ERBB3 Exons 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25	ERBB4	ERCC4	ERG	ERRFI1
ESR1 Exons 4-8	ETV4* Intron 8	ETV5* Introns 6, 7	ETV6* Introns 5, 6	EWSR1* Introns 7-13	EZH2 Exons 4, 16, 17, 18	EZR* Introns 9-11	FAM46C	FANCA
FANCC	FANCG	FANCL	FAS	FBXW7	FGF10	FGF12	FGF14	FGF19
FGF23	FGF3	FGF4	FGF6	FGFR1 Introns 1, 5, Intron 17	FGFR2 Intron 1, Intron 17	FGFR3 Exons 7, 9 (alternative designation exon 10), 14, 18, Intron 17	FGFR4	FH
FLCN	FLT1	FLT3 Exons 14, 15, 20	FOXL2	FUBP1	GABRA6	GATA3	GATA4	GATA6
GNA11 Exons 4, 5	GNA13	GNAQ Exons 4, 5	GNAS Exons 1, 8	GRM3	GSK3B	H3F3A	HDAC1	HGF
HNF1A	HRAS Exons 2, 3	HSD3B1	ID3	IDH1 Exon 4	IDH2 Exon 4	IGF1R	IKBKE	IKZF1
INPP4B	IRF2	IRF4	IRS2	JAK1	JAK2 Exon 14	JAK3 Exons 5, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16	JUN	KDM5A
KDM5C	KDM6A	KDR	KEAP1	KEL	KIT Exons 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 17, Intron 16	KLHL6	KMT2A (MLL) Introns 6, 8-11, Intron 7	KMT2D (MLL2)

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Electronically signed by Lani Clinton, M.D., Ph.D. |
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Shakti Ramkissoon, M.D., Ph.D., M.M. Sc, Laboratory Director CLIA: 34D2044309
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Sample Preparation: 150 Second St., 1st Floor, Cambridge, MA 02141 · CLIA: 22D2027531
Post-Sequencing Analysis: 150 Second St., 1st Floor, Cambridge, MA 02141 · CLIA: 22D2027531

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APPENDIX

Genes assayed in FoundationOne®Liquid CDx

Table 2: As part of its FDA-approved intended use, the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay interrogates 324 genes, including 309 genes with complete exonic (coding) coverage and 15 genes with only select noncoding coverage (indicated with an *). Select regions in 75 genes (indicated in bold) are captured with increased sensitivity. Genes are captured for increased sensitivity with complete exonic (coding) coverage unless otherwise noted.

KRAS	<i>LTK</i>	<i>LYN</i>	<i>MAF</i>	MAP2K1 (MEK1) Exons 2, 3	MAP2K2 (MEK2) Exons 2-4, 6, 7	<i>MAP2K4</i>	<i>MAP3K1</i>	<i>MAP3K13</i>
<i>MAPK1</i>	<i>MCL1</i>	MDM2	<i>MDM4</i>	<i>MED12</i>	<i>MEF2B</i>	<i>MEN1</i>	<i>MERTK</i>	MET
<i>MITF</i>	<i>MKNK1</i>	<i>MLH1</i>	MPL Exon 10	<i>MRE11A</i>	<i>MSH2</i> Intron 5	<i>MSH3</i>	<i>MSH6</i>	<i>MST1R</i>
<i>MTAP</i>	MTOR Exons 19, 30, 39, 40, 43-45, 47, 48, 53, 56	<i>MUTYH</i>	<i>MYB*</i> Intron 14	MYC Intron 1	<i>MYCL</i> (MYCL1)	MYCN	MYD88 Exon 4	<i>NBN</i>
NF1	<i>NF2</i>	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>NFKBIA</i>	<i>NKX2-1</i>	<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>NOTCH2</i> Intron 26	<i>NOTCH3</i>	NPM1 Exons 4-6, 8, 10
NRAS Exons 2, 3	<i>NSD3</i> (WHSC1L1)	<i>NTSC2</i>	NTRK1 Exons 14, 15, Introns 8-11	<i>NTRK2</i> Intron 12	NTRK3 Exons 16, 17	<i>NUTM1*</i> Intron 1	<i>P2RY8</i>	PALB2
<i>PARK2</i>	<i>PARP1</i>	<i>PARP2</i>	<i>PARP3</i>	<i>PAX5</i>	<i>PBRM1</i>	<i>PDCD1</i> (PD-1)	PDCD1LG2 (PD-L2)	PDGFRA Exons 12, 18, Introns 7, 9, 11
PDGFRB Exons 12-21, 23	<i>PDK1</i>	<i>PIK3C2B</i>	<i>PIK3C2G</i>	PIK3CA Exons 2, 3, 5-8, 10, 14, 19, 21 (Coding Exons 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 13, 18, 20)	<i>PIK3CB</i>	<i>PIK3R1</i>	<i>PIM1</i>	<i>PMS2</i>
<i>POLD1</i>	<i>POLE</i>	<i>PPARG</i>	<i>PPP2R1A</i>	<i>PPP2R2A</i>	<i>PRDM1</i>	<i>PRKAR1A</i>	<i>PRKCI</i>	<i>PTCH1</i>
PTEN	PTPN11	<i>PTPRO</i>	<i>QKI</i>	<i>RAC1</i>	<i>RAD21</i>	<i>RAD51</i>	<i>RAD51B</i>	<i>RAD51C</i>
<i>RAD51D</i>	<i>RAD52</i>	<i>RAD54L</i>	RAF1 Exons 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 14, 15, 17, Introns 4-8	<i>RARA</i> Intron 2	RB1	<i>RBM10</i>	<i>REL</i>	RET Introns 7, 8, Exons 11, 13-16, Introns 9-11
<i>RICTOR</i>	<i>RNF43</i>	ROS1 Exons 31, 36-38, 40, Introns 31-35	<i>RPTOR</i>	<i>RSPO2*</i> Intron 1	<i>SDC4*</i> Intron 2	<i>SDHA</i>	<i>SDHB</i>	<i>SDHC</i>
<i>SDHD</i>	<i>SETD2</i>	<i>SF3B1</i>	<i>SGK1</i>	<i>SLC34A2*</i> Intron 4	<i>SMAD2</i>	<i>SMAD4</i>	<i>SMARCA4</i>	<i>SMARCB1</i>
SMO	<i>SNCAIP</i>	<i>SOC1</i>	<i>SOX2</i>	<i>SOX9</i>	<i>SPEN</i>	<i>SPOP</i>	<i>SRC</i>	<i>STAG2</i>
<i>STAT3</i>	STK11	<i>SUFU</i>	<i>SYK</i>	<i>TBX3</i>	<i>TEK</i>	<i>TERC*</i> ncRNA	TERT* Promoter	<i>TET2</i>
<i>TGFBR2</i>	<i>TIPARP</i>	<i>TMPRSS2*</i> Introns 1-3	<i>TNFAIP3</i>	<i>TNFRSF14</i>	TP53	<i>TSC1</i>	<i>TSC2</i>	<i>TYRO3</i>
<i>U2AF1</i>	VEGFA	<i>VHL</i>	<i>WHSC1</i>	<i>WT1</i>	<i>XPO1</i>	<i>XRCC2</i>	<i>ZNF217</i>	<i>ZNF703</i>

PATIENT

DISEASE **Lung non-small cell lung carcinoma (NOS)**
NAME
DATE OF BIRTH
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PHYSICIAN

ORDERING PHYSICIAN
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FDA-Approved Content

Companion Diagnostic (CDx) Findings

A companion diagnostic provides essential information for the safe and effective use of a corresponding drug or biological product. This table contains therapies associated with FoundationOne®Liquid CDx's FDA-approved companion diagnostic indications.

GENOMIC FINDINGS
CDx-INDICATED THERAPIES

No Companion Diagnostic (CDx) alterations for FoundationOne®Liquid CDx were detected. Please consider confirmation with tumor tissue testing, such as FoundationOne®CDx, if possible.

