HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use HUMULIN 70/30 safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for HUMULIN 70/30.

HUMULIN 70/30 (70% human insulin isophane suspension and 30% human insulin injection [rDNA origin]) injectable suspension, for subcutaneous use

Initial U.S. Approval: 1989

WARNING: HUMULIN 70/30 is a suspension of insulin. It is not for subcutaneous use.

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use HUMULIN 70/30. For complete prescribing information, see full prescribing information for HUMULIN 70/30. See full prescribing information for indications, adverse reactions, contraindications, warnings and precautions, and precautions.

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**CONTRAINDICATIONS**

- Only administer subcutaneously (in abdominal wall, thigh, upper arm, or buttocks). (2.2)
- Individualize and adjust dosage based on metabolic needs, blood glucose monitoring results and glycemic control goal. (2.3)
- See Full Prescribing Information for dosage adjustments due to drug interactions and patients with renal and hepatic impairment. (2.3)
- Administer approximately 30-45 minutes before a meal. (2.4)

**DOSE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

Injectable suspension 100 units per mL (U-100) available as 10 mL vials, 3 mL vials, 3 mL prefilled pens and 3 mL HUMULIN® 70/30 KwikPen® (prefilled). (3)

**ADVERSE REACTIONS**

Hypoglycemia may be reduced or absent. (5.3, 7.4)

**DRUG INTERACTIONS**

- Never share a HUMULIN 70/30 pen, HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen, or syringe between patients, even if the needle is changed. (5.1)
- Changes in Insulin Regimen: Carry out under close medical supervision and increase frequency of blood glucose monitoring. (5.2)
- Hypoglycemia: May be life-threatening. Monitor blood glucose and increase monitoring frequency with changes to insulin dosage, use of glucose lowering medications, meal pattern, physical activity; in patients with renal or hepatic impairment; and in patients with hypoglycemia unawareness. (5.3, 7, 8.6, 8.7)
- Hypersensitivity Reactions: May be life-threatening. Discontinue HUMULIN 70/30, monitor and treat if indicated. (5.4)
- Hypokalemia: May be life-threatening. Monitor potassium levels in patients at risk of hypokalemia and treat if indicated. (5.5)
- Fluid Retention and Heart Failure with Concomitant Use of Thiazolidinediones (TZDs): Observe for signs and symptoms of heart failure; consider dosage reduction or discontinuation if heart failure occurs. (5.6)

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2.2 Route of Administration

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2.4 Timing of Subcutaneous Administration

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*Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.
HUMULIN 70/30 is a fixed ratio premix recombinant human insulin formulation indicated to improve glycemic control in adult patients with diabetes mellitus.

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Important Administration Instructions
Inspect HUMULIN 70/30 visually before use. It should not contain particulate matter and should appear uniformly cloudy after mixing. Do not use HUMULIN 70/30 if particulate matter is seen. Do not mix HUMULIN 70/30 with any other insulins or diluents.

2.2 Route of Administration
HUMULIN 70/30 should only be administered subcutaneously. Administer in the subcutaneous tissue of the abdominal wall, thigh, upper arm, or buttocks. To reduce the risk of lipodystrophy, rotate the injection site within the same region from one injection to the next [see Adverse Reactions (6)].

Do not administer HUMULIN 70/30 intravenously or intramuscularly and do not use HUMULIN 70/30 in an insulin infusion pump.

2.3 Dosage Information
Individualize and adjust the dosage of HUMULIN 70/30 based on the individual’s metabolic needs, blood glucose monitoring results and glycemic control goal. Dosage adjustments may be needed with changes in physical activity, changes in meal patterns (i.e., macronutrient content or timing of food intake), changes in renal or hepatic function or during acute illness [see Warnings and Precautions (5.2, 5.3), and Use in Specific Populations (8.6, 8.7)].

The proportion of rapid acting and long acting insulin is fixed in a premixed insulin such as HUMULIN 70/30. Independent adjustment of the basal or prandial dose is not possible when using a premixed insulin. Physiological factors, disease states and concomitant drugs may impact the onset and duration of action of all insulins. HUMULIN 70/30 dose requirements may change with changes in level of physical activity, meal patterns (i.e., macronutrient content or timing of food intake), during major illness, or with some coadministered drugs [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3), Drug Interactions (7), and Use in Specific Populations (8.6, 8.7)].

2.4 Timing of Subcutaneous Administration
HUMULIN 70/30 should be given subcutaneously approximately 30-45 minutes before a meal.

3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS
HUMULIN 70/30 injectable suspension: 100 units per mL (U-100) is available as:
- 10 mL vials
- 3 mL vials
- 3 mL prefilled pens
- 3 mL HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen (prefilled)

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS
HUMULIN 70/30 is contraindicated:
- During episodes of hypoglycemia [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)], and
- In patients who have had hypersensitivity reactions to HUMULIN 70/30 or any of its excipients [see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)].

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

5.1 Never Share a HUMULIN 70/30 Pen, HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen, or Syringe Between Patients
HUMULIN 70/30 pens and HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPens must never be shared between patients, even if the needle is changed. Patients using HUMULIN 70/30 vials must never share needles or syringes with another person. Sharing poses a risk for transmission of blood-borne pathogens.

5.2 Changes in Insulin Regimen
Changes in insulin strength, manufacturer, type, or method of administration may affect glycemic control and predispose to hypoglycemia [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)] or hyperglycemia. These changes should be made cautiously and under close medical supervision and the frequency of blood glucose monitoring should be increased.

5.3 Hypoglycemia
Hypoglycemia is the most common adverse reaction associated with insulins, including HUMULIN 70/30. Severe hypoglycemia can cause seizures, may be life-threatening or cause death. Hypoglycemia can impair concentration ability and reaction time; this may place an individual and others at risk in situations where these abilities are important (e.g., driving or operating other machinery).

Hypoglycemia can happen suddenly and symptoms may differ in each individual and change over time in the same individual. Symptomatic awareness of hypoglycemia may be less pronounced in patients with longstanding diabetes, in patients with diabetic nerve disease, in patients using medications that block the sympathetic nervous system (e.g., beta-blockers) [see Drug Interactions (7)], or in patients who experience recurrent hypoglycemia.

Risk Factors for Hypoglycemia

Reference ID: 3706715
The risk of hypoglycemia after an injection is related to the duration of action of the insulin and, in general, is highest when the glucose lowering effect of the insulin is maximal. As with all insulin preparations, the glucose lowering effect time course of HUMULIN 70/30 may vary in different individuals or at different times in the same individual and depends on many conditions, including the area of injection as well as the injection site blood supply and temperature [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.2)]. Other factors which may increase the risk of hypoglycemia include changes in meal pattern (e.g., macronutrient content or timing of meals), changes in level of physical activity, or changes to co-administered medication [see Drug Interactions (7)]. Patients with renal or hepatic impairment may be at higher risk of hypoglycemia [see Use in Specific Populations (8.6, 8.7)].

