

510(k) SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCE DETERMINATION DECISION SUMMARY

I Background Information:

A 510(k) Number

K210585

B Applicant

Becton Dickinson and Company

C Proprietary and Established Names

BD CTGCTV2

D Regulatory Information

Product Code(s)	Classification	Regulation Section	Panel	
QEP	Class II	21 CFR 866.3393 - Device To Detect Nucleic Acids From Non-Viral Microorganism(s) Causing Sexually Transmitted Infections And Associated Resistance Marker(s)	MI - Microbiology	
OUY	Class II	21 CFR 866.3860 - Trichomonas vaginalis nucleic acid assay	MI - Microbiology	
LSL	Class II	21 CFR 866.3390 - Neisseria spp. direct serological test reagents	MI - Microbiology	
MKZ	Class I, reserved	21 CFR 866.3120 - Chlamydia serological reagents	MI - Microbiology	

II Submission/Device Overview:

A Purpose for Submission:

To demonstrate that the performance of the BD CTGCTV2 assay on the BD COR (New System) is equivalent to the performance of the above assay on the BD MAX (Old System) based on the Assay Migration Study approach.

B Measurand:

- Chlamydia trachomatis (CT) DNA
- Neisseria gonorrhoeae (GC) DNA
- Trichomonas vaginalis (TV) DNA

C Type of Test:

Qualitative real-time PCR

III Intended Use/Indications for Use:

A Intended Use(s):

See Indications for Use below.

B Indication(s) for Use:

The BD CTGCTV2 assay incorporates automated DNA extraction and real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the direct, qualitative detection of DNA from:

- Chlamydia trachomatis (CT)
- Neisseria gonorrhoeae (GC)
- Trichomonas vaginalis (TV)

The assay may be used for detection of CT, GC and/or TV DNA in patient- or clinician-collected vaginal swab specimens (in a clinical setting) and male and female urine specimens. The assay may also be used for the detection of CT and GC DNA in endocervical swab and Liquid-Based Cytology (LBC) specimens in ThinPrep PreservCyt Solution using an aliquot that is removed prior to processing for the ThinPrep Pap test. The assay is indicated for use with asymptomatic and symptomatic individuals to aid in the diagnosis of chlamydial urogenital disease, gonococcal urogenital disease and/or trichomoniasis.

The BD CTGCTV2 assay is available for use with the BD MAX System or the BD COR System.

C Special Conditions for Use Statement(s):

Rx - For Prescription Use Only

D Special Instrument Requirements:

BD COR System

IV Device/System Characteristics:

A Device Description:

The New System, BD COR instrument, was developed as a high volume molecular testing device to support the need of diagnostic laboratories for automated processing of large volumes of clinical samples with a concurrent reduction of manual user intervention to obtain test results. When performed on the BD COR system, the CTGCTV2 Assay has no changes to the PCR primer and probe sequences, reagent formulations, detection method, or result analysis algorithms as it compares when performed on the Old System, BD MAX instrument. For an overview of BD CTGCTV2 assay, please refer to K182692. To support the high-throughput capacity on the BD COR, the Unitized Reagent Strips for use on the BD MAX were updated to reagent plates that are sufficient for up to 96 samples. The plastics and the lidding material used for these reagent plates are similar to those used for the BD MAX consumable. Additionally, the PCR cartridge remains unchanged between the BD MAX and the BD COR. The Sample Processing Control, the recommended External Controls as well as the Result Interpretation also remain unchanged between the two instruments.

The BD COR is comprised of a single PX pre-analytical system attached to an MX analyzer, as shown below.

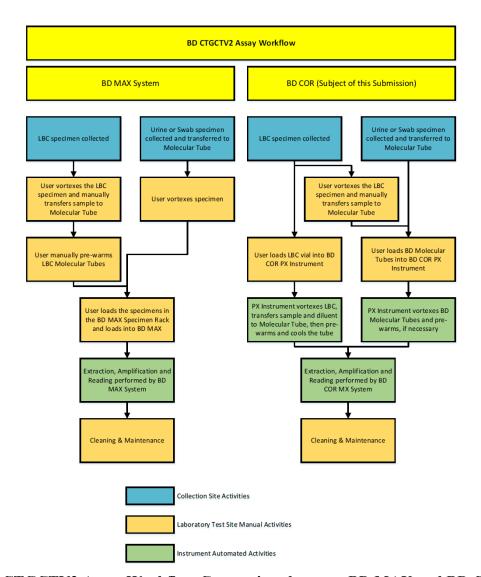


BD COR Instrument

The PX performs the pre-analytical steps required for the assay, specimen loading and unloading, and contains the primary user interface. The PX is specifically designed to automatically perform a number of steps that are performed manually when testing samples using the BD MAX. As such, the sample vortexing, aliquoting clinical specimens into a molecular vial with the correct diluent, sorting/grouping of the samples, pre-warming and cooling of the samples, and transport of the samples to the MX analyzer are all performed by the PX. The MX is a high-throughput molecular analyzer and performs all the BD CTGCTV2 Assay workflow steps that are carried out on the BD MAX (as described in K182692). The MX was specifically designed to utilize the same fundamental operating principles and methodologies as the BD MAX System and contains instrumentation and reagents for extraction, amplification and

detection of target DNA. Once the clinical specimens are received in the laboratory and loaded into the transport racks, the user will not be required to directly handle the specimen again prior to result reporting and removal from the system. Additionally, there are no changes to the sample collection kits and associated sample collection procedures.

The comparison of the workflow between BD MAX and BD COR is illustrated below.



BD CTGCTV2 Assay Workflow Comparison between BD MAX and BD COR

The BD COR System incorporates current consumable contamination prevention features of the BD MAX to manage sample contamination in the instruments. These practices include the restriction of pipette travel while containing sample, the use of air transport gaps, and single use consumables to minimize sample contamination during the extraction process. Users will be provided instructions on required regular contamination management cleaning.

B Principle of Operation:

The BD CTGCTV2 Assay has not been changed for the migration to the BD COR, but steps of the procedure that were manually performed by users are automated when using the PX/MX. Users may still manually aliquot PreservCyt (LBC) specimen into the BD Molecular LBC Sample Buffer Tube (SBT) prior to testing on the BD COR. However, the BD COR has the capability to perform all steps of the BD CTGCTV2 Assay to include specimen aliquoting from PreservCyt LBC vial into an SBT filled from bulk buffer bottles. Once specimens are loaded into the PX, the PX performs all pre-analytical steps, including sample transfer into SBTs (when required), pre-warming (when required) to homogenize matrix and lyse cells, vortexing, and cooling. Following the pre-processing steps, the PX loads samples into shuttles that transfer samples to the MX. After arriving at the MX, samples undergo extraction, amplification, and real-time detection of target DNA, which are the same as those performed by the BD MAX.

C Instrument Description Information:

1. Instrument Name:

The BD COR System

2. Specimen Identification:

The BD COR System is designed to allow the users to place clinical specimens directly into designated transport racks to be loaded onto the PX. Once loaded onto the system, sample login will be performed automatically by the PX and assay menu selection will be automatically made based on Laboratory Information System (LIS) order.

3. Specimen Sampling and Handling:

Automatically performed by the PX Instrument of the BD COR.

4. Calibration:

BD COR does not require user calibration. Annual preventative maintenance is required to be performed by BD authorized service personnel.

5. Quality Control:

The Quality Control for the BD CTGCTV2 Assay remains the same for both BD MAX and BD COR.

The assay includes a Specimen Processing Control (SPC) that is present in each Extraction Tube. The SPC monitors DNA extraction steps, thermal cycling steps, reagent integrity and the presence of inhibitory substances.

Similar to the BD MAX, External Control materials are not provided by BD for the BD COR. External positive and negative controls are not used by the BD COR system software for the purpose of test result interpretation. External controls are treated as patient samples. The external positive control is intended to monitor for substantial reagent failure. The external negative control is intended to detect reagent or environmental contamination (or carry-over) by target nucleic acids. It is recommended that one external positive control and one external negative control be run at least daily until adequate process validation is achieved on the BD COR in each laboratory setting. Reduced frequency of control testing should be in accordance with applicable regulations as suggested in the package insert.

