August 25, 2023



Q'Apel Medical, Inc. Kim Ky Manager, Regulatory Affairs 4245 Technology Drive Fremont, California 94538

Re: K222786

Trade/Device Name: 072 Aspiration System Regulation Number: 21 CFR 870.1250 Regulation Name: Percutaneous Catheter Regulatory Class: Class II Product Code: NRY Dated: August 17, 2023 Received: August 17, 2023

Dear Kim Ky:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database located at https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part

801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <u>https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems</u>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<u>https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance</u>) and CDRH Learn (<u>https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn</u>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<u>https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice</u>) for more information or contact DICE by email (<u>DICE@fda.hhs.gov</u>) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Naira Muradyan -S

Naira Muradyan, Ph.D. Assistant Director DHT5A: Division of Neurosurgical, Neurointerventional and Neurodiagnostic Devices OHT5: Office of Neurological and Physical Medicine Devices Office of Product Evaluation and Quality Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (*if known*) K222786

Device Name 072 Aspiration System

Indications for Use (Describe)

072 Aspiration Catheter:

As part of the 072 Aspiration System, the 072 Aspiration Catheter with a compatible suction pump is indicated for use in the revascularization of patients with acute ischemic stroke secondary to intracranial large vessel occlusive disease (within the internal carotid, middle cerebral - M1 and M2 segments, basilar, and vertebral arteries) within 8 hours of symptom onset. Patients who are ineligible for intravenous tissue plasminogen activator (IV t-PA) or who failed IV t-PA therapy are candidates for treatment.

Aspiration Tubing:

As part of the 072 Aspiration System, the Aspiration Tubing is intended to connect the 072 Aspiration Catheter to a compatible suction pump.

Type of Llee (Sol	ect one or both, as applica	hlai
	בנו טוופ טו טטווו. מג מטטוונמ	UIE)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DO NOT SEND YOUR COMPLETED FORM TO THE PRA STAFF EMAIL ADDRESS BELOW.

The burden time for this collection of information is estimated to average 79 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data sources, gather and maintain the data needed and complete and review the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this information collection, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to:

Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Office of Chief Information Officer Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Staff *PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov*

"An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB number."



510(k) SUMMARY As required by 21 CFR 807.92

Applicant: Submitter's Name: Address:	Q'Apel Medical, Inc. 4245 Technology Drive Fremont, CA 94538
Telephone:	510-738-6255
Contact Person: Title: Telephone:	Kim Ky Manager, Regulatory Affairs 510-828-4757
Date Prepared:	August 25, 2023
Device Name /Com	mon name: 072 Aspiration System
Classification:	Class II
Product Code(s):	NRY
Regulation Number	r(s): 21 CFR 870.1250
Classification Nam	e: Percutaneous, Catheter
Predicate Device:	Penumbra System [®] [JET [™] 7 Reperfusion Catheter with MAX Delivery Device (JET [™] 7MAX)] (K191946)
Reference Devices:	CERENOVUS Large Bore Catheter; CERENOVUS Aspiration Tubing Set (K193380) Penumbra System [®] (Reperfusion Catheter RED TM 72) (K211654)
T 11 (1 A TT	

Indications for Use: 072 Aspiration Catheter

As part of the 072 Aspiration System, the 072 Aspiration Catheter with a compatible suction pump is indicated for use in the revascularization of patients with acute ischemic stroke secondary to intracranial large vessel occlusive disease (within the internal carotid, middle cerebral - M1 and M2 segments, basilar, and vertebral arteries) within 8 hours of symptom onset. Patients who are ineligible for intravenous tissue plasminogen activator (IV t-PA) or who failed IV t-PA therapy are candidates for treatment.



Aspiration Tubing

As part of the 072 Aspiration System, the Aspiration Tubing is intended to connect the 072 Aspiration Catheter to a compatible suction pump.