Risk Mitigation Strategies for Hypoglycemia

Patients and caregivers must be educated to recognize and manage hypoglycemia. Self-monitoring of blood glucose plays an essential role in the prevention and management of hypoglycemia. In patients at higher risk for hypoglycemia and patients who have reduced symptomatic awareness of hypoglycemia, increased frequency of blood glucose monitoring is recommended.

5.4 Hypersensitivity Reactions

Severe, life-threatening, generalized allergy, including anaphylaxis, can occur with insulin products, including HUMULIN 70/30. If hypersensitivity reactions occur, discontinue HUMULIN 70/30; treat per standard of care and monitor until symptoms and signs resolve [see Adverse Reactions (6)]. HUMULIN 70/30 is contraindicated in patients who have had hypersensitivity reactions to HUMULIN 70/30 or any of its excipients [see Contraindications (4)].

5.5 Hypokalemia

All insulin products, including HUMULIN 70/30, cause a shift in potassium from the extracellular to intracellular space, possibly leading to hypokalemia. Untreated hypokalemia may cause respiratory paralysis, ventricular arrhythmia, and death. Monitor potassium levels in patients at risk for hypokalemia if indicated (e.g., patients using potassium-lowering medications, patients taking medications sensitive to serum potassium concentrations).

5.6 Fluid Retention and Heart Failure with Concomitant Use of PPAR-gamma Agonists

Thiazolidinediones (TZDs), which are peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR)-gamma agonists, can cause dose-related fluid retention, particularly when used in combination with insulin. Fluid retention may lead to or exacerbate heart failure. Patients treated with insulin, including HUMULIN 70/30, and a PPAR-gamma agonist should be observed for signs and symptoms of heart failure. If heart failure develops, it should be managed according to current standards of care, and discontinuation or dose reduction of the PPAR-gamma agonist must be considered.

6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following adverse reactions are discussed elsewhere in the labeling:

- Hypoglycemia [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)].
- Hypokalemia [see Warnings and Precautions (5.5)].

The following additional adverse reactions have been identified during post-approval use of HUMULIN 70/30. Because these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or to establish a causal relationship to drug exposure.

Allergic Reactions

Some patients taking HUMULIN 70/30 have experienced erythema, local edema, and pruritus at the site of injection. These conditions were usually self-limiting. Severe cases of generalized allergy (anaphylaxis) have been reported [see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)].

Peripheral Edema

Some patients taking HUMULIN 70/30 have experienced sodium retention and edema, particularly if previously poor metabolic control is improved by intensified insulin therapy.

Lipodystrophy

Administration of insulin subcutaneously, including HUMULIN 70/30, has resulted in lipoatrophy (depression in the skin) or lipohypertrophy (enlargement or thickening of tissue) [see Dosage and Administration (2.2)] in some patients.

Weight gain

Weight gain has occurred with some insulin therapies including HUMULIN 70/30 and has been attributed to the anabolic effects of insulin and the decrease in glycosuria.

Immunogenicity

Development of antibodies that react with human insulin have been observed with all insulin, including HUMULIN 70/30.

7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

7.1 Drugs That May Increase the Risk of Hypoglycemia

The risk of hypoglycemia associated with HUMULIN 70/30 use may be increased when co-administered with antidiabetic agents, salicylates, sulfonamide antibiotics, monoamine oxidase inhibitors, fluoxetine, disopyramide, fibrates,
propoxyphene, pentoxifylline, ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II receptor blocking agents, and somatostatin analogs (e.g., octreotide). Dose adjustment and increased frequency of glucose monitoring may be required when HUMULIN 70/30 is co-administered with these drugs.

7.2 Drugs That May Decrease the Blood Glucose Lowering Effect of HUMULIN 70/30
The glucose lowering effect of HUMULIN 70/30 may be decreased when co-administered with corticosteroids, isoniazid, niacin, estrogens, oral contraceptives, phenothiazines, danazol, diuretics, sympathomimetic agents (e.g., epinephrine, albuterol, terbutaline), somatropin, atypical antipsychotics, glucagon, protease inhibitors, and thyroid hormones. Dose adjustment and increased frequency of glucose monitoring may be required when HUMULIN 70/30 is co-administered with these drugs.

7.3 Drugs That May Increase or Decrease the Blood Glucose Lowering Effect of HUMULIN 70/30
The glucose lowering effect of HUMULIN 70/30 may be increased or decreased when co-administered with beta-blockers, clonidine, lithium salts, and alcohol. Pentamidine may cause hypoglycemia, which may sometimes be followed by hyperglycemia. Dose adjustment and increased frequency of glucose monitoring may be required when HUMULIN 70/30 is co-administered with these drugs.

7.4 Drugs That May Blunt Signs and Symptoms of Hypoglycemia
The signs and symptoms of hypoglycemia [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)] may be blunted when beta-blockers, clonidine, guanethidine, and reserpine are co-administered with HUMULIN 70/30.

8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

8.1 Pregnancy
Pregnancy Category B

Risk Summary
All pregnancies have a background risk of birth defects, loss, or other adverse outcome regardless of drug exposure. This background risk is increased in pregnancies complicated by hyperglycemia and may be decreased with good metabolic control. It is essential for patients with diabetes or history of gestational diabetes to maintain good metabolic control before conception and throughout pregnancy. In patients with diabetes or gestational diabetes, insulin requirements may decrease during the first trimester, generally increase during the second and third trimesters, and rapidly decline after delivery. Careful monitoring of glucose control is essential in these patients. Therefore, female patients should be advised to tell their physicians if they intend to become, or if they become pregnant while taking HUMULIN 70/30.

Human Data
While there are no adequate and well-controlled studies of HUMULIN 70/30 in pregnant women, evidence from published literature suggests that good glycemic control in patients with diabetes during pregnancy provides significant maternal and fetal benefits.

Animal Data
Reproduction and fertility toxicity studies were not performed in animals.

8.3 Nursing Mothers
Endogenous insulin is present in human milk; it is unknown whether HUMULIN 70/30 is present in human milk. Insulin orally ingested is degraded in the gastrointestinal tract. No adverse reactions associated with infant exposure to insulin through the consumption of human milk have been reported. Good glucose control supports lactation in patients with diabetes. Women with diabetes who are lactating may require adjustments in their insulin dose.

8.4 Pediatric Use
Safety and effectiveness of HUMULIN 70/30 in patients less than 18 years of age has not been established.

8.5 Geriatric Use
The effect of age on the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of HUMULIN 70/30 has not been studied [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)]. Patients with advanced age using any insulin, including HUMULIN 70/30, may be at increased risk of hypoglycemia due to co-morbid disease and polypharmacy [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)].

8.6 Renal Impairment
The effect of renal impairment on the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of HUMULIN 70/30 has not been studied [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)]. Patients with renal impairment are at increased risk of hypoglycemia and may require more frequent HUMULIN 70/30 dose adjustment and more frequent blood glucose monitoring.

