

OCT 10 2008

**510(k) SUMMARY OF SAFETY & EFFECTIVENESS**

**PROPRIETARY NAME:** DBX<sup>®</sup> Demineralized Bone Matrix Putty  
DBX<sup>®</sup> Demineralized Bone Matrix Paste  
DBX<sup>®</sup> Demineralized Bone Matrix Mix

**COMMON NAME:** Bone Void Filler Containing Human Demineralized Bone Matrix (DBM)

**PROPOSED REGULATORY CLASS:** Class II

**CLASSIFICATION IDENTIFICATION:** 21 C.F.R. §888.3045 Resorbable calcium salt bone void filler device

**PRODUCT CODE:** MBP, MQV, GXP

**SPONSOR:** Musculoskeletal Transplant Foundation  
125 May Street  
Edison, NJ 08837  
732-661-0202

**INDICATIONS FOR USE:**

DBX<sup>®</sup> is intended for use as a Demineralized Bone Matrix for voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of the bony structure. DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty may be used in the extremities, pelvis, posterolateral spine and cranium. DBX<sup>®</sup> Mix may be used in the extremities, pelvis and spine. DBX<sup>®</sup> Paste may be used in the extremities and pelvis. DBX<sup>®</sup> is indicated for treatment of surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects created from traumatic injury. DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty can be used as an extender in the spine with autograft. DBX<sup>®</sup> can be used with bone marrow. DBX<sup>®</sup> is intended for single patient use only.

**DEVICE DESCRIPTION:**

DBX<sup>®</sup> Demineralized Bone Matrix is available in three forms: Paste, Putty and Mix. DBX<sup>®</sup> products are completely resorbable. DBX<sup>®</sup> Paste and Putty are composed of donor cortical bone; the DBX<sup>®</sup> Mix is composed of donor corticocancellous bone. The bone granules are mixed with sodium hyaluronate (Hy) in varying combinations to form the DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty, Paste, and Mix.

**SAFETY AND EFFECTIVENESS INFORMATION:**

This 510(k) was submitted for a change in the osteoinductivity assay for DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty. The fundamental scientific technology of the modified DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty, using BMP -2 *in vitro* testing as an alternative for *in vivo* testing for osteoinductivity, is the same as the technology for the unmodified predicate, DBX<sup>®</sup> (FDA cleared, K040262).

Biocompatibility of DBX<sup>®</sup> materials has been established through their long history of safe and effective clinical use, further supported by laboratory testing conducted per ISO 10993. DBX<sup>®</sup> is single-donor processed using aseptic techniques and is tested for sterility per current USP <71>.

**OSTEOINDUCTIVE POTENTIAL**

DBX<sup>®</sup> Demineralized Bone Matrix Putty is osteoconductive and has been shown to have osteoinductive potential in an athymic mouse model. DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty has been shown to contain the native, i.e., endogenous, Bone Morphogenetic Protein, BMP-2, as detected by an Enzyme-Linked-ImmunoSorbent Assay (ELISA).

Every final lot of DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty is tested in an *in vivo* athymic mouse model or, alternatively, each lot of DBM incorporated into DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty is assayed *in vitro* using the BMP-2 ELISA as a surrogate test market for osteoinductive potential. Standard testing performed in an athymic mouse model or in the BMP-2 assay must prove positive for lot release. Results from this immunoassay were correlated to the athymic mouse model for the DBM alone and the DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty. Although only one bone-derived endogenous protein is used as the test marker, i.e., BMP-2, it is the combination of various proteins that is responsible for its osteoinductive potential.

Testing each lot of DBM with this immunoassay assures that only DBM with osteoinductive potential is used in DBX<sup>®</sup>. The combination of DBM and sodium hyaluronate has not been evaluated for osteoinductivity; therefore, it is unknown to what extent the formulation components may alter the osteoinductive character of the DBM. Additionally, it is unknown how osteoinductivity of the DBM component, measured via the *in vitro* immunoassay, will correlate with human clinical performance of DBX<sup>®</sup>.

**VIRAL CLEARANCE AND INACTIVATION:**

This 510(k) was submitted for a change in the osteoinductivity assay for DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty. The fundamental scientific technology of the modified DBX<sup>®</sup> Putty, using *in vitro* testing as an alternative for *in vivo* testing for osteoinductivity, is the same as the technology for the unmodified predicate, DBX<sup>®</sup> (FDA cleared, K040262). The method for processing the DBM contained in DBX<sup>®</sup> was evaluated for its viral inactivation potential. A panel of model potential human viruses representing various virus types, sizes, shapes and genomes were evaluated. The DBM processing methods were determined to provide significant viral inactivation potential for a wide range of potential viruses.



OCT 10 2008

Food and Drug Administration  
9200 Corporate Boulevard  
Rockville MD 20850

Musculoskeletal Transplant Foundation  
% Ms. Nancy Bennewitz  
Regulatory Affairs Submission Specialist  
125 May Street, Suite 300  
Edison Corporate Center  
Edison, New Jersey 08837

Re: K080399  
Trade Name: DBX<sup>®</sup> Demineralized Bone Matrix Putty, Paste and Mix.  
Regulation Number: 21 CFR § 888.3045  
Regulation Name: Resorbable Bone Substitute  
Regulatory Class: Class II  
Product Code: MBP  
Dated: September 25, 2008  
Received: September 26, 2008

Dear Ms. Bennewitz:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

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This letter will allow you to begin marketing your device as described in your Section 510(k) premarket notification. The FDA finding of substantial equivalence of your device to a legally marketed predicate device results in a classification for your device and thus, permits your device to proceed to the market.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Office of Compliance at (240) 276-0120. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (240) 276-3150 or at its Internet address <http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/industry/support/index.html>.

Sincerely yours,



Mark N. Melkerson  
Director  
Division of General, Restorative  
and Neurological Devices  
Office of Device Evaluation  
Center for Devices and  
Radiological Health

Enclosure

**Indications for Use**

K080399

DBX® 510(k)

### IV. INDICATIONS FOR USE

510(k) Number (if known): unknown

Device Name: DBX® Demineralized Bone Matrix Putty, Paste and Mix

Indications for Use:

DBX® is intended for use as a Demineralized Bone Matrix for voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of the bony structure. It can be used in the:

Putty	Mix	Paste
Extremities	Extremities	Extremities
Pelvis	Pelvis	Pelvis
Posterolateral Spine	Spine	
Cranium		

DBX® is indicated for treatment of surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects created from traumatic injury. DBX® Putty can be used as an extender in the spine with autograft. DBX® can be used with bone marrow. DBX® is for single patient use only.

Prescription Use  X  OR Over-The-Counter Use \_\_\_\_\_  
(Per 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) (Per 21 CFR 801 Subpart C)

(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE—CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED.)

Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)

*Neil R. Oden for man*  
**(Division Sign-Off)**  
**Division of General, Restorative,  
and Neurological Devices**

510(k) Number  K080399