Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc.
U.S. Agent for Sun Pharma Global FZE
270 Prospect Plains Rd.
Cranbury, NJ 08512
Attention: Harinath Gangasani

Dear Sir:

This is in reference to your abbreviated new drug application (ANDA) dated June 16, 2006, submitted pursuant to section 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act), for Imatinib Mesylate Tablets, 100 mg (base) and 400 mg (base).

Reference is also made to the tentative approval letter issued by this office on November 13, 2009, the complete response letter issued by this office on July 10, 2015, and to your amendments dated August 3, 2015; September 18, and September 23, 2015; November 18, 23, and 26, 2015.

We have completed the review of this ANDA and have concluded that adequate information has been presented to demonstrate that the drug is safe and effective for use as recommended in the submitted labeling. Accordingly the ANDA is approved, effective on the date of this letter.

The Office of Bioequivalence has determined your Imatinib Mesylate Tablets, 100 mg (base) and 400 mg (base) to be bioequivalent and, therefore, therapeutically equivalent to the reference listed drug (RLD), Gleevec Tablets, 100 mg (base) and 400 mg (base), of Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation (Novartis). Your dissolution testing should be incorporated into the stability and quality control program using the same method proposed in your ANDA.

The RLD upon which you have based your ANDA, Novartis’s Gleevec Tablets, 100 mg (base) and 400 mg (base), is subject to periods of patent protection.

The following patents and expiration dates (with pediatric exclusivity added) are currently listed in the agency’s publication titled Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations (the “Orange Book”):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. Patent Number</th>
<th>Expiration Date</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RE43,932 (the '932 patent)</td>
<td>July 16, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,894,051 (the '051 patent)</td>
<td>November 23, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,958,335 (the '335 patent)</td>
<td>June 19, 2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7,544,799 (the '799 patent)</td>
<td>July 16, 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Your ANDA contains paragraph IV certification under section 505(j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV) of the FD&C Act stating that the ‘799, ‘932 and ‘051 patents are invalid, unenforceable, or will not be infringed by your manufacture, use, or sale of Imatinib Mesylate Tablets, 100 mg (base) and 400 mg (base), under this ANDA. You have notified the agency that Sun Pharma Global FZE (Sun) complied with the requirements of section 505(j)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act, and that no action for infringement was brought against Sun within the statutory 45-day period.¹

With respect to the ‘335 patent, your ANDA contains a statement under section 505(j)(2)(A)(viii) of the FD&C Act that this is a method-of-use patent that does not claim any proposed indication for which you are seeking approval under your ANDA.

With respect to 180-day generic drug exclusivity, we note that Sun was the first ANDA applicant to submit a substantially complete ANDA for Imatinib Mesylate Tablets, 100 mg (base) and 400 mg (base) with a paragraph IV certification to the ‘051 patent. Therefore, with this approval, Sun is eligible for 180-days of generic drug exclusivity for Imatinib Mesylate Tablets, 100 mg (base) and 400 mg (base). This exclusivity, which is provided for under section 505(j)(5)(B)(iv) of the FD&C Act, will begin to run from the date of the commercial marketing identified in section 505(j)(5)(B)(iv). Please submit correspondence to this ANDA informing the agency of the date the exclusivity begins to run.

Under section 506A of the FD&C Act, certain changes in the conditions described in this ANDA require an approved supplemental application before the change may be made.

Please note that if FDA requires a Risk Evaluation & Mitigation Strategy (REMS) for a listed drug, an ANDA citing that listed drug also will be required to have a REMS. See section 505-1(i) of the FD&C Act.

Postmarketing reporting requirements for this ANDA are set forth in 21 CFR 314.80-81 and 314.98. The Office of Generic Drugs should be advised of any change in the marketing status of this drug.

Promotional materials may be submitted to FDA for comment prior to publication or dissemination. Please note that these submissions are voluntary. If you desire comments on proposed launch promotional materials with respect to compliance with applicable regulatory requirements, we recommend you submit, in draft or mock-up form, two copies of both the promotional materials and package insert(s) directly to:

Food and Drug Administration  
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research  
Office of Prescription Drug Promotion  
5901-B Ammendale Road  
Beltsville, MD 20705

¹ The agency notes that the ‘799 and ‘932 patents were submitted to the agency after submission of your ANDA and therefore, litigation, if any, with respect to it creates no statutory stay of approval.
We call your attention to 21 CFR 314.81(b)(3) which requires that all promotional materials be submitted to the Office of Prescription Drug Promotion with a completed Form FDA 2253 at the time of their initial use.

The Generic Drug User Fee Amendments of 2012 (GDUFA) (Public Law 112-144, Title III) established certain provisions with respect to self-identification of facilities and payment of annual facility fees. Your ANDA identifies at least one facility that is subject to the self-identification requirement and payment of an annual facility fee. Self-identification must occur by June 1 of each year for the next fiscal year. Facility fees must be paid each year by the date specified in the Federal Register notice announcing facility fee amounts. All finished dosage forms (FDFs) or active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs) manufactured in a facility that has not met its obligations to self-identify or to pay fees when they are due will be deemed misbranded. This means that it will be a violation of federal law to ship these products in interstate commerce or to import them into the United States. Such violations can result in prosecution of those responsible, injunctions, or seizures of misbranded products. Products misbranded because of failure to self-identify or pay facility fees are subject to being denied entry into the United States.

As soon as possible, but no later than 14 days from the date of this letter, submit, using the FDA automated drug registration and listing system (eLIST), the content of labeling [21 CFR 314.50(l)] in structured product labeling (SPL) format, as described at http://www.fda.gov/ForIndustry/DataStandards/StructuredProductLabeling/default.htm, that is identical in content to the approved labeling (including the package insert, and any patient package insert and/or Medication Guide that may be required). Information on submitting SPL files using eLIST may be found in the guidance for industry titled “SPL Standard for Content of Labeling Technical Qs and As” at http://www.fda.gov/downloads/DrugsGuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/Guidances/UCM072392.pdf. The SPL will be accessible via publicly available labeling repositories.

Sincerely yours,

William P. Rickman -A
For Carol A. Holquist, RPh
Acting Deputy Director
Office of Regulatory Operations
Office of Generic Drugs
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research