8.7 Hepatic Impairment
The effect of hepatic impairment on the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of HUMULIN 70/30 has not been studied [see Clinical Pharmacology (12.3)]. Patients with hepatic impairment are at increased risk of hypoglycemia and may require more frequent HUMULIN 70/30 dose adjustment and more frequent blood glucose monitoring.

10 OVERDOSAGE
Excess insulin administration may cause hypoglycemia and hypokalemia [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3, 5.5)]. Mild episodes of hypoglycemia can be treated with oral glucose. Adjustments in drug dosage, meal patterns, or
physical activity level may be needed. More severe episodes with coma, seizure, or neurologic impairment may be treated with intramuscular/subcutaneous glucagon or concentrated intravenous glucose. Sustained carbohydrate intake and observation may be necessary because hypoglycemia may recur after apparent clinical recovery. Hypokalemia must be corrected appropriately.

11 DESCRIPTION

HUMULIN 70/30 (70% human insulin isophane suspension and 30% human insulin injection [rDNA origin]) is a human insulin suspension. Human insulin is produced by recombinant DNA technology utilizing a non-pathogenic laboratory strain of Escherichia coli. HUMULIN 70/30 is a suspension of crystals produced from combining human insulin and protamine sulfate under appropriate conditions for crystal formation and mixing with human insulin injection. The amino acid sequence of HUMULIN 70/30 is identical to human insulin and has the empirical formula $C_{257}H_{383}N_{65}O_{77}S_{6}$ with a molecular weight of 5808.

HUMULIN 70/30 is a sterile white suspension. Each milliliter of HUMULIN 70/30 contains 100 units of insulin human, 0.24 mg of protamine sulfate, 16 mg of glycerin, 3.78 mg of dibasic sodium phosphate, 1.6 mg of metacresol, 0.65 mg of phenol, zinc oxide content adjusted to provide 0.025 mg zinc ion, and Water for Injection. The pH is 7.0 to 7.8. Sodium hydroxide and/or hydrochloric acid may be added during manufacture to adjust the pH.

12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

12.1 Mechanism of Action

HUMULIN 70/30 lowers blood glucose by stimulating peripheral glucose uptake by skeletal muscle and fat, and by inhibiting hepatic glucose production. Insulins inhibit lipolysis and proteolysis, and enhance protein synthesis.

12.2 Pharmacodynamics

HUMULIN 70/30 combines an intermediate-acting insulin with the more rapid onset of action of regular human insulin. In healthy males (n=18) given HUMULIN 70/30 (0.3 unit/kg) subcutaneously, the pharmacologic effect began at approximately 50 minutes (range: 30 to 90 minutes) (see Figure 1). The effect was maximal at approximately 3.5 hours (range: 1.5 to 6.5 hours) and the mean duration of action was relatively long (approximately 23 hours; range: 18-24 hours).

Figure 1 should be considered only as a representative example since the time course of action of insulin may vary in different individuals or within the same individual. The rate of insulin absorption and consequently the onset of activity is known to be affected by the site of injection, physical activity level, and other variables [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)].

12.3 Pharmacokinetics

Absorption — In healthy male subjects given HUMULIN 70/30 (0.3 unit/kg) subcutaneously, the mean peak serum concentration occurred at 2.2 hours (range: 1 to 5 hours) after dosing.

Metabolism — The uptake and degradation of insulin occurs predominantly in liver, kidney, muscle, and adipocytes, with the liver being the major organ involved in the clearance of insulin.

Elimination — Because of the absorption-rate limited kinetics of insulin mixtures, a true half-life cannot be accurately estimated from the terminal slope of the concentration versus time curve.

Specific Populations

The effects of age, gender, race, obesity, pregnancy, or smoking on the pharmacokinetics of HUMULIN 70/30 have not been studied.
Careful glucose monitoring and dose adjustments of insulin, including HUMULIN 70/30, may be necessary in patients with renal or hepatic dysfunction [see Use in Specific Populations (8.6, 8.7)].

13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility
Carcinogenicity and fertility studies were not performed in animals. Biosynthetic human insulin was not genotoxic in the in vivo sister chromatid exchange assay and the in vitro gradient plate and unscheduled DNA synthesis assays.

16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

16.1 How Supplied
HUMULIN 70/30 100 units per mL (U-100) is available as:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>NDC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10 mL vials</td>
<td>0002-8715-01 (HI-710)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 mL vials</td>
<td>0002-8715-17 (HI-713)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 x 3 mL prefilled pen</td>
<td>0002-8770-59 (HP-8770)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 x 3 mL HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen (prefilled)</td>
<td>0002-8803-59 (HP-8803)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Each prefilled HUMULIN 70/30 pen and HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen is for use by a single patient. HUMULIN 70/30 pens and HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPens must never be shared between patients, even if the needle is changed. Patients using HUMULIN 70/30 vials must never share needles or syringes with another person.

16.2 Storage and Handling
Protect from heat and light. Do not freeze. Do not use after the expiration date.

Not In-Use (Unopened) HUMULIN 70/30 Vials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Braden</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Availability</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerated</td>
<td>Store in a refrigerator (36° to 46°F [2° to 8°C]), but not in the freezer. Do not use if it has been frozen.</td>
<td>31 days</td>
<td>Do not use after the expiration date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room Temperature</td>
<td>If stored at room temperature, below 86°F (30°C) the vial must be discarded after 31 days.</td>
<td>31 days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In-Use (Opened) HUMULIN 70/30 Vials

<table>
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<td>31 days</td>
<td>Do not use after the expiration date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room Temperature</td>
<td>If stored at room temperature, below 86°F (30°C) the vial must be discarded after 31 days, even if the vial still contains HUMULIN 70/30.</td>
<td>31 days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Not In-Use (Unopened) HUMULIN 70/30 Pen and KwikPen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Braden</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Availability</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerated</td>
<td>Store in a refrigerator (36° to 46°F [2° to 8°C]), but not in the freezer. Do not use if it has been frozen.</td>
<td>31 days</td>
<td>Do not use after the expiration date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room Temperature</td>
<td>If stored at room temperature, below 86°F (30°C) the pen must be discarded after 10 days.</td>
<td>10 days</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In-Use (Opened) HUMULIN 70/30 Pen and KwikPen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Braden</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Availability</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerated</td>
<td>Do NOT store in a refrigerator.</td>
<td>10 days, room temperature.</td>
<td>Do not refrigerate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room Temperature</td>
<td>Store at room temperature, below 86°F (30°C) and the pen must be discarded after 10 days, even if the pen still contains HUMULIN 70/30.</td>
<td>10 days, room temperature.</td>
<td>Do not refrigerate.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Advise the patient to read the FDA-approved patient labeling (Patient Information and Instructions for Use).

