

HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

These highlights do not include all the information needed to use AUGMENTIN safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for AUGMENTIN.

AUGMENTIN[®] (amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium) tablets, for oral use

AUGMENTIN[®] (amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium) for oral suspension

AUGMENTIN[®] (amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium) chewable tablets, for oral use

Initial U.S. Approval: 1984

RECENT MAJOR CHANGES

Warnings and Precautions (5) 8/2022

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

AUGMENTIN is a combination of amoxicillin, a penicillin-class antibacterial and clavulanate potassium, a beta-lactamase inhibitor indicated for treatment of the following infections in adults and pediatric patients: (1)

- Lower respiratory tract infections
- Acute bacterial otitis media
- Sinusitis
- Skin and skin structure infections
- Urinary tract infections

Limitations of Use

When susceptibility test results show susceptibility to amoxicillin, indicating no beta-lactamase production, AUGMENTIN should not be used. (1)

Usage

To reduce the development of drug-resistant bacteria and maintain the effectiveness of AUGMENTIN and other antibacterial drugs, AUGMENTIN should be used only to treat or prevent infections that are proven or strongly suspected to be caused by bacteria. (1)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

- Adults and Pediatric Patients greater than 40 kg: 500 or 875 mg every 12 hours or 250 or 500 mg every 8 hours, based on amoxicillin component. (2.2, 2.3)
- Pediatric patients aged 12 weeks (3 months) and older: 25 to 45 mg/kg/day every 12 hours or 20 to 40 mg/kg/day every 8 hours, up to the adult dose. (2.3)
- Neonates and infants less than 12 weeks of age: 30 mg/kg/day divided every 12 hours, based on the amoxicillin component. Use of the 125 mg/5 mL oral suspension is recommended. (2.3)

DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

- Tablets: 250 mg/125 mg, 500 mg/125 mg, 875 mg/125 mg; 875 mg/125 mg tablets are scored. (3)

- For Oral Suspension: 125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL, 200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL, 250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL, 400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL (3)
- Chewable Tablets: 125 mg/31.25 mg, 200 mg/28.5 mg, 250 mg/62.5 mg, 400 mg/57 mg (3)

CONTRAINDICATIONS

- History of a serious hypersensitivity reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis or Stevens-Johnson syndrome) to AUGMENTIN or to other beta-lactams (e.g., penicillins or cephalosporins). (4.1)
- History of cholestatic jaundice/hepatic dysfunction associated with AUGMENTIN. (4.2)

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Serious (including fatal) hypersensitivity reactions: Discontinue AUGMENTIN if a reaction occurs. (5.1)
- Severe Cutaneous Adverse Reactions (SCAR): Monitor closely. Discontinue if rash progresses. (5.2)
- Hepatic dysfunction and cholestatic jaundice: Discontinue if signs/symptoms of hepatitis occur. Monitor liver function tests in patients with hepatic impairment. (5.3)
- *Clostridioides difficile*-associated diarrhea (CDAD): Evaluate patients if diarrhea occurs. (5.4)
- Patients with mononucleosis who receive AUGMENTIN develop skin rash. Avoid AUGMENTIN use in these patients. (5.5)
- Overgrowth: The possibility of superinfections with fungal or bacterial pathogens should be considered during therapy. (5.6)

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most frequently reported adverse reactions were diarrhea/loose stools (9%), nausea (3%), skin rashes and urticaria (3%), vomiting (1%) and vaginitis (1%). (6.1)

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact USAntibiotics, LLC at 1-844-454-5532 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

- Co-administration with probenecid is not recommended. (7.1)
- Concomitant use of AUGMENTIN and oral anticoagulants may increase the prolongation of prothrombin time. (7.2)
- Co-administration with allopurinol increases the risk of rash. (7.3)
- AUGMENTIN may reduce efficacy of oral contraceptives. (7.4)

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

- Pediatric Use: Modify dose in patients 12 weeks or younger. (8.4)
- Renal Impairment: Dosage adjustment is recommended for severe renal impairment (GFR less than 30mL/min). (2.4, 8.6)

