



ANDA 216936

**ANDA TENTATIVE APPROVAL**

Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc.  
U.S. Agent for Lupin Limited  
111 South Calvert Street  
Harborplace Tower, 21st Floor  
Baltimore, MD 21202  
Attention: Debashis Mohanty  
Associate Director -Regulatory Affairs

Dear Debashis Mohanty:

This letter is in reference to your abbreviated new drug application (ANDA) received for review on January 7, 2022, submitted pursuant to section 505(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) for Drospirenone Tablets, 4 mg.

Reference is also made to any amendments submitted prior to the issuance of this letter.

We have completed the review of this ANDA and have concluded that adequate information has been presented to demonstrate that the drug meets the requirements for approval under the FD&C Act. We have determined your Drospirenone Tablets, 4 mg, to be bioequivalent and therapeutically equivalent to the reference listed drug (RLD), Slynd Tablets, 4 mg, of Exeltis USA Inc. (Exeltis).

However, we are unable to grant final approval to your ANDA at this time because of the patent issue noted below. Therefore, the ANDA is **tentatively approved**. This determination is based upon information available to the Agency at this time (e.g., information in your ANDA and the status of current good manufacturing practices (cGMPs) of the facilities used in the manufacturing and testing of the drug product). This determination is subject to change on the basis of new information that may come to our attention. This letter does not address issues related to the 180-day exclusivity provisions under section 505(j)(5)(B)(iv) of the FD&C Act.

The RLD upon which you have based your ANDA, Exeltis's Slynd Tablets, 4 mg, is subject to periods of patent protection. The following patents and expiration dates are currently listed in the Agency's publication titled *Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations* (the "Orange Book"):

<u>U.S. Patent Number</u>	<u>Expiration Date</u>
9,603,860 (the '860 patent)	June 28, 2031
10,179,140 (the '140 patent)	June 28, 2031
10,603,281 (the '281 patent)	June 28, 2031
10,849,857 (the '857 patent)	June 28, 2031
10,987,364 (the '364 patent)	June 28, 2031
11,123,299 (the '299 patent)	June 28, 2031
11,291,632 (the '632 patent)	June 28, 2031
11,291,633 (the '633 patent)	June 28, 2031
11,351,122 (the '122 patent)	June 28, 2031
11,413,249 (the '249 patent)	June 28, 2031
11,439,598 (the '598 patent)	June 28, 2031

Your ANDA contains paragraph IV certifications to each of the patents<sup>1</sup> under section 505(j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV) of the FD&C Act stating that the patents are invalid, unenforceable, or will not be infringed by your manufacture, use, or sale of Drospirenone Tablets, 4 mg, under this ANDA. You have notified the Agency that Lupin Limited (Lupin) complied with the requirements of section 505(j)(2)(B) of the FD&C Act. Litigation was initiated within the statutory 45-day period against Lupin for infringement of the '860, '140, '281, '857, '364, and '299 patents in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware [Exeltis USA, Inc., Laboratorios Leon Farma, S.A., Chemo Iberica, S.A., and Chemo Research, S.L. v. Lupin Ltd. and Lupin Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Civil Action No. 22-cv-00434].

Therefore, final approval cannot be granted until:

1. a. the expiration of the 30-month period provided for in section 505(j)(5)(B)(iii) of the FD&C Act,
- b. the date the court decides<sup>2</sup> that the '860, '140, '281, '857, '364, and '299 patents are invalid or not infringed (see sections 505(j)(5)(B)(iii)(I), (II), and (III) of the FD&C Act), or
- c. the '860, '140, '281, '857, '364, and '299 patents have expired, and

2. The Agency is assured there is no new information that would affect whether final approval should be granted.

Please note that if FDA requires a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) for a listed drug, an ANDA citing that listed drug also will be required to have a REMS. See section 505-1(i) of the FD&C Act.