Tumor Profiling Results

FoundationOne®Liquid CDx is FDA-approved to provide tumor mutation profiling results for oncology patients with solid tumors.

SHORT VARIANTS AND SELECT REARRANGEMENTS AND COPY NUMBER ALTERATIONS IDENTIFIED

Results reported in this section that are not designated as CDx findings are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product. See *professional services* section for information on the alterations listed in this section as well as any additional detected copy number alterations, gene rearrangements, or biomarkers. Please refer to the appendix for the description of the biomarker levels.

Other biomarkers with potential clinical significance
DNMT3A splice site 2598-2A>G [#]
TP53 F109V [#]

[#]Variants in this gene may be derived from a nontumor source such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.

Please refer to appendix for Explanation of Clinical Significance Classification and for variants of unknown significance (VUS).

ABOUT THE TEST FoundationOne®Liquid CDx is a next generation sequencing (NGS) assay that identifies clinically relevant genomic alterations in circulating cell-free DNA.

Electronically signed by Lani Clinton, M.D., Ph.D. |
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Additionally, FoundationOne Liquid CDx is intended to provide tumor mutation profiling to be used by qualified health care professionals in accordance with professional guidelines in oncology for patients with solid malignant neoplasms.

A negative result from a plasma specimen does not mean that the patient's tumor is negative for genomic findings. Patients with the tumor types above who are negative for the mutations listed in Table 1 should be reflexed to routine biopsy and their tumor mutation status confirmed using an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if feasible.

Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.

FoundationOne Liquid CDx is a single-site assay performed at Foundation Medicine, Inc. in Cambridge, MA.

TABLE 1 : COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC INDICATIONS

TUMOR TYPE	BIOMARKER(S) DETECTED	THERAPY
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	<i>MET</i> single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and indels that lead to <i>MET</i> exon 14 skipping	TABRECTA® (capmatinib)
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Ovarian cancer	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> alterations	RUBRACA® (rucaparib)
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TEST PRINCIPLE

The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay is performed exclusively as a laboratory service using circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) isolated from plasma derived from anti-coagulated peripheral whole blood from patients with solid malignant neoplasms. The assay employs a single DNA extraction method to obtain cfDNA from plasma from whole blood. Extracted cfDNA undergoes whole-genome shotgun library construction and hybridization-based capture of 324 cancer-related genes. All coding exons of 309 genes are targeted; select intronic or non-coding regions are targeted in fifteen of these genes (refer to Table 2 for the complete list of genes reported by FoundationOne Liquid CDx). Hybrid-capture selected libraries are sequenced with deep coverage using the NovaSeq® 6000 platform. Sequence data are processed using a custom analysis pipeline designed to detect genomic alterations, including base substitutions and indels in 311 genes, copy number variants in three genes, and genomic rearrangements in four genes. A subset of targeted regions in 75 genes is baited for enhanced sensitivity.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Please refer to product label:
foundationmedicine.com/F1LCDx

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Alterations reported may include somatic (not inherited) or germline (inherited) alterations; however, the test does not distinguish between germline and somatic alterations. If a reported alteration is suspected to be germline, confirmatory testing should be considered in the appropriate clinical context.
2. The test is not intended to replace germline testing or to provide information about cancer predisposition.
3. Patients for whom no companion diagnostic alterations are detected should be considered for confirmation with an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if possible.

LIMITATIONS

1. For *in vitro* diagnostic use.
2. For prescription use only. This test must be ordered by a qualified medical professional in accordance with clinical laboratory regulations.
3. Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 of the intended use are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.
4. A negative result does not rule out the presence of a mutation in the patient's tumor.
5. Decisions on patient care and treatment must be based on the independent medical judgment of the treating physician, taking into consideration all applicable information

concerning the patient's condition, such as patient and family history, physical examinations, information from other diagnostic tests, and patient preferences, in accordance with the standard of care in a given community.

6. The test is intended to be performed on specific serial number-controlled instruments by Foundation Medicine, Inc.
7. Genomic findings from circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) may originate from circulating tumor DNA fragments, germline alterations, or nontumor somatic alterations, such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). Genes with alterations that may be derived from CH include, but are not limited to, the following: *ASXL1*, *ATM*, *CBL*, *CHEK2*, *DNMT3A*, *JAK2*, *KMT2D* (*MLL2*), *MPL*, *MYD88*, *SF3B1*, *TET2*, *TP53*, and *U2AF1*. The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.
8. The false positive rate of this test was evaluated in healthy donors. The detection rate for unique short variants in apparently healthy patients is 0.82%. Across 30,622 short variants, 58 variants had a detection rate of greater than 5%.
9. The analytical accuracy for the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay has not been demonstrated in all genes.
10. The analytical accuracy for the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay for the detection of SNVs and indels that lead to *MET* exon 14 skipping has not been demonstrated for samples with variant allele frequencies (VAF) below 0.34% for base substitutions and 0.73% VAF for small insertions and small deletions.
11. TABRECTA® efficacy has not been established in patients with *MET* single nucleotide variants (SNVs) <0.21% VAF and in patients with *MET* indels <0.16% VAF tested with FoundationOne Liquid CDx.
12. The precision of FoundationOne Liquid CDx was only confirmed for select variants at the limit of detection.
13. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect heterozygous deletions.
14. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect copy number losses/homozygous deletions in *ATM*.
15. A complete assessment of the impact of cfDNA blood collection tube lot-to-lot variability on the performance of the test has not been evaluated.
16. The test is not intended to provide information on cancer predisposition.
17. *BRCA1/BRCA2* homozygous deletions and rearrangements were not adequately represented in all analytical studies.
18. Representation of *ALK* rearrangements were limited in the analytical validation studies.

19. The representation of *ATM* short variants and rearrangements was limited in the analytical validation studies.

20. Performance has not been validated for cfDNA input below the specified minimum input.

21. Representation of SNV and indels that lead to *MET* exon 14 skipping that represent biomarker rule category 1 and 2, were limited in the analytical validation studies.

LEVEL 1: COMPANION DIAGNOSTICS (CDx)

Clinical evidence should be presented from a prospectively designed clinical trial. Results can also be presented from a retrospective clinical bridging study demonstrating that the clinical endpoints are preserved using plasma samples in trials where enrollment was based on tissue test results. For follow-on markers, a clinical concordance study demonstrating non-inferiority to the original FDA-approved cfDNA-based companion diagnostic device (refer to Li, Meijuan. Statistical Methods for Clinical Validation of Follow-On Companion Diagnostic Devices via an External Concordance Study. *Statistics in Biopharmaceutical Research*. 8: 35-363, 2016) is required. In addition to the clinical validation, analytical validation for each specific Level 1 CDx biomarker should be presented.

LEVEL 2: cfDNA BIOMARKERS WITH STRONG EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN cfDNA

For a Level 2 claim of cfDNA biomarkers with strong evidence of clinical significance, clinical validation needs to be from evidence presented with FDA-approved liquid biopsy companion diagnostic biomarkers for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level. Such claims should also be supported by analytical performance for each biomarker from at least LoD, precision/reproducibility, and accuracy studies.

LEVEL 3A: BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN TISSUE SUPPORTED BY STRONG ANALYTICAL VALIDATION USING cfDNA AND CONCORDANCE BETWEEN cfDNA AND TISSUE

Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics. This should also be supported by analytical validation (LoD, precision, analytical accuracy, and concordance study to a tissue-based test) for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level, using a representative approach for SNVs and indels. Evidence evaluating concordance between cfDNA- and tissue-samples for FDA-approved tissue markers should be demonstrated using an FDA-approved tissue test or a validated tissue test.