Device Description:

The 072 Aspiration Catheter is a single lumen, variable stiffness catheter. The catheter has a hydrophilic coating to reduce friction during use. The catheter includes radiopaque markers on the distal end for angiographic visualization and a Luer hub on the proximal end allowing attachments for flushing and aspiration. The Delivery Tool is an optional accessory for use with the 072 Aspiration Catheter and should be removed prior to aspiration. The 072 Aspiration Catheter, Delivery Tool, Rotating Hemostasis Valve, and Flow Switch are included in the package.

For the aspiration source, the 072 Aspiration Catheter is used in conjunction with a compatible suction pump with prespecified performance parameters that is connected using the Aspiration Tubing.

Comparison of Technological characteristics with the Predicate Device:

Q'Apel Medical, Inc. has demonstrated that the 072 Aspiration System is substantially equivalent to the predicate device, Penumbra System[®] [JETTM 7 Reperfusion Catheter with MAX Delivery Device (JETTM 7MAX)] cleared under K191946, based on the same or similar materials, similar design, and the same fundamental operating principles. A comparison of the subject device with the predicate and reference devices is summarized in the table below.

	Comparison of the Subject, Predicate, and Reference Devices					
Feature	Subject Device (K222786)	Predicate Device (K191946)	Reference Device 1 (K193380)	Reference Device 2 (K211654)	Rationale for difference (if applicable)	
Device Name	072 Aspiration System	Penumbra System (JET 7MAX)	CERENOVUS Large Bore Catheter; CERENOVUS Aspiration Tubing Set	Penumbra System (Reperfusion Catheter RED 72)	N/A	
510(k) Number	K222786	K191946	K193380	K211654	N/A	
Classification	Class II	Class II	Class II	Class II	Same	
Product Code	NRY	NRY	NRY	NRY	Same	
Classification Name	21CFR 870.1250	21CFR 870.1250	21 CFR 870.1250	21 CFR 870.1250	Same	



Indications for	072 Aspiration	Penumbra	The	Penumbra	Similar, the
Use	Catheter	Reperfusion	CERENOVUS	Reperfusion	differences do
USE	As part of the 072	Catheters and		Catheters and	not raise new
	Aspiration System,	Separators	Large Bore Catheter, with		
	the 072 Aspiration	As part of the	the	Separators	questions
	Catheter with a	Penumbra System,		As part of the	regarding
	compatible suction	the Reperfusion	CERENOVUS	Penumbra System,	safety and
	pump is indicated for	Catheters and	Aspiration Tubing	the Reperfusion	effectiveness.
	use in the	Separators are	Set and	Catheters and	
	revascularization of	indicated for use in	NOUVAG	Separators are	
	patients with acute	the revascularization	Vacuson 60	indicated for use in	
	ischemic stroke	of patients with acute	aspiration pump	the revascularization	
	secondary to	ischemic stroke	(or equivalent	of patients with	
	intracranial large	secondary to	aspiration pump),	acute ischemic	
	vessel occlusive	intracranial large	is indicated for	stroke secondary to	
	disease (within the	vessel occlusive	use in the	intracranial large	
	internal carotid,	disease (within the	revascularization	vessel occlusive	
	middle cerebral - M1	internal carotid, middle cerebral – M1	of patients with	disease (within the	
	and M2 segments, basilar, and	and M2 segments,	acute ischemic	internal carotid,	
	vertebral arteries)	basilar, and vertebral	stroke secondary	middle cerebral –	
	within 8 hours of	arteries) within 8	to intracranial	M1 and M2	
	symptom onset.	hours of symptom	large vessel	segments, basilar,	
	Patients who are	onset. Patients who	occlusive	and vertebral	
	ineligible for	are ineligible for	disease (within	arteries) within 8	
	intravenous tissue	intravenous tissue	the internal	hours of symptom	
	plasminogen	plasminogen activator	carotid, middle	onset. Patients who	
	activator (IV t-PA) or	(IV t-PA) or who fail	cerebral - M1	are ineligible for	
	who failed IV t-PA	IV t-PA therapy are	and M2	intravenous tissue	
	therapy are	candidates for	segments,	plasminogen	
	candidates for treatment.	treatment.	basilar, and	activator (IV t-PA) or	
	ueaunent.	Penumbra 3D	vertebral	who fail IV tPA	
		Revascularization	arteries) within 8	therapy are	
	Aspiration Tubing	Device	hours of	candidates for	
	As part of the 072	As part of the	symptom onset.	treatment.	
	Aspiration System,	Penumbra System,	Patients who are		
	the Aspiration	the Penumbra 3D	ineligible for	Penumbra 3D	
	Tubing is intended to	Revascularization	intravenous	Revascularization	
	connect the 072	Device is indicated for	tissue	<u>Device</u>	
	Aspiration Catheter	use in the	plasminogen	As part of the	
	to a compatible	revascularization of	activator (IV t-	Penumbra System,	
	suction pump.	patients with acute	PA) or who failed	the Penumbra 3D	
		ischemic stroke secondary to	IV t-PA are	Revascularization	
		intracranial large	candidates for	Device is indicated	
		vessel occlusive	treatment.	for use in the	
		disease (within the	The CERENOVUS	revascularization of	
		internal carotid,	Aspiration Tubing	patients with acute	
		middle cerebral – M1	Set is intended to	ischemic stroke	
		and M2 segments)	connect the	secondary to	
		within 8 hours of	CERENOVUS	intracranial large	
		symptom onset.	Large Bore	vessel occlusive	
		Patients who are	Catheter to the	disease (within the	
		ineligible for	canister of the	internal carotid,	
		intravenous tissue plasminogen	NOUVAG	middle cerebral –	
		activator (IV t-PA) or	Vacuson 60	M1 and M2	
		who fail IV t-PA) of	Aspiration Pump	segments) within 8	
				hours of symptom	



