### 510(k) SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCE DETERMINATION DECISION SUMMARY ASSAY ONLY TEMPLATE

## A. 510(k) Number:

k060632

## **B.** Purpose for Submission:

New device

## C. Measurand:

N-terminal pro Brain Natriuretic Peptide (NT-proBNP)

# **D.** Type of Test:

Quantitative

# **E. Applicant:**

Ortho-Clinical Diagnostics, Inc.

# F. Proprietary and Established Names:

VITROS Immunodiagnostic NT-proBNP Reagent Pack

VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NT-proBNP Calibrator

VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NT-proBNP Range Verifier

# **G. Regulatory Information:**

Product Code	Classification	<b>Regulation Section</b>	Panel
NBC	Class II	21 CFR 862.1117, B-type	75, Clinical
		natriuretic peptide test	Chemistry (CH)
		system.	
JIT	Class II	21 CFR 862.1150,	75, Clinical
		Calibrator, Secondary	Chemistry (CH)
JJX	Class I	21 CFR 862.1660, Single	75, Clinical
		(specified) analyte	Chemistry (CH)
		controls (assayed and	
		unassayed)	

## H. Intended Use:

1. Intended use(s):

## VITROS Immunodiagnostic NT-proBNP Reagent Pack

For the *in vitro* quantitative measurement of N-terminal pro Brain Natriuretic Peptide (NT-proBNP) in human serum and plasma (EDTA or heparin) to aid in the diagnosis of congestive heart failure and for the risk stratification of acute coronary syndrome and congestive heart failure. The test is further indicated as an aid in the assessment of increased risk of cardiovascular events and mortality in patients at risk for heart failure who have stable coronary artery disease. The test can also be used in the assessment of heart failure severity in patients diagnosed with congestive heart failure.

### VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NT-proBNP Calibrator

For *in vitro* use in the calibration of the VITROS ImmunodiagnosticSystem for the quantitative measurement of N-terminal pro Brain Natriuretic Peptide (NT-proBNP) in human serum and plasma (EDTA or heparin).

#### VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NT-proBNP Range Verifier

For the *in vitro* use in verifying the calibration range of the VITROS Immunodiagnostic System when used for the quantitative measurement of N-terminal pro Brain Natriuretic Peptide (NT-proBNP).

2. Indication(s) for use:

See Intended Use section above

3. <u>Special conditions for use statement(s):</u>

Prescription use only

4. Special instrument requirements:

The device is intended for use with the VITROS Immunodiagnostics System (k962919).

### I. Device Description:

One VITROS NT-proBNP Reagent Pack contains:

• 100 coated wells (streptavidin source, bacterial; binds  $\geq$  3 ng biotin/well)

- 8.2 mL conjugate reagent [HRP-sheep polyclonal anti-NT-proBNP, binds ≥ 37,000 pg NT-proBNP/mL (≥ 4,366 pmol NT-proBNP/L)] in buffer with bovine serum albumin and antimicrobial agent.
- 8.2 mL biotinylated antibody reagent [biotin-sheep polyclonal anti-NTproBNP, binds ≥ 37,000 pg NT-proBNP/mL ≥ 4,366 pmol NTproBNP/L)] in buffer with sheep serum, bovine serum albumin, bovine gamma globulin and antimicrobial agent.

NT-proBNP Calibrator contains 1 set of NT-proBNP Calibrators 1, 2, and 3 (2 mL, in buffer with bovine serum albumin and microbial agent).

NT-proBNP Range Verifier contains 2 sets of NT-proBNP range verifiers low and high (1 mL NT-proBNP in buffer with bovine serum albumin and antimicrobial agent).

Human source materials were tested by FDA approved methods and found to be negative /non-reactive for HCV, HIV-1/2, and HBsAg.