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

LEVEL 3B: BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN TISSUE SUPPORTED BY ANALYTICAL VALIDATION USING cfDNA

Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics, with analytical validity supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

LEVEL 4: OTHER BIOMARKERS WITH POTENTIAL CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Biomarkers not categorized into Levels 1, 2, or 3 can be included under Level 4 for informational purposes or to be used to direct patients toward clinical trials for which they may be eligible. Such claims can be supported by clinical rationale for inclusion in the panel. Such rationale could also include peer-reviewed publications for genes/variants in tissue, variant information from well-curated public databases, or *in vitro* pre-clinical models. Analytical validation should be supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

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ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

Genes assayed in FoundationOne®Liquid CDx

Table 2: As part of its FDA-approved intended use, the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay interrogates 324 genes, including 309 genes with complete exonic (coding) coverage and 15 genes with only select noncoding coverage (indicated with an *). Select regions in 75 genes (indicated in bold) are captured with increased sensitivity. Genes are captured for increased sensitivity with complete exonic (coding) coverage unless otherwise noted.

ABL1 Exons 4-9	ACVR1B	AKT1 Exon 3	AKT2	AKT3	ALK Exons 20-29, Introns 18, 19	ALOX12B	AMER1 (FAM123B)	APC
AR	ARAF Exons 4, 5, 7, 11, 13, 15, 16	ARFRP1	ARID1A	ASXL1	ATM	ATR	ATRX	AURKA
AURKB	AXIN1	AXL	BAP1	BARD1	BCL2	BCL2L1	BCL2L2	BCL6
BCOR	BCORL1	BCR* Introns 8, 13, 14	BRAF Exons 11-18, Introns 7-10	BRCA1 Introns 2, 7, 8, 12, 16, 19, 20	BRCA2 Intron 2	BRD4	BRIP1	BTG1
BTG2	BTK Exons 2, 15	C11orf30 (EMSY)	C17orf39 (GID4)	CALR	CARD11	CASP8	CBFB	CBL
CCND1	CCND2	CCND3	CCNE1	CD22	CD70	CD74* Introns 6-8	CD79A	CD79B
CD274 (PD-L1)	CDC73	CDH1	CDK12	CDK4	CDK6	CDK8	CDKN1A	CDKN1B
CDKN2A	CDKN2B	CDKN2C	CEBPA	CHEK1	CHEK2	CIC	CREBBP	CRKL
CSF1R	CSF3R	CTCF	CTNNA1	CTNNB1 Exon 3	CUL3	CUL4A	CXCR4	CYP17A1
DAXX	DDR1	DDR2 Exons 5, 17, 18	DIS3	DNMT3A	DOT1L	EED	EGFR Introns 7, 15, 24-27	EP300
EPHA3	EPHB1	EPHB4	ERBB2	ERBB3 Exons 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25	ERBB4	ERCC4	ERG	ERRFI1
ESR1 Exons 4-8	ETV4* Intron 8	ETV5* Introns 6, 7	ETV6* Introns 5, 6	EWSR1* Introns 7-13	EZH2 Exons 4, 16, 17, 18	EZR* Introns 9-11	FAM46C	FANCA
FANCC	FANCG	FANCL	FAS	FBXW7	FGF10	FGF12	FGF14	FGF19
FGF23	FGF3	FGF4	FGF6	FGFR1 Introns 1, 5, Intron 17	FGFR2 Intron 1, Intron 17	FGFR3 Exons 7, 9 (alternative designation exon 10), 14, 18, Intron 17	FGFR4	FH
FLCN	FLT1	FLT3 Exons 14, 15, 20	FOXL2	FUBP1	GABRA6	GATA3	GATA4	GATA6
GNA11 Exons 4, 5	GNA13	GNAQ Exons 4, 5	GNAS Exons 1, 8	GRM3	GSK3B	H3F3A	HDAC1	HGF
HNF1A	HRAS Exons 2, 3	HSD3B1	ID3	IDH1 Exon 4	IDH2 Exon 4	IGF1R	IKBKE	IKZF1
INPP4B	IRF2	IRF4	IRS2	JAK1	JAK2 Exon 14	JAK3 Exons 5, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16	JUN	KDM5A
KDM5C	KDM6A	KDR	KEAP1	KEL	KIT Exons 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 17, Intron 16	KLHL6	KMT2A (MLL) Introns 6, 8-11, Intron 7	KMT2D (MLL2)

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APPENDIX

Genes assayed in FoundationOne®Liquid CDx

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KRAS	<i>LTK</i>	<i>LYN</i>	<i>MAF</i>	MAP2K1 (MEK1) Exons 2, 3	MAP2K2 (MEK2) Exons 2-4, 6, 7	<i>MAP2K4</i>	<i>MAP3K1</i>	<i>MAP3K13</i>
<i>MAPK1</i>	<i>MCL1</i>	MDM2	<i>MDM4</i>	<i>MED12</i>	<i>MEF2B</i>	<i>MEN1</i>	<i>MERTK</i>	MET
<i>MITF</i>	<i>MKNK1</i>	<i>MLH1</i>	MPL Exon 10	<i>MRE11A</i>	<i>MSH2</i> Intron 5	<i>MSH3</i>	<i>MSH6</i>	<i>MST1R</i>
<i>MTAP</i>	MTOR Exons 19, 30, 39, 40, 43-45, 47, 48, 53, 56	<i>MUTYH</i>	<i>MYB*</i> Intron 14	MYC Intron 1	<i>MYCL</i> (MYCL1)	MYCN	MYD88 Exon 4	<i>NBN</i>
NF1	<i>NF2</i>	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>NFKBIA</i>	<i>NKX2-1</i>	<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>NOTCH2</i> Intron 26	<i>NOTCH3</i>	NPM1 Exons 4-6, 8, 10
NRAS Exons 2, 3	<i>NSD3</i> (WHSC1L1)	<i>NTSC2</i>	NTRK1 Exons 14, 15, Introns 8-11	<i>NTRK2</i> Intron 12	NTRK3 Exons 16, 17	<i>NUTM1*</i> Intron 1	<i>P2RY8</i>	PALB2
<i>PARK2</i>	<i>PARP1</i>	<i>PARP2</i>	<i>PARP3</i>	<i>PAX5</i>	<i>PBRM1</i>	<i>PDCD1</i> (PD-1)	PDCD1LG2 (PD-L2)	PDGFRA Exons 12, 18, Introns 7, 9, 11
PDGFRB Exons 12-21, 23	<i>PDK1</i>	<i>PIK3C2B</i>	<i>PIK3C2G</i>	PIK3CA Exons 2, 3, 5-8, 10, 14, 19, 21 (Coding Exons 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 13, 18, 20)	<i>PIK3CB</i>	<i>PIK3R1</i>	<i>PIM1</i>	<i>PMS2</i>
<i>POLD1</i>	<i>POLE</i>	<i>PPARG</i>	<i>PPP2R1A</i>	<i>PPP2R2A</i>	<i>PRDM1</i>	<i>PRKAR1A</i>	<i>PRKCI</i>	<i>PTCH1</i>
PTEN	PTPN11	<i>PTPRO</i>	<i>QKI</i>	<i>RAC1</i>	<i>RAD21</i>	<i>RAD51</i>	<i>RAD51B</i>	<i>RAD51C</i>
<i>RAD51D</i>	<i>RAD52</i>	<i>RAD54L</i>	RAF1 Exons 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 14, 15, 17, Introns 4-8	<i>RARA</i> Intron 2	RB1	<i>RBM10</i>	<i>REL</i>	RET Introns 7, 8, Exons 11, 13-16, Introns 9-11
<i>RICTOR</i>	<i>RNF43</i>	ROS1 Exons 31, 36-38, 40, Introns 31-35	<i>RPTOR</i>	<i>RSPO2*</i> Intron 1	<i>SDC4*</i> Intron 2	<i>SDHA</i>	<i>SDHB</i>	<i>SDHC</i>
<i>SDHD</i>	<i>SETD2</i>	<i>SF3B1</i>	<i>SGK1</i>	<i>SLC34A2*</i> Intron 4	<i>SMAD2</i>	<i>SMAD4</i>	<i>SMARCA4</i>	<i>SMARCB1</i>
SMO	<i>SNCAIP</i>	<i>SOC1</i>	<i>SOX2</i>	<i>SOX9</i>	<i>SPEN</i>	<i>SPOP</i>	<i>SRC</i>	<i>STAG2</i>
<i>STAT3</i>	STK11	<i>SUFU</i>	<i>SYK</i>	<i>TBX3</i>	<i>TEK</i>	<i>TERC*</i> ncRNA	TERT* Promoter	<i>TET2</i>
<i>TGFBR2</i>	<i>TIPARP</i>	<i>TMPRSS2*</i> Introns 1-3	<i>TNFAIP3</i>	<i>TNFRSF14</i>	TP53	<i>TSC1</i>	<i>TSC2</i>	<i>TYRO3</i>
<i>U2AF1</i>	VEGFA	<i>VHL</i>	<i>WHSC1</i>	<i>WT1</i>	<i>XPO1</i>	<i>XRCC2</i>	<i>ZNF217</i>	<i>ZNF703</i>