therapy are	(or equivalent	onset. Patients who
candidates for	vacuum pump)	are ineligible for
treatment.	and to allow the	intravenous tissue
	user to control	plasminogen
Penumbra Aspiration	the fluid flow.	activator (IV t-PA) or
Tubing		who fail IV t-PA
As part of the		therapy are
Penumbra System,		candidates for
the Penumbra Sterile		treatment.
Aspiration Tubing is		
indicated to connect the Penumbra		<u>Penumbra</u>
Reperfusion		Aspiration Tubing
Catheters to the		As part of the
Penumbra Aspiration		Penumbra System,
Pump.		the Penumbra
Penumbra Aspiration		Sterile Aspiration
Pump		Tubing is indicated
The Penumbra		to connect the
Aspiration Pump is		Penumbra
indicated as a		Reperfusion
vacuum source for		Catheters to the
Penumbra Aspiration		Penumbra
Systems.		Aspiration Pump.
		<u>Penumbra</u>
		Aspiration Pump
		The Penumbra
		Aspiration Pump is
		indicated as a
		vacuum source for
		Penumbra
		Aspiration Systems.



	Comparison of the Subject, Predicate, and Reference Devices				
Feature	Subject Device (K222786)	Predicate Device (K191946)	Reference Device 1 (K193380)	Reference Device 2 (K211654)	Rationale for difference (if applicable)
Aspiration Catheter	072 Aspiration Catheter	Penumbra JET™ 7	CERENOVUS Large Bore Catheter	Reperfusion Catheter RED 72	N/A
Length	132 cm	115, 120, 125, 127, 132 cm	125-135 cm	115, 120, 125, 127, 132 cm	Same
ID	0.072"	0.072" Min	0.071"	0.072"	Same as K191946 and K211654
Distal OD	0.0855"	0.085" Max	0.081"	0.085"	Same as K191946 and K211654
Proximal OD	0.0855"	0.085" Max	0.0825"	0.085"	Same as K191946 and K211654
Catheter Coating	Hydrophilic	Hydrophilic (proprietary)	Hydrophilic	Hydrophilic (proprietary)	Same
Tip Configuration	Straight	Straight	Non-shapeable tip	Straight	Same as K191946 and K211654
Coating Length	28cm +/- 4cm	30 cm	30 cm	30 cm	Similar, the differences do not raise new questions regarding safety and effectiveness.
Materials:					
Hub	Polycarbonate	Grilamid (TR55-LX)	Polyamide (Nylon)	Grilamid (TR55-LX)	Similar, the differences do not raise new questions regarding safety and effectiveness.
Liner	PTFE Liner	PTFE	PTFE Liner	PTFE Liner	Same