V Substantial Equivalence Information:

A Predicate Device Name(s):

BD CTGCTV2 for BD MAX System

B Predicate 510(k) Number(s):

K182692

C Comparison with Predicate(s):

Device & Predicate Device(s):	<u>K210585</u>	<u>K182692</u>							
Device Trade Name	BD CTGCTV2 (for Use with the BD COR System)	BD CTGCTV2 for BD MAX System							
General Device Characteristic Similarities									
Intended Use/Indications For Use	The BD CTGCTV2 assay incorporates automated DNA extraction and real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the direct, qualitative detection of DNA from: • Chlamydia trachomatis (CT) • Neisseria gonorrhoeae (GC)	The BD CTGCTV2 for BD MAX System, performed on the BD MAX System, incorporates automated DNA extraction and real-time polymerase							

	• Trichomonas vaginalis (TV)	chain reaction (PCR) for the direct, qualitative detection of DNA from:
	Trichomonas vaginalis (TV) The assay may be used for detection of CT, GC and/or TV DNA in patient- or clinician-collected vaginal swab specimens (in a clinical setting) and male and female urine specimens. The assay may also be used for the detection of CT and GC DNA in endocervical swab and Liquid-Based Cytology (LBC) specimens in ThinPrep PreservCyt Solution using an aliquot that is removed prior to processing for the ThinPrep Pap test. The assay is indicated for use with asymptomatic and symptomatic individuals to aid in the diagnosis of chlamydial urogenital disease, gonococcal urogenital disease and/or trichomoniasis. The BD CTGCTV2 assay is available for use with the BD	` /
	MAX System or the BD COR System.	
		Swab Sample Buffer Tube (2.0 mL)
Collection/Transport Device	Same	Urine Sample Buffer Tube (0.5 mL)
- should trainsport Bevilee		LBC Sample Buffer Tube (1.5 mL)
Sample Preparation		1 swab added to Swab Sample Buffer Tube
Sample 1 reparation	Same	2.0 mL urine added to Urine Sample Buffer Tube
		0.5 mL LBC added to LBC Sample Buffer Tube
Assay Results	Same	Qualitative
Organisms Detected	Same	CT, GC, and TV
Instrument	BD COR	BD MAX

Technology	Same	Real-time PCR	
		For CT and GC:	
		Clinician-collected vaginal swab	
		Patient-collected vaginal swab	
		• Endocervical swab	
		• PreservCyt LBC	
Specimens	Same	• Urine (female and male)	
		For TV:	
		Clinician-collected vaginal swab,	
		Patient-collected vaginal swab	
		• Urine (female and male)	
Assay Controls	Same	Sample Processing Control	7
Extraction	Same Same	Magnetic affinity beaten with affinitias b	eads wit
On-board Lysis	Same	On-board lysis of all specimens	
		Target Dye Channel	\exists
		CT FAM FAM	
		CT FAM FAM	
Target Detection	Same	GC (GC1) CFO VIC	
		GC (GC2) Q705 CY5.5	
		TV Q670 CY5	
	General Device Characteristic Di	fferences	
LBC Sample Transfer from PreservCyt Vial to SBT	Automatic (on board) or manual	Manual	1
LBC Sample Pre-warm	Automatic (on board)	by BD Pre-Warm Heater	
Maximum Output of Results per Run	72 samples	24 samples	

VI Standards/Guidance Documents Referenced:

1. CDRH Draft Guidance for Industry and Food and Drug Administration Staff: Assay Migration Studies for In Vitro Diagnostic Devices. April 25, 2013

- 2. CDRH Draft Guidance for Industry and Food and Drug Administration Staff: Establishing the Performance Characteristics of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices for *Chlamydia trachomatis* and/or *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*: Screening and Diagnostic Testing May 11, 2011
- 3. CDRH Guidance for Industry and Food and Drug Administration Staff: Class II Special Controls Guideline: Nucleic Acid Amplification Assays for the Detection of *Trichomonas vaginalis*. August 4, 2015.

VII Performance Characteristics:

A Analytical Performance:

1. <u>Precision/Reproducibility:</u>

a. Within-laboratory Precision

Within-laboratory precision was evaluated for the BD CTGCTV2 assay on the BD COR System and the BD MAX System concurrently at an internal site with one reagent lot. For each instrument, testing was performed over 12 days (two operators, six days per operator) with three runs per day, for a total of 36 runs. Each sample was tested in duplicate for each run. Testing panel members were prepared by spiking different levels of target in pooled negative female urine or pooled negative PreservCyt LBC specimen matrix. The strains/serovars tested include Serovar D for CT, Strain 49226 for GC and Strain 30001 for TV (TV target was evaluated in urine matrix only, consistent with the Intended Use). The target concentrations (based on the LoD determined on the BD MAX System) used for spiking and a list of panel members tested are shown below:

• Moderate Positive (MP): 3x LoD

• Low Positive (LP): 1.5x LoD

• High Negative (HN): <1x LoD

• True Negative (TN): no target

Panel Members Tested for Precision and Reproducibility Studies, PreservCyt

Panel Member	CT	GC		
1	MP	TN		
2	LP	TN		
3	HN	TN		
4	TN	MP		
5	TN	LP		
6	TN	HN		
7	TN	TN		

Panel Members Tested for Precision and Reproducibility Studies, Urine

Panel Member	CT	GC	TV		
1	MP	TN	TN		
2	LP	TN	TN		
3	HN	TN	TN		
4	TN	MP	TN		
5	TN	LP	TN		
6	TN	HN	TN		
7	TN	TN	MP		
8	TN	TN	LP		
9	TN	TN	HN		
10	TN	TN	TN		

The Percent Agreement with expected results for each panel member in the Precision study on each instrument is summarized below.

Percent Agreement for the BD COR and the BD MAX, PreservCyt

			BD COR	System (PreservCyt)	BD MAX System (PreservCyt)			
Target	Level	N	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)		
	MP	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)		
СТ	LP	72	71	98.6% (92.5%-99.8%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)		
CI	HN ^a	72	28	38.9% (28.5%-50.4%)	38	52.8% (41.4%-63.9%)		
	TN^b	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	71	98.6% (92.5%-99.8%)		
	MP	72	69	95.8% (88.5%-98.6%)	70	97.2% (90.4%-99.2%)		
GC	LP	72	67	93.1% (84.8%-97.0%)	71	98.6% (92.5%-99.8%)		
uc	HN ^a	72	31	43.1% (32.3%-54.6%)	45	62.5% (51.0%-72.8%)		
	TN^b	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)		

^aFor the High Negative (HN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of positive results.

^b·For the True Negative (TN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of negative results.

Percent Agreement for the BD COR and the BD MAX, Urine

			BD CC	OR System (Urine)	BD MA	X System (Urine)
Target	Level	N	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)
	MP	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)
СТ	LP	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	71	98.6% (92.5%-99.8%)
	HNª	72	39	54.2% (42.7%-65.2%)	37	51.4% (40.1%-62.6%)
	TN ^b	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)
	MP	72	71	98.6% (92.5%-99.8%)	71	98.6% (92.5%-99.8%)
GC	LP	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	67	93.1% (84.8%-97.0%)
de	HNª	72	32	44.4% (33.5%-55.9%)	21	29.2% (19.9%-40.5%)
	TN ^b	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)
	MP	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	71	98.6% (92.5%-99.8%)
TV	LP	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)
1 V	HNª	72	27	37.5% (27.2%-49.0%)	27	37.5% (27.2%-49.0%)
	TN^b	72	72	100% (94.9%-100%)	72	100% (94.9%-100%)

^aFor the High Negative (HN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of positive results.

The Variance Component Analysis results for the within-laboratory Precision study on the BD COR and the BD MAX Systems are summarized below. The mean values and the associated variance components (SD and %CV) are based on the Ct.score.

