



September 19, 2025

Olympus Medical Systems Corp.
% Susan Lewandowski
Manager, Program Regulatory Affairs
Olympus Surgical Technologies of the Americas
800 West Park Drive
Westborough, Massachusetts 01581

Re: K251867

Trade/Device Name: Evis Exera III Duodenovideoscope Olympus TJF-Q190V (TJF-Q190V)
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 876.1500
Regulation Name: Endoscope And Accessories
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: FDT, NWB, FEB
Dated: June 17, 2025
Received: June 17, 2025

Dear Susan Lewandowski:

We have reviewed your section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database available at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Additional information about changes that may require a new premarket notification are provided in the FDA guidance documents entitled "Deciding When to Submit a 510(k) for a Change to an Existing Device" (<https://www.fda.gov/media/99812/download>) and "Deciding When to Submit a 510(k) for a Software Change to an Existing Device" (<https://www.fda.gov/media/99785/download>).

Your device is also subject to, among other requirements, the Quality System (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820), which includes, but is not limited to, 21 CFR 820.30, Design controls; 21 CFR 820.90, Nonconforming product; and 21 CFR 820.100, Corrective and preventive action. Please note that regardless of whether a change requires premarket review, the QS regulation requires device manufacturers to review and approve changes to device design and production (21 CFR 820.30 and 21 CFR 820.70) and document changes and approvals in the device master record (21 CFR 820.181).

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR Part 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR Part 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR Part 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR Parts 1000-1050.

All medical devices, including Class I and unclassified devices and combination product device constituent parts are required to be in compliance with the final Unique Device Identification System rule ("UDI Rule"). The UDI Rule requires, among other things, that a device bear a unique device identifier (UDI) on its label and package (21 CFR 801.20(a)) unless an exception or alternative applies (21 CFR 801.20(b)) and that the dates on the device label be formatted in accordance with 21 CFR 801.18. The UDI Rule (21 CFR 830.300(a) and 830.320(b)) also requires that certain information be submitted to the Global Unique Device Identification Database (GUDID) (21 CFR Part 830 Subpart E). For additional information on these requirements, please see the UDI System webpage at <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/unique-device-identification-system-udi-system>.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance>) and CDRH Learn (<https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory->

[assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice](#)) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

SIVAKAMI VENKATACHALAM -S

for

Shanil P. Haugen, Ph.D.

Assistant Director

DHT3A: Division of Renal, Gastrointestinal,
Obesity, and Transplant Devices

OHT3: Office of Gastrorenal, ObGyn,

General Hospital, and Urology Devices

Office of Product Evaluation and Quality

Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

Please type in the marketing application/submission number, if it is known. This textbox will be left blank for original applications/submissions.

K251867

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Please provide the device trade name(s).

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EVIS EXERA III DUODENOVideoscope OLYMPUS TJF-Q190V (TJF-Q190V)

Please provide your Indications for Use below.

?

The EVIS EXERA III DUODENOVideoscope OLYMPUS TJF-Q190V has been designed to be used with a video system center, light source, documentation equipment, monitor, endo therapy accessories (such as a biopsy forceps), and other ancillary equipment for endoscopy and endoscopic surgery within the duodenum.

Please select the types of uses (select one or both, as applicable).

- Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)
 Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

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510(k) Summary

1. General Information

Date Prepared: June 17, 2025

Applicant: Olympus Medical Systems Corporation
2951 Ishikawa-cho, Hachioji-shi, Tokyo Japan 192-8507
Establishment Registration No: 8010047

Contact: Osamu Tamada
Product RA Lead GI Endoscope, OMSC

Correspondent: Olympus Surgical Technologies of America
800 West Park Drive, Westborough, MA 01581

Primary Contact: Susan Lewandowski
Email: susan.lewandowski@olympus.com

2. Device Information

Device Name: EVIS EXERA III DUODENOVideoscope
OLYMPUS TJF-Q190V

Common Name: Duodenoscope and accessories

Classification: 21 CFR 876.1500 – Endoscope and accessories

Regulatory Class: II

Product Code: FDT (Duodenoscope, Accessories, Flexible/Rigid), NWB, FEB

Device Panel: Gastroenterology & Urology

3. Predicate Device Information

EVIS EXERA III DUODENOVideoscope OLYMPUS TJF-Q190V – Olympus
K250701

4. Device Description

The EVIS EXERA III DUODENOVideoscope TJF-Q190V has been designed to be used with a video system center, light source, documentation equipment, monitor, EndoTherapy accessories (such as biopsy forceps), and other ancillary equipment for endoscopy and endoscopic surgery within the duodenum. The TJF-Q190V is compatible with Olympus system “Video System Center OLYMPUS CV-190 and XENON LIGHT SOURCE OLYMPUS CLV-190 (K112680). TJF-Q190V is also compatible with Olympus system “EVIS X1 Video System Center OLYMPUS CV-1500” (K222584).

The subject device consists of a flexible insertion section, control section and endoscope connector section with equipped charge-coupled device (CCD) chip which delivers images.

The light from the light source travels through the light guide to the light guide lens at the distal end. The light source can offer both white light for normal observation and narrow band imaging (NBI). The CCD chip transduces the incident light from the objective lens to electrical signal. The video processor transduces the electrical signal to video signal.

There is an instrument channel located inside of the flexible insertion section. EndoTherapy accessories can be inserted through the instrument channel. A forceps elevator is located at the distal end of the insertion section to elevate endo therapy accessories for endoscopic treatment.

A sterile, single-use distal cover (MAJ-2315) has been designed to be attached to the OLYMPUS TJF-Q190V to cover the distal end of the insertion tube and fit around the forceps elevator. MAJ-2315 is to be discarded after clinical use. MAJ-2315 and TJF-Q190V were previously cleared under 510(k)s K193182, K202661, K220587, and K250701.

The subject device has the same technological characteristics and similar design as the predicate device.

5. Indications for Use

The EVIS EXERA III DUODENOVideoscope OLYMPUS TJF-Q190V has been designed to be used with a video system center, light source, documentation equipment, monitor, endo therapy accessories (such as a biopsy forceps), and other ancillary equipment for endoscopy and endoscopic surgery within the duodenum.

6. Comparison of Technological Characteristics

Compared to the predicate device, the changes are limited to changes in reprocessing, specifically manual cleaning. Additionally, there are minor labeling changes to reflect the changes in manual cleaning.

There are no changes to the indications for use, conditions of use, compatible components or accessories to be marketed/used with the device, device design or specifications for TJF-Q190V, including optical or electrical performance.

7. Summary of Non-Clinical Performance Data

Verification/validation activities were performed subsequent to a risk assessment evaluation of the reprocessing – manual cleaning changes per the Olympus Quality Management System. Results of the following testing demonstrate that the changes to the reprocessing do not adversely affect device performance:

- Performance Testing – Bench
- Reprocessing Validation
- Human Factors Validation

8. Summary of Clinical Performance Data

No clinical data were collected.

9. Conclusion

Based on the comparison of the indications for use, technological characteristics, and performance testing of the Evis Exera III Duodenovideoscope TJF-Q190V and the predicate device, the reprocessing manual cleaning modification does not raise any new issues of safety and effectiveness. Therefore, the subject device is substantially equivalent to the predicate device in terms of safety, efficacy, and performance.