Catheter Shaft					
Extrusions	Nylon	Polyurethane	Pebax	Polyurethane	Similar, the
	Pebax	Polyether Block Amide	Urethane	Polyether Block Amide	differences do not raise new
	Polyurethane	Nylon 12	Nylon	Nylon 12	questions of safety and effectiveness.
Marker Band	Metal Platinum (90%) / Iridium (10%), Tantalum	Platinum (90%) /Iridium (10%)	Metal Platinum (90%) / Iridium (10%)	Platinum (90%) /Iridium (10%)	Similar, the differences do not raise new questions of safety and effectiveness.
Reinforced Shaft	Stainless Steel (SS), Coil	NiTi wire, SS wire	Stainless Steel, Nitinol, braid	NiTi wire, SS wire	Similar, the differences do not raise new questions of safety and effectiveness.
Strain Relief	Polyolefin	Polyolefin	Polyamide	Polyolefin	Same as K191946 and K211654
Accessories				•	
Peelable Sheath	N/A	PTFE	N/A	PTFE	N/A
Hemostasis Valve	Silicone O-ring, Polycarbonate, EPDM	Polycarbonate, silicone O-ring	Hemostasis Valve with Side Port Extension Tubing	Polycarbonate, silicone O-ring	Similar to K191946, differences do not raise new questions of safety and effectiveness.
Flow Switch	Silicone, Polycarbonate, Acetal, ABS	N/A	N/A	N/A	The difference does not raise new questions of safety and effectiveness.
Shaping Mandrel	N/A	Stainless Steel	N/A	Stainless Steel	N/A



Delivery Tool	Materials: Pebax, Tecoflex 93A, Tungsten 75% Filler Dimensions: ID: 0.026 in OD: 0.042 in Extension Length: 10 cm	Materials: Nylon 12, Copolyester, Polyolefin, Polyurethane, Polyether Block Amide, PTFE, Platinum/Tungsten, Hydrophilic Coating Dimensions: ID: 0.018 in OD: 0.071 in Extension Length: 1.5 cm	N/A	N/A	Similar, the differences do not raise new questions of safety and effectiveness.
Aspiration Tubing	Dimensions: ID: 0.110 in Tubing Length: 95 in	Dimensions: Tubing ID: 0.110 in \pm 0.005 in Tubing Length: 112.0 in \pm 7.0 in	Dimensions: ID: 0.110 in Tubing Length: 112 in	Dimensions: Tubing ID: 0.110 in ± 0.005 in Tubing Length: 112.0 in ± 7.0 in	Similar, the differences do not raise new questions of safety and effectiveness.
Flow Control Mechanism	Flow Control Switch	Flow Control Switch	Flow Control Switch	Flow Control Switch	Same as K191946, K193380, K211654
Packaging Material					
Pouch	Tyvek (polyethylene), Mylar (Polyester)	Polyester / Polyethylene/Tyvek	Polyethylene Hoop and Mounting Card,	Polyester / Polyethylene/Tyvek	Similar to K191946, the
Packaging Tray (Kit Configuration)	PETG (Polyethylene terephthalate glycol)	Polyethylene terephthalate, Polystyrene	Pouch, Carton	Polyethylene terephthalate, Polystyrene	differences do not raise new questions of safety and
Display Carton	SBS Paperboard,	SBS Paperboard		SBS Paperboard	effectiveness.
Kit Packaging Configuration	Tray/Retainer/Lid /Accessory Pouch/Pouch/Box	Tray/Retainer/Lid/ Aspiration Tubing/Accessory Pouch/Pouch/Box	-	Tray/Retainer/Lid/ Aspiration Tubing/Accessory Pouch/Pouch/Box	
Shelf Life	6 months	36 months	1 year	36 months	The differences do not raise new questions of safety and effectiveness.
Sterilization Method	Ethylene oxide	Ethylene Oxide	Ethylene Oxide	Ethylene Oxide	Same
Sterility Assurance	10-6	10 ⁻⁶	10-6	10-6	Same