Never Share a HUMULIN 70/30 Pen, HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen, or Syringe Between Patients
Advise patients that they must never share a HUMULIN 70/30 pen or HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen with another person, even if the needle is changed. Advise patients using HUMULIN 70/30 vials not to share needles or syringes with another person. Sharing poses a risk for transmission of blood-borne pathogens.

**Hypoglycemia**

Instruct patients on self-management procedures including glucose monitoring, proper injection technique, and management of hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia especially at initiation of HUMULIN 70/30 therapy. Instruct patients on handling of special situations such as intercurrent conditions (illness, stress, or emotional disturbances), an inadequate or skipped insulin dose, inadvertent administration of an increased insulin dose, inadequate food intake, and skipped meals. Instruct patients on the management of hypoglycemia.

Inform patients that their ability to concentrate and react may be impaired as a result of hypoglycemia. Advise patients who have frequent hypoglycemia or reduced or absent warning signs of hypoglycemia to use caution when driving or operating machinery [see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)].

Inform patients that accidental mix-ups between HUMULIN 70/30 and other insulins have been reported. Instruct patients to always carefully check that they are administering the correct insulin (e.g., by checking the insulin label before each injection) to avoid medication errors between HUMULIN 70/30 and other insulins.

**Hypersensitivity Reactions**

Advise patients that hypersensitivity reactions have occurred with HUMULIN 70/30. Inform patients on the symptoms of hypersensitivity reactions [see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)].

**Females with Reproductive Potential**

Advise females of reproductive potential with diabetes to inform their doctor if they are pregnant or are contemplating pregnancy [see Use in Specific Populations (8.1)].

**Visual Inspection Prior to Use**

Instruct patients to visually inspect HUMULIN 70/30 before use and to use HUMULIN 70/30 only if it contains no particulate matter and appears uniformly cloudy after mixing [see Dosage and Administration (2.1)].

**Expiration Date**

Instruct patients not to use HUMULIN 70/30 after the printed expiration date.

HUMULIN® and HUMULIN® 70/30 KwikPen® are trademarks of Eli Lilly and Company.

Literature revised February 2015
PATIENT INFORMATION
HUMULIN® (HU-mu-lin) 70/30
(70% human insulin isophane suspension and
30% human insulin injection [rDNA origin])

Do not share your HUMULIN 70/30 Pen, HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen, or syringes with other people, even if the needle has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

What is HUMULIN 70/30?
• HUMULIN 70/30 is a man-made insulin that is used to control high blood sugar in adults with diabetes mellitus.

Who should not use HUMULIN 70/30?
Do not use HUMULIN 70/30 if you:
• are having an episode of low blood sugar (hypoglycemia).
• have an allergy to HUMULIN 70/30 or any of the ingredients in HUMULIN 70/30.

Before using HUMULIN 70/30, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions including, if you:
• have liver or kidney problems.
• take any other medicines, especially ones commonly called TZDs (thiazolidinediones).
• have heart failure or other heart problems. If you have heart failure, it may get worse while you take TZDs with HUMULIN 70/30.
• are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or are breastfeeding.
• are taking new prescription or over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, or herbal supplements.

Before you start using HUMULIN 70/30, talk to your healthcare provider about low blood sugar and how to manage it.

How should I use HUMULIN 70/30?
• Read the Instructions for Use that come with your HUMULIN 70/30.
• Use HUMULIN 70/30 exactly as your healthcare provider tells you to.
• Know the type and strength of insulin you use. Do not change the type of insulin you use unless your healthcare provider tells you to. The amount of insulin and the best time for you to take your insulin may need to change if you use different types of insulin.
• Check your blood sugar levels. Ask your healthcare provider what your blood sugars should be and when you should check your blood sugar levels.

Do not share your HUMULIN 70/30 Pen, HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen, or syringes with other people, even if the needle has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.
Your HUMULIN 70/30 dose may need to change because of:
- change in level of physical activity or exercise, weight gain or loss, increased stress, illness, change in diet.

What should I avoid while using HUMULIN 70/30?

While using HUMULIN 70/30 do not:
- Drive or operate heavy machinery, until you know how HUMULIN 70/30 affects you.
- Drink alcohol or use prescription or over-the-counter medicines that contain alcohol.

What are the possible side effects of HUMULIN 70/30?

HUMULIN 70/30 may cause serious side effects that can lead to death, including:
- low blood sugar (hypoglycemia). Signs and symptoms that may indicate low blood sugar include:
  - dizziness or light-headedness, sweating, confusion, headache, blurred vision, slurred speech, shakiness, fast heartbeat, anxiety, irritability, or mood changes, hunger.
- serious allergic reaction (whole body reaction). Get medical help right away, if you have any of these symptoms of an allergic reaction:
  - a rash over your whole body, trouble breathing, a fast heartbeat, or sweating.
- low potassium in your blood (hypokalemia).
- heart failure. Taking certain diabetes pills called thiazolidinediones or “TZDs” with HUMULIN 70/30 may cause heart failure in some people. This can happen even if you have never had heart failure or heart problems before. If you already have heart failure it may get worse while you take TZDs with HUMULIN 70/30. Your healthcare provider should monitor you closely while you are taking TZDs with HUMULIN 70/30. Tell your healthcare provider if you have any new or worse symptoms of heart failure including:
  - shortness of breath, swelling of your ankles or feet, sudden weight gain
  Treatment with TZDs and HUMULIN 70/30 may need to be adjusted or stopped by your healthcare provider if you have new or worse heart failure.

Get emergency medical help if you have:
- trouble breathing, shortness of breath, fast heartbeat, swelling of your face, tongue, or throat, sweating, extreme drowsiness, dizziness, confusion.

The most common side effects of HUMULIN 70/30 include:
- low blood sugar (hypoglycemia), allergic reactions including reactions at the injection site, skin thickening or pits at the injection site (lipodystrophy), itching, rash, weight gain, and swelling of your hands and feet. These are not all the possible side effects of HUMULIN 70/30. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

General information about the safe and effective use of HUMULIN 70/30:
Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Patient Information leaflet. You can ask your pharmacist or healthcare provider for information about HUMULIN 70/30 that is written for health professionals. Do not use HUMULIN 70/30 for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give
HUMULIN 70/30 to other people, even if they have the same symptoms that you have. It may harm them.

**What are the ingredients in HUMULIN 70/30?**

**Active Ingredient:** insulin human (rDNA origin)

**Inactive Ingredients:** protamine sulfate, glycerin, dibasic sodium phosphate, metacresol, phenol, zinc oxide, water for injection, hydrochloric acid or sodium hydroxide

For more information, call 1-800-545-5979 or go to www.humulin.com.

*This Patient Information has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.*

Patient Information revised February 2015

Marketed by: Lilly USA, LLC, Indianapolis, IN 46285, USA

Copyright © 1992, YYYY, Eli Lilly and Company. All rights reserved.
Read the Instructions for Use before you start taking HUMULIN 70/30 and each time you get another HUMULIN® 70/30 KwikPen®. There may be new information. This information does not take the place of talking to your healthcare provider about your medical condition or your treatment.