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PATIENT

DISEASE **Breast invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC)**
NAME
DATE OF BIRTH
SEX
MEDICAL RECORD #

PHYSICIAN

ORDERING PHYSICIAN
MEDICAL FACILITY
ADDITIONAL RECIPIENT
MEDICAL FACILITY ID
PATHOLOGIST

SPECIMEN

SPECIMEN SITE
SPECIMEN ID
SPECIMEN TYPE
DATE OF COLLECTION
SPECIMEN RECEIVED

FDA-Approved Content

Companion Diagnostic (CDx) Findings

A companion diagnostic provides essential information for the safe and effective use of a corresponding drug or biological product. This table contains therapies associated with FoundationOne®Liquid CDx's FDA-approved companion diagnostic indications.

GENOMIC FINDINGS
CDx-INDICATED THERAPIES

No Companion Diagnostic (CDx) alterations for FoundationOne®Liquid CDx were detected. Please consider confirmation with tumor tissue testing, such as FoundationOne®CDx, if possible.

Tumor Profiling Results

FoundationOne®Liquid CDx is FDA-approved to provide tumor mutation profiling results for oncology patients with solid tumors.

SHORT VARIANTS AND SELECT REARRANGEMENTS AND COPY NUMBER ALTERATIONS IDENTIFIED

Results reported in this section that are not designated as CDx findings are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product. See *professional services* section for information on the alterations listed in this section as well as any additional detected copy number alterations, gene rearrangements, or biomarkers. Please refer to the appendix for the description of the biomarker levels.

Biomarkers with evidence of clinical significance in tissue supported by analytical validation using cfDNA

BRCA1 R71G

Other biomarkers with potential clinical significance

ESR1 Y537C

HSD3B1 T353M

TP53 Y220C [#]

TP53 splice site 345_375+9>GTTGG [#]

[#]Variants in this gene may be derived from a nontumor source such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.

Please refer to appendix for Explanation of Clinical Significance Classification and for variants of unknown significance (VUS).

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

INTENDED USE

FoundationOne Liquid CDx is a qualitative next generation sequencing based *in vitro* diagnostic test that uses targeted high throughput hybridization-based capture technology to detect and report substitutions, insertions and deletions (indels) in 311 genes, rearrangements in four (4) genes, and copy number alterations in three (3) genes. FoundationOne Liquid CDx utilizes circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) isolated from plasma derived from anti-coagulated peripheral whole blood of cancer patients collected in FoundationOne Liquid CDx cfDNA blood collection tubes included in the FoundationOne Liquid CDx Blood Sample Collection Kit. The test is intended to be used as a companion diagnostic to identify patients who may benefit from treatment with the targeted therapies listed in Table 1 in accordance with the approved therapeutic product labeling.

Additionally, FoundationOne Liquid CDx is intended to provide tumor mutation profiling to be used by qualified health care professionals in accordance with professional guidelines in oncology for patients with solid malignant neoplasms.

A negative result from a plasma specimen does not mean that the patient's tumor is negative for genomic findings. Patients with the tumor types above who are negative for the mutations listed in Table 1 should be reflexed to routine biopsy and their tumor mutation status confirmed using an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if feasible.

Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.

FoundationOne Liquid CDx is a single-site assay performed at Foundation Medicine, Inc. in Cambridge, MA.

TABLE 1 : COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC INDICATIONS

TUMOR TYPE	BIOMARKER(S) DETECTED	THERAPY
Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)	<i>ALK</i> rearrangements	ALECENSA® (alectinib)
	<i>EGFR</i> Exon 19 deletions and <i>EGFR</i> Exon 21 L858R substitution	IRESSA® (gefitinib) TAGRISSO® (osimertinib) TARCEVA® (erlotinib)
	<i>MET</i> single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and indels that lead to <i>MET</i> exon 14 skipping	TABRECTA® (capmatinib)
Prostate cancer	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> , <i>ATM</i> alterations	LYNPARZA® (olaparib)
	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> alterations	RUBRACA® (rucaparib)
Ovarian cancer	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> alterations	RUBRACA® (rucaparib)
Breast cancer	<i>PIK3CA</i> mutations C420R, E542K, E545A, E545D [1635G>T only], E545G, E545K, Q546E, Q546R, H1047L, H1047R, and H1047Y	PIQRAY® (alpelisib)

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

TEST PRINCIPLE

The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay is performed exclusively as a laboratory service using circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) isolated from plasma derived from anti-coagulated peripheral whole blood from patients with solid malignant neoplasms. The assay employs a single DNA extraction method to obtain cfDNA from plasma from whole blood. Extracted cfDNA undergoes whole-genome shotgun library construction and hybridization-based capture of 324 cancer-related genes. All coding exons of 309 genes are targeted; select intronic or non-coding regions are targeted in fifteen of these genes (refer to Table 2 for the complete list of genes reported by FoundationOne Liquid CDx). Hybrid-capture selected libraries are sequenced with deep coverage using the NovaSeq® 6000 platform. Sequence data are processed using a custom analysis pipeline designed to detect genomic alterations, including base substitutions and indels in 311 genes, copy number variants in three genes, and genomic rearrangements in four genes. A subset of targeted regions in 75 genes is baited for enhanced sensitivity.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Please refer to product label:
[foundationmedicine.com/F1LCDx](https://www.foundationmedicine.com/F1LCDx)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Alterations reported may include somatic (not inherited) or germline (inherited) alterations; however, the test does not distinguish between germline and somatic alterations. If a reported alteration is suspected to be germline, confirmatory testing should be considered in the appropriate clinical context.
2. The test is not intended to replace germline testing or to provide information about cancer predisposition.
3. Patients for whom no companion diagnostic alterations are detected should be considered for confirmation with an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if possible.

LIMITATIONS

1. For *in vitro* diagnostic use.
2. For prescription use only. This test must be ordered by a qualified medical professional in accordance with clinical laboratory regulations.
3. Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 of the intended use are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.
4. A negative result does not rule out the presence of a mutation in the patient's tumor.
5. Decisions on patient care and treatment must be based on the independent medical judgment of the treating physician, taking into consideration all applicable information

concerning the patient's condition, such as patient and family history, physical examinations, information from other diagnostic tests, and patient preferences, in accordance with the standard of care in a given community.