Performance Testing – Bench:

The necessary testing was identified based on design, risk analysis, and the intended use of the 072 Aspiration System to verify the device performs as intended and to demonstrate that it is substantially equivalent to the predicate device. The following performance data have been provided, supporting the substantial equivalence determination. All testing was conducted per Q'Apel Medical, Inc. Design Control procedures. The bench testing included the following tests:

Test	Test Summary	Result
Visual Surface	Confirm that the device	Pass
Requirement	meets the visual surface	All samples met the
	requirements.	predetermined acceptance
		criteria
Packaging Visual	Confirm that the packaging	Pass
Inspection	meets the visual inspection.	All samples met the
		predetermined acceptance
		criteria
Dimensional/Visual	Device dimensions were	Pass
Inspection	measured to confirm	All samples met the
	conformance to the	predetermined acceptance
	specifications.	criteria
Liquid Leakage Under	Verify that the catheter joint	Pass
Pressure	strength meets the	All samples met the
	freedom from leakage	predetermined acceptance
	(liquid leakage during	criteria
	pressurization)	
	requirements of ISO	
	10555-1:2013, Annex C.	
Hub Aspiration Air	Confirm that the device	Pass
Leakage	passes the hub aspiration	All samples met the
	air leakage test of ISO	predetermined acceptance
	10555-1:2013, Annex D.	criteria
Simulated Use	Simulated use testing with	Pass
	accessories in an	All samples met the
	anatomical model which	predetermined acceptance
	simulated the tortuosity of	criteria
	the neurovasculature.	
	Devices were delivered	
	through the tortuous model	
	to evaluate effectiveness of	
	the device at retrieval of soft	
	and firm clots and	
	mechanical integrity after	
	multiple passes. Testing	
	performed with reference	
	device (K211564) for	
	comparison.	



Test	Test Summary	Result	
Flex Fatigue	Meets minimum value per specification for multiple passes in the simulated use model.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Track and Advance Force	Test specimens were tested for track and advance force.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance	
Tip Deflection	Test specimens were tested for tip deflection forces and compared to predicate catheters.	criteria Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Torque	Determine the number of revolutions to failure of the Catheter in simulated anatomy.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Tip Elongation and Compression	Test specimens were tested for tip elongation and compression.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Peak Tensile	The tensile strength of the catheter sections and bonds was tested after simulated use.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Particulates, Coating Integrity	The integrity of the hydrophilic coating was evaluated after multiple insertion and withdrawal cycles. Particulates were measured during simulated use and compared to the reference device.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Flow Rate	Determine the flow rate through a catheter, based on ISO 10555-1, Annex E.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Aspiration Flow Rate	Determine the aspiration flow rate through the aspiration catheter when the catheter is connected to a constant vacuum source.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	
Kink Resistance	Test specimen segments were formed into a defined bend diameter to evaluate kink resistance.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria	





Test	Test Summary	Result
Corrosion Resistance	No visible corrosion	Pass
	immediately after Corrosion	All samples met the
	Testing procedure based on	predetermined acceptance
	ISO 10555-1, Annex A.	criteria
Radiopacity	The marker band is	Pass
	fluoroscopically visible.	All samples met the
		predetermined acceptance
		criteria
Burst Pressure-Static	Tested per ISO 10555-	Pass
	1:2013, Annex F. Testing	All samples met the
	conducted after simulated	predetermined acceptance
	use.	criteria
Burst Pressure-Dynamic	Minimum value per	Pass
	specification.	All samples met the
		predetermined acceptance
		criteria
Connectors for	Hubs were tested per ISO	Pass
Intravascular or	80369-7.	All samples met the
Hypodermic		predetermined acceptance
Applications		criteria
Lumen Collapse	Aspiration Catheter	Pass
	samples were tested for	All samples met the
	lumen patency under	predetermined acceptance
	maximum applied	criteria
	vacuum pressures.	
Manual Syringe Injection	Measure peak pressure	Pass
Peak Pressure (psi)	during manual injection of	All samples met the
	contrast media with a	predetermined acceptance
	syringe.	criteria