Variance Component Analysis for the BD COR, PreservCyt

				Within Run		Between Run		Between Day		Total	
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
СТ	MP	72	32.86	0.55	1.67	0.26	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.61	1.85
	LP	71	34.06	1.25	3.68	0.31	0.90	0.00	0.00	1.29	3.79
GC1	MP	69	31.89	0.68	2.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	2.14
GC1	LP	67	33.78	1.52	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.52	4.50
GC2	MP	72	30.24	0.36	1.18	0.07	0.23	0.07	0.23	0.37	1.23
	LP	70	31.63	0.66	2.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.66	2.10

^bFor the True Negative (TN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of negative results.

Variance Component Analysis for the BD MAX, PreservCyt

				Within Run		Between Run		Between Day		Total	
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
CT	MP	72	32.18	0.46	1.42	0.22	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.51	1.57
	LP	72	33.58	0.87	2.59	0.00	0.00	0.38	1.13	0.95	2.82
GC1	MP	70	31.39	0.61	1.94	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.49	0.63	2.00
	LP	71	32.45	0.75	2.31	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.58	0.77	2.39
GC2	MP	71	29.91	0.42	1.40	0.06	0.20	0.26	0.86	0.50	1.66
	LP	71	30.97	0.54	1.74	0.16	0.52	0.14	0.44	0.58	1.87

Variance Component Analysis for the BD COR, Urine

				Within Run Between Run		Between Day		Total			
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
СТ	MP	72	31.71	0.50	1.57	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.62	0.54	1.69
	LP	72	32.93	0.95	2.87	0.65	1.99	0.00	0.00	1.15	3.49
GC1	MP	71	31.52	1.03	3.28	0.33	1.04	0.00	0.00	1.08	3.44
GCI	LP	72	32.47	0.80	2.45	0.38	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.88	2.72
GC2	MP	71	29.57	0.66	2.25	0.16	0.55	0.14	0.49	0.70	2.36
GC2	LP	72	30.54	0.51	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.44	0.53	1.72
TV	MP	72	32.00	0.86	2.70	0.08	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.87	2.71
1 1	LP	72	33.20	1.18	3.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	3.56

Variance Component Analysis for the BD MAX, Urine

				Within Run		Between Run		Between Day		Total	
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
CT	MP	72	32.35	0.97	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	3.00
	LP	71	33.63	1.58	4.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.58	4.70
GC1	MP	72	31.24	1.10	3.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	3.53
	LP	67	32.49	1.32	4.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.32	4.07
GC2	MP	71	30.19	1.02	3.39	0.38	1.27	0.30	1.00	1.13	3.76
	LP	68	32.00	1.70	5.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.70	5.30
TV	MP	71	32.11	1.81	5.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.81	5.63
	LP	72	33.40	1.29	3.87	0.82	2.46	0.00	0.00	1.53	4.59

Additionally, the ratio of the standard deviations (Total) of the BD COR and the BD MAX Systems (from the above variance component tables) along with the 95% confidence interval for this ratio are shown below.

Ratio of Total Standard Deviations (BD COR: BD MAX), PreservCyt

			Mean	BD (COR	BD N	MAX	Ratio	95%	o CI _p
Target	Level		BD MAX	DF ^a	SD	DF	SD	of SD		
CT	MP	32.86	32.18	71	0.61	71	0.51	1.20	0.95	1.52
	LP	34.06	33.58	70	1.29	71	0.95	1.36	1.08	1.72
GC1	MP	31.89	31.39	68	0.68	69	0.63	1.09	0.85	1.38
	LP	33.78	32.45	66	1.52	70	0.77	1.96	1.54	2.49
GC2	MP	30.24	29.91	71	0.37	70	0.50	0.75	0.59	0.95
	LP	31.63	30.97	69	0.66	70	0.58	1.15	0.91	1.46

^{a.} DF, degree of freedom

Ratio of Total Standard Deviations (BD COR: BD MAX), Urine

			Mean	BD CO	OR	BD M	AX	Ratio		
Target	Level	BD COR	BD MAX	DF ^a	SD	DF	SD	of SD	95%	CI ^b
CT	MP	31.71	32.35	71	0.54	71	0.97	0.55	0.44	0.70
	LP	32.93	33.63	71	1.15	70	1.58	0.73	0.57	0.92
GC1	MP	31.52	31.24	70	1.08	71	1.10	0.98	0.78	1.24
	LP	32.47	32.49	71	0.88	66	1.32	0.67	0.53	0.85
GC2	MP	29.57	30.19	70	0.70	70	1.13	0.62	0.49	0.78
	LP	30.54	32.00	71	0.53	67	1.70	0.31	0.24	0.39
TV	MP	32.00	32.11	71	0.87	70	1.81	0.48	0.38	0.61
	LP	33.20	33.40	71	1.18	71	1.53	0.77	0.61	0.98

^{a.} DF, degree of freedom

b. Site-to-Site Reproducibility

For the Site-to-Site Reproducibility study for the BD CTGCTV2 assay performed concurrently on the BD COR and the BD MAX, three sites (two external and one internal) were provided the

b. 95% CI for the ratio of SD is calculated based on the F-statistic for a ratio of variances

^{b.} 95% CI for the ratio of SD is calculated based on the F-statistic for a ratio of variances

same panels as described for the Precision study and the tests were performed on one BD COR and one BD MAX at each site. Each site performed testing on each instrument on six distinct days with two operators each performing the test on three days with one lot of reagents. Each operator performed three runs per day. Site-by-Site and Overall Percent Agreement on the BD COR and the BD MAX are shown below.

Site-by-Site and Overall Percent Agreement for the BD COR and the BD MAX, PreservCyt

				BD COR	System (PreservCyt)	BD MAX	X System (PreservCyt)
Target	Level	Site	N Total	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	MP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	1011	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
		1	36	35	97.2% (85.8%-99.5%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	LP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	LP	3	36	35	97.2% (85.8%-99.5%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
CT		All	108	106	98.1% (93.5%-99.5%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
CT		1	36	16	44.4% (29.5%-60.4%)	17	47.2% (32.0%-63.0%)
	HN ^a	2	36	21	58.3% (42.2%-72.9%)	18	50.0% (34.5%-65.5%)
		3	36	15	41.7% (27.1%-57.8%)	20	55.6% (39.6%-70.5%)
		All	108	52	48.1% (39.0%-57.5%)	55	50.9% (41.6%-60.2%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	TN ^b	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	IIN	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
		1	36	34	94.4% (81.9%-98.5%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	MP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	IVIP	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
GC		All	108	106	98.1% (93.5%-99.5%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
GC		1	36	32	88.9% (74.7%-95.6%)	35	97.2% (85.8%-99.5%)
	LP	2	36	33	91.7% (78.2%-97.1%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	LF	3	36	34	94.4% (81.9%-98.5%)	35	97.2% (85.8%-99.5%)
		All	108	99	91.7% (84.9%-95.6%)	106	98.1% (93.5%-99.5%)

	1	36	12	33.3% (20.2%-49.7%)	20	55.6% (39.6%-70.5%)
HN ^a	2	36	12	33.3% (20.2%-49.7%)	13	36.1% (22.5%-52.4%)
1111	3	36	18	50.0% (34.5%-65.5%)	24	66.7% (50.3%-79.8%)
	All	108	42	38.9% (30.2%-48.3%)	57	52.8% (43.4%-61.9%)
	1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
TN^b	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
111	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)

Site-by-Site and Overall Percent Agreement for the BD COR and the BD MAX, Urine

				BD C	OR System (Urine)	BD MA	XX System (Urine)
Target	Level	Site	N Total	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)	N Correct	% Correct (95% CI)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	MP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	IVII	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	35	97.2% (85.8%-99.5%)
	LP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	LI	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
CT		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	107	99.1% (94.9%-99.8%)
		1	36	23	63.9% (47.6%-77.5%)	19	52.8% (37.0%-68.0%)
	HN ^a	2	36	21	58.3% (42.2%-72.9%)	18	50.0% (34.5%-65.5%)
	IIIN	3	36	19	52.8% (37.0%-68.0%)	14	38.9% (24.8%-55.1%)
		All	108	63	58.3% (48.9%-67.2%)	51	47.2% (38.1%-56.6%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	TN ^b	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	IIN	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
GC	MP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)

a. For the High Negative (HN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of positive results.
b. For the True Negative (TN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of negative results.