### J. Substantial Equivalence Information:

- <u>Predicate device name(s):</u> Roche Diagnostics Elecsys proBNP Immunoassay
- 2. <u>Predicate K number(s):</u> k053182

Vitros NT-proBNP Reagent Pack Similarities						
Item	Vitros	Roche				
Indications for Use	aid in the diagnosis of	aid in the diagnosis of				
	congestive heart failure	individuals suspected				
	and for the risk	of having congestive				
	stratification of acute	heart failure. The test is				
	coronary syndrome and	further indicated for the				
	congestive heart failure.	risk stratification of				
	The test is further	patients with acute				
	indicated as an aid in the	coronary syndrome and				
	assessment of increased	congestive heart failure.				
	risk of cardiovascular	The test may also serve				
	events and mortality in	as an aid in the				
	patients at risk for heart	assessment of increased				
	failure who have stable	risk of cardiovascular				
	coronary artery disease.	events and mortality in				
		patients at risk for heart				
		failure who have stable				
		coronary artery disease.				
Reportable Range	5.00-35,000 pg/mL	5.00-35,000 pg/mL				

Comparison with predicate

Vitros NT-proBNP Reagent Pack Similarities					
Item	Vitros	Roche			
Antibody	polyclonal anti-NT-	polyclonal anti-NT-			
	proBNP (sheep)	proBNP (sheep)			
Sample Type	serum and plasma	serum and plasma			
Expected Values	125 pg/mL for patients	125 pg/mL for patients			
	younger than 75 years	younger than 75 years			
	and 450 pg/mL for	and 450 pg/mL for			
	patients 75 years and	patients 75 years and			
	older	older			
Analytical Sensitivity	less than 5 pg/mL	5 pg/mL			

Vitros NT-proBNP Reagent Pack Differences						
Item	Vitros	Roche				
Indications for Use	The test can also be used	Does not include an				
	in the assessment of heart	indication for assessment				
	failure severity in	of heart failure severity				
	patients diagnosed with					
	congestive heart failure					
Instrument	VITROS	Elecsys family of				
	Immunodiagnostic	analyzers				
	System					
Assay Principle	Chemiluminescence	Electrochemiluminescence				
Hook Effect	No high dose hook up to	No high dose hook up to				
	500,000 pg/mL	300,000 pg/mL				
Functional Sensitivity	less than 10 pg/mL	less than 50 pg/mL				

VITROS NT-proBNP Calibrator Similarities					
Item	Vitros	Roche			
Intended Use	used for calibrating the	used for calibrating the			
	quantitative NT-proBNP	quantitative NT-proBNP			
	assay	assay			

VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NT-proBNP Calibrator Differences					
Item	Vitros	Roche			
Matrix	Liquid; NT-proBNP in buffer with bovine serum albumin and antimicrobial agent	Lyophilized equine serum matrix with added synthetic NT-proBNP			
Levels	Cal 1 0 pg/mL; Cal 2 150 pg/mL; Cal 3 12,500 pg/mL	Cal 1 140 pg/mL; Cal 2 2700 pg/mL			

VITROS NT-proBNP Range Verifier Similarities						
Item	Vitros	Roche				
Intended Use	in vitro use in verifying	in vitro use in verifying				
	the calibration range of	the calibration range of				
	the VITROS	the VITROS				
	Immunodiagnostic	Immunodiagnostic				
	System	System				
Levels	Low and High	Low and High				

### K. Standard/Guidance Document Referenced (if applicable):

#### STANDARDS

#### Title and Reference Number

CLSI - Method Comparison and Bias Estimation Using Patient Samples; Approved Guideline (EP9-A 1995)

CLSI - Evaluation of Precision Performance of Clinical Chemistry Devices; Approved Guideline (EP5-A)

CLSI - Interference Testing in Clinical Chemistry; Approved Guideline (EP7-A)

CLSI – Evaluation of Linearity; Approved Guideline (EP6-A)

CLSI – Limits of Detection and Quantitation; Approved Guideline (EP17-A)

#### GUIDANCE

Document Title	Office	Division	Web Page
Class II Special Control Guidance Document for B-Type Natriuretic Peptide Premarket Notifications; Final Guidance for Industry and FDA Reviewers	OIVD	DCTD	http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/ode/guidance/1072.html