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Revised: 8/2022

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FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

AUGMENTIN[®] is indicated for the treatment of infections in adults and pediatric patients, due to susceptible isolates of the designated bacteria in the conditions listed below:

- **Lower Respiratory Tract Infections** - caused by beta-lactamase-producing isolates of *Haemophilus influenzae* and *Moraxella catarrhalis*.
- **Acute Bacterial Otitis Media** - caused by beta-lactamase-producing isolates of *H. influenzae* and *M. catarrhalis*.
- **Sinusitis** - caused by beta-lactamase-producing isolates of *H. influenzae* and *M. catarrhalis*.
- **Skin and Skin Structure Infections** - caused by beta-lactamase-producing isolates of *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Escherichia coli*, and *Klebsiella* species.
- **Urinary Tract Infections** - caused by beta-lactamase-producing isolates of *E. coli*, *Klebsiella* species, and *Enterobacter* species.

Limitations of Use

When susceptibility test results show susceptibility to amoxicillin, indicating no beta-lactamase production, AUGMENTIN should not be used.

Usage

To reduce the development of drug-resistant bacteria and maintain the effectiveness of AUGMENTIN and other antibacterial drugs, AUGMENTIN should be used only to treat or prevent infections that are proven or strongly suspected to be caused by susceptible bacteria. When culture and susceptibility information are available, they should be considered in selecting or modifying antibacterial therapy. In the absence of such data, local epidemiology and susceptibility patterns may contribute to the empiric selection of therapy.

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Important Administration Instructions

AUGMENTIN may be taken without regard to meals; however, absorption of clavulanate potassium is enhanced when AUGMENTIN is administered at the start of a meal. To minimize the potential for gastrointestinal intolerance, AUGMENTIN should be taken at the start of a meal.

2.2 Adult Patients

See dosing regimens of AUGMENTIN (based on the amoxicillin component) provided in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Dosing Regimens of AUGMENTIN in Adult Patients

TYPE OF INFECTION	DOSING REGIMEN OF AUGMENTIN
Severe infections and infections of the respiratory tract	one 875 mg tablet ^a of AUGMENTIN every 12 hours or one 500 mg tablet ^{b,c} of AUGMENTIN every 8 hours
Less severe infections	one 500 mg tablet ^{b,c} of AUGMENTIN every 12 hours or one 250 mg tablet ^d of AUGMENTIN every 8 hours

^a Adults who have difficulty swallowing may be given the AUGMENTIN 200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL suspension or the AUGMENTIN 400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL suspension may be used in place of the 875 mg/125 mg tablet.

^b Adults who have difficulty swallowing may be given the AUGMENTIN 125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL or AUGMENTIN 250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL suspension in place of the 500 mg/125 mg tablet.

^c Two AUGMENTIN 250 mg/125 mg tablets are *NOT* substitutable with one 500 mg/125 mg AUGMENTIN tablet [see *Dosage and Administration (2.6)*].

^d AUGMENTIN 250 mg/125 mg tablet is *NOT* substitutable with AUGMENTIN 250 mg/62.5 mg chewable tablet [see *Dosage and Administration (2.6)*].

2.3 Pediatric Patients

Based on the amoxicillin component, AUGMENTIN should be dosed as follows:

Neonates and Infants Aged less than 12 weeks (less than 3 months): See dosing regimens of AUGMENTIN provided in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Dosing Regimens of AUGMENTIN in Neonates and Infants Aged Less than 12 Weeks (Less than 3 Months)

PATIENT POPULATION	DOSING REGIMEN
	AUGMENTIN 125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL for oral suspension ^a
Neonates and Infants aged less than 12 weeks (less than 3 months)	30 mg/kg/day every 12 hours

^a Experience with the AUGMENTIN 200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL formulation in this age group is limited, and thus, use of the AUGMENTIN 125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL for oral suspension is recommended.

Patients Aged 12 weeks (3 months) and Older and Weighing Less than 40 kg: See dosing regimens provided in Table 3 below.