Q'Apel also confirmed that the Aspiration Tubing meets all design and performance requirements through the following bench testing:

Test	Test Summary	Result
Dimensional/Visual	Confirm that the Aspiration	Pass
Inspection	Tubing meets all dimensional and visual specifications.	All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria
Tensile Strength	Confirm that the Aspiration	Pass
_	Tubing meets the existing	All samples met the
	tensile strength specifications.	predetermined
		acceptance criteria
Simulated Use Test	Confirm that the Aspiration	Pass
	Tubing passes testing specified	All samples met the
	in the simulated use test	predetermined
	protocol.	acceptance criteria



Aspiration Tubing Resistance to Collapse and Leakage at Maximum Aspiration Pressures	Confirm that the Aspiration Tubing resistance to collapse at maximum aspiration pressure testing is as specified in the test protocol. Confirm that the Aspiration Tubing does not show signs of leakage at maximum aspiration pressure.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria
Flow Switch Functionality Testing	The Flow Control Switch completely and immediately stops fluid flow after a specified number of ON/OFF cycles.	Pass All samples met the predetermined acceptance criteria

Performance Testing – Animal:

An animal study was conducted to evaluate the safety, effectiveness, and usability of the 072 Aspiration System in comparison to cleared control devices, the CERENOVUS Large Bore Catheter (K193380) and the Penumbra System (Reperfusion Catheter RED 72) (K211654), in a porcine model according to Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) per 21 CFR Part 58. Sub-chronic and chronic time points were assessed. The study included aspiration of experimental clots and a worst-case wedge assessment. Clot aspiration and wedge assessment were comparable between the test and control catheters, and both were shown to be safe in porcine vessels via angiography and vessel histology.

Performance Data – Clinical:

No clinical study was conducted as bench and animal testing was determined sufficient for verification and validation purposes and to support the substantial equivalence of the 072 Aspiration System.

Sterilization:

The 072 Aspiration System, which includes the Aspiration Tubing, is sterilized using a validated 100% Ethylene Oxide sterilization process to ensure sterility assurance level (SAL) of 10⁻⁶ in accordance with AAMI TIR 28:2016 "*Product Adoption and Process Equivalence for Ethylene Oxide Sterilization*" and per the requirements of ISO 11135:2014 "*Sterilization of health-care products – Ethylene oxide – Requirements for the development, validation and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices*." The 072 Aspiration System, accessories, and Aspiration Tubing are for single use only.

Shelf-Life Testing:

The 072 Aspiration System, which includes the Aspiration Tubing, has a shelf life of six months based on the successful completion of stability testing. Shelf-life testing was performed using standard test methods and acceptance criteria. All samples were exposed to standard transportation conditioning and distribution before aging. Results of testing on the subject device met the established acceptance criteria.

Biocompatibility Testing:

The 072 Aspiration System was assessed for biocompatibility in accordance with ISO 10993-1, "Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices – Part 1: Evaluation of Testing within a Risk Management Process," and the FDA Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff, "Use of International Standard ISO 10993-1, "Biological evaluation of medical devices -Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process"," (issued September 4, 2020).

The 072 Aspiration Catheter and the Delivery Tool are considered externally communicating medical devices with direct contact with circulating blood for a limited (\leq 24 hours) duration.

The Rotating Hemostasis Valve (RHV), Flow Switch, and Hub are considered external communicating devices contacting blood indirectly for a limited (\leq 24 hours) duration.