# L. Test Principle:

The VITROS NT-proBNP assay is performed using the VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NT-proBNP Reagent Pack and VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NTproBNP Calibrators on the VITROS Immunodiagnostic System. An immunometric technique is used. NT-proBNP present in the specimen reacts simultaneously with a biotinylated antibody and a horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-labeled conjugate. The antigen-antibody complex is captured by streptavidin on the wells. Unbound materials are removed by washing. A reagent containing luminogenic substrates (a luminol derivative and peracid salt) and an electron transfer agent (a substituted acetanilide) is added to the wells. The HRP in the bound conjugate catalyzes the oxidation of the luminol derivative, producing light. The electron transfer agent increases the level and duration of the light produced. The light signals are read by the VITROS Immunodiagnostic System. The amount of HRP conjugate bound is directly proportional to the concentration of NT-proBNP present in the specimen.

### M. Performance Characteristics (if/when applicable):

## 1. <u>Analytical performance:</u>

### a. Precision/Reproducibility:

Precision was evaluated according to CLSI protocol EP5. Two replicates of each of 3 frozen control sera and 4 frozen human sample pools were assayed on 2 separate occasions per day on at least 20 different days. The experiment was performed using 3 reagent lots on three different VITROS Immunodiagnostic Systems.

	Conventional Units = pg/mL								
	Mean	With	in-run*	Within-ca	libration**	Within	-lab***	]	
	NT-proBNP							No.	No.
	Conc.	SD	CV (%)	SD	CV (%)	SD	CV (%)	Observ.	Days
	68.4	0.746	1.1	3.08	4.6	3.48	5.0	84	28
	112	0.825	0.7	6.66	6.0	6.26	5.5	84	28
System 1	395	3.97	1.0	18.0	4.6	16.8	4.2	84	28
	26383	289	1.1	533	2.0	549	2.1	84	28
	212	2.03	1.0	5.24	2.5	5.67	2.6	84	28
	680	5.17	0.8	11.4	1.7	12.3	1.8	84	28
	7640	88.0	1.2	146	1.9	157	2.0	84	28
	67.6	1.18	1.7	3.19	4.7	3.03	4.5	84	28
	111	1.27	1.1	6.20	5.6	6.31	5.7	84	28
System 2	394	4.83	1.2	16.5	4.2	16.9	4.3	84	28
	26723	357	1.3	889	3.3	1053	4.0	84	28
	212	1.74	0.8	4.51	2.1	4.37	2.1	84	28
	692	6.74	1.0	11.7	1.7	12.6	1.8	84	28
	7826	63.2	0.8	122	1.6	155	2.0	84	28
	71.2	0.817	1.2	3.11	4.4	3.04	4.2	84	28
	116	1.01	0.9	6.90	6.0	6.06	5.2	84	28
System 3	406	3.48	0.9	20.1	5.0	16.8	4.1	84	28
	27449	342	1.3	831	3.1	705	2.5	84	28
	214	1.54	0.7	4.98	2.4	5.78	2.7	84	28
	685	4.48	0.7	13.4	2.0	14.2	2.0	84	28
	7702	79.3	1.0	170	2.3	179	2.3	84	28

\* Within-run (Repeatability): Between-duplicate precision was determined using duplicate determinations.

\*\* Within-calibration: Total within calibration precision was determined using a single lot of reagent over a single calibration interval.

\*\*\*Within-lab: Total within-lab precision was estimated using a single reagent lot calibrated weekly

### b. Linearity/assay reportable range:

The claimed measuring range of the assay is 5 - 35,000 pg/mL.

A linearity study was conducted using 10 pooled samples with values ranging from 3.97 to 30,727 pg/mL. The mean measured concentrations of pools 2 to 10, when expressed as a percentage of the calculated concentrations, gave a mean result of 99.2%, with a range of 95.1% to 105%. Analysis by linear regression also indicated that the assay is linear across the range tested (3.97 to 30,727 pg/mL) with the following regression equation: y = 0.9687x - 15.011, R = 0.9999. An additional linearity study was conducted to assess the linearity of the assay up to 35,000 pg/mL, which is the upper limit of the reportable range of the assay. In this study, the samples ranged from 2.29 to 44, 653 pg/mL. The mean measured concentrations of pools 2 to 10, when expressed as a percentage of the calculated concentrations, gave a mean result of 98.3%, with a range of 97.6% to 99.7%.