- The every 12 hour regimen is recommended as it is associated with significantly less diarrhea [see *Clinical Studies (14.2)*].
- The AUGMENTIN 200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL and AUGMENTIN 400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL for oral suspension and AUGMENTIN 200 mg/28.5 mg and AUGMENTIN 400 mg/57 mg chewable tablets contain aspartame and should not be used by phenylketonurics [see *Warnings and Precautions (5.7)*].

Table 3: Dosing in Patients Aged 12 Weeks (3 Months) and Older and Weighing Less than 40 kg

INFECTION	DOSING REGIMEN	
	Every 12 hours	Every 8 hours
	AUGMENTIN 200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL or	AUGMENTIN 125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL

	AUGMENTIN 400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL for oral suspension ^a	or AUGMENTIN 250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL for oral suspension ^a
Otitis media ^b , sinusitis, lower respiratory tract infections, and more severe infections	45 mg/kg/day every 12 hours	40 mg/kg/day every 8 hours
Less severe infections	25 mg/kg/day every 12 hours	20 mg/kg/day every 8 hours

^a Each strength of AUGMENTIN for oral suspension is available as a chewable tablet for use by older children.

^b Duration of therapy studied and recommended for acute otitis media is 10 days.

Patients Weighing 40 kg or More: Pediatric patients weighing 40 kg or more should be dosed according to adult recommendations.

- The 250 mg/125 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN should *NOT* be used until the child weighs at least 40 kg, due to the different amoxicillin to clavulanic acid ratios in the 250 mg/125 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN versus the 250 mg/62.5 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN.

2.4 Patients with Renal Impairment

Patients with impaired renal function do not generally require a reduction in dose unless the impairment is severe. Renal impairment patients with a glomerular filtration rate (GFR) of less than 30 mL/min should *NOT* receive the 875 mg dose (based on the amoxicillin component) of AUGMENTIN. See dosing regimens in patients with severe renal impairment provided in Table 4.

Table 4. Dosing Regimens of AUGMENTIN in Patients with Severe Renal Impairment

Patients with Renal Impairment	Dosing Regimen
GFR 10 mL/min to 30 mL/min	500 mg or 250 mg every 12 hours, depending on the severity of the infection
GFR less than 10 mL/min	500 mg or 250 mg every 24 hours, depending on severity of the infection
Hemodialysis	500 mg or 250 mg every 24 hours, depending on severity of the infection Administer an additional dose both during and at the end of dialysis

2.5 Directions for Mixing AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension

Prepare AUGMENTIN for oral suspension at time of dispensing as follows: Tap bottle until all powder flows freely. Measure a total (see Table 5 below for total amount of water for reconstitution) OF WATER. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to the powder. Replace cap and shake VIGOROUSLY. Add remaining water. Replace cap and shake VIGOROUSLY.

Table 5: Amount of Water for Mixing Augmentin for Oral Suspension

Strength of AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension	Bottle Size	Amount of Water for Reconstitution	Contents of Each Teaspoonful (5 mL)

125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL	75 mL 100 mL 150 mL	67 mL 90 mL 134 mL	125 mg of amoxicillin and 31.25 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt
200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL	50 mL 75 mL 100 mL	50 mL 75 mL 95 mL	200 mg of amoxicillin and 28.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt
250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL	75 mL 100 mL 150 mL	65 mL 87 mL 130 mL	250 mg of amoxicillin and 62.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt
400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL	50 mL 75 mL 100 mL	50 mL 70 mL 90 mL	400 mg of amoxicillin and 57 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt

Shake oral suspension well before using. Reconstituted suspension must be stored under refrigeration and discarded after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

2.6 Switching between Dosage Forms and between Strengths

AUGMENTIN 250 mg/125 mg Tablet is NOT Substitutable with AUGMENTIN 250 mg/62.5 mg Chewable Tablet

The 250 mg/125 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN and the 250 mg/62.5 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN should *NOT* be substituted for each other and the 250 mg/125 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN should *NOT* be used in pediatric patients weighing less than 40 kg [see *Dosage and Administration* (2.3)]. The 250 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN and the 250 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN do not contain the same amount of clavulanic acid. The 250 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 125 mg of clavulanic acid whereas the 250 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 62.5 mg of clavulanic acid.