Do not share your HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen with other people, even if the needle has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen (“Pen”) is a disposable pen containing 3 mL (300 units) of U-100 HUMULIN® 70/30 (70% human insulin isophane suspension and 30% human insulin injection [rDNA origin]) insulin. You can inject from 1 to 60 units in a single injection.

HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen has a blue and brown Label with a matching brown Dose Knob (See the KwikPen Parts diagram below).

This Pen is not recommended for use by the blind or visually impaired without the assistance of a person trained in the proper use of the product.

Supplies you will need to give your HUMULIN 70/30 injection:
- HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen
- KwikPen compatible Needle (Becton, Dickinson and Company Pen Needles recommended)
• alcohol swab

Preparing HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen:

• Wash your hands with soap and water.
• Check the HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen Label to make sure you are taking the right type of insulin. This is especially important if you use more than 1 type of insulin.
• **Do not** use HUMULIN 70/30 past the expiration date printed on the Label or 10 days after you start using the Pen.
• **Always use a new needle for each injection to help ensure sterility and prevent blocked needles.** Do not reuse or share needles with other people. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 1:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Pull the Pen Cap straight off.</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Step 1 Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Wipe the Rubber Seal with an alcohol swab.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>Do not</strong> twist the cap.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>Do not</strong> remove the HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen Label.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>Do not</strong> attach the Needle before mixing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 2:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Gently roll the Pen between your hands 10 times.</td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Step 2 Image" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 3:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Move the Pen up and down (invert) 10 times.</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Step 3 Image" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mixing by rolling and inverting the Pen is important</strong> to make sure you get the right dose.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 4:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• <strong>Check the liquid in the Pen.</strong> HUMULIN 70/30 should look white and cloudy after mixing. <strong>Do not</strong> use if it looks clear or has any lumps or particles in it.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Step 5:
- Select a new Needle.
- Pull off the Paper Tab from the Outer Needle Shield.

Step 6:
- Push the capped Needle straight onto the Pen and twist the Needle on until it is tight.

Step 7:
- Pull off the Outer Needle Shield. **Do not** throw it away.
- Pull off the Inner Needle Shield and throw it away.

**Step 8:**
- Turn the Dose Knob to select 2 units.

**Step 9:**
- Hold the Pen with the Needle pointing up. Tap the Cartridge Holder gently to collect air bubbles at the top.

**Step 10:**
- Hold the Pen with Needle pointing up. Push the Dose Knob in until it stops, and “0” is seen in the Dose Window.
- **Hold the Dose Knob in and count to 5 slowly.**

**Priming the HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen:**
**Prime the HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen before each injection.** Priming ensures the Pen is ready to dose and removes air that may collect in the cartridge during normal use. If you do not prime before each injection, you may get too much or too little insulin.
A stream of insulin should be seen from the needle.

- If you **do not** see a stream of insulin, repeat steps 8 to 10, no more than 4 times.
- If you **still do not** see a stream of insulin, change the needle and repeat steps 8 to 10.
Selecting your dose:

Step 11:
• Turn the Dose Knob to select the number of units you need to inject. The Dose Indicator should line up with your dose.
  
  The dose can be corrected by turning the Dose Knob in either direction until the correct dose lines up with the Dose Indicator.

  - The **even** numbers are printed on the dial.

  - The **odd** numbers, after the number 1, are shown as full lines.

• The HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen will not let you dial more than the number of units left in the Pen.
• If your dose is more than the number of units left in the Pen, you may either:
  - inject the amount left in your Pen and then use a new Pen to give the rest of your dose, or
  - get a new Pen and inject the full dose.
• The Pen is designed to deliver a total of 300 units of insulin. The cartridge contains an additional small amount of insulin that cannot be delivered.

Giving your HUMULIN 70/30 injection:
• Inject your HUMULIN 70/30 exactly as your healthcare provider has shown you.
• Change (rotate) your injection site for each injection.
• **Do not** try to change your dose while injecting HUMULIN 70/30.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 12:</th>
<th><img src="image1.png" alt="Image" /></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Choose your injection site. HUMULIN 70/30 is injected under the skin (subcutaneously) of your stomach area, buttocks, upper legs or upper arms.  
• Wipe the skin with an alcohol swab, and let the injection site dry before you inject your dose. |  |
| Step 13: | ![Image](image2.png) |
| • Insert the Needle into your skin. |  |
| Step 14: | ![Image](image3.png) |
| • Put your **thumb** on the Dose Knob and push the Dose Knob in until it stops.  
• **Hold the Dose Knob in and slowly count to 5.** |  |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 15:</th>
<th><img src="image-url" alt="Image" /></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Pull the Needle out of your skin. You should see “0” in the Dose Window. If you do not see “0” in the Dose Window, you did not receive your full dose.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- If you see blood after you take the Needle out of your skin, press the injection site lightly with a piece of gauze or an alcohol swab. <strong>Do not</strong> rub the area.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- A drop of insulin at the needle tip is normal. It will not affect your dose.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- <strong>If you do not think you received your full dose, do not take another dose.</strong> Call Lilly at 1-800-LillyRx (1-800-545-5979) or your healthcare provider for help.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 16:</th>
<th><img src="image-url" alt="Image" /></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Carefully replace the Outer Needle Shield.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 17:</th>
<th><img src="image-url" alt="Image" /></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Unscrew the capped Needle and throw it away.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• <strong>Do not</strong> store the Pen with the Needle attached to prevent leaking, blocking of the Needle, and air from entering the Pen.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 18:</th>
<th><img src="image-url" alt="Image" /></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Replace the Pen Cap by lining up the Cap Clip with the Dose Indicator and pushing straight on.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**After your injection:**

- Put your used needles in a FDA-cleared sharps disposal container right away after use. Do not throw away (dispose of) loose needles in your household trash.
• If you do not have a FDA-cleared sharps disposal container, you may use a household container that is:
  - made of a heavy-duty plastic,
  - can be closed with a tight-fitting, puncture-resistant lid, without sharps being able to come out,
  - upright and stable during use,
  - leak-resistant, and
  - properly labeled to warn of hazardous waste inside the container.
• When your sharps disposal container is almost full, you will need to follow your community guidelines for the right way to dispose of your sharps disposal container. There may be state or local laws about how you should throw away used needles and syringes. For more information about safe sharps disposal, and for specific information about sharps disposal in the state that you live in, go to the FDA’s website at: http://www.fda.gov/safesharpsdisposal.
• Do not dispose of your used sharps disposal container in your household trash unless your community guidelines permit this. Do not recycle your used sharps disposal container.
• The used Pen may be discarded in your household trash after you have removed the needle.