To assess the potential for high dose hook effect, a series of samples having NT-proBNP concentrations ranging from 8100 to 514,667 pg/mL were assayed in the VITROS NT-proBNP assay. Singleton determinations of each sample were made with each of 3 Master Lots. No high dose hook effect was observed in the VITROS NT-proBNP assay in samples containing up to 500,000 pg/mL NT-proBNP.

c. Traceability, Stability, Expected values (controls, calibrators, or methods): Both the Calibrators and Range Verifiers are value assigned by performing multiple determinations using several VITROS Immunodiagnostic Systems. The values for the calibrators are assigned by performing multiple determination of each calibrator. The calibrators are traceable to reference calibrators, which have been value assigned to correlate with the Roche Elecsys proBNP immunoassay. VITROS Immunodiagnostic Products NTproBNP Range Verifiers and VITROS NT-proBNP Calibrators are supplied ready for use and are stored at 2-8 °C until the expiration date. Stability studies are ongoing.

To establish the open-vial stability of the VITROS NT-proBNP Range Verifiers, the verifiers were pooled and stored in sample cups at 2-8°C and -20°C. The pooled VITROS NT-proBNP Range Verifiers were tested at the initial time point (day 0) and days 4 (interim), 7 (expiry) and 10 (post expiry) of the trial using three Master Kit Lots and three lots of VITROS NT-proBNP Range Verifiers. All data for stored 2-8°C Range Verifiers and fresh Range Verifiers, returned results within acceptance limits up to and including the day 10 time-point, therefore, supporting the storage claim of 7 days at 2-8°C.

To establish the open-vial stability of the VITROS NT-proBNP Calibrators, the calibrators were opened, pooled and stored in sample cups at 2-8°C. The pooled calibrators were tested at the initial timepoint. The calibrators stored at 2-8°C were tested at weeks 0, 4, 8 and 10. The stored calibrators were

compared against fresh calibrators using 3 Master Lots. The data obtained demonstrates no differences between the fresh and stored calibrators. The data supports the storage of the calibrators at 2-8°C after opening for up to 8 weeks.

#### d. Detection limit:

The limit of detection (LoD) for NT-proBNP is 4.29 pg/mL, determined using methods consistent with the CLSI guideline EP17-A, with proportions of false positives ( $\alpha$ ) less than 1% and false negatives ( $\beta$ ) less than 1%. This determination was based on 1049 determinations, with 150 blank and 899 low-level samples. The Limit of Blank (LoB) was determined to be 1.71 pg/mL. The limit of quantitation (LoQ) was set at 5.00 pg/mL to ensure acceptable precision within the lower range of the assay.

Analytical Sensitivity = < 5.00 pg/mL

LoB = 1.71 pg/mL, LoD = 4.29 pg/mL and LoQ = 5.00 pg/mL

Functional sensitivity = 10.0 pg/mL (The sponsor has defined function sensitivity as the concentration at which the assay achieves 20% CV.)

#### e. Analytical specificity:

Specificity of the VITROS NT-proBNP assay was evaluated by testing the following substances as recommended by the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI) document EP7. They were found not to interfere (bias <10%) with the assay at a NT-proBNP concentration of approximately 125 pg/mL.