Two AUGMENTIN 250 mg/125 mg Tablets are NOT Substitutable with One 500 mg/125 mg AUGMENTIN Tablet

Two 250 mg/125 mg tablets of AUGMENTIN should *NOT* be substituted for one 500 mg/125 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN. Since both the 250 mg and 500 mg tablets of AUGMENTIN contain the same amount of clavulanic acid (125 mg, as the potassium salt), two 250 mg tablets of AUGMENTIN are not equivalent to one 500 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN.

3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

AUGMENTIN® Tablets, USP:

- **250 mg/125 mg Tablets:** Each white oval film-coated tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN on one side and 250/125 on the other side, contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 125 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt.
- **500 mg/125 mg Tablets:** Each white oval film-coated tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN on one side and 500/125 on the other side, contains 500 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 125 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt.
- **875 mg/125 mg Tablets:** Each scored white capsule-shaped tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN 875 on one side and scored on the other side, contains 875 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 125 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt.

AUGMENTIN® for Oral Suspension, USP:

- **125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL:** Banana-flavored powder for oral suspension (each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 125 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 31.25 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt).
- **200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL:** Orange-flavored powder for oral suspension (each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 200 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 28.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt).
- **250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL:** Orange-flavored powder for oral suspension (each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 62.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt).
- **400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL:** Orange-flavored powder for oral suspension (each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 400 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 57 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt).

AUGMENTIN® Chewable Tablets, USP:

- **125 mg/31.25 mg Chewable Tablets:** Each mottled yellow, round, lemon-lime-flavored tablet, debossed with BMP 189 contains 125 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 31.25 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt.
- **200 mg/28.5 mg Chewable Tablets:** Each mottled pink, round, biconvex cherry-banana-flavored tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN 200 contains 200 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 28.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt.
- **250 mg/62.5 mg Chewable Tablets:** Each mottled yellow, round, lemon-lime-flavored tablet, debossed with BMP 190 contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 62.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt.
- **400 mg/57 mg Chewable Tablets:** Each mottled pink, round, biconvex cherry-banana-flavored tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN 400 contains 400 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 57 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt.

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

4.1 Serious Hypersensitivity Reactions

AUGMENTIN is contraindicated in patients with a history of serious hypersensitivity reactions (e.g., anaphylaxis or Stevens-Johnson syndrome) to amoxicillin, clavulanate or to other beta-lactam antibacterial drugs (e.g., penicillins and cephalosporins).

4.2 Cholestatic Jaundice/Hepatic Dysfunction

AUGMENTIN is contraindicated in patients with a previous history of cholestatic jaundice/hepatic dysfunction associated with AUGMENTIN.

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

5.1 Hypersensitivity Reactions

Serious and occasionally fatal hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions have been reported in patients receiving beta-lactam antibacterials, including AUGMENTIN. These reactions are more likely to occur in individuals with a history of penicillin hypersensitivity and/or a history of sensitivity to multiple allergens. Before initiating therapy with AUGMENTIN, careful inquiry

should be made regarding previous hypersensitivity reactions to penicillins, cephalosporins, or other allergens. If an allergic reaction occurs, AUGMENTIN should be discontinued, and appropriate therapy instituted.

5.2 Severe Cutaneous Adverse Reactions

AUGMENTIN may cause severe cutaneous adverse reactions (SCAR), such as Stevens-Johnson syndrome (SJS), toxic epidermal necrolysis (TEN), drug reaction with eosinophilia and systemic symptoms (DRESS), and acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis (AGEP). If patients develop a skin rash, they should be monitored closely, and AUGMENTIN discontinued if lesions progress.