		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	34	94.4% (81.9%-98.5%)
	LP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	Lr	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	33	91.7% (78.2%-97.1%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	103	95.4% (89.6%-98.0%)
		1	36	17	47.2% (32.0%-63.0%)	12	33.3% (20.2%-49.7%)
	HN ^a	2	36	18	50.0% (34.5%-65.5%)	8	22.2% (11.7%-38.1%)
	пи	3	36	10	27.8% (15.8%-44.0%)	11	30.6% (18.0%-46.9%)
		All	108	45	41.7% (32.8%-51.1%)	31	28.7% (21.0%-37.9%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	TN ^b	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	IIN	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	35	97.2% (85.8%-99.5%)
	MP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	IVIP	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	107	99.1% (94.9%-99.8%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
TV	LP	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	35	97.2% (85.8%-99.5%)
1 V	LI	3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	107	99.1% (94.9%-99.8%)
		1	36	11	30.6% (18.0%-46.9%)	14	38.9% (24.8%-55.1%)
	HN ^a	2	36	17	47.2% (32.0%-63.0%	16	44.4% (29.5%-60.4%)
	1111	3	36	12	33.3% (20.2%-49.7%)	11	30.6% (18.0%-46.9%)
		All	108	40	37.0% (28.5%-46.4%)	41	38.0% (29.4%-47.4%)
		1	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
	TN ^b	2	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		3	36	36	100% (90.4%-100%)	36	100% (90.4%-100%)
		All	108	108	100% (96.6%-100%)	108	100% (96.6%-100%)

^{a.} For the High Negative (HN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of positive results.

The Variance Component Analysis results for the Site-to-Site Reproducibility study for the BD COR and the BD MAX Systems are shown below. The mean values and the associated variance components (SD and %CV) are based on the Ct.score.

b. For the True Negative (TN) category, the reported agreement indicates the percent of negative results.

Site-to-Site Variance Component Analysis for BD COR, PreservCyt

	Towart Level N Moon			Within Run		Betwee	en Run	Betwee	en Day	Betwe	en Site	To	otal
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
СТ	MP	108	33.05	0.65	1.96	0.19	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.78	0.72	2.18
CI	LP	106	33.98	0.78	2.28	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.83	2.44
GC1	MP	106	32.07	0.94	2.93	0.00	0.00	0.27	0.86	0.33	1.02	1.03	3.22
Ger	LP	99	33.73	1.40	4.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40	4.15
GC2	MP	108	30.43	0.50	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.58	0.53	1.75
GC2	LP	105	31.79	0.74	2.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.83	0.79	2.47

Site-to-Site Variance Component Analysis for BD MAX, PreservCyt

				Within Run		Betwe	en Run	Betwe	een Day	Betwe	een Site	To	tal
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
СТ	MP	108	31.90	0.46	1.44	0.07	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.73	0.52	1.63
	LP	108	33.04	0.70	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.92	0.22	0.65	0.79	2.39
GC1	MP	108	31.38	0.59	1.87	0.10	0.31	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.47	0.61	1.95
der	LP	106	32.58	0.84	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.21	0.10	0.32	0.84	2.59
GC2	MP	108	29.96	0.37	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.28	0.18	0.60	0.42	1.40
GC2	LP	107	31.03	0.46	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.72	0.51	1.64

Site-to-Site Variance Component Analysis for BD COR, Urine

				Within Run		Betwee	n Run	Betwee	n Day	Betwee	n Site	Te	otal
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV
СТ	MP	108	31.76	0.52	1.65	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.55	1.74
	LP	108	33.03	0.99	2.98	0.28	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02	3.10
GC1	MP	108	31.39	0.89	2.84	0.37	1.18	0.10	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.97	3.09
Ger	LP	108	32.36	0.89	2.74	0.18	0.54	0.00	0.00	0.33	1.03	0.96	2.98
GC2	MP	108	29.75	0.50	1.68	0.03	0.09	0.14	0.49	0.15	0.50	0.54	1.82
GCZ	LP	108	30.69	0.53	1.71	0.18	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.63	0.59	1.92
TV	MP	108	32.29	0.72	2.23	0.12	0.37	0.12	0.36	0.23	0.71	0.77	2.40
1 4	LP	108	33.49	1.37	4.09	0.17	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.65	1.40	4.18

Site-to-Site Variance Component Analysis for BD MAX, Urine

				Within Run		Betwee	en Run	Betwe	en Day	Betwe	en Site	Tota	al
Target	Level	N	Mean	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%CV	SD	%C V
СТ	MP	108	31.98	0.76	2.37	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.74	0.39	1.23	0.89	2.77
	LP	107	33.12	1.25	3.76	0.20	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.35	1.06	1.31	3.95
GC1	MP	108	31.26	1.34	4.29	0.00	0.00	0.32	1.02	0.33	1.06	1.42	4.54
Ger	LP	103	32.24	1.02	3.17	0.09	0.29	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	3.18
GC2	MP	108	30.34	1.01	3.32	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.78	0.29	0.94	1.07	3.53
GCZ	LP	105	31.60	1.11	3.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.33	1.12	3.54
TV	MP	107	31.91	0.98	3.06	0.19	0.61	0.15	0.46	0.00	0.00	1.01	3.15
1 1	LP	107	33.22	1.23	3.70	0.23	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	3.76

Additionally, the ratio of standard deviations of the BD COR to that of the BD MAX System (from the above variance component tables) along with 95% confidence intervals are shown below.

Ratio of Standard Deviations (BD COR: BD MAX), Site-to-Site, PreservCyt

		Mean	Mean	Rep	eatabili	ty (Wit	hin Ru	n)				Reprod	ucibili	ty (Total)			
Target	Level	BD COR	BD MAX	BD	COR	BD	MAX	Ratio of SD	95%	6 CI ^b	BD	COR	BI) MAX	Ratio of		
Turget	Bever	COK	WIAA	DF ^a	SD	DF	SD	ratio of SD	757	v CI	DF	SD	DF	SD	SD	95% (CI
СТ	MP	33.05	31.90	53	0.65	53	0.46	1.41	1.07	1.85	107	0.72	107	0.52	1.39	1.15	1.68
	LP	33.98	33.04	52	0.78	53	0.70	1.11	0.85	1.46	105	0.83	107	0.79	1.05	0.87	1.27
GC1	MP	32.07	31.38	52	0.94	53	0.59	1.60	1.22	2.10	105	1.03	107	0.61	1.68	1.39	2.04
	LP	33.73	32.58	49	1.40	52	0.84	1.67	1.27	2.21	98	1.40	105	0.84	1.66	1.36	2.01
GC2	MP	30.43	29.96	53	0.50	53	0.37	1.36	1.03	1.78	107	0.53	107	0.42	1.27	1.05	1.54
502	LP	31.79	31.03	52	0.74	53	0.46	1.62	1.23	2.12	104	0.79	106	0.51	1.54	1.27	1.87

^{a.} DF, degree of freedom

Ratio of Standard Deviations (BD COR: BD MAX), Site-to-Site, Urine

		Mea	Mea	Repe	eatabilit	ty (Wit	thin Ru	ın)			R	Reprod	ucibili	ty (Total)		
		n BD	n BD	BD	COR	BD 1	MAX	Ratio of			BD	COR	BD	MAX	Ratio of	95	%CI
Target I	Level	CO R	MA X	DF ^a	SD	DF	SD	SD	95%	6 CIb	DF	SD	DF	SD	SD		
СТ	MP	31.76	31.98	53	0.52	53	0.76	0.69	0.53	0.91	107	0.55	107	0.89	0.62	0.52	0.76
	LP	33.03	33.12	53	0.99	53	1.25	0.79	0.60	1.04	107	1.02	106	1.31	0.78	0.65	0.95
GC1	MP	31.39	31.26	53	0.89	53	1.34	0.66	0.51	0.87	107	0.97	107	1.42	0.68	0.57	0.83

b. 95% CI for the ratio of SD is calculated based on the F-statistic for a ratio of variances

	LP	32.36	32.24	53	0.89	51	1.02	0.87	0.66	1.14	107	0.96	102	1.03	0.94	0.77	1.14
GC2	MP	29.75	30.34	53	0.50	53	1.01	0.50	0.38	0.65	107	0.54	107	1.07	0.50	0.42	0.61
002	LP	30.69	31.60	53	0.53	52	1.11	0.47	0.36	0.62	107	0.59	104	1.12	0.53	0.43	0.64
T	MP	32.29	31.91	53	0.72	53	0.98	0.74	0.56	0.97	107	0.77	106	1.01	0.77	0.64	0.93
V	LP	33.49	33.22	53	1.37	53	1.23	1.12	0.85	1.47	107	1.40	106	1.25	1.12	0.93	1.36

^{a.} DF, degree of freedom

2. Linearity:

Not applicable.