How should I store my HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen?
• Store unused HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPens in the refrigerator at 36°F to 46°F (2°C to 8°C). The Pen you are currently using should be stored at room temperature, below 86°F (30°C).
• Do not freeze HUMULIN 70/30. Do not use HUMULIN 70/30 if it has been frozen.
• Unused Pens may be used until the expiration date printed on the Label, if kept in the refrigerator.
• The HUMULIN 70/30 Pen you are using should be thrown away after 10 days, even if it still has insulin left in it.
• Keep HUMULIN 70/30 away from heat and out of the light.

General information about the safe and effective use of HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen.
• Keep HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen and needles out of the reach of children.
• Always use a new needle for each injection.
• Do not share your Pen or needles with other people. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.
• Do not use the Pen if any part looks broken or damaged.
• Always carry an extra Pen in case yours is lost or damaged.
• If you cannot remove the Pen Cap, gently twist the Pen Cap back and forth, and then pull the Pen Cap straight off.
• If it is hard to push the Dose Knob or the Pen is not working the right way:
  - Your Needle may be blocked. Put on a new Needle and prime the Pen.
  - You may have dust, food, or liquid inside the Pen. Throw the Pen away and get a new one.
  - It may help to push the Dose Knob more slowly during your injection.
• Use the space below to keep track of how long you should use each HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen.
  - Write down the date you start using your HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen. Count forward 10 days.
  - Write down the date you should throw it away.

**Example:**
First used on _______ + 10 days = Throw out on _______

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pen 1 - First used on</td>
<td>Throw out on</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pen 2 - First used on</td>
<td>Throw out on</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pen 3 - First used on</td>
<td>Throw out on</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pen 4 - First used on</td>
<td>Throw out on</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pen 5 - First used on</td>
<td>Throw out on</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you have any questions or problems with your HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen, contact Lilly at 1-800-LillyRx (1-800-545-5979) or call your healthcare provider for help. For more information on HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen and insulin, go to www.lilly.com.

**This Instructions for Use has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.**

HUMULIN® and HUMULIN® KwikPen® are trademarks of Eli Lilly and Company.

Revised: February 2015

**Marketed by:** Lilly USA, LLC

Indianapolis, IN 46285, USA

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**HUMULIN 70/30 KwikPen** meets the current dose accuracy and functional requirements of ISO 11608-1:2000.
Instructions for Use

HUMULIN® (HU-mu-lin) 70/30
(70% human insulin isophane suspension and
30% human insulin injection [rDNA origin])
vial (100 Units/mL, U-100)

Read the Instructions for Use before you start taking HUMULIN 70/30 and each time you get a new HUMULIN 70/30 vial. There may be new information. This information does not take the place of talking to your healthcare provider about your medical condition or your treatment.

Do not share your syringes with other people, even if the needle has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

Supplies needed to give your injection:

- a HUMULIN 70/30 vial
- a U-100 insulin syringe and needle
- 2 alcohol swabs
- 1 sharps container for throwing away used needles and syringes. See “Disposing of used needles and syringes” at the end of these instructions.

Preparing your HUMULIN 70/30 dose:

- Wash your hands with soap and water.
- Check the HUMULIN 70/30 label to make sure you are taking the right type of insulin. This is especially important if you use more than 1 type of insulin.
- Do not use HUMULIN 70/30 past the expiration date printed on the label or 31 days after you first use it.
- Always use a new syringe or needle for each injection to help ensure sterility and prevent blocked needles. Do not reuse or share your syringes or needles with...
other people. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step 1:</th>
<th>![Image] Gently roll the vial between the palms of your hands at least 10 times.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Step 2:</td>
<td>![Image] Invert the vial at least 10 times. Do not shake. <strong>Mixing is important</strong> to make sure you get the right dose. Humulin 70/30 should look white and cloudy after mixing. <strong>Do not</strong> use it if it looks clear or contains any lumps or particles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 3:</td>
<td>![Image] If you are using a new vial, pull off the plastic Protective Cap, but <strong>do not</strong> remove the Rubber Stopper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 5:</td>
<td>![Image] Hold the syringe with the needle pointing up. Pull down on the Plunger until the tip of the Plunger reaches the line for the number of units for your prescribed dose. (Example Dose: 20 units shown)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step 6:</td>
<td>![Image] Push the needle through the Rubber Stopper of the vial.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reference ID: 3706715
### Step 7:
Push the plunger all the way in. This puts air into the vial.

### Step 8:
Turn the vial and syringe upside down and slowly pull the Plunger down until the tip is a few units past the line for your prescribed dose.

If there are air bubbles, tap the syringe gently a few times to let any air bubbles rise to the top.

*(Example Dose: 20 units Plunger is shown at 24 units)*

### Step 9:
Slowly push the Plunger up until the tip reaches the line for your prescribed dose.

Check the syringe to make sure that you have the right dose.

*(Example Dose: 20 units shown)*

### Step 10:
Pull the syringe out of the vial’s Rubber Stopper.

---

**Giving your HUMULIN 70/30 injection:**

- Inject your insulin exactly as your healthcare provider has shown you.
- Change (rotate) your injection site for each injection.
Step 11:
Choose your injection site.
HUMULIN 70/30 is injected under the skin (subcutaneously) of your stomach area (abdomen), buttocks, upper legs or upper arms.
Wipe the skin with an alcohol swab. Let the injection site dry before you inject your dose.

Step 12:
Insert the needle into your skin.

Step 13:
Push down on the Plunger to inject your dose.
The needle should stay in your skin for at least 5 seconds to make sure you have injected all of your insulin dose.

Step 14:
Pull the needle out of your skin.
  • If you see blood after you take the needle out of your skin, press the injection site with a piece of gauze or an alcohol swab. **Do not** rub the area.
  • **Do not** recap the needle. Recapping the needle can lead to a needle stick injury.

**Disposing of used needles and syringes:**
- Put your used needles and syringes in a FDA-cleared sharps disposal container right away after use. **Do not** throw away (dispose of) loose needles and syringes in your household trash.
- If you do not have a FDA-cleared sharps disposal container, you may use a household container that is:
  - made of a heavy-duty plastic,
  - can be closed with a tight-fitting, puncture-resistant lid, without sharps being able to come out,
  - upright and stable during use,
  - leak-resistant, and
  - properly labeled to warn of hazardous waste inside the container.
• When your sharps disposal container is almost full, you will need to follow your community guidelines for the right way to dispose of your sharps disposal container. There may be state or local laws about how you should throw away used needles and syringes. For more information about safe sharps disposal, and for specific information about sharps disposal in the state that you live in, go to the FDA’s website at: http://www.fda.gov/safesharpsdisposal

• Do not dispose of your used sharps disposal container in your household trash unless your community guidelines permit this. Do not recycle your used sharps disposal container.

How should I store HUMULIN 70/30?

All unopened HUMULIN 70/30 vials:
• Store all unopened vials in the refrigerator.
• **Do not** freeze. **Do not** use if it has been frozen.
• Keep away from heat and out of direct light.
• Unopened vials can be used until the expiration date on the carton and label, if they have been stored in the refrigerator.
• Unopened vials should be thrown away after 31 days, if they are stored at room temperature.