	20	1.32			0.099
Acetaminophen	mg/dL	mmol/L	Lisinopril	4 mg/dL	mmol/L
	271	16.6			0.198
N-Acetyl-L-cysteine	mg/dL	mmol/L	Lovastatin (Mevinolin)	8 mg/dL	mmol/L
	100	5.55		0.600	0.019
Acetylsalicylic acid	mg/dL	mmol/L	Marcumar (Warfarin)	mg/dL	mmol/L
Adrenalin	0.037	1.68			0.084
(Epinephrine HCI)	mg/dL	µmol/L	Methyl Dopa	2 mg/dL	mmol/L
	100	2.69	6-alpha-		0.214
Ampicillin	mg/dL	mmol/L	Methylprednisolone	8 mg/dL	mmol/L
	30	1.70		1.5	0.022
Ascorbic acid	mg/dL	mmol/L	Metoprolol +/- Tartrate	mg/dL	mmol/L
	20	0.342		20	1.17
Bilirubin	mg/dL	mmol/L	Metronidazole	mg/dL	mmol/L
	0.002	81.9		2.4	0.099
Biotin	mg/dL	nmol/L	Molsidomine	mg/dL	mmol/L
Bisoprolol		0.026			0.174
Hemifumarate	1 mg/dL	mmol/L	Nicardipine HCI	9 mg/dL	mmol/L
	15	0.690			0.173
Captopril	mg/dL	mmol/L	Nifedipine	6 mg/dL	mmol/L
		0.123		40	1.30
Carvedilol	5 mg/dL	mmol/L	Phenylbutazone	mg/dL	mmol/L
	250	5.56			0.090
Cefoxitin Sodium	mg/dL	mmol/L	Pravastatin	4 mg/dL	mmol/L
Cyclosporin A	0.500	0.004	Propafenone HCI	90	2.38

	mg/dL	mmol/L		mg/dL	mmol/L
Clopidogrel	7.5	0.179		228	7.71
Hydrogensulfate	mg/dL	mmol/L	Propranolol HCI	mg/dL	mmol/L
	0.030	0.392		0.112	
Digitoxin	mg/dL	µmol/L	Retavase	mg/dL	na
	0.050	0.640			0.073
Digoxin	mg/dL	µmol/L	Rifampicin	6 mg/dL	mmol/L
	1000	30			0.096
Dipyrone	mg/dL	mmol/L	Simvastatin	4 mg/dL	mmol/L
	6.9	0.067		200	30.8
Doxycycline Hyclate	mg/dL	mmol/L	Sodium Azide	mg/dL	mmol/L
		0.081		32	1.04
Enalapril Maleate	4 mg/dL	mmol/L	Sotalol HCI	mg/dL	mmol/L
	0.050	0.001		40	0.960
Gentamicin sulfate	mg/dL	mmol/L	Spironolactone	mg/dL	mmol/L
GlyceryInitrate	19.2	0.845			
(Nitroglycerin)	mg/dL	mmol/L	Streptokinase	na	300 IE
				100	5.54
Heparin (Sodium)	na	5000 U/L	Theophylline	mg/dL	mmol/L
	50	2.42		64	2.37
Ibuprofen	mg/dL	mmol/L	Tolbutamide	mg/dL	mmol/L
	0.084	0.145		20	0.574
Insulin	mg/dL	µmol/L	Torsemide	mg/dL	mmol/L
				3000	33.9
Intralipid	1 mg/dL	na	Triolein	mg/dL	mmol/L
		0.101			
Levodopa	2 mg/dL	mmol/L	Urokinase	na	600 IE
	10	0.427		12	
Lidocaine	mg/dL	mmol/L	Verapamil	mg/dL	0.244 mm

The cross-reactivity of the VITROS NT-proBNP assay was evaluated by adding the following substances to samples containing 0 and approximately 125 pg/mL of analyte. Cross-reactivity was expressed as the mean result obtained for the cross-reactant pool divided by the cross-reactant concentration in percentage terms.

Test Substance	Concentra	ation Tested	% Cross-Reactivity
ANP <sub>28</sub>	3.1 µg/mL	1.01 µmol/L	< 0.1
NT-proANP <sub>1-30</sub> (preproANP <sub>26-55</sub> )	3.5 µg/mL	0.998 µmol/L	< 0.1
NT-proANP <sub>31-67</sub> (preproANP <sub>56-92</sub> )	1.0 ng/mL	0.258 nmol/L	< 0.1
NT-proANP <sub>79-98</sub> (preproANP <sub>104-123</sub> )	1.0 ng/mL	0.458 nmol/L	< 0.1
BNP <sub>32</sub> (Natrecor)	3.5 µg/mL	1.01 µmol/L	< 0.1
CNP <sub>22</sub>	2.2 µg/mL	1.00 µmol/L	< 0.1
Adrenomedullin	1.0 ng/mL	0.166 nmol/L	< 0.1
Aldosterone	0.6 ng/mL	1.66 nmol/L	< 0.1
Angiotensin I	0.6 ng/mL	0.463 nmol/L	< 0.1
Angiotensin II	0.6 ng/mL	0.574 nmol/L	< 0.1
Angiotensin III	1.0 ng/mL	1.29 nmol/L	< 0.1
Endothelin	20 pg/mL	8.45 pmol/L	< 0.1
Urodilatin	3.5 µg/mL	0.998 µmol/L	< 0.1
Arg-Vasopressin	1.0 ng/mL	0.922 nmol/L	< 0.1
Renin	50 ng/mL	21.9 nmol/L	< 0.1