3. Analytical Specificity/Interference:

a. Cross-reactivity

Please refer to K182692. The cross-reactivity study of the BD CTGCTV2 assay was performed on the BD MAX as demonstrated in K182692 and the data is applicable to the BD COR.

b. <u>Competitive Interference</u>

Please refer to K182692. The Competitive Interference study of the BD CTGCTV2 assay was performed on the BD MAX as demonstrated in K182692 and the data is applicable to the BD COR.

c. <u>Interfering Substances</u>

Please refer to K182692. The Interfering Substances study of the BD CTGCTV2 assay was performed on the BD MAX as demonstrated in K182692 and the data is applicable to the BD COR.

4. Assay Reportable Range:

Not applicable.

5. <u>Traceability</u>, Stability, Expected Values (Controls, Calibrators, or Methods):

a. Controls

Both the Specimen Processing Control (SPC) and External Control remain the same when performing the BD CTGCTV2 assay on the BD COR. The SPC is present in each Extraction

b. 95% CI for the ratio of SD is calculated based on the F-statistic for a ratio of variances

Tube. It monitors DNA extraction steps, thermal cycling steps, reagent integrity and the presence of inhibitory substances.

External Control materials are not provided by BD. Commercially available control material or a previously characterized clinical sample known to be positive may be used as a positive control. The BD Molecular Swab Sample Buffer Tube without the addition of organism or a previously characterized sample known to be negative is recommended for use as an external negative control.

b. On-deck Specimen Stability

To demonstrate the stability of urine, vaginal and PreservCyt specimens in Sample Buffer Tubes (SBTs) that are punctured, positive and negative samples were prepared in pooled negative urine, vaginal or PreservCyt matrix. Samples were then held at either 2-8°C or 33°C in SBTs for 17 days and then punctured and held at either 2-8°C or 33°C for additional seven days. The CTGCTV2 assay was performed at different time points including base line, upon puncture on the 17th day of the 21-day storage period (as representative of the specimen being punctured anytime prior to the 17th day), four days post puncture, as well as seven days post puncture. For PreservCyt LBC samples, the PreservCyt pool with spiked target were held at either 2-8°C or 30°C for 14 days. Then each PreservCyt pool was added to SBTs containing CTGCTV2 LBC sample buffer where half were pre-warmed prior to storage while the other half were pre-warmed after storage, just prior to puncture and testing. These samples were then held at 2-8°C or 33°C and tested in the same fashion as urine or vaginal samples. Data generated from the study support on-deck specimen stability at the following storage conditions.

Swab and Urine Specimen Stability

In BD Molecular Swab or Urine SBT ^a	Up to 21 days at 2–30 °C
Upon puncture of BD Pierceable Caps	Up to 4 days ^b , punctured within 21 days and stored at 2-30 °C

^{a.} Swab and Urine specimens must be transferred to the corresponding BD Molecular SBT immediately after collection.

PreservCytLBC Specimen Stability

Prior to transfer to BD Molecular LBC SBT or Molecular Aliquot Tube ^a	Up to 14 days at 2–30 °C
In BD Molecular LBC SBT or Molecular Aliquot Tube (prior to or after pre-warm)	Up to 21 days at 2–30 °C
Upon puncture of BD Pierceable Caps	Up to 4 days ^b , punctured within 21 days and stored at 2-30 °C

^{a.} PreservCyt specimens must be aliquoted into a BD Molecular LBC SBT or the Molecular Aliquot Tube prior to processing for the ThinPrep Pap test.

b. The "4 days" is included in the 21 days total storage duration at 2–30 °C.

b. The "4 days" is included in the 21 days total storage duration at 2–30 °C.

6. Detection Limit:

a. Limit of Detection (LoD)

To determine if the LoD of the BD CTGCTV2 assay when performed on the BD COR System is equivalent to the LoD of the assay when performed on the BD MAX, panel members spiked at Low Positive (1.5x LoD) and Moderate Positive (3x LoD) in pooled negative female urine, pooled negative vaginal swab and pooled negative PreservCyt LBC matrix were tested on the BD COR and the BD MAX in parallel. The four panel members (see table below) were created using the LoD previously determined on the BD MAX System. Each panel member in PreservCyt had pre-analytical sample dilution performed automatically by BD COR System. Additionally, pre-analytical samples were manually pipetted for testing on both the BD COR and the BD MAX Systems.

Analytical Sensitivity Confirmation Panel Members

Panel Member	СТ	GC	TV	Target Level
A	Serovar D	49226	30001	1.5x LoD
В	Serovar H	19424	50143	1.5x Lob
С	Serovar D	49226	30001	3x LoD
D	Serovar H	19424	50143	SA LOD

The Positive Percent Agreement analysis and the comparison of mean Ct.Score between the BD COR and the BD MAX were performed. The results for the comparison of mean Ct.Score are shown in the following tables. Results from this study demonstrate that the analytical sensitivity of the BD CTGCTV2 assay in vaginal swabs, urine and PreservCyt LBC samples on the BD COR is equivalent to the analytical sensitivity demonstrated on the BD MAX.

Mean Ct.Score Comparison, BD COR vs. BD MAX, Vaginal Swab

Panel	Assay Target	BD MAX Mean Ct.Score		Difference in Mean Ct.Score (COR - MAX) with 95% CI
	СТ	31.66	31.14	-0.52 (-0.857, -0.178)
A	GC1	31.16	31.08	-0.08 (-0.347, 0.183)
	GC2	29.98	29.34	-0.64 (-0.876, -0.407)
	TV	33.17	33.29	0.12 (-0.283, 0.527)
	СТ	33.56	33.1	-0.46 (-0.793, -0.122)
В	GC1	30.53	30.49	-0.04 (-0.276, 0.204)
	GC2	29.41	28.74	-0.67 (-0.857, -0.494)
	TV	33.17	33.6	0.43 (-0.155, 1.010)
	СТ	30.41	30.2	-0.21 (-0.377, -0.033)
C	GC1	29.89	30.08	0.19 (0.006, 0.383)
	GC2	28.74	28.36	-0.38 (-0.575, -0.193)
	TV	32.03	32.47	0.44 (0.163, 0.722)
	СТ	32.51	31.95	-0.56 (-0.842, -0.271)
D	GC1	29.34	29.47	0.13 (-0.027, -0.290)
	GC2	28.44	27.79	-0.65 (-0.841, -0.458)
	TV	31.94	32.07	0.13 (-0.139, 0.404)