## **RESUBMISSION**

To request final approval, please submit an amendment titled “FINAL APPROVAL REQUESTED” with enough time to permit FDA review prior to the date you believe that your ANDA will be eligible for final approval. A request for final approval that contains no new data, information, or other changes to the ANDA generally requires a period of 3 months for Agency review. Accordingly, such a request for final approval should be submitted no later than 3 months prior to the date on which you seek approval. A request for final approval that contains substantive changes to this ANDA or changes in the status of the manufacturing and testing facilities’ compliance with cGMPs will be classified and reviewed according to OGD policy in effect at the time of receipt. Applicants should review available agency guidance for industry related to amendments under the generic drug user fee program to determine the duration of Agency review needed to review the changes submitted. As part of this consideration, applicants should monitor any changes to the RLD that occur after tentative approval, including changes in labeling, patent or exclusivity information, or marketing status. The submission of multiple amendments prior to final approval may also result in a delay in the issuance of the final approval letter.

The amendment requesting final approval should provide the legal/regulatory basis for your request for final approval and should include a copy of a court decision, settlement or licensing agreement, or other information described in 21 CFR 314.107, as appropriate. It should also identify changes, if any, in the conditions under which the ANDA was tentatively approved, e.g., updated information such as final-printed labeling, chemistry, manufacturing, and controls data as appropriate. This amendment should be submitted even if none of these changes were made, and it should be designated clearly in your cover letter as a “FINAL APPROVAL REQUESTED”

In addition to the amendment requested above, the Agency may request, at any time prior to the date of final approval, that you submit an additional amendment containing information as specified by the Agency. Failure to submit either or, if requested, both types of amendments described above may result in a delay in the issuance of the final approval letter.

This drug product may not be marketed without final Agency approval under section 505(j) of the FD&C Act. The introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of this drug product before the final approval date is prohibited under section 301 of the FD&C Act. Also, until the Agency issues the final approval letter, this drug

product will not be deemed approved for marketing under section 505(j) of the FD&C Act, and will not be listed in the Orange Book.

### **ANNUAL FACILITY FEES**

The Generic Drug User Fee Amendments of 2012 (GDUFA) (Public Law 112-144, Title III) established certain provisions<sup>3</sup> with respect to self-identification of facilities and payment of annual facility fees. Your ANDA identifies at least one facility that is subject to the self-identification requirement and payment of an annual facility fee. Self-identification must occur by June 1<sup>st</sup> of each year for the next fiscal year. Facility fees must be paid each year by the date specified in the *Federal Register* notice announcing facility fee amounts.

All finished dosage forms or active pharmaceutical ingredients manufactured in a facility that has not met its obligations to self-identify or to pay fees when they are due will be deemed misbranded. This means that it will be a violation of federal law to ship these products in interstate commerce or to import them into the United States. Such violations can result in prosecution of those responsible, injunctions, or seizures of misbranded products. Products misbranded because of failure to self-identify or pay facility fees are subject to being denied entry into the United States.

In addition, we note that GDUFA requires that certain non-manufacturing sites and organizations listed in generic drug submissions comply with the self-identification requirement. The failure of any facility, site, or organization to comply with its obligation to self-identify and/or to pay fees when due may raise significant concerns about that site or organization and is a factor that may increase the likelihood of a site inspection prior to approval. FDA does not expect to give priority to completion of inspections that are required simply because facilities, sites, or organizations fail to comply with the law requiring self-identification or fee payment.

For further information on the status of this ANDA or upon submitting an amendment to the ANDA, please contact Allison Schaefer, Regulatory Project Manager, at (301) 348 - 3989.

Sincerely yours,

*{See appended electronic signature page}*

For Edward M. Sherwood  
Director  
Office of Regulatory Operations  
Office of Generic Drugs  
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research

- 
- <sup>1</sup> The Agency notes that the '632, '633, '122, '249, and '598 patents were submitted to the Agency after submission of your ANDA. Litigation, if any, with respect to these patents would not create a statutory stay of approval.
  - <sup>2</sup> This decision may be either a decision of the district court or the court of appeals, whichever court is the first to decide that the patent is invalid or not infringed.
  - <sup>3</sup> Some of these provisions were amended by the Generic Drug User Fee Amendments of 2017 (GDUFA II) (Public Law 115-52, Title III).



Catherine  
Poole

Digitally signed by Catherine Poole

Date: 11/03/2022 09:55:34AM

GUID: 5407887a000a1c0c26055eafb8e3258a