5.3 Hepatic Dysfunction

Hepatic dysfunction, including hepatitis and cholestatic jaundice has been associated with the use of AUGMENTIN. Hepatic toxicity is usually reversible; however, deaths have been reported. Hepatic function should be monitored at regular intervals in patients with hepatic impairment.

5.4 *Clostridioides difficile* Associated Diarrhea (CDAD)

Clostridioides difficile associated diarrhea (CDAD) has been reported with use of nearly all antibacterial agents, including AUGMENTIN, and may range in severity from mild diarrhea to fatal colitis. Treatment with antibacterial agents alters the normal flora of the colon leading to overgrowth of *C. difficile*.

C. difficile produces toxins A and B which contribute to the development of CDAD. Hypertoxin-producing strains of *C. difficile* cause increased morbidity and mortality, as these infections can be refractory to antimicrobial therapy and may require colectomy. CDAD must be considered in all patients who present with diarrhea following antibacterial use. Careful medical history is necessary since CDAD has been reported to occur over 2 months after the administration of antibacterial agents.

If CDAD is suspected or confirmed, ongoing antibacterial use not directed against *C. difficile* may need to be discontinued. Appropriate fluid and electrolyte management, protein supplementation, antibacterial treatment of *C. difficile*, and surgical evaluation should be instituted as clinically indicated.

5.5 Skin Rash in Patients with Mononucleosis

A high percentage of patients with mononucleosis who receive amoxicillin develop an erythematous skin rash. Thus, AUGMENTIN should not be administered to patients with mononucleosis.

5.6 Potential for Microbial Overgrowth

The possibility of superinfections with fungal or bacterial pathogens should be considered during therapy. If superinfection occurs, amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium should be discontinued and appropriate therapy instituted.

5.7 Phenylketonurics

AUGMENTIN Chewable tablets and AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension contain aspartame which contains phenylalanine. Each 200 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 2.1 mg

phenylalanine; each 400 mg chewable tablet contains 4.2 mg phenylalanine; each 5 mL of either the 200 mg/5 mL or 400 mg/5 mL oral suspension contains 7 mg phenylalanine. The other formulations of AUGMENTIN do not contain phenylalanine.

5.8 Development of Drug-Resistant Bacteria

Prescribing AUGMENTIN in the absence of a proven or strongly suspected bacterial infection or a prophylactic indication is unlikely to provide benefit to the patient and increases the risk of the development of drug-resistant bacteria.

6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following are discussed in more detail in other sections of the labeling:

- Anaphylactic reactions [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)*]
- Severe Cutaneous Adverse Reactions [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)*]
- Hepatic Dysfunction [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.3)*]
- *Clostridioides difficile* Associated Diarrhea (CDAD) [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)*]

6.1 Clinical Trial Experience

Because clinical trials are conducted under widely varying conditions, adverse reaction rates observed in the clinical trials of a drug cannot be directly compared to rates in the clinical trials of another drug and may not reflect the rates observed in practice.

The most frequently reported adverse reactions were diarrhea/loose stools (9%), nausea (3%), skin rashes and urticaria (3%), vomiting (1%) and vaginitis (1%). Less than 3% of patients discontinued therapy because of drug-related adverse reactions. The overall incidence of adverse reactions, and in particular diarrhea, increased with the higher recommended dose. Other less frequently reported adverse reactions (less than 1%) include: Abdominal discomfort, flatulence, and headache.

In pediatric patients (aged 2 months to 12 years), 1 US/Canadian clinical trial was conducted which compared 45/6.4 mg/kg/day (divided every 12 hours) of AUGMENTIN for 10 days versus 40/10 mg/kg/day (divided every 8 hours) of AUGMENTIN for 10 days in the treatment of acute otitis media. A total of 575 patients were enrolled, and only the suspension formulations were used in this trial. Overall, the adverse reactions seen were comparable to that noted above; however, there were differences in the rates of diarrhea, skin rashes/urticaria, and diaper area rashes [*see Clinical Studies (14.2)*].