6. The test is intended to be performed on specific serial number-controlled instruments by Foundation Medicine, Inc.
7. Genomic findings from circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) may originate from circulating tumor DNA fragments, germline alterations, or nontumor somatic alterations, such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). Genes with alterations that may be derived from CH include, but are not limited to, the following: *ASXL1*, *ATM*, *CBL*, *CHEK2*, *DNMT3A*, *JAK2*, *KMT2D* (*MLL2*), *MPL*, *MYD88*, *SF3B1*, *TET2*, *TP53*, and *U2AF1*. The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.
8. The false positive rate of this test was evaluated in healthy donors. The detection rate for unique short variants in apparently healthy patients is 0.82%. Across 30,622 short variants, 58 variants had a detection rate of greater than 5%.
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10. The analytical accuracy for the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay for the detection of SNVs and indels that lead to *MET* exon 14 skipping has not been demonstrated for samples with variant allele frequencies (VAF) below 0.34% for base substitutions and 0.73% VAF for small insertions and small deletions.
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13. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect heterozygous deletions.
14. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect copy number losses/homozygous deletions in *ATM*.
15. A complete assessment of the impact of cfDNA blood collection tube lot-to-lot variability on the performance of the test has not been evaluated.
16. The test is not intended to provide information on cancer predisposition.
17. *BRCA1/BRCA2* homozygous deletions and rearrangements were not adequately represented in all analytical studies.
18. Representation of *ALK* rearrangements were limited in the analytical validation studies.

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LEVEL 1: COMPANION DIAGNOSTICS (CDX)

Clinical evidence should be presented from a prospectively designed clinical trial. Results can also be presented from a retrospective clinical bridging study demonstrating that the clinical endpoints are preserved using plasma samples in trials where enrollment was based on tissue test results. For follow-on markers, a clinical concordance study demonstrating non-inferiority to the original FDA-approved cfDNA-based companion diagnostic device (refer to Li, Meijuan. Statistical Methods for Clinical Validation of Follow-On Companion Diagnostic Devices via an External Concordance Study. *Statistics in Biopharmaceutical Research*. 8: 35-363, 2016) is required. In addition to the clinical validation, analytical validation for each specific Level 1 CDx biomarker should be presented.

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For a Level 2 claim of cfDNA biomarkers with strong evidence of clinical significance, clinical validation needs to be from evidence presented with FDA-approved liquid biopsy companion diagnostic biomarkers for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level. Such claims should also be supported by analytical performance for each biomarker from at least LoD, precision/reproducibility, and accuracy studies.

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Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics. This should also be supported by analytical validation (LoD, precision, analytical accuracy, and concordance study to a tissue-based test) for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level, using a representative approach for SNVs and indels. Evidence evaluating concordance between cfDNA- and tissue-samples for FDA-approved tissue markers should be demonstrated using an FDA-approved tissue test or a validated tissue test.

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

LEVEL 3B: BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN TISSUE SUPPORTED BY ANALYTICAL VALIDATION USING cfDNA

Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics, with analytical validity supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

LEVEL 4: OTHER BIOMARKERS WITH POTENTIAL CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Biomarkers not categorized into Levels 1, 2, or 3 can be included under Level 4 for informational purposes or to be used to direct patients toward clinical trials for which they may be eligible. Such claims can be supported by clinical rationale for inclusion in the panel. Such rationale could also include peer-reviewed publications for genes/variants in tissue, variant information from well-curated public databases, or *in vitro* pre-clinical models. Analytical validation should be supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

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AURKB	AXIN1	AXL	BAP1	BARD1	BCL2	BCL2L1	BCL2L2	BCL6
BCOR	BCORL1	BCR* Introns 8, 13, 14	BRAF Exons 11-18, Introns 7-10	BRCA1 Introns 2, 7, 8, 12, 16, 19, 20	BRCA2 Intron 2	BRD4	BRIP1	BTG1
BTG2	BTK Exons 2, 15	C11orf30 (EMSY)	C17orf39 (GID4)	CALR	CARD11	CASP8	CBFB	CBL
CCND1	CCND2	CCND3	CCNE1	CD22	CD70	CD74* Introns 6-8	CD79A	CD79B
CD274 (PD-L1)	CDC73	CDH1	CDK12	CDK4	CDK6	CDK8	CDKN1A	CDKN1B
CDKN2A	CDKN2B	CDKN2C	CEBPA	CHEK1	CHEK2	CIC	CREBBP	CRKL
CSF1R	CSF3R	CTCF	CTNNA1	CTNNB1 Exon 3	CUL3	CUL4A	CXCR4	CYP17A1
DAXX	DDR1	DDR2 Exons 5, 17, 18	DIS3	DNMT3A	DOT1L	EED	EGFR Introns 7, 15, 24-27	EP300
EPHA3	EPHB1	EPHB4	ERBB2	ERBB3 Exons 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25	ERBB4	ERCC4	ERG	ERRFI1
ESR1 Exons 4-8	ETV4* Intron 8	ETV5* Introns 6, 7	ETV6* Introns 5, 6	EWSR1* Introns 7-13	EZH2 Exons 4, 16, 17, 18	EZR* Introns 9-11	FAM46C	FANCA
FANCC	FANCG	FANCL	FAS	FBXW7	FGF10	FGF12	FGF14	FGF19
FGF23	FGF3	FGF4	FGF6	FGFR1 Introns 1, 5, Intron 17	FGFR2 Intron 1, Intron 17	FGFR3 Exons 7, 9 (alternative designation exon 10), 14, 18, Intron 17	FGFR4	FH
FLCN	FLT1	FLT3 Exons 14, 15, 20	FOXL2	FUBP1	GABRA6	GATA3	GATA4	GATA6
GNA11 Exons 4, 5	GNA13	GNAQ Exons 4, 5	GNAS Exons 1, 8	GRM3	GSK3B	H3F3A	HDAC1	HGF
HNF1A	HRAS Exons 2, 3	HSD3B1	ID3	IDH1 Exon 4	IDH2 Exon 4	IGF1R	IKBKE	IKZF1
INPP4B	IRF2	IRF4	IRS2	JAK1	JAK2 Exon 14	JAK3 Exons 5, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16	JUN	KDM5A
KDM5C	KDM6A	KDR	KEAP1	KEL	KIT Exons 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 17, Intron 16	KLHL6	KMT2A (MLL) Introns 6, 8-11, Intron 7	KMT2D (MLL2)

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APPENDIX

Genes assayed in FoundationOne®Liquid CDx

Table 2: As part of its FDA-approved intended use, the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay interrogates 324 genes, including 309 genes with complete exonic (coding) coverage and 15 genes with only select noncoding coverage (indicated with an *). Select regions in 75 genes (indicated in bold) are captured with increased sensitivity. Genes are captured for increased sensitivity with complete exonic (coding) coverage unless otherwise noted.