Hemoglobin may interfere with the VITROS NT-proBNP assay. At an NT-proBNP level of 88.4 pg/mL (10.4 pmol/L), hemoglobin at 400

			Units = pg/mL (pmol/L)		
Interferent	Interferent C	oncentration	Analyte Conc*	Bias**	
Hemoglobin	0.248 mmol/L	400 mg/dL	88.4 (10.4)	11.4 (1.34)	
Hemoglobin	0.310 mmol/L	500 mg/dL	88.4 (10.4)	15.8 (1.86)	

and 500 mg/dL caused a positive bias of 11.4 and 15.8 pg/mL respectively.

#### f. Assay cut-off:

The assay cutoffs are 125 pg/mL for patients younger than 75 years and 450 pg/mL for patients 75 years and older.

#### 2. <u>Comparison studies:</u>

#### a. Method comparison with predicate device:

Accuracy was evaluated based on CLSI Protocol EP9. The plots show the results of a method comparison study using patient samples analyzed on the VITROS System with those analyzed using the Roche Elecsys proBNP assay. The relationship between the two methods was determined by Deming's regression.



Roche Elecsys proBNP (pg/mL)

### b. Matrix comparison:

Individual results from three determinations of each sample type (serum, EDTA plasma, and heparin plasma) and after storage at 2-8° C and after 1, 2 and 3 freeze/thaw cycles were tabulated. The mean value for each specimen type within each storage condition was calculated from the three determinations. The overall mean, SD and CV (%) for each sample type across storage conditions were also calculated. For each condition (sample type or storage), % differences were calculated from the baseline (serum for specimen type and fresh for storage condition). The mean and range of the % differences, across all samples, for each condition were calculated. The results indicated that all sample types are suitable (< 10% mean percent difference) for use in the VITROS NT-proBNP assay and that their suitability is not

affected by storage.

## 3. <u>Clinical studies</u>:

## a. Clinical Sensitivity:

The clinical sensitivity and specificity of the VITROS NT-proBNP immunoassay using decision thresholds of 125 pg/mL for patients younger than 75 years and 450 pg/mL for patients 75 years and older are presented below.

Males								
Age (yrs)	< 45	45-64	55-64	65-74	<75	>75		
% Sensitivity	100.0	70.0	85.2	95.6	89.4	86.0		
95% Confidence	29.2-	34.8-	66.3-	84.9-	80.8-	73.3-		
interval	100.0	93.3	95.8	99.5	95.0	94.9		
N (total)	3	10	27	45	85	50		
N (above	3	7	23	43	76	43		
decision								
threshold)								
% Specificity	87.5	100.0	88.6	63.2	84.1	100.0		
95% Confidence	61.7-	73.5-	73.3-	38.4-	74.4-	75.3-		
interval	98.4	100.0	96.8	83.7	91.3	100.0		
N (total)	16	12	35	19	82	13		
N (below	14	12	31	12	69	13		
decision								
threshold)								

	Females								
Age (yrs)	< 45	45-64	55-64	65-74	<75	>75			
% Sensitivity	66.7	100.0	94.7	96.4	94.9	79.2			
95% Confidence	9.43-	66.4-	74.0-	81.7-	85.9-	65.0-			
interval	99.2	100.0	99.9	99.9	98.9	91.4			
N (total)	3	9	19	28	59	48			
N (above decision	2	9	18	27	56	4338			
threshold)									
% Specificity	92.0	80.6	66.0	68.0	75.0	84.2			
95% Confidence	74.0-	62.5-	50.7-	46.5-	66.2-	60.4-			
interval	99.0	92.5	79.1	85.1	82.2	97.1			
N (total)	25	31	47	25	128	19			
N (below decision	23	25	31	17	96	16			
threshold)									

b. Clinical specificity:

See Clinical Sensitivity section

#### c. Other clinical supportive data (when a. and b. are not applicable):

Three peer reviewed literature references were provided demonstrating clinical support of the additional indications for use as an aid in the assessment of increased risk of cardiovascular events and mortality in patients at risk for heart failure who have stable coronary artery disease. All three studies measured NT-proBNP using the Elecsys proBNP Immunoassay, to which the VITROS NT-proBNP assay is traceable. The VITROS NT-proBNP assay uses the same antibody as the Roche Elecsys assay. In the VITROS NT-proBNP assay, the calibrators are traceable to reference calibrators, which have been value assigned to correlate with the Roche Elecsys proBNP immunoassay. The Elecsys and VITROS assays have the same analytical range, 5-35,000 pg/mL. The method comparison between the Elecsys and VITROS assays shows that the two assays compare with the following regression equation: VITROS NT-proBNP (y) = 0.9839(x) Roche Elecsys proBNP + 19.7 pg/mL. The studies are:

Schnabel R, Rupprecht HJ, Lackner KJ, Lubos E, Bickel C, et al. Analysis of N-Terminal-pro-Brain Natriuretic Peptide and C-Reactive Protein for Risk Stratification in Stable and Unstable Coronary Artery Disease: Results from the AtheroGene Study. European Heart Journal, 2005. 26(3):241-249.

Kragelund C, Groenning B, Kober L, Hildebrandt P and Steffensen R. N-Terminal Pro-B-Type Natriuretic Peptide and Long-Term Mortality in Stable Coronary Heart Disease. The New England Journal of Medicine, 2005. 352(7):666-675.

Ndrepepa G, Braun S, Niemoller K, Mehilli J, von Beckerath N, et al. Prognostic Value of N-Terminal Pro-Brain Natriuretic Peptide in Patients with Chronic Stable Angina. Circulation, 2005. 112:2102-2107.

Three literature references were provided which provide support for the claim for the use of the VITROS NT-proBNP assay for the risk stratification of acute coronary syndrome and CHF:

James SK, et al. NT-proBNP and Other Risk Markers for the Separate Prediction of Mortality and Subsequent Myocardial Infarction in Patients with Unstable Coronary Artery Disease. (GUSTO)-IV Substudy. Circulation 2003; 108: 275-281.

Jernberg T, Stridsberg M, Venge P, Lindahl B. N-terminal Pro-Brain Natriuretic Peptide on Admission for Early Risk Stratification of Patients with Chest Pain and No ST-Segment Elevation. J Am Coll Cardiol 2002; 40:437Fisher C, et al. NT-proBNP Predicts Prognosis in Patients with Chronic Heart Failure. Heart 2003; 89: 879-881.

#### 4. <u>Clinical cut-off:</u>

Recommended clinical thresholds are 125 pg/mL for patients younger than 75 years and 450 pg/mL for patients 75 years and older. The Receiver Operator Curve (ROC) compares clinical sensitivity and specificity at various decision thresholds. The optimum decision threshold maximizes the area under the curve (AUC) and represents the highest sensitivity and specificity for the assay. The ROC analysis for the VITROS NT-proBNP assay is presented below. The AUC for the VITROS NT-proBNP assay is 0.950 with a 95% Confidence Interval of 0.931 to 0.968.



Reference Cohort N = 242 Disease Cohort N = 242 Area Under Curve = 0.950

A box and whisker plot for the clinical study population is presented below. Recommended clinical thresholds are 125 pg/mL (14.8 pmol/L) for patients younger than 75 years and 450 pg/mL (53.1 pmol/L) for patients 75 years and older.



#### 5. Expected values/Reference range:

445.