After HUMULIN 70/30 vials have been opened:
• Store opened vials in the refrigerator or at room temperature below 86°F (30°C) for up to 31 days.
• Keep away from heat and out of direct light.
• Throw away all opened vials after 31 days of use, even if there is still insulin left in the vial.

General information about the safe and effective use of HUMULIN 70/30.
• Keep HUMULIN 70/30 vials, syringes, needles, and all medicines out of the reach of children.
• **Always use** a new syringe or needle for each injection.
• **Do not reuse or share your syringes or needles with other people. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.**

If you have any questions or problems with your HUMULIN, contact Lilly at 1-800-Lilly-Rx (1-800-545-5979) or call your healthcare provider for help. For more information on HUMULIN and insulin, go to www.humulin.com.

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*This Instructions for Use has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.*

Humulin® is a trademark of Eli Lilly and Company.

Instructions for Use revised: February 2015
Instructions for Use
Read and follow all of these instructions carefully. If you do not follow these instructions completely, you may get too much or too little insulin.

Every time you inject:
• Use a new needle
• Prime to make sure the Pen is ready to dose
• Make sure you got your full dose (see page 18)

Also, read the “Patient Information” enclosed in your Pen box.

Pen Features
• A multiple dose, prefilled insulin delivery device (“insulin Pen”) containing 3 mL (300 units) of U-100 insulin
• Delivers up to 60 units per dose
• Doses can be dialed by single units

Do not share your Pen with other people, even if the needle has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.
# Table of Contents

- Pen Parts ........................................................................................................3
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- Setting a Dose ............................................................................................14
- Injecting a Dose ..........................................................................................16
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Pen Parts

- Injection Button
- Dose Knob
- Raised Notch
- Raised Notch
- Dose Window
- Label
- Insulin Cartridge
- Clear Cartridge Holder
- Rubber Seal
- Paper Tab
- Outer Needle Shield
- Inner Needle Shield
- Needle
- Pen Cap
Important Notes

• Read and follow all of these instructions carefully. If you do not follow these instructions completely, you may get too much or too little insulin.

• Always use a new needle for each injection to help ensure sterility and prevent blocked needles. Do not reuse or share your needles with other people. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

• Be sure a needle is completely attached to the Pen before priming, setting the dose and injecting your insulin.

• Prime every time.

  • The Pen must be primed before each injection to make sure the Pen is ready to dose. Performing the priming step is important to confirm that insulin comes out when you push the injection button, and to remove air that may collect in the insulin cartridge during normal use. See Section III. “Priming the Pen”, pages 10-13.

  • If you do not prime, you may get too much or too little insulin.

• Make sure you get your full dose.

  • To make sure you get your full dose, you must push the injection button all the way down until you see a diamond (♦) or an arrow (➔) in the center of the dose window. See “Following an Injection”, page 18.

  • The numbers on the clear cartridge holder give an estimate of the amount of insulin remaining in the cartridge. Do not use these numbers for measuring an insulin dose.

• Do not share your Pen with other people, even if the needle has been changed. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

• Keep your Pen and needles out of the reach of children.

• Pens that have not been used should be stored in a refrigerator but not in a freezer. Do not use a Pen if it has been frozen. Refer to the “Patient Information” for complete storage instructions.
Important Notes
(Continued)

• After a Pen is used for the first time, it should **NOT** be refrigerated but should be kept at room temperature [below 86°F (30°C)] and away from direct heat and light.

• An unrefrigerated Pen should be discarded according to the time specified in the “Patient Information”, even if it still contains insulin.

• Never use a Pen after the expiration date stamped on the label.

• Do not store your Pen with the needle attached. Doing so may allow insulin to leak from the Pen and air bubbles to form in the cartridge. Additionally, with suspension (cloudy) insulins, crystals may clog the needle.

• Always carry an extra Pen in case yours is lost or damaged.

• Follow your Health Care Professional’s instruction for safe handling of needles and disposal of empty pens.

• This Pen is not recommended for use by blind or visually impaired persons without the assistance of a person trained in the proper use of the product.

• The directions regarding needle handling are not intended to replace local, Health Care Professional, or institutional policies.

• **Any changes in insulin should be made cautiously and only under medical supervision.**
I. Preparing the Pen

1. Before proceeding, refer to the “Patient Information” for instructions on checking the appearance of your insulin.

2. Check the label on the Pen to be sure the Pen contains the type of insulin that has been prescribed for you.

3. Always wash your hands before preparing your Pen for use.

4. Pull the Pen cap to remove.
I. Preparing the Pen
(Continued)

5. If your insulin is a suspension (cloudy):

   a. Roll the Pen back and forth 10 times then perform step b.

   b. Gently turn the Pen up and down 10 times until the insulin is evenly mixed.

   **Note:** Suspension (cloudy) insulin cartridges contain a small glass bead to assist in mixing.

6. Use an alcohol swab to wipe the rubber seal on the end of the Pen.
II. Attaching the Needle

This device is suitable for use with Becton Dickinson and Company's insulin pen needles.

Always use a new needle for each injection. Do not reuse or share your needles with other people. You may give other people a serious infection or get a serious infection from them.

Do not push injection button without a needle attached. Storing the Pen with the needle attached may allow insulin to leak from the Pen and air bubbles to form in the cartridge.

1. Remove the paper tab from the outer needle shield.

2. Attach the capped needle onto the end of the Pen by turning it clockwise until tight.
II. Attaching the Needle
(Continued)

3. Hold the Pen with the needle pointing up and remove the outer needle shield. Keep it to use during needle removal.

4. Remove the inner needle shield and discard.
III. Priming the Pen

- **Prime every time.** The Pen must be primed to a stream of insulin (not just a few drops) before each injection to make sure the Pen is ready to dose.

- You may need to prime a new Pen up to six times before a stream of insulin appears.

- **If you do not prime, you may get too much or too little insulin.**

- **Always use a new needle for each injection.**

1. Make sure the arrow (∫) is in the center of the dose window as shown.

![Correct](image)

1. If you do not see the arrow in the center of the dose window, push in the injection button fully and turn the dose knob until the arrow is seen in the center of the dose window.
III. Priming the Pen
(Continued)

3. With the arrow in the center of the dose window, pull the dose knob out in the direction of the arrow until a “0” is seen in the dose window.

4. Turn the dose knob clockwise until the number “2” is seen in the dose window. If the number you have dialed is too high, simply turn the dose knob backward until the number “2” is seen in the dose window.
III. Priming the Pen
(Continued)

5. Hold your Pen with the needle pointing straight up. Tap the clear cartridge holder gently with your finger so any air bubbles collect near the top.

Using your thumb, if possible, push in the injection button completely. Keep pressing and continue to hold the injection button firmly while counting slowly to 5. You should see a stream of insulin come out of the tip of the needle.