The Aspiration Tubing is considered to have contact with intact skin for a limited (\leq 24 hours) duration.

Biocompatibility testing on the 072 Aspiration System (072 Aspiration Catheter and Delivery Tool) included:

Test Name	Acceptance Criteria	Conclusion
Cytotoxicity – MEM Elution ISO 10993-5:2009	The achievement of a numerical grade greater than 2 is considered a cytotoxic effect.	Non-cytotoxic
Sensitization Magnusson- Kligman Method ISO 10993-10:2010	Magnusson and Kligman grades of 1 or greater in the test group generally indicate sensitization, provided grades of less than 1 are seen in control animals. If grades of 1 or greater are noted in control animals, then the reactions of test animals which exceed the most severe reaction in control animals are presumed to be due to sensitization.	Non-sensitizing
Irritation: Intracutaneous Reactivity ISO 10993-23:2021	The requirements of the test were met if the final test article score was ≤ 1.0.	Non-irritating

Q'apel

	If using five animals per group, the	
Acute Systemic Toxicity ISO 10993-11:2017	 test article meets the requirement of the test if none of the following circumstances occur: 1. Two or more animals from the test group die. 2. Animal behavior, such as convulsions or prostration, occurs in two or more animals from the test group. 3. A final (end of study) body weight loss > 10% occurs in three or more animals from the test group. 	Non-toxic
Material Mediated Pyrogenicity	The requirements of the test were	
ISO 10993-11:2017, USP 151	met if no rabbit showed an individual rise in temperature of	Non-pyrogenic
	0.5 °C or more above its respective baseline temperature throughout the duration of the test.	
ASTM Hemolysis- Direct (direct blood contact components only) ISO 10993-4: 2017 ASTM F756-17	The positive control's mean hemolytic index above the negative control must be ≥ 5% for the direct method. The negative control must display a mean hemolytic index of < 2 % for the direct method.	Non-hemolytic for the Direct Method
ASTM Hemolysis- Indirect (indirect blood contact components only) ISO 10993-4: 2017 ASTM F756-17	The positive control's mean hemolytic index above the negative control must be ≥ 5% for the indirect method. The negative control must display a mean hemolytic index of < 2 % for the indirect method.	Non-hemolytic for the Indirect Method
Hemocompatibility- Complement Activation (direct blood contact components only) ISO 10993-4: 2017	The negative control (HDPE) concentration must not be significantly higher when compared to the NHS at 37 °C concentration or the final concentration must fall within ± 1 standard deviation of the mean in the test facility historical range for HDPE. The positive reference control (Latex) concentration must be statistically significant when compared to the NHS at 37 °C concentration or the final concentration must fall within ± 1 standard deviation of the mean in the test facility historical range for Latex.	Non-activator of the Complement System



Thrombogenicity ISO 10993-4: 2017	The thrombogenic potential of a blood-contacting medical device must be comparable to a predicate device.	Non-thrombogenic
--------------------------------------	--	------------------

Biocompatibility testing on the Aspiration Tubing included:

Test Name	Acceptance Criteria	Conclusion
Cytotoxicity – MEM Elution ISO 10993-5:2009	The achievement of a numerical grade greater than 2 is considered a cytotoxic effect.	Non-cytotoxic
Sensitization Magnusson- Kligman Method ISO 10993-10:2010	Test group shall yield Grade < 1 score on Magnusson and Kligman scale (provided control group yields Grade < 1)	Non-sensitizer
Irritation: Intracutaneous Reactivity ISO 10993-23:2021	The test requirements are met if the difference between the test mean score and the control mean score is 1.0 or less and the test does not fail at any observation period. Differences of less than 0 are reported as 0.	Non-irritant

Conclusion:

The performance characteristics and the test results demonstrate that the 072 Aspiration System meets the test acceptance criteria, performs as well as, and is substantially equivalent to the predicate device, Penumbra System[®] [JETTM 7 Reperfusion Catheter with MAX Delivery Device (JETTM 7MAX)] (K191946), and reference devices.