Mean Ct.Score Comparison, BD COR vs. BD MAX, Urine

Panel	Assay Target	BD MAX Mean Ct.Score	BD COR Mean Ct.Score	Difference in Mean Ct.Score (COR - MAX) with 95% CI
	СТ	32.95	32.54	-0.41 (-0.802, -0.013)
A	GC1	31.21	31.54	0.33 (0.054, 0.603)
A	GC2	30.59	29.49	-1.10 (-1.375, -0.842)
	TV	32.95	32.99	0.04 (-0.244, 0.339)
	СТ	32.46	32.12	-0.34 (-0.629, -0.061)
В	GC1	29.96	30.3	0.34 (0.197, 0.486)
	GC2	29.34	28.52	-0.82 (-0.989, -0.662)
	TV	31.29	31.66	0.37 (0.208, 0.518)
	СТ	31.78	31.64	-0.14 (-0.378, 0.111)
C	GC1	30.08	30.7	0.62 (0.442, 0.792)
	GC2	29.37	28.68	-0.69 (-0.888, -0.494)
	TV	31.86	32.15	0.29 (0.077, 0.500)
	СТ	31.3	31.24	-0.06 (-0.267, 0.134)
D	GC1	28.83	29.26	0.43 (0.283, 0.564)
	GC2	28.28	27.52	-0.76 (-0.893, -0.621)
	TV	30.32	30.57	0.25 (0.103. 0.414)

Mean Ct.Score Comparison, BD COR vs. BD MAX, LBC Converted^a by BD COR

Panel	Assay Target	BD MAX Mean Ct.Score	BD COR Mean Ct.Score	Difference in Mean Ct.Score (COR - MAX) with 95% CI
	СТ	32.54	32.83	0.29 (0.076, 0.516)
A	GC1	32.4	32.64	0.24 (-0.243, 0.734)
	GC2	30.56	31.02	0.46 (0.279, 0.650)
	СТ	33.65	33.85	0.20 (-0.130, 0.523)
В	GC1	32.61	33.32	0.71 (0.316, 1.100)
	GC2	30.99	31.34	0.35 (0.160, 0.551)
	СТ	31.72	31.72	0 (-0.179, 0.185)
C	GC1	31	31.64	0.64 (0.419, 0.861)
	GC2	29.57	30.03	0.46 (0.332, 0.587)
	СТ	32.74	32.81	0.07 (-0.157, 0.297)
D	GC1	31.42	32.26	0.54 (0.544, 1.144)
	GC2	29.86	30.26	0.40 (0.250, 0.537)

a. Sample transfer from PreservCyt vial to BD Molecular LBC SBT performed automatically by BD COR System.

Mean Ct.Score Comparison, BD COR vs. BD MAX, Manually Converted LBC^a for BD COR

Panel	Assay Target	BD MAX Mean Ct.Score	BD COR Mean Ct.Score	Difference in Mean Ct.Score (COR - MAX) with 95% CI
	СТ	32.54	32.45	-0.09 (-0.281, 0.105)
A	GC1	32.4	32.63	0.23 (-0.261, 0.723)
	GC2	30.56	30.69	0.13 (-0.027. 0.300)
	СТ	33.65	33.77	0.12 (-0.225, 0.450)
В	GC1	32.61	33.04	0.43 (0.066, 0.794)
	GC2	30.99	31.06	0.07 (-0.118, 0.262)
	СТ	31.72	31.49	-0.23 (-0.419, -0.022)
C	GC1	31	31.58	0.58 (0.341, 0.804)
	GC2	29.57	29.74	0.17 (0.040, 0.296)
	СТ	32.74	32.57	-0.17 (-0.396, 0.056)
D	GC1	31.42	32.06	0.64 (0.348, 0.927)
	GC2	29.86	30.05	0.19 (0.043, 0.332)

^{a.} Sample transfer from PreservCyt vial to BD Molecular LBC SBT manually performed prior to loading onto the COR System. This represents one of the possible workflows for LBC samples on the BD COR.

b. Inclusivity

Please refer to K182692. The Inclusivity study of the BD CTGCTV2 assay was performed on the BD MAX as demonstrated in K182692 and the data is applicable to the BD COR.

7. Assay Cut-Off:

Please refer to K182692. The Cut-off values of the BD CTGCTV2 Assay as performed on the BD COR are the same as the Cut-off values when performed on the BD MAX.

8. Carry-Over:

A study was conducted to investigate cross-contamination while processing samples with high microbial load of *Chlamydia trachomatis* when testing on the BD COR System. High positive samples contained *Chlamydia trachomatis* (VR-885, Serovar D) spiked into pooled PreservCyt LBC matrix at a concentration of ≥1 x 10⁶ EB/mL. The negative samples consisted of PreservCyt media vials without any target analyte. Twelve replicates of the high positive panel member and twelve replicates of the negative panel member were alternated in the BD COR T-Rack and tested across 45 runs, using three BD COR Systems. A total of 540 positive and 540 negative samples were tested. Of the 540 negative samples tested, two false positive results were obtained (0.37%, 95% CI: 0.10–1.34%).

B Comparison Studies:

1. Method Comparison with Predicate Device:

The performance of the BD CTGCTV2 assay on the BD COR was evaluated in a clinical agreement study by comparing the assay results obtained on the BD COR System to the results obtained on the BD MAX System. BD MAX results served as the reference in the clinical agreement study.

Remnant urine specimens from the previous clinical trial for BD CTGCTV2 on BD MAX, as well as urine specimens obtained from both internal and external collections, were used for the comparison study. Clinical panels were created either with individual specimens, or negative clinical specimens spiked with a positive clinical sample. No more than two negative specimens were combined as background negative matrix, and no more than one clinical positive was used per panel. The clinical agreement study included 433 independent panel members. The panels were prepared so that the majority of the positive specimens for CT, GC or TV were at analyte levels of Low Positive and Moderate Positive. All panel members were randomized and masked. Six aliquots were prepared for each panel member. Among them, three aliquots were tested on separate BD COR Systems with two aliquots each being tested at an external site and the third aliquot being tested at an internal site. The other three aliquots were all tested internally with each aliquot being tested on a separate BD MAX System.

To demonstrate that the performance of the BD CTGCTV2 assay on the BD COR System is equivalent to the performance on the BD MAX, both positive and negative percent agreement analysis as well as Deming regression analysis of the Ct.Score values were performed. Positive Percent Agreement (PPA) and Negative Percent Agreement (NPA) between the results from the BD MAX and the BD COR Systems were calculated separately for each target. For each target, the comparator result was a composite of results obtained on the three BD MAX instruments where the positive or negative status of each panel member was determined by at least two out of three evaluable results (a "majority rule"). Based on the majority rule, out of 214 panel members assessed for CT, 106 were positive by BD MAX and 108 were negative by BD MAX. Out of 218 panel members assessed for GC, 111 were positive by BD MAX and 107 were negative by BD

MAX. Out of 215 panel members assessed for TV, 105 were positive by BD MAX and 110 were negative by BD MAX. Two panel members, each with a valid BD MAX result and a non-evaluable BD COR result (one non-evaluable BD COR result due to a non-readable label and the other non-evaluable BD COR result due to a non-compliant event), were not included in the calculation of the PPA or NPA.

The PPA and NPA for each target were calculated for each of the three sites where BD COR testing was performed. Additionally, PPA and NPA estimates were also averaged across the three BD COR testing sites. The PPA and NPA results as well as the corresponding 95% confidence interval at each BD COR testing site and the average across all three BD COR testing sites are summarized in the following tables for each target. The denominator for PPA and NPA calculation includes panel members with equivocal comparator results from the BD MAX, as indicated at the bottom of the tables. Equivocal BD MAX comparator result is defined as one positive, one negative, and one non-evaluable result from the BD MAX.

