SPECIAL 510(k) Device Modification Decision Summary

To: BD Diagnostics RE: K132256

This 510(k) submission contains information/data on modifications made to the SUBMITTER'S own Class II device requiring 510(k). The following items are present and acceptable

1. The name and 510(k) number of the SUBMITTER'S previously cleared device:

Trade Name: BD Veritor™ System Flu A+B assay Clinical kit

510(k) number: K120049, K121797

- Submitter's statement that the INDICATION/INTENDED USE of the modified device as described in its labeling HAS NOT CHANGED along with the proposed labeling which includes instructions for use, package labeling.
- 3. A description of the device **MODIFICATION(S).** The modification presented in this 510(k) is the inclusion of the H7N9 influenza A virus strain below, to the analytical sensitivity information. The submitter tested the ability of the BD Veritor System Flu A+B test to detect the H7N9 influenza A virus. The virus used (A/Anhui/1/2013) was inactivated viral material in clarified allontoic fluid from chicken eggs obtained from the WHO Collaborating Centre for Surveillance, Epidemiology and Control of Influenza, US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Analytical sensitivity testing was done at10 fold dilutions from the stock received from CDC and was tested in triplicate using the BD Veritor System Flu A+B test to establish the approximate level for the LOD:
 - 7.94 x 10⁸ CEID₅₀/mL
 - 7.94 x 10⁷ CEID₅₀/mL
 - 7.94 x 10⁶ CEID₅₀/mL
 - 3.97 x 10⁶ CEID₅₀/mL
 - 1.99 x 10⁶ CEID₅₀/mL
 - 7.94 x 10⁵ CEID₅₀/mL
 - 7.94 x 10⁴ CEID₅₀/mL

(CEID₅₀/mL= 50% Chicken Egg Infectious Dose)

A final dilution was prepared and tested in replicates of 60:

• 5.42 x 10⁶ CEID₅₀/mL

The limit of detection of the BD Veritor System Flu A+B test with A/Anhui/1/2013 H7N9 was $5.42 \times 10^6 \text{ CEID}_{50}$ /mL with a positivity of 98.3% (59/60).

The BD Veritor System Flu A+B Clinical kit package insert has been updated to include the additional analytical sensitivity information.

4. The FUNDAMENTAL SCIENTIFIC TECHNOLOGY of the modified device has not changed.

5. **Comparison Information** (similarities and differences) to applicant's legally marketed predicate device including, labeling, intended use, and physical characteristics:

Similarities

Device Characteristics	Predicate Device: BD Veritor System Flu A+B assay	New Device: BD Veritor System Flu A+B assay
	(K120049, K121797)	Clinical kit (K132256)
	The BD Veritor™ System for Rapid	The BD Veritor™ System for Rapid
Intended Use	Detection of Flu A+B is a rapid	Detection of Flu A+B is a rapid
	chromatographic immunoassay for	chromatographic immunoassay for
	the direct and qualitative detection of	the direct and qualitative detection of
	influenza A and B viral nucleoprotein	influenza A and B viral nucleoprotein
	antigens from nasopharyngeal wash,	antigens from nasopharyngeal wash,
	aspirate and swab in transport media	aspirate and swab in transport media
	samples from symptomatic patients. The BD Veritor System for Rapid	samples from symptomatic patients. The BD Veritor System for Rapid
	Detection of Flu A+B is a	Detection of Flu A+B is a
	differentiated test, such that	differentiated test, such that
	influenza A viral antigens can be	influenza A viral antigens can be
	distinguished from influenza B viral	distinguished from influenza B viral
	antigens from a single processed	antigens from a single processed
	sample using a single device. The	sample using a single device. The
	test is to be used as an aid in the	test is to be used as an aid in the
	diagnosis of influenza A and B viral	diagnosis of influenza A and B viral
	infections. A negative test is	infections. A negative test is
	presumptive and it is recommended	presumptive and it is recommended
	that these results be confirmed by	that these results be confirmed by
	viral culture or an FDA-cleared	viral culture or an FDA-cleared
	influenza A and B molecular assay.	influenza A and B molecular assay.
	Negative test results do not preclude	Negative test results do not preclude
	influenza viral infection and should	influenza viral infection and should
	not be used as the sole basis for	not be used as the sole basis for
	treatment or other patient	treatment or other patient
	management decisions. The test is	management decisions. The test is
	not intended to detect influenza C	not intended to detect influenza C
	antigens.	antigens.
	Performance characteristics for	Performance characteristics for
	influenza A and B nasopharyngeal	influenza A and B nasopharyngeal
	(NP) washes/aspirates were	(NP) washes/aspirates were
	established during January through	established during January through
	March of 2011 when influenza	March of 2011 when influenza
	viruses A/2009 H1N1, A/H3N2,	viruses A/2009 H1N1, A/H3N2,
	B/Victoria lineage, and B/Yamagata	B/Victoria lineage, and B/Yamagata
	lineage were the predominant	lineage were the predominant
	influenza viruses in circulation	influenza viruses in circulation
	according to the Morbidity and	according to the Morbidity and
	Mortality Weekly Report from the	Mortality Weekly Report from the
	CDC entitled "Update: Influenza	CDC entitled "Update: Influenza
	Activity—United States, 2010-2011	Activity—United States, 2010-2011
	Season, and Composition of the	Season, and Composition of the
	2011-2012 Influenza Vaccine."	2011-2012 Influenza Vaccine."
	Performance characteristics may	Performance characteristics may
	vary against other emerging	vary against other emerging