The circulating NT-proBNP concentration was determined from 242 individuals without CHF (95 men and 147 women). This population included apparently healthy individuals and individuals with diabetes, hypertension, pulmonary disease, and mild renal insufficiency. The descriptive statistics for NT-proBNP concentrations in the reference cohort are shown in the following tables.

All							
Age (yrs)	<45	45-54	55-64	65-74	<75	>=75	
Mean (pg/mL)	64.0	61.5	102	120	90.2	249	
SD	74.4	53.1	132	95.0	104	170	
Median (pg/mL)	43.8	40.2	63.6	98.3	60.6	206	
95th Percentile	251	158	288	288	271	598	
% <125 pg/mL	90.2	86.0	75.6	65.9	78.6	-	
% <450 pg/mL	-	-	-	-	-	90.6	
N	41	43	82	44	210	32	

Males							
Age (yrs)	<45	45-54	55-64	65-74	<75	>=75	
Mean (pg/mL)	61.4	36.5	96.3	146	92.3	187	
SD	89.0	34.0	173	127	138	128	
Median (pg/mL)	32.6	22.4	48.0	107	52.2	145	
95th Percentile	266	87.7	351	346	310	391	
% <125 pg/mL	87.5	100.0	88.6	63.2	84.1	-	
% <450 pg/mL	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	
N	16	12	35	19	82	13	

Females							
Age (yrs)	<45	45-54	55-64	65-74	<75	>=75	
Mean (pg/mL)	65.6	71.2	106	101	88.9	292	
SD	65.3	56.4	91.6	55.5	74.2	185	
Median (pg/mL)	55.7	47.0	73.4	87.3	66.7	254	
95th Percentile	168	162	288	213	228	615	
% <125 pg/mL	92.0	80.6	66.0	68.0	75.0	-	
% <450 pg/mL	-	-	-	-	-	84.2	
N	25	31	47	25	128	19	

Blood samples were obtained from 242 patients diagnosed with CHF (135 men and 107 women). The descriptive statistics for NT-proBNP concentrations in patients with CHF and NYHA Classifications I - IV are presented in the tables below.

CHF Population - All							
NYHA Functional Class							
	ALL	NYHA I	NYHA II	NYHA III	NYHA IV		
Mean (pg/mL)	2124	1299	1467	3390	2956		
\$D	4165	1730	1638	7089	3179		
Median (pg/mL)	1210	741	917	1870	1665		
5th Percentile	109	137	85.3	191	260		
95th Percentile	7193	2923	4514	10584	8993		
% > cutoff	88.0	86.0	83.8	91.0	100.0		
N	242	50	99	67	26		
Minimum	15.3	78.1	15.3	48.0	139		
Maximum	55600	9220	7900	55600	10800		

CHF Population- Males									
NYHA Functional Class									
ALL NYHA I NYHA II NYHA III NYHA IV									
Mean (pg/mL)	2124	1338	1674	2905	3598				
SD	2471	1761	1791	3232	3066				
Median (pg/mL)	1490	802	960	2305	2115				
5th Percentile	98.0	125	83.1	385	318				
95th Percentile	7305	2941	5664	8044	8758				
% > cutoff	88.1	85.7	83.1	93.8	100.0				
N	135	28	59	32	16				
Minimum	48.0	78.1	50.6	48.0	253				
Maximum	16000	9220	7900	16000	9110				

CHF Population - Females								
NYHA Functional Class								
ALL NYHA I NYHA II NYHA III NYHA IV								
Mean (pg/mL)	2125	1249	1161	3832	1929			
SD	5632	1730	1344	9360	3241			
Median (pg/mL)	862	658	735	1550	701			
5th Percentile	138	301	103	259	202			
95th Percentile	6957	2397	3100	9896	7348			
% > cutoff	87.9	86.4	85.0	88.6	100.0			
N	107	22	40	35	10			
Minimum	15.3	133	15.3	56.3	139			
Maximum	55600	8380	7200	55600	10800			

# N. Proposed Labeling:

The labeling is sufficient and it satisfies the requirements of 21 CFR Part 809.10.

# **O.** Conclusion:

The submitted information in this premarket notification is complete and supports a substantial equivalence decision.