6.2 Postmarketing Experience

In addition to adverse reactions reported from clinical trials, the following have been identified during postmarketing use of AUGMENTIN. Because they are reported voluntarily from a population of unknown size, estimates of frequency cannot be made. These events have been chosen for inclusion due to a combination of their seriousness, frequency of reporting, or potential causal connection to AUGMENTIN.

Gastrointestinal: Indigestion, gastritis, stomatitis, glossitis, black “hairy” tongue, mucocutaneous candidiasis, enterocolitis, and hemorrhagic/pseudomembranous colitis. Onset of pseudomembranous colitis symptoms may occur during or after antibacterial treatment [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.4)*].

Immune: Hypersensitivity reactions, anaphylactic/anaphylactoid reactions (including shock), angioedema, serum sickness-like reactions (urticaria or skin rash accompanied by arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia, and frequently fever), hypersensitivity vasculitis [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)*].

Skin and Appendages: Rashes, pruritus, urticaria, erythema multiforme, SJS, TEN, DRESS, AGEP, exfoliative dermatitis [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)*].

Liver: Hepatic dysfunction, including hepatitis and cholestatic jaundice, increases in serum transaminases (AST and/or ALT), serum bilirubin, and/or alkaline phosphatase, has been reported with AUGMENTIN. It has been reported more commonly in the elderly, in males, or in patients on prolonged treatment. The histologic findings on liver biopsy have consisted of predominantly cholestatic, hepatocellular, or mixed cholestatic hepatocellular changes. The onset of signs/symptoms of hepatic dysfunction may occur during or several weeks after therapy has been discontinued. The hepatic dysfunction, which may be severe, is usually reversible. Deaths have been reported [*see Contraindications (4.2), Warnings and Precautions (5.3)*].

Renal: Interstitial nephritis, hematuria, and crystalluria have been reported [*see Overdosage (10)*].

Hemic and Lymphatic Systems: Anemia, including hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, thrombocytopenic purpura, eosinophilia, leukopenia, and agranulocytosis have been reported. These reactions are usually reversible on discontinuation of therapy and are believed to be hypersensitivity phenomena. Thrombocytosis was noted in less than 1% of the patients treated with AUGMENTIN. There have been reports of increased prothrombin time in patients receiving AUGMENTIN and anticoagulant therapy concomitantly [*see Drug Interactions (7.2)*].

Central Nervous System: Agitation, anxiety, behavioral changes, aseptic meningitis, confusion, convulsions, dizziness, insomnia, and reversible hyperactivity have been reported.

Miscellaneous: Tooth discoloration (brown, yellow, or gray staining) has been reported. Most reports occurred in pediatric patients. Discoloration was reduced or eliminated with brushing or dental cleaning in most cases.

7 DRUG INTERACTIONS

7.1 Probenecid

Probenecid decreases the renal tubular secretion of amoxicillin but does not delay renal excretion of clavulanic acid. Concurrent use with AUGMENTIN may result in increased and prolonged blood concentrations of amoxicillin. Co-administration of probenecid is not recommended.

7.2 Oral Anticoagulants

Abnormal prolongation of prothrombin time (increased international normalized ratio [INR]) has been reported in patients receiving amoxicillin and oral anticoagulants. Appropriate monitoring should be undertaken when anticoagulants are prescribed concurrently with AUGMENTIN. Adjustments in the dose of oral anticoagulants may be necessary to maintain the desired level of anticoagulation.

7.3 Allopurinol

The concurrent administration of allopurinol and amoxicillin increases the incidence of rashes in patients receiving both drugs as compared to patients receiving amoxicillin alone. It is not known whether this potentiation of amoxicillin rashes is due to allopurinol or the hyperuricemia present in these patients.

7.4 Oral Contraceptives

AUGMENTIN may affect intestinal flora, leading to lower estrogen reabsorption and reduced efficacy of combined oral estrogen/progesterone contraceptives.

7.5 Effects on Laboratory Tests

High urine concentrations of amoxicillin may result in false-positive reactions when testing for the presence of glucose in urine using CLINITEST[®], Benedict's Solution, or Fehling's Solution. Since this effect may also occur with AUGMENTIN, it is recommended that glucose tests based on enzymatic glucose oxidase reactions be used.