	influenza viruses.	influenza viruses.
	Performance characteristics for influenza A and B NP swabs in transport media were established during January through April of 2012 when influenza viruses A/2009 H1N1, A/H3N2, B/Victoria lineage, and B/Yamagata lineage were the predominant influenza viruses in circulation according to the Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report from the CDC entitled "Update: Influenza Activity—United States, 2011-2012 Season, and Composition of the 2012-2013 Influenza Vaccine." Performance characteristics may vary against other emerging influenza viruses.	Performance characteristics for influenza A and B NP swabs in transport media were established during January through April of 2012 when influenza viruses A/2009 H1N1, A/H3N2, B/Victoria lineage, and B/Yamagata lineage were the predominant influenza viruses in circulation according to the Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report from the CDC entitled "Update: Influenza Activity—United States, 2011-2012 Season, and Composition of the 2012-2013 Influenza Vaccine." Performance characteristics may vary against other emerging influenza viruses.
	If infection with a novel influenza virus is suspected based on current clinical and epidemiological screening criteria recommended by public health authorities, specimens should be collected with appropriate infection control precautions for novel virulent influenza viruses and sent to the state or local health department for testing. Virus culture should not be attempted in these cases unless a BSL 3+ facility is available to receive and culture specimens.	If infection with a novel influenza virus is suspected based on current clinical and epidemiological screening criteria recommended by public health authorities, specimens should be collected with appropriate infection control precautions for novel virulent influenza viruses and sent to the state or local health department for testing. Virus culture should not be attempted in these cases unless a BSL 3+ facility is available to receive and culture specimens.
Specimen Types	Liquid nasopharyngeal wash, aspirate and swab in transport media	Liquid nasopharyngeal wash, aspirate and swab in transport media
Assay Technology	Immunochromotographic	Immunochromotographic
Detection Format	An opto-electronic reader determines the line intensity at each of the spatially-defined test and control line positions, interprets the results using the scoring algorithm, and reports a positive, negative, or invalid result on the LCD screen based on pre-set thresholds.	An opto-electronic reader determines the line intensity at each of the spatially-defined test and control line positions, interprets the results using the scoring algorithm, and reports a positive, negative, or invalid result on the LCD screen based on pre-set thresholds.
Qualitative	Yes	Yes
Total Assay Time	Approximately 10 minutes	Approximately 10 minutes
Control format	Kit Flu A+/B- dry swab procedural control Kit Flu B+/A- dry swab procedural control Internal positive control	Kit Flu A+/B- dry swab procedural control Kit Flu B+/A- dry swab procedural control Internal positive control

	Internal negative control	Internal negative control
Detection of Flu A and B viruses	Differentiated influenza A and influenza B	Differentiated influenza A and influenza B

Differences

The package insert has been updated to include detection of the following H7N9 virus in the analytical sensitivity information section and strain reactivity tables:

A/Anhui/1/2013 H7N9

Disclaimer: "Although this test has been shown to detect the novel avian influenza A(H7N9) cultured virus, the performance characteristics of this device with clinical specimens that are positive for the novel avian influenza A(H7N9) virus have not been established. The BD Veritor System Flu A+B test can distinguish between influenza A and B viruses, but it cannot differentiate influenza A subtypes."

6. Design Control Activities Summary:

Analytical Sensitivity Testing was conducted as described in section 7, "Summary of Studies".

Declaration of Conformity to Design Control

A "Declaration of Conformity" statement was submitted for the manufacturing facility and validation activities and signed by the Director, Regulatory Affairs and Quality Systems. The statements indicate that:

- The verification activities, as required by the risk analysis, for the modification were performed by the designated individual(s) and the results demonstrated that the predetermined acceptance criteria were met.
- 2. The manufacturing facility, BD Rapid Diagnostics Co Ltd, is in conformance with the design control requirements as specified in 21 CFR 820. 30 and the records are available for review.

In conclusion, based on both the results of the analytical sensitivity testing and the risk management report, the modified labeling is truthful and accurate. The changes do not affect the performance of the test and it is therefore substantially equivalent to the current cleared test.

7. A Truthful and Accurate Statement, a 510(k) Summary, and the Indications for Use Enclosure.

The labeling for this modified subject device has been reviewed to verify that the indication/intended use for the device is unaffected by the modification. In addition, the submitter's description of the particular modification and the comparative information between the modified and unmodified devices demonstrate that the fundamental scientific technology has not changed. On this basis, I recommend the device be determined substantially equivalent to the previously cleared device.