If a stream of insulin does not come out of the tip of the needle, repeat steps 1 through 5. If after six attempts a stream of insulin does not come out of the tip of the needle, change the needle. Repeat steps 1 through 5 up to two more times. If you are still unable to get insulin flowing out of the needle, do NOT use the Pen. Contact your Health Care Professional or Lilly.
III. Priming the Pen
(Continued)

6. At the completion of the priming step, a diamond (♦) must be seen in the center of the dose window. If a diamond (♦) is not seen in the center of the dose window, continue pushing on the injection button until you see a diamond (♦) in the center of the dose window.

Correct

Note: A small air bubble may remain in the cartridge after the completion of the priming step. If you have properly primed the Pen, this small air bubble will not affect your insulin dose.

7. Now you are ready to set your dose. See next page.
IV. Setting a Dose

- Always use a new needle for each injection. Storing the Pen with the needle attached may allow insulin to leak from the Pen and air bubbles to form in the cartridge.

- Caution: Do not push in the injection button while setting your dose. Failure to follow these instructions carefully may result in getting too much or too little insulin. If you accidentally push the injection button while setting your dose, you must prime the Pen again before injecting your dose. See Section III. “Priming the Pen”, pages 10-13.

1. A diamond must be seen in the center of the dose window before setting your dose. If you do not see a diamond in the center of the dose window, the Pen has not been primed correctly and you are not ready to set your dose. Before continuing, repeat the priming steps.

2. Turn the dose knob clockwise until the arrow (→) is seen in the center of the dose window and the notches on the Pen and dose knob are in line.
3. With the arrow (→) in the center of the dose window, pull the dose knob out in the direction of the arrow until a “0” is seen in the dose window. A dose cannot be dialed until the dose knob is pulled out.

4. Turn the dose knob clockwise until your dose is seen in the dose window. If the dose you have dialed is too high, simply turn the dose knob backward until the correct dose is seen in the dose window.

5. If you cannot dial your full dose, see the “Questions and Answers” section, Question 6, at the end of this manual.
V. Injecting a Dose

- Always use a new needle for each injection. Storing the Pen with the needle attached may allow insulin to leak from the Pen and air bubbles to form in the cartridge.

- Caution: Do not attempt to change the dose after you begin to push in the injection button. Failure to follow these instructions carefully may result in getting too much or too little insulin.

- The effort needed to push in the injection button may increase while you are injecting your insulin dose. If you cannot completely push in the injection button, refer to the “Questions and Answers” section, Question 8, at the end of this manual.

- Do not inject a dose unless the Pen is primed, just before injection, or you may get too much or too little insulin.

- If you have set a dose and pushed in the injection button without a needle attached or if no insulin comes out of the needle, see the “Questions and Answers” section, Questions 1 and 2.
V. Injecting a Dose
(Continued)

1. Wash hands. Prepare the skin and use the injection technique recommended by your Health Care Professional.

2. Insert the needle into your skin. Inject the insulin by using your thumb, if possible, to push in the injection button completely.

3. Keep pressing and continue to hold the injection button **firmly** while counting **slowly** to 5.

4. When the injection is done, a diamond (♦) or an arrow (→) must be seen in the center of the dose window. This means your full dose has been delivered. **If you do not see a diamond or an arrow in the center of the dose window, you did not get your full dose.** Contact your Health Care Professional for additional instructions.
VI. Following an Injection

1. Make sure you got your full dose by checking that the injection button has been completely pushed in and you can see a diamond (♦) or an arrow (→) in the center of the dose window. If you do not see a diamond (♦) or an arrow (→) in the center of the dose window, you have not received your full dose. Contact your Health Care Professional for additional instructions.

2. Carefully replace the outer needle shield as instructed by your Health Care Professional.
VI. Following an Injection
(Continued)

3. Remove the capped needle by turning it counterclockwise. Place the used needle in a puncture-resistant disposable container and properly throw it away as directed by your Health Care Professional.

4. Replace the cap on the Pen.

5. The Pen that you are using should NOT be refrigerated but should be kept at room temperature [below 86°F (30°C)] and away from direct heat and light. It should be discarded according to the time specified in the “Patient Information”, even if it still contains insulin.

Do not store or dispose of the Pen with a needle attached. Storing the Pen with the needle attached may allow insulin to leak from the Pen and air bubbles to form in the cartridge.
### Questions and Answers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1. Dose dialed and injection button pushed in without a needle attached. | To obtain an accurate dose you must:  
1) Attach a new needle.  
2) Push in the injection button completely (even if a “0” is seen in the window) until a diamond (♦) or an arrow (↪) is seen in the center of the dose window.  
3) Prime the Pen. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2. Insulin does not come out of the needle.</th>
<th>Note: You may need to prime a new pen up to six times before a stream of insulin appears.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| To obtain an accurate dose you must:  
1) Always attach a new needle to help ensure sterility and prevent blocked needles.  
2) Push in the injection button completely (even if a “0” is seen in the window) until a diamond (♦) or an arrow (↪) is seen in the center of the dose window.  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. Why do I need to prime a new pen up to six times?</td>
<td>The first time you use a new pen, priming up to six times may be needed to see a stream of insulin come out of the tip of the needle. If you do not prime until you see a stream of insulin, you may get too much or too little insulin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Wrong dose (too high or too low) dialed.</td>
<td>If you have not pushed in the injection button, simply turn the dose knob backward or forward to correct the dose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Not sure how much insulin remains in the cartridge.</td>
<td>Hold the Pen with the needle end pointing down. The scale (20 units between marks) on the clear cartridge holder shows an estimate of the number of units remaining. These numbers should not be used for measuring an insulin dose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Problem</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Full dose cannot be dialed.</td>
<td>The Pen will not allow you to dial a dose greater than the number of insulin units remaining in the cartridge. For example, if you need 31 units and only 25 units remain in the Pen, you will not be able to dial past 25. Do not attempt to dial past this point. (The insulin that remains is unusable and not part of the 300 units.) If a partial dose remains in the Pen you may either: 1) Give the partial dose and then give the remaining dose using a new Pen, or 2) Give the full dose with a new Pen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 7. A small amount of insulin remains in the cartridge but a dose cannot be dialed. | The Pen design prevents the cartridge from being completely emptied. The Pen has delivered 300 units of usable insulin. |
### Questions and Answers (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8. Cannot completely push in the injection button when priming the Pen or injecting a dose.</td>
<td>1) Needle is not attached or is clogged.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Attach a new needle to help ensure sterility and prevent blocked needles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Push in the injection button completely (even if a “0” is seen in the window) until a diamond (♦) or an arrow (➡️) is seen in the center of the dose window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c. Prime the Pen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2) If you are sure insulin is coming out of the needle, push in the injection button more slowly to reduce the effort needed and maintain a constant pressure until the injection button is completely pushed in.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>