Percent Agreement BD COR vs. BD MAX, by Individual Site and Combined, CT

			BD MAX Result								
BD			BD	MAX Posit	ive Result	BD M	BD MAX Negative Result				
COR Test Site			3 Positive	2 Positive, 1 Negative	2 Positive, 1 Non- evaluable	3 Negative	1 Positive, 2 Negative	2 Negative, 1 Non- evaluable			
		Positive	102	3	0	0	0	0			
	BD COR Result	Negative	0	0	0	107	1	0			
		Total	102	3	0	107	1	0			
1		Positive Rate	100%	100%	NA	0.0%	0.0%	NA			
	PPA: 100% (105/105), 95% CI: (96.5%, 100%) ^b NPA: 100% (108/108), 95% CI: (96.6%, 100%)										
			BD MAX Result								
			BD	MAX Posit	ive Result	BD MAX Negative Result					
2			3 Positive	2 Positive, 1 Negative	2 Positive, 1 Non- evaluable	3 Negative	1 Positive, 2 Negative	2 Negative, 1 Non- evaluable			
		Positive	102	3	1	0	0	0			
	BD COR Result	Negative	0	0	0	107	1	0			
		Total	102	3	1	107	1	0			

		Positive Rate	100%	100%	100%	0.0%	0.0%	NA				
	PPA: 100% (106/106), 95% CI: (96.5%, 100%)											
			NPA: 1	00% (108/10	08), 95% CI: (96	5.6%, 100%)						
				BD MAX Result								
			BD	MAX Posit	ive Result	BD M	AX Negative	Result				
			3	2	2 Positive,		1 Positive,	2 Negative,				
			Positive	Positive, 1Negative	1 Non- evaluable	3 Negative	2 Negative	1 Non- evaluable				
3	nn con	Positive	102	3	1	0	0	0				
		Negative	0	0	0	107	1	0				
	BD COR Result	Total	102	3	1	107	1	0				
		Positive Rate	100%	100%	100%	0.0%	0.0%	NA				
			PPA: 1	00% (106/10	6), 95% CI: (96	.5%, 100%)						
			NPA: 1	00% (108/1	08), 95% CI: (96	5.6%, 100%)						
			Averag	e PPA: 100%	%, 95% CI: N/A	1						
			Average N	PA: 100%, 9	5% CI: N/A ^a							
		Num	ber of BD I	MAX equivo	cal results: 0							

^{a.} Confidence intervals for point estimates close to 100% have not been included, as suggested by FDA guidance for assay migration studies.

b. Confidence intervals for point estimates at each site were calculated by a score method and confidence

intervals for point estimates averaged over three sites were calculated by a bootstrap method.

Percent Agreement BD COR vs. BD MAX, by Individual Site and Combined, GC

BD COR Test Site			BD MAX Result									
				BD MAX Po	ositive	BD MAX Negative						
			3 Positive	2 Positive, 1 Negative	2 Positive, 1 Non-evaluable	3 Negative	1 Positive, 2 Negative	2 Negative, 1 Non-evaluable				
		Positive	104	5	1	0	0	0				
	BD	Negative	1	0	0	107	0	0				
1	COR Result	Total	105	5	1	107	0	0				
	Result	Positive Rate	99.0%	100%	100%	0.0%	NA	NA				
			PPA	A: 99.1% (11	0/111), 95% CI:	(95.1%, 99.	.8%) ^b					
			NI	PA: 100% (10	07/107), 95% CI:	: (96.5%, 10	0%)					
	BD MAX Result											
		BD MAX Positive					BD MAX Ne	egative				
			3 2 Positive, 2 Positive,		2.31	1 Positive,	2 Negative,					
			Positive	1 Negative	1 Non-evaluable	3 Negative	2 Negative	1 Non-evaluable				
2	BD	Positive	103	5	0	0	0	0				
	COR Result	Negative	2	0	0	107	0	0				
		Total	105	5	0	107	0	0				
		Positive Rate	98.1%	100%	NA	0.0%	NA	NA				
			PP.	A: 98.2% (10	08/110), 95% CI:	(93.6%, 99	.5%)					
			NI	PA: 100% (10	07/107), 95% CI		*					
						IAX Result						
				BD MAX Po			BD MAX Ne	ŭ				
			3 Positive	2 Positive,	2 Positive,	3 Negative	1 Positive,	2 Negative,				
3		Positive	101	1 Negative 4	1 Non-evaluable	0	2 Negative 0	1 Non-evaluable				
3	BD COR	Negative	4	1	0	107	0	0				
	Result	Total	105	5	1	107	0	0				
		Positive						-				
		Rate	96.2%	80.0%	100%	0.0%	NA	NA				
				`	06/111), 95% CI:		,					
			NI	PA: 100% (10	07/107), 95% CI:	: (96.5%, 10	0%)					
			Avera	ge PPA: 97.6	%, 95% CI: (95.6	%, 99.1%)						
			Ave	erage NPA: 10	00%, 95% CI: N/A	A a						

Number of BD MAX equivocal results: 0

Percent Agreement BD COR vs. BD MAX, by Individual Site and Combined, TV

BD COR Test Site		J				BD MAX F	Result				
			BD	MAX Positive	Result	BD MAX Negative Result					
			3 Positive	2 Positive, 1 Negative	2 Positive, 1 Non- evaluable	3 Negative	1 Positive, 2 Negative	2 Negative, 1 Non-evaluable			
	BD	Positive	103	2	0	0	1	0			
1	COR	Negative	0	0	0	106	3	0			
	Result	Total	103	2	0	106	4	0			
		Positive Rate	100%	100%	NA	0.0%	25.0%	NA			
			PPA: 100% (105/105), 95% CI: (96.5%, 100%) ^a								
			NPA: 99.1% (109/110), 95% CI: (95.0%, 99.8%)								
			BD MAX Result								
			BD	MAX Positive	Result	BD MAX Negative Result					
			3	2 Positive,	2 Positive,	3	1 Positive,	2 Negative,			
			Positive	1 Negative	1 Non- evaluable	Negative	2 Negative	1 Non-evaluable			
2	BD Positive		103	2	0	0	3	0			
	COR Result	Negative	0	0	0	106	1	0			
	Kesuit	Total	103	2	0	106	4	0			
		Positive Rate	100%	100%	NA	0.0%	75.0%	NA			
				A: 100% (105/	, .		*				
			NP	A: 97.3% (107/	(110), 95% CI		, and the second second				
						BD MAX F					
			BD	MAX Positive		В	BD MAX Negativ	e Result			
3			3	2 Positive,	2 Positive,	3	1 Positive,	2 Negative,			
3			Positive	1 Negative	1 Non- evaluable	Negative	2 Negative	1 Non-evaluable			
		Positive	102	2	0	0	1	0			
		Negative	1	0	0	106	3	0			

^a Confidence intervals for point estimates close to 100% have not been included, as suggested by FDA

guidance for assay migration studies.

^b Confidence intervals for point estimates at each site were calculated by a score method and confidence intervals for point estimates averaged over three sites were calculated by a bootstrap method.

BD COR Result	Total	103	2	0	106	4	0
	Positive Rate	99.0%	100%	NA	0.0%	25.0%	NA
PPA: 99.0% (104/105), 95% CI: (94.8%, 99.8%)							
NPA: 99.1% (109/110), 95% CI: (95.0%, 99.8%)							

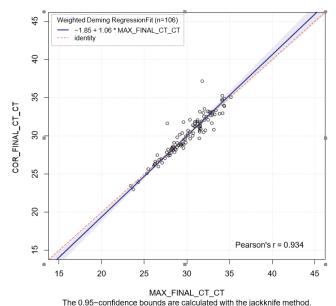
Average PPA: 99.7%, 95% CI: (99%, 100%)

Average NPA: 98.5%, 95% CI: (96.3%, 100%)

Number of BD MAX equivocal results: 0

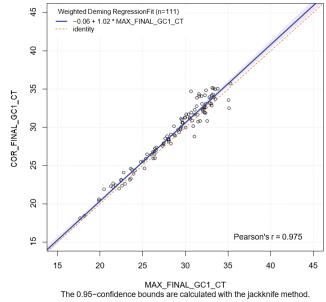
The systematic differences in numeric value between Ct.Score results from the BD COR and the BD MAX were evaluated by the Weighted Deming regression analysis based on the average Ct.Score of BD COR results and the average Ct.Score of BD MAX results of a given panel member across all three instruments. The results from the Deming regression analysis are provided for CT, GC1, GC2 and TV, respectively, as shown below.