Following administration of amoxicillin to pregnant women, a transient decrease in plasma concentration of total conjugated estriol, estriol-glucuronide, conjugated estrone, and estradiol has been noted.

8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

8.1 Pregnancy

Teratogenic Effects: Pregnancy Category B. Reproduction studies performed in pregnant rats and mice given AUGMENTIN (2:1 ratio formulation of amoxicillin:clavulanate) at oral doses up to 1200 mg/kg/day revealed no evidence of harm to the fetus due to AUGMENTIN. The amoxicillin doses in rats and mice (based on body surface area) were approximately 4 and 2 times the maximum recommended adult human oral dose (875 mg every 12 hours). For clavulanate, these dose multiples were approximately 9 and 4 times the maximum recommended adult human oral dose (125 mg every 8 hours). There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

8.2 Labor and Delivery

Oral ampicillin-class antibacterials are poorly absorbed during labor. It is not known whether use of amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium in humans during labor or delivery has immediate or delayed adverse effects on the fetus, prolongs the duration of labor, or increases the likelihood of the necessity for an obstetrical intervention.

8.3 Nursing Mothers

Amoxicillin has been shown to be excreted in human milk. Amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium use by nursing mothers may lead to sensitization of infants. Caution should be exercised when amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium is administered to a nursing woman.

8.4 Pediatric Use

The safety and effectiveness of AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension and Chewable Tablets have been established in pediatric patients. Use of AUGMENTIN in pediatric patients is supported by evidence from studies of AUGMENTIN Tablets in adults with additional data from a study of AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension in pediatric patients aged 2 months to 12 years with acute otitis media [*see Clinical Studies (14.2)*].

Because of incompletely developed renal function in neonates and young infants, the elimination of amoxicillin may be delayed; clavulanate elimination is unaltered in this age group. Dosing of AUGMENTIN should be modified in pediatric patients aged less than 12 weeks (less than 3 months) [see *Dosage and Administration (2.3)*].

8.5 Geriatric Use

Of the 3,119 patients in an analysis of clinical studies of AUGMENTIN, 32% were greater than or equal to 65 years old, and 14% were greater than or equal to 75 years old. No overall differences in safety or effectiveness were observed between these subjects and younger subjects, and other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between the elderly and younger patients, but greater sensitivity of some older individuals cannot be ruled out.

This drug is known to be substantially excreted by the kidney, and the risk of adverse reactions to this drug may be greater in patients with impaired renal function. Because elderly patients are more likely to have decreased renal function, care should be taken in dose selection, and it may be useful to monitor renal function.

8.6 Renal Impairment

Amoxicillin is primarily eliminated by the kidney and dosage adjustment is usually required in patients with severe renal impairment (GFR less than 30 mL/min). See Patients with Renal Impairment [see *Dosage and Administration (2.4)*] for specific recommendations in patients with renal impairment.

10 OVERDOSAGE

In case of overdosage, discontinue medication, treat symptomatically, and institute supportive measures as required. A prospective study of 51 pediatric patients at a poison-control center suggested that overdosages of less than 250 mg/kg of amoxicillin are not associated with significant clinical symptoms¹.

Interstitial nephritis resulting in oliguric renal failure has been reported in patients after overdosage with amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium.

Crystalluria, in some cases leading to renal failure, has also been reported after amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium overdosage in adult and pediatric patients. In case of overdosage, adequate fluid intake and diuresis should be maintained to reduce the risk of amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium crystalluria.

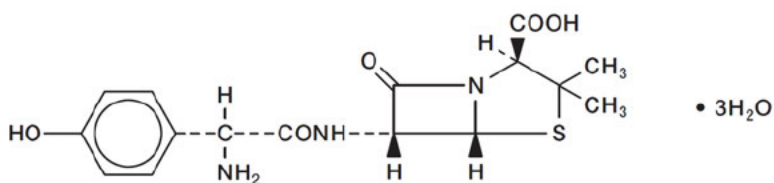
Renal impairment appears to be reversible with cessation of drug administration. High blood levels may occur more readily in patients with impaired renal function because of decreased renal clearance of amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium. Amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium may be removed from circulation by hemodialysis [see *Dosage and Administration (2.4)*].

