



January 9, 2026

FH Industrie
% Jen McBride
Regulatory Consultant
MRC Global, LLC
9160 Hwy 64, Suite 12
P.O. Box 330
Lakeland, Tennessee 38002

Re: K254003

Trade/Device Name: JARVIS Metaphyseal Stem
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3660
Regulation Name: Shoulder joint metal/polymer semi-constrained cemented prosthesis
Regulatory Class: Class II
Product Code: PHX, HSD, KWS
Dated: December 10, 2025
Received: December 15, 2025

Dear Jen McBride:

We have reviewed your section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. Although this letter refers to your product as a device, please be aware that some cleared products may instead be combination products. The 510(k) Premarket Notification Database available at <https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfpmn/pmn.cfm> identifies combination product submissions. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Additional information about changes that may require a new premarket notification are provided in the FDA guidance documents entitled "Deciding When to Submit a 510(k) for a Change to an Existing Device" (<https://www.fda.gov/media/99812/download>) and "Deciding When to Submit a 510(k) for a Software Change to an Existing Device" (<https://www.fda.gov/media/99785/download>).

Your device is also subject to, among other requirements, the Quality System (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820), which includes, but is not limited to, 21 CFR 820.30, Design controls; 21 CFR 820.90, Nonconforming product; and 21 CFR 820.100, Corrective and preventive action. Please note that regardless of whether a change requires premarket review, the QS regulation requires device manufacturers to review and approve changes to device design and production (21 CFR 820.30 and 21 CFR 820.70) and document changes and approvals in the device master record (21 CFR 820.181).

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR Part 803) for devices or postmarketing safety reporting (21 CFR Part 4, Subpart B) for combination products (see <https://www.fda.gov/combination-products/guidance-regulatory-information/postmarketing-safety-reporting-combination-products>); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820) for devices or current good manufacturing practices (21 CFR Part 4, Subpart A) for combination products; and, if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR Parts 1000-1050.

All medical devices, including Class I and unclassified devices and combination product device constituent parts are required to be in compliance with the final Unique Device Identification System rule ("UDI Rule"). The UDI Rule requires, among other things, that a device bear a unique device identifier (UDI) on its label and package (21 CFR 801.20(a)) unless an exception or alternative applies (21 CFR 801.20(b)) and that the dates on the device label be formatted in accordance with 21 CFR 801.18. The UDI Rule (21 CFR 830.300(a) and 830.320(b)) also requires that certain information be submitted to the Global Unique Device Identification Database (GUDID) (21 CFR Part 830 Subpart E). For additional information on these requirements, please see the UDI System webpage at <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance/unique-device-identification-system-udi-system>.

Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/medical-device-safety/medical-device-reporting-mdr-how-report-medical-device-problems>.

For comprehensive regulatory information about medical devices and radiation-emitting products, including information about labeling regulations, please see Device Advice (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory-assistance>) and CDRH Learn (<https://www.fda.gov/training-and-continuing-education/cdrh-learn>). Additionally, you may contact the Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE) to ask a question about a specific regulatory topic. See the DICE website (<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/device-advice-comprehensive-regulatory->

[assistance/contact-us-division-industry-and-consumer-education-dice](#)) for more information or contact DICE by email (DICE@fda.hhs.gov) or phone (1-800-638-2041 or 301-796-7100).

Sincerely,

Farzana Sharmin -S

Farzana Sharmin, PhD
Assistant Director
DHT6A: Division of Joint Arthroplasty Devices
OHT6: Office of Orthopedic Devices
Office of Product Evaluation and Quality
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known)

K254003

Device Name

JARVIS Metaphyseal Stem

Indications for Use (Describe)

The prostheses from FH Industrie are designed for specific indications such as:

Simple humeral prosthesis

- Humeral head necrosis without injury to the glenoid cavity.
- Extensive humeral head cartilage damage without injury to the glenoid cavity
- Centred osteoarthritis with a glenoid cavity not allowing implantation of a glenoid implant.
- Rheumatoid polyarthritis with thin rotator cuff.
- Off-centred osteoarthritis with irreparable cuff, and with maintained active elevation of at least 120°.