KRAS	<i>LTK</i>	<i>LYN</i>	<i>MAF</i>	MAP2K1 (MEK1) Exons 2, 3	MAP2K2 (MEK2) Exons 2-4, 6, 7	<i>MAP2K4</i>	<i>MAP3K1</i>	<i>MAP3K13</i>
<i>MAPK1</i>	<i>MCL1</i>	MDM2	<i>MDM4</i>	<i>MED12</i>	<i>MEF2B</i>	<i>MEN1</i>	<i>MERTK</i>	MET
<i>MITF</i>	<i>MKNK1</i>	<i>MLH1</i>	MPL Exon 10	<i>MRE11A</i>	<i>MSH2</i> Intron 5	<i>MSH3</i>	<i>MSH6</i>	<i>MST1R</i>
<i>MTAP</i>	MTOR Exons 19, 30, 39, 40, 43-45, 47, 48, 53, 56	<i>MUTYH</i>	<i>MYB*</i> Intron 14	MYC Intron 1	<i>MYCL</i> (MYCL1)	MYCN	MYD88 Exon 4	<i>NBN</i>
NF1	<i>NF2</i>	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>NFKBIA</i>	<i>NKX2-1</i>	<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>NOTCH2</i> Intron 26	<i>NOTCH3</i>	NPM1 Exons 4-6, 8, 10
NRAS Exons 2, 3	<i>NSD3</i> (WHSC1L1)	<i>NTSC2</i>	NTRK1 Exons 14, 15, Introns 8-11	<i>NTRK2</i> Intron 12	NTRK3 Exons 16, 17	<i>NUTM1*</i> Intron 1	<i>P2RY8</i>	PALB2
<i>PARK2</i>	<i>PARP1</i>	<i>PARP2</i>	<i>PARP3</i>	<i>PAX5</i>	<i>PBRM1</i>	<i>PDCD1</i> (PD-1)	PDCD1LG2 (PD-L2)	PDGFRA Exons 12, 18, Introns 7, 9, 11
PDGFRB Exons 12-21, 23	<i>PDK1</i>	<i>PIK3C2B</i>	<i>PIK3C2G</i>	PIK3CA Exons 2, 3, 5-8, 10, 14, 19, 21 (Coding Exons 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 13, 18, 20)	<i>PIK3CB</i>	<i>PIK3R1</i>	<i>PIM1</i>	<i>PMS2</i>
<i>POLD1</i>	<i>POLE</i>	<i>PPARG</i>	<i>PPP2R1A</i>	<i>PPP2R2A</i>	<i>PRDM1</i>	<i>PRKAR1A</i>	<i>PRKCI</i>	<i>PTCH1</i>
PTEN	PTPN11	<i>PTPRO</i>	<i>QKI</i>	<i>RAC1</i>	<i>RAD21</i>	<i>RAD51</i>	<i>RAD51B</i>	<i>RAD51C</i>
<i>RAD51D</i>	<i>RAD52</i>	<i>RAD54L</i>	RAF1 Exons 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 14, 15, 17, Introns 4-8	<i>RARA</i> Intron 2	RB1	<i>RBM10</i>	<i>REL</i>	RET Introns 7, 8, Exons 11, 13-16, Introns 9-11
<i>RICTOR</i>	<i>RNF43</i>	ROS1 Exons 31, 36-38, 40, Introns 31-35	<i>RPTOR</i>	<i>RSPO2*</i> Intron 1	<i>SDC4*</i> Intron 2	<i>SDHA</i>	<i>SDHB</i>	<i>SDHC</i>
<i>SDHD</i>	<i>SETD2</i>	<i>SF3B1</i>	<i>SGK1</i>	<i>SLC34A2*</i> Intron 4	<i>SMAD2</i>	<i>SMAD4</i>	<i>SMARCA4</i>	<i>SMARCB1</i>
SMO	<i>SNCAIP</i>	<i>SOC1</i>	<i>SOX2</i>	<i>SOX9</i>	<i>SPEN</i>	<i>SPOP</i>	<i>SRC</i>	<i>STAG2</i>
<i>STAT3</i>	STK11	<i>SUFU</i>	<i>SYK</i>	<i>TBX3</i>	<i>TEK</i>	<i>TERC*</i> ncRNA	TERT* Promoter	<i>TET2</i>
<i>TGFBR2</i>	<i>TIPARP</i>	<i>TMPRSS2*</i> Introns 1-3	<i>TNFAIP3</i>	<i>TNFRSF14</i>	TP53	<i>TSC1</i>	<i>TSC2</i>	<i>TYRO3</i>
<i>U2AF1</i>	VEGFA	<i>VHL</i>	<i>WHSC1</i>	<i>WT1</i>	<i>XPO1</i>	<i>XRCC2</i>	<i>ZNF217</i>	<i>ZNF703</i>

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PATIENT

DISEASE **Lung non-small cell lung carcinoma (NOS)**
NAME
DATE OF BIRTH
SEX
MEDICAL RECORD #

PHYSICIAN

ORDERING PHYSICIAN
MEDICAL FACILITY
ADDITIONAL RECIPIENT
MEDICAL FACILITY ID
PATHOLOGIST

SPECIMEN

SPECIMEN SITE
SPECIMEN ID
SPECIMEN TYPE
DATE OF COLLECTION
SPECIMEN RECEIVED

FDA-Approved Content

Companion Diagnostic (CDx) Findings

A companion diagnostic provides essential information for the safe and effective use of a corresponding drug or biological product. This table contains therapies associated with FoundationOne®Liquid CDx's FDA-approved companion diagnostic indications.

GENOMIC FINDINGS
EGFR exon 19 deletion (L747_P753>S)

CDx-INDICATED THERAPIES

TAGRISSO® (osimertinib)
TARCEVA® (erlotinib)
IRESSA® (gefitinib)

Tumor Profiling Results

FoundationOne®Liquid CDx is FDA-approved to provide tumor mutation profiling results for oncology patients with solid tumors.

SHORT VARIANTS AND SELECT REARRANGEMENTS AND COPY NUMBER ALTERATIONS IDENTIFIED

Results reported in this section that are not designated as CDx findings are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product. See *professional services* section for information on the alterations listed in this section as well as any additional detected copy number alterations, gene rearrangements, or biomarkers. Please refer to the appendix for the description of the biomarker levels.

Companion diagnostic (CDx) findings
EGFR exon 19 deletion (L747_P753>S)

cfDNA biomarkers with strong evidence of clinical significance in cfDNA
EGFR T790M 
Other biomarkers with potential clinical significance
ASXL1 A640fs*14 #

DNMT3A F290fs*22 #

POTENTIAL RESISTANCE

While this patient has a CDx-positive finding, a co-occurring alteration identified may confer resistance to a therapy indicated above.

#Variants in this gene may be derived from a nontumor source such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.

Please refer to appendix for Explanation of Clinical Significance Classification and for variants of unknown significance (VUS).

ABOUT THE TEST FoundationOne®Liquid CDx is a next generation sequencing (NGS) assay that identifies clinically relevant genomic alterations in circulating cell-free DNA.

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APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

INTENDED USE

FoundationOne Liquid CDx is a qualitative next generation sequencing based *in vitro* diagnostic test that uses targeted high throughput hybridization-based capture technology to detect and report substitutions, insertions and deletions (indels) in 311 genes, rearrangements in four (4) genes, and copy number alterations in three (3) genes. FoundationOne Liquid CDx utilizes circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) isolated from plasma derived from anti-coagulated peripheral whole blood of cancer patients collected in FoundationOne Liquid CDx cfDNA blood collection tubes included in the FoundationOne Liquid CDx Blood Sample Collection Kit. The test is intended to be used as a companion diagnostic to identify patients who may benefit from treatment with the targeted therapies listed in Table 1 in accordance with the approved therapeutic product labeling.

Additionally, FoundationOne Liquid CDx is intended to provide tumor mutation profiling to be used by qualified health care professionals in accordance with professional guidelines in oncology for patients with solid malignant neoplasms.

A negative result from a plasma specimen does not mean that the patient's tumor is negative for genomic findings. Patients with the tumor types above who are negative for the mutations listed in Table 1 should be reflexed to routine biopsy and their tumor mutation status confirmed using an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if feasible.

Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.

FoundationOne Liquid CDx is a single-site assay performed at Foundation Medicine, Inc. in Cambridge, MA.