11 DESCRIPTION

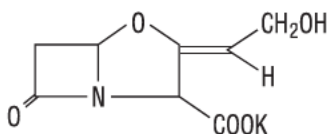
AUGMENTIN is an oral antibacterial combination consisting of amoxicillin and the beta-lactamase inhibitor, clavulanate potassium (the potassium salt of clavulanic acid).

Amoxicillin is an analog of ampicillin, derived from the basic penicillin nucleus, 6-aminopenicillanic acid. The amoxicillin molecular formula is $C_{16}H_{19}N_3O_5S \cdot 3H_2O$, and the molecular weight is 419.46. Chemically, amoxicillin is (2*S*,5*R*,6*R*)-6-[(*R*)-(-)-2-Amino-2-(*p*-

hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid trihydrate and may be represented structurally as:



Clavulanic acid is produced by the fermentation of *Streptomyces clavuligerus*. It is a beta-lactam structurally related to the penicillins and possesses the ability to inactivate some beta-lactamases by blocking the active sites of these enzymes. The clavulanate potassium molecular formula is $C_8H_8KNO_5$, and the molecular weight is 237.25. Chemically, clavulanate potassium is potassium (Z)(2R,5R)-3-(2-hydroxyethylidene)-7-oxo-4-oxa-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]-heptane-2-carboxylate and may be represented structurally as:



AUGMENTIN Tablets:

- **250 mg/125 mg:** Each tablet contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium).
- **500 mg/125 mg:** Each tablet contains 500 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium).
- **875 mg/125 mg:** Each tablet contains 875 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium).

AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension:

- **125 mg/31.25 mg:** Following constitution, each 5 mL of oral suspension contains 125 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 31.25 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium).
- **200 mg/28.5 mg:** Following constitution, each 5 mL of oral suspension contains 200 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 28.5 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 34 mg of clavulanate potassium).
- **250 mg/62.5 mg:** Following constitution, each 5 mL of oral suspension contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 62.5 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium).
- **400 mg/57 mg:** Following constitution, each 5 mL of oral suspension contains 400 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 57 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium).

AUGMENTIN Chewable Tablets:

- **125 mg/31.25 mg:** Each chewable tablet contains 125 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and

31.25 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium).

- **200 mg/28.5 mg:** Each chewable tablet contains 200 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 28.5 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 34 mg of clavulanate potassium).
- **250 mg/62.5 mg:** Each chewable tablet contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 62.5 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium).
- **400 mg/57 mg:** Each chewable tablet contains 400 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 57 mg of clavulanic acid (equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium).

Inactive Ingredients:

- **AUGMENTIN Tablets** - Colloidal silicon dioxide, hypromellose, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol, sodium starch glycolate, and titanium dioxide.
 - Each tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 0.63 mEq potassium.
- **AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension, 125 mg/31.25 mg per 5mL and 250 mg/62.5 mg per 5mL** - Colloidal silicon dioxide, flavorings, xanthan gum, mannitol, succinic acid, silica gel and sodium saccharin.
 - Each 5 mL of reconstituted 125 mg/31.25 mg oral suspension of AUGMENTIN contains 0.16 mEq potassium
 - Each 5 mL of reconstituted 250 mg/62.5 mg oral suspension of AUGMENTIN contains 0.32 mEq potassium
- **AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension, 200 mg/28.5 mg per 5mL and 400 mg/57 mg per 5mL** - Colloidal silicon dioxide, flavorings, xanthan gum, silica gel, hypromellose and aspartame [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.7)*]
 - Each 5 mL of reconstituted 200 mg/28.5 mg oral suspension of AUGMENTIN contains 0.14 mEq potassium
 - Each 5 mL of reconstituted 400 mg