Deming Regression BD COR vs. BD MAX, CT

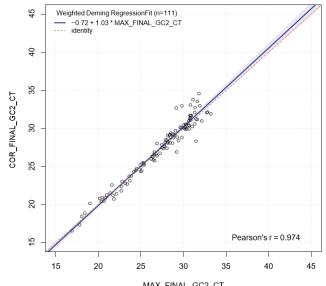


^a Confidence intervals for point estimates at each site were calculated by a score method and confidence intervals for point estimates averaged over three sites were calculated by a bootstrap method.

Deming Regression BD COR vs. BD MAX, GC1

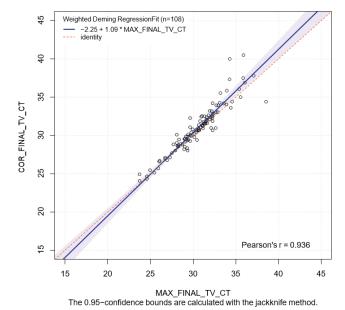


Deming Regression BD COR vs. BD MAX, GC2



MAX_FINAL_GC2_CT
The 0.95-confidence bounds are calculated with the jackknife method.

Deming Regression BD COR vs. BD MAX, TV



The point estimates of intercept and slope, as well as the corresponding 95% confidence interval of each Deming regression line (based on the combined data from all three instruments for the BD MAX or the BD COR) are provided in table below. Additionally, the Weighted Deming regression bias estimate along with 95% confidence interval at different analyte levels are presented below.

Weighted Deming Regression Coefficients for Ct.Score

Target	Parameter	Estimate	95% CI
CT	Intercept	-1.85	(-3.88, 0.18)
CT	Slope	1.06	(0.99, 1.13)
GC1	Intercept	-0.06	(-0.99, 0.87)
GC1	Slope	1.02	(0.99, 1.06)
GC2	Intercept	-0.72	(-1.76, 0.33)
GC2	Slope	1.03	(0.99, 1.07)
TV	Intercept	-2.25	(-5.30, 0.80)
TV	Slope	1.09	(0.98, 1.19)

Weighted Deming Regression Bias Estimate

Target	Analyte Level	Ct. Score BD MAX ^a	Bias Estimate	95% CI
CT	High Positive	26.36	-0.22	-0.42, -0.02
СТ	Moderate Positive	29.49	-0.03	-0.20, 0.13
CT	Low Positive	32.79	0.17	-0.18, 0.52
CT	Negative	45.00	0.93	-0.27, 2.13
GC1	High Positive	24.15	0.47	0.32, 0.61
GC1	Moderate Positive	29.54	0.58	0.38, 0.78
GC1	Low Positive	32.67	0.65	0.36, 0.94
GC1	Negative	45.00	0.92	0.21, 1.63
GC2	High Positive	22.96	0.01	-0.16, 0.17
GC2	Moderate Positive	28.21	0.17	-0.03, 0.37
GC2	Low Positive	30.74	0.25	-0.03, 0.53
GC2	Negative	45.00	0.70	-0.15, 1.54
TV	High Positive	26.08	0.03	-0.33, 0.38
TV	Moderate Positive	29.49	0.32	0.16, 0.48
TV	Low Positive	32.82	0.61	0.20, 1.03
TV	Negative	45.00	1.68	0.01, 3.34

^{a.} The "Ct. Score for BD MAX" was calculated as the average Ct. Scores from all samples at the corresponding analyte level.

BD CTGCTV2 Assay Non-Reportable Results for BD COR System

Non-reportable results on the BD COR are reported in the same manner as on the BD MAX and the definition of all possible Non-reportable events are summarized in the table below.

BD COR Non- reportable Result	Non-reportable Result Definition			
UNR - Unresolved	Invalid SPC due to presence of inhibitory substances, reagent failure			
IND – Indeterminate	BD COR System failure (with Warning or Error Codes)			
	Aborted run or BD COR System failure that halts robot operations (with Warning or Error Codes)			

Error results on the BD COR System were marked noncompliant if they were due to an operator error and were not included in the Non-reportable rate calculation. Non-reportable rates on the BD COR System are shown below.

BD COR Non-Reportable Rate for Combined Targets by Test Site

	<u>Unresolved Rate</u>		Indeterminate Rate		Incomplete Rate		<u>Total Rate</u>	
<u>Site</u>	<u>Initial</u>	Final ^{a,b}	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Final^a</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Final^a</u>	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Final^a</u>
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
1	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
	(0/433) (0.0%,0.9%)	(0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	(1/433) (0.0%,1.3%)	(0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	(0/433) (0.0%,0.9%)	(0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	(1/433) (0.0%, 1.3%)	(0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)
2	0.0% (0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	0.0% (0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	6.0% (26°/432) (4.1%,8.7%)	0.0% (0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	0.0% (0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	0.0% (0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)	6.0% (26/432) (4.1%, 8.7%)	0.0% (0/432) (0.0%,0.9%)
3	0.2% (1/433) (0.0%,1.3%)	0.0% (0/433) (0.0%,0.9%)	0.7% (3/433) (0.2%,2.0%)	0.0% (0/433) (0.0%,0.9%)	0.0% (0/433) (0.0%,0.9%)	0.0% (0/433) (0.0%,0.9%)	0.9% (4/433) (0.4%,2.4%)	0.0% (0/433) (0.0%,0.9%)
Total	0.1% (1/1298) (0.0%,0.4%)	0.0% (0/1297) (0.0%,0.3%)	2.3% (30/1298) (1.6%,3.3%)	0.0% (0/1297) (0.0%,0.3%)	0.0% (0/1298) (0.0%,0.3%)	0.0% (0/1297) (0.0%,0.3%)	2.4% (31/1298) (1.7%,3.4%)	0.0% (0/1297) (0.0%,0.3%)

^a The final rate is calculated with the number of remaining Non-reportable events after repeat testing.

2. Matrix Comparison:

Not applicable.

C. Clinical Studies:

For the complete clinical data set in support of the CTGCTV2 Assay as performed on the BD MAX, refer to K182692.

D. Clinical Cut-Off:

Not applicable.

E. Expected Values/Reference Range:

Refer to K182692.

^b The denominator in the final non-reportable rate for the BD site (and ultimately Total rate) is decreased by one due to a missing BD COR result.

^c The 26 initial indeterminate results occurred on two runs, 12 and 14 for each run. Each occurrence was due to a consumable positioning issue. Reteaching of the robot was completed, and all samples were retested and generated reportable results.

F. Other Supportive Instrument Performance Characteristics Data:

On-board Reagent Stability Studies

To demonstrate the stability of the BD COR reagents (BD COR CTGCTV2 Master Mix plates, BD COR CTGCTV2 Extraction plates, BD COR CTGCTV2 Liquid Extraction plates and BD COR CTGCTV2 LBC Diluent Bottle) after opening package or when stored on-board, the following evaluation was performed.

Testing of 48 positive and 24 negative samples was performed with reagents:

- a) Stored at 5±3°C or 27±2°C for 0 day, 6 or 8 months, representing storage temperatures prior to in-use or on-board storage.
- b) A portion of above reagents were moved to and stored at 18±2°C or 33±2°C (representing the in-use or on-board temperatures). These reagent plates were used for testing at 2, 5 and 6 days of storage; LBC Diluent was used for testing at 22, 45, and 46 days of storage.

Percent agreement as well as Ct.Score were evaluated at each time point as compared with the results at baseline. The data demonstrated that:

- The BD COR CTGCTV2 Master Mix plates, BD COR CTGCTV2 Extraction plates, and BD COR CTGCTV2 Liquid Extraction plates are stable for up to 5 days after opening or on-board the BD COR System (on-board temperature ranges from 18±2°C to 32±2°C).
- The BD COR CTGCTV2 LBC Diluent Bottles are stable for up to 45 days after opening or on-board the BD COR System (on-board temperature ranges from 18±2°C to 32±2°C).

VIII Proposed Labeling:

The labeling supports the finding of substantial equivalence for this device.

IX Conclusion:

The submitted information in this premarket notification is complete and supports a substantial equivalence decision.