### 510(k) Summary

Introduction According to the requirements of 21 CFR 807.92, the following information

provides sufficient detail to understand the basis for a determination of

substantial equivalence.

1) Submitter name, address, contact

Roche Diagnostics Corporation

9115 Hague Rd.

Indianapolis, IN 46250

(317) 521-7688

Contact Person: Dimitris Demirtzoglou

2) Device name F

Proprietary name: ONLINE TDM Tobramycin

Common name: RADIOIMMUNOASSAY, TOBRAMYCIN

Classification name: RADIOIMMUNOASSAY, TOBRAMYCIN

3) Predicate device

We claim substantial equivalence to the currently marketed COBAS

INTEGRA Tobramycin (K964457).

Continued on next page

## 510(k) Summary, Continued

# 4) Device Description

The ONLINE TDM Tobramycin assay is for the quantitative determination of tobramycin in human serum or plasma on Roche automated clinical chemistry analyzers. The proposed labeling indicates the Roche Hitachi 911, 912, 917 and Modular P analyzers can be used with the Roche ONLINE TDM Tobramycin reagent kits.

Tobramycin is an aminoglycoside antibiotic used in the treatment of infections caused by Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Proteus species, E. coli, Klebsiella, Serratia, Citrobacter, Staphylococcus aureus, Enterobacter and other microorganisms. Tobramycin's toxic effect is produced by interfering with ribosomal protein synthesis. Tobramycin undergoes very little, if any, metabolization and is, therefore, eliminated as the parent drug by glomerular filtration. The half-life of tobramycin in serum or plasma correlates closely with renal function and thus is quite variable between individuals and within one individual over time.2,3 Serum or plasma tobramycin concentration is also impacted by mode of administration, the volume of extracellular fluid, the duration of the treatment and physiological changes during the illness and therapy. The therapeutic range of tobramycin should be measured at peak as well as trough concentrations. In patients with pre-existing renal damage or those to whom tobramycin has been administered for prolonged periods or in doses above the therapeutic range, hearing impairment and/or nephrotoxicity may develop. Therefore, monitoring of peak and trough tobramycin serum or plasma levels is critical in the prevention of these serious complications with the adjustment of dosage administration as indicated.

## 5.) Intended Use

The ONLINE TDM Tobramycin assay is for the quantitative determination of tobramycin in human serum or plasma on Roche automated clinical chemistry analyzers.

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#### 510(k) Summary, Continued

# 6.) Comparison to the Predicate Device

The Roche ONLINE TDM Tobramycin assay is substantially equivalent to other products in commercial distribution intended for similar use. Most notably, it is substantially equivalent to the currently marketed Roche COBAS INTEGRA Tobramycin (K964457).

The Roche ONLINE TDM Tobramycin assay was evaluated for several performance characteristics including precision, lower detection limit, method comparison, specificity, and interfering substances. All of the evaluation studies gave acceptableresults compared to the predicate device. These experiments provide evidence that the Roche ONLINE TDM Tobramycin assay is substantially equivalent to the currently marketed Roche COBAS INTEGRA Tobramycinassay. The following table summarizes the precision and method comparison results.

	Roche ONLINE TDM N-			Roche COBAS FP		
	acetylTobramycin			Tobramycin(Predicate)		
NCCLS Precision,	Control 1	Control 2	Control 3	Control 1	Control 2	Control 3
Within run	İ					
Mean (μg/ml)	1.3	4.2	7.1	1.4	3.5	7.5
SD (μg/ml)	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.14
CV%	3.9	0.9	0.6	2.6	2.1	1.9
NCCLS Precision,	Control 1	Control 2	Control 3	Control 1	Control 2	Control 3
Total						
Mean (μg/ml)	1.3	4.2	7.1	1.4	3.5	7.5
SD (µg/ml)	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.16	0.30
CV%	5.2	1.7	1.3	6.0	4.5	4.0
Method	Linear Regression: ONLINE TDM			Linear Regression: COBAS FP Tobramycin		
Comparison	Tobramycin Vs. COBAS FP Tobramycin			Vs. COBAS FARA II		
	N. SS D. OO O					
i	N=55, Range = $0.2 - 9 \mu \text{g/m}$			İ		
	y = 1.04x + 0.20			N=196, Range = $0.23 - 10 \mu g/ml$		
	r = 0.996			y=0.930x - 0.090		
	SD  (md 95) = 0.393			r=0.995		





Food and Drug Administration 2098 Gaither Road Rockville MD 20850

JUN - 9 2006

Mr. Dimitris Demirtzoglou Regulatory Affairs Consultant Roche Diagnostics Corp. 9115 Hague Road Indianapolis, IN 46250-0457

Re: k060853

Trade/Device Name: ONLINE TDM Tobramycin

Regulation Number: 21 CFR §862.3900 Regulation Name: Tobramycin test system

Regulatory Class: Class II Product Code: KLB Dated: March 28, 2006 Received: March 29, 2006

#### Dear Mr. Demirtzoglou:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Parts 800 to 895. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Parts 801 and 809); and good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820).

#### Page 2 -

This letter will allow you to begin marketing your device as described in your Section 510(k) premarket notification. The FDA finding of substantial equivalence of your device to a legally marketed predicate device results in a classification for your device and thus, permits your device to proceed to the market.

If you desire specific information about the application of labeling requirements to your device, or questions on the promotion and advertising of your device, please contact the Office of In Vitro Diagnostic Device Evaluation and Safety at (240) 276-0484. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 443-6597 or at its Internet address <a href="http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/industry/support/index.html">http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/industry/support/index.html</a>.

Sincerely yours,

Alberto Gutierrez, Ph.D.

Director

Division of Chemistry and Toxicology

Office of In Vitro Diagnostic Device

Evaluation and Safety

Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

## **Indications for Use**

510(k) Number (if known): K 060 853						
Device Name: ONLINE TDM Tobramycin						
Indications For Use:						
The ONLINE TDM Tobramycin assay is a device intended to measure tobramycin, an aminoglycoside antibiotic drug, in human plasma and serum. Measurements obtained by this device are used in the diagnosis and treatment of tobramycin overdose and in monitoring levels of tobramycin to ensure appropriate therapy.						
Prescription Use X AND/OR Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 801 Subpart C)						
(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE-CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED)						
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