Total anatomical prosthesis (cemented glenoid implant with pegs)

- Centred glenohumeral osteoarthritis with functional rotator cuff
- Rheumatoid polyarthritis with functional rotator cuff
- Post-traumatic sequela, functional rotator cuff with glenoid injury.

TOTAL ANATOMICAL PROSTHESIS (POROUS GLENOID IMPLANT)

- Centred glenohumeral osteoarthritis
- Rheumatoid polyarthritis
- Post-traumatic sequela with glenoid injury
- Revision for glenoid loosening
- Glenoid bone loss, where bone graft is needed

A functional rotator cuff is necessary to use this device

REVERSE PROSTHESIS (METAL-BACK OR POROUS GLENOID IMPLANT)

The ARROW and JARVIS Reverse Shoulder Prosthesis is indicated for patients with severe shoulder arthropathy and a grossly deficient rotator cuff or a previously failed shoulder joint replacement with a grossly deficient rotator cuff. A functional deltoid muscle and adequate glenoid bone stock are necessary to use this device.

At least 2/3 of the metaphyseal component must be implanted in the proximal humeral bone to allow for adequate humeral component fixation. Metaphyseal stems and diaphyseal stems are intended for use without cement. The glenoid bases (metal-back or porous) are intended for cementless use with the addition of cortical and cancellous bone screws.

Type of Use (Select one or both, as applicable)

Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

CONTINUE ON A SEPARATE PAGE IF NEEDED.

This section applies only to requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

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“An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB number.”

510(k) Summary
JARVIS Metaphyseal Stem
9 January 2026

Company: FH INDUSTRIE
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QUIMPER Finistere, FRANCE 29000

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Official Correspondent: Jen McBride – MRC Global, LLC
jen.mcbride@askmrcglobal.com
901-481-5902

Trade Name: JARVIS Metaphyseal Stem

Common Name: Prosthesis, Shoulder, Hemi-, Humeral, Metallic Uncemented
Shoulder Prosthesis, Reverse Configuration
Prosthesis, Shoulder, Semi-Constrained, Metal/Polymer Cemented

Classification: Class II

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3660 (Shoulder Prosthesis, Reverse Configuration)
21 CFR 888.3690 (Shoulder joint humeral (hemi-shoulder) metallic uncemented prosthesis)

Panel: Orthopedic

Product Code: PHX, HSD, KWS

Primary Predicate: FH Industrie: ARROW Short Stem – K202024

Additional Predicate: FH Industrie – JARVIS Diaphyseal Stem Standard – K253345

Device Description:

The JARVIS Metaphyseal Stem is modification to the metaphysis component of the Arrow Short Stem prosthesis (K202024). The Metaphyseal Stem is intended to be used with the diaphyseal component of the modular ARROW Short Stem device (K202024), including the JARVIS Diaphyseal Stem Standard (K253345). The subject modifications include optimized leading edges as well as the inclusion of suture holes for soft tissue reattachment. The JARVIS Metaphyseal Stem is offered in various sizes to

accommodate patient anatomy. All implantable components are manufactured from medical grade titanium alloy (Ti6Al4V-ELI) per ASTM F-136/ISO 5832-3 with a pure titanium plasma spray coating per ASTM F1580.

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Substantial Equivalence:

The Indications for Use, Materials, and overall technology for predicate device are identical to that of the subject device. The subject includes optimized leading device edges to provide greater ease of impaction. The subject device also includes the addition of suture holes to allow for soft tissue reattachment. However, the overall geometry falls within the range of the primary predicate devices and the body pressfit remains identical. Thus, it can be concluded that the subject does not raise new questions about safety and effectiveness.

Performance Testing:

Engineering analysis has determined that the subject device does not introduce a new worst case condition when compared to the predicate device. Therefore, the previously performed testing applies to the subject device and no additional mechanical testing is needed to demonstrate substantial equivalence.

Conclusion

Based on analysis and the comparison to the predicate device, the subject device is determined to be substantially equivalent to the predicate device.