TABLE 1 : COMPANION DIAGNOSTIC INDICATIONS

TUMOR TYPE	BIOMARKER(S) DETECTED	THERAPY
Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)	<i>ALK</i> rearrangements	ALECENSA® (alectinib)
	<i>EGFR</i> Exon 19 deletions and <i>EGFR</i> Exon 21 L858R substitution	IRESSA® (gefitinib) TAGRISSO® (osimertinib) TARCEVA® (erlotinib)
	<i>MET</i> single nucleotide variants (SNVs) and indels that lead to <i>MET</i> exon 14 skipping	TABRECTA® (capmatinib)
Prostate cancer	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> , <i>ATM</i> alterations	LYNPARZA® (olaparib)
	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> alterations	RUBRACA® (rucaparib)
Ovarian cancer	<i>BRCA1</i> , <i>BRCA2</i> alterations	RUBRACA® (rucaparib)
Breast cancer	<i>PIK3CA</i> mutations C420R, E542K, E545A, E545D [1635G>T only], E545G, E545K, Q546E, Q546R, H1047L, H1047R, and H1047Y	PIQRAY® (alpelisib)

TEST PRINCIPLE

The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay is performed exclusively as a laboratory service using circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) isolated from plasma derived from anti-coagulated peripheral whole blood from patients with solid malignant neoplasms. The assay employs a single DNA extraction method to obtain cfDNA from plasma from whole blood. Extracted cfDNA undergoes whole-genome shotgun library construction and hybridization-based capture of 324 cancer-related genes. All coding exons of 309 genes are targeted; select intronic or non-coding regions are targeted in fifteen of these genes (refer to Table 2 for the complete list of genes reported by FoundationOne Liquid CDx). Hybrid-capture selected libraries are sequenced with deep coverage using the NovaSeq® 6000 platform. Sequence data are processed using a custom analysis pipeline designed to detect genomic alterations, including base substitutions and indels in 311 genes, copy number variants in three genes, and genomic rearrangements in four genes. A subset of targeted regions in 75 genes is baited for enhanced sensitivity.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Please refer to product label:
foundationmedicine.com/F1LCDx

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Alterations reported may include somatic (not inherited) or germline (inherited) alterations; however, the test does not distinguish between germline and somatic alterations. If a reported alteration is suspected to be germline, confirmatory testing should be considered in the appropriate clinical context.
2. The test is not intended to replace germline testing or to provide information about cancer predisposition.
3. Patients for whom no companion diagnostic alterations are detected should be considered for confirmation with an FDA-approved tumor tissue test, if possible.

LIMITATIONS

1. For *in vitro* diagnostic use.
2. For prescription use only. This test must be ordered by a qualified medical professional in accordance with clinical laboratory regulations.
3. Genomic findings other than those listed in Table 1 of the intended use are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product.
4. A negative result does not rule out the presence of a mutation in the patient's tumor.
5. Decisions on patient care and treatment must be based on the independent medical judgment of the treating physician, taking into consideration all applicable information

concerning the patient's condition, such as patient and family history, physical examinations, information from other diagnostic tests, and patient preferences, in accordance with the standard of care in a given community.

6. The test is intended to be performed on specific serial number-controlled instruments by Foundation Medicine, Inc.
7. Genomic findings from circulating cell-free DNA (cfDNA) may originate from circulating tumor DNA fragments, germline alterations, or nontumor somatic alterations, such as clonal hematopoiesis (CH). Genes with alterations that may be derived from CH include, but are not limited to, the following: *ASXL1*, *ATM*, *CBL*, *CHEK2*, *DNMT3A*, *JAK2*, *KMT2D* (*MLL2*), *MPL*, *MYD88*, *SF3B1*, *TET2*, *TP53*, and *U2AF1*. The efficacy of targeting such nontumor somatic alterations (e.g., CH) is unknown.
8. The false positive rate of this test was evaluated in healthy donors. The detection rate for unique short variants in apparently healthy patients is 0.82%. Across 30,622 short variants, 58 variants had a detection rate of greater than 5%.
9. The analytical accuracy for the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay has not been demonstrated in all genes.
10. The analytical accuracy for the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay for the detection of SNVs and indels that lead to *MET* exon 14 skipping has not been demonstrated for samples with variant allele frequencies (VAF) below 0.34% for base substitutions and 0.73% VAF for small insertions and small deletions.
11. TABRECTA® efficacy has not been established in patients with *MET* single nucleotide variants (SNVs) <0.21% VAF and in patients with *MET* indels <0.16% VAF tested with FoundationOne Liquid CDx.
12. The precision of FoundationOne Liquid CDx was only confirmed for select variants at the limit of detection.
13. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect heterozygous deletions.
14. The FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay does not detect copy number losses/homozygous deletions in *ATM*.
15. A complete assessment of the impact of cfDNA blood collection tube lot-to-lot variability on the performance of the test has not been evaluated.
16. The test is not intended to provide information on cancer predisposition.
17. *BRCA1*/*BRCA2* homozygous deletions and rearrangements were not adequately represented in all analytical studies.
18. Representation of *ALK* rearrangements were limited in the analytical validation studies.

19. The representation of *ATM* short variants and rearrangements was limited in the analytical validation studies.

20. Performance has not been validated for cfDNA input below the specified minimum input.

21. Representation of SNV and indels that lead to *MET* exon 14 skipping that represent biomarker rule category 1 and 2, were limited in the analytical validation studies.

LEVEL 1: COMPANION DIAGNOSTICS (CDx)

Clinical evidence should be presented from a prospectively designed clinical trial. Results can also be presented from a retrospective clinical bridging study demonstrating that the clinical endpoints are preserved using plasma samples in trials where enrollment was based on tissue test results. For follow-on markers, a clinical concordance study demonstrating non-inferiority to the original FDA-approved cfDNA-based companion diagnostic device (refer to Li, Meijuan. Statistical Methods for Clinical Validation of Follow-On Companion Diagnostic Devices via an External Concordance Study. *Statistics in Biopharmaceutical Research*. 8: 35-363, 2016) is required. In addition to the clinical validation, analytical validation for each specific Level 1 CDx biomarker should be presented.

LEVEL 2: cfDNA BIOMARKERS WITH STRONG EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN cfDNA

For a Level 2 claim of cfDNA biomarkers with strong evidence of clinical significance, clinical validation needs to be from evidence presented with FDA-approved liquid biopsy companion diagnostic biomarkers for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level. Such claims should also be supported by analytical performance for each biomarker from at least LoD, precision/reproducibility, and accuracy studies.

LEVEL 3A: BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN TISSUE SUPPORTED BY STRONG ANALYTICAL VALIDATION USING cfDNA AND CONCORDANCE BETWEEN cfDNA AND TISSUE

Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics. This should also be supported by analytical validation (LoD, precision, analytical accuracy, and concordance study to a tissue-based test) for the specific tumor type at the biomarker or variant level, using a representative approach for SNVs and indels. Evidence evaluating concordance between cfDNA- and tissue-samples for FDA-approved tissue markers should be demonstrated using an FDA-approved tissue test or a validated tissue test.

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

ABOUT FOUNDATIONONE® LIQUID CDx

LEVEL 3B: BIOMARKERS WITH EVIDENCE OF CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN TISSUE SUPPORTED BY ANALYTICAL VALIDATION USING cfDNA

Clinical evidence can be provided from tissue-based companion diagnostics, with analytical validity supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

LEVEL 4: OTHER BIOMARKERS WITH POTENTIAL CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Biomarkers not categorized into Levels 1, 2, or 3 can be included under Level 4 for informational purposes or to be used to direct patients toward clinical trials for which they may be eligible. Such claims can be supported by clinical rationale for inclusion in the panel. Such rationale could also include peer-reviewed publications for genes/variants in tissue, variant information from well-curated public databases, or *in vitro* pre-clinical models. Analytical validation should be supported by a representative approach for SNVs and indels from key analytical studies (such as LoD, accuracy, and precision).

MR Suite Version 0.0.0

ORDERED TEST #

APPENDIX

Genes assayed in FoundationOne®Liquid CDx

Table 2: As part of its FDA-approved intended use, the FoundationOne Liquid CDx assay interrogates 324 genes, including 309 genes with complete exonic (coding) coverage and 15 genes with only select noncoding coverage (indicated with an *). Select regions in 75 genes (indicated in bold) are captured with increased sensitivity. Genes are captured for increased sensitivity with complete exonic (coding) coverage unless otherwise noted.

ABL1 Exons 4-9	ACVR1B	AKT1 Exon 3	AKT2	AKT3	ALK Exons 20-29, Introns 18, 19	ALOX12B	AMER1 (FAM123B)	APC
AR	ARAF Exons 4, 5, 7, 11, 13, 15, 16	ARFRP1	ARID1A	ASXL1	ATM	ATR	ATRX	AURKA
AURKB	AXIN1	AXL	BAP1	BARD1	BCL2	BCL2L1	BCL2L2	BCL6
BCOR	BCORL1	BCR* Introns 8, 13, 14	BRAF Exons 11-18, Introns 7-10	BRCA1 Introns 2, 7, 8, 12, 16, 19, 20	BRCA2 Intron 2	BRD4	BRIP1	BTG1
BTG2	BTK Exons 2, 15	C11orf30 (EMSY)	C17orf39 (GID4)	CALR	CARD11	CASP8	CBFB	CBL
CCND1	CCND2	CCND3	CCNE1	CD22	CD70	CD74* Introns 6-8	CD79A	CD79B
CD274 (PD-L1)	CDC73	CDH1	CDK12	CDK4	CDK6	CDK8	CDKN1A	CDKN1B
CDKN2A	CDKN2B	CDKN2C	CEBPA	CHEK1	CHEK2	CIC	CREBBP	CRKL
CSF1R	CSF3R	CTCF	CTNNA1	CTNNB1 Exon 3	CUL3	CUL4A	CXCR4	CYP17A1
DAXX	DDR1	DDR2 Exons 5, 17, 18	DIS3	DNMT3A	DOT1L	EED	EGFR Introns 7, 15, 24-27	EP300
EPHA3	EPHB1	EPHB4	ERBB2	ERBB3 Exons 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25	ERBB4	ERCC4	ERG	ERRFI1
ESR1 Exons 4-8	ETV4* Intron 8	ETV5* Introns 6, 7	ETV6* Introns 5, 6	EWSR1* Introns 7-13	EZH2 Exons 4, 16, 17, 18	EZR* Introns 9-11	FAM46C	FANCA
FANCC	FANCG	FANCL	FAS	FBXW7	FGF10	FGF12	FGF14	FGF19
FGF23	FGF3	FGF4	FGF6	FGFR1 Introns 1, 5, Intron 17	FGFR2 Intron 1, Intron 17	FGFR3 Exons 7, 9 (alternative designation exon 10), 14, 18, Intron 17	FGFR4	FH
FLCN	FLT1	FLT3 Exons 14, 15, 20	FOXL2	FUBP1	GABRA6	GATA3	GATA4	GATA6
GNA11 Exons 4, 5	GNA13	GNAQ Exons 4, 5	GNAS Exons 1, 8	GRM3	GSK3B	H3F3A	HDAC1	HGF
HNF1A	HRAS Exons 2, 3	HSD3B1	ID3	IDH1 Exon 4	IDH2 Exon 4	IGF1R	IKBKE	IKZF1
INPP4B	IRF2	IRF4	IRS2	JAK1	JAK2 Exon 14	JAK3 Exons 5, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16	JUN	KDM5A
KDM5C	KDM6A	KDR	KEAP1	KEL	KIT Exons 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 17, Intron 16	KLHL6	KMT2A (MLL) Introns 6, 8-11, Intron 7	KMT2D (MLL2)

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KRAS	<i>LTK</i>	<i>LYN</i>	<i>MAF</i>	MAP2K1 (MEK1) Exons 2, 3	MAP2K2 (MEK2) Exons 2-4, 6, 7	<i>MAP2K4</i>	<i>MAP3K1</i>	<i>MAP3K13</i>
<i>MAPK1</i>	<i>MCL1</i>	MDM2	<i>MDM4</i>	<i>MED12</i>	<i>MEF2B</i>	<i>MEN1</i>	<i>MERTK</i>	MET
<i>MITF</i>	<i>MKNK1</i>	<i>MLH1</i>	MPL Exon 10	<i>MRE11A</i>	<i>MSH2</i> Intron 5	<i>MSH3</i>	<i>MSH6</i>	<i>MST1R</i>
<i>MTAP</i>	MTOR Exons 19, 30, 39, 40, 43-45, 47, 48, 53, 56	<i>MUTYH</i>	<i>MYB*</i> Intron 14	MYC Intron 1	<i>MYCL</i> (MYCL1)	MYCN	MYD88 Exon 4	<i>NBN</i>
NF1	<i>NF2</i>	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>NFKBIA</i>	<i>NKX2-1</i>	<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>NOTCH2</i> Intron 26	<i>NOTCH3</i>	NPM1 Exons 4-6, 8, 10
NRAS Exons 2, 3	<i>NSD3</i> (WHSC1L1)	<i>NTSC2</i>	NTRK1 Exons 14, 15, Introns 8-11	<i>NTRK2</i> Intron 12	NTRK3 Exons 16, 17	<i>NUTM1*</i> Intron 1	<i>P2RY8</i>	PALB2
<i>PARK2</i>	<i>PARP1</i>	<i>PARP2</i>	<i>PARP3</i>	<i>PAX5</i>	<i>PBRM1</i>	<i>PDCD1</i> (PD-1)	PDCD1LG2 (PD-L2)	PDGFRA Exons 12, 18, Introns 7, 9, 11
PDGFRB Exons 12-21, 23	<i>PDK1</i>	<i>PIK3C2B</i>	<i>PIK3C2G</i>	PIK3CA Exons 2, 3, 5-8, 10, 14, 19, 21 (Coding Exons 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 13, 18, 20)	<i>PIK3CB</i>	<i>PIK3R1</i>	<i>PIM1</i>	<i>PMS2</i>
<i>POLD1</i>	<i>POLE</i>	<i>PPARG</i>	<i>PPP2R1A</i>	<i>PPP2R2A</i>	<i>PRDM1</i>	<i>PRKAR1A</i>	<i>PRKCI</i>	<i>PTCH1</i>
PTEN	PTPN11	<i>PTPRO</i>	<i>QKI</i>	<i>RAC1</i>	<i>RAD21</i>	<i>RAD51</i>	<i>RAD51B</i>	<i>RAD51C</i>
<i>RAD51D</i>	<i>RAD52</i>	<i>RAD54L</i>	RAF1 Exons 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 14, 15, 17, Introns 4-8	<i>RARA</i> Intron 2	RB1	<i>RBM10</i>	<i>REL</i>	RET Introns 7, 8, Exons 11, 13-16, Introns 9-11
<i>RICTOR</i>	<i>RNF43</i>	ROS1 Exons 31, 36-38, 40, Introns 31-35	<i>RPTOR</i>	<i>RSPO2*</i> Intron 1	<i>SDC4*</i> Intron 2	<i>SDHA</i>	<i>SDHB</i>	<i>SDHC</i>
<i>SDHD</i>	<i>SETD2</i>	<i>SF3B1</i>	<i>SGK1</i>	<i>SLC34A2*</i> Intron 4	<i>SMAD2</i>	<i>SMAD4</i>	<i>SMARCA4</i>	<i>SMARCB1</i>
SMO	<i>SNCAIP</i>	<i>SOC1</i>	<i>SOX2</i>	<i>SOX9</i>	<i>SPEN</i>	<i>SPOP</i>	<i>SRC</i>	<i>STAG2</i>
<i>STAT3</i>	STK11	<i>SUFU</i>	<i>SYK</i>	<i>TBX3</i>	<i>TEK</i>	<i>TERC*</i> ncRNA	TERT* Promoter	<i>TET2</i>
<i>TGFBR2</i>	<i>TIPARP</i>	<i>TMPRSS2*</i> Introns 1-3	<i>TNFAIP3</i>	<i>TNFRSF14</i>	TP53	<i>TSC1</i>	<i>TSC2</i>	<i>TYRO3</i>
<i>U2AF1</i>	VEGFA	<i>VHL</i>	<i>WHSC1</i>	<i>WT1</i>	<i>XPO1</i>	<i>XRCC2</i>	<i>ZNF217</i>	<i>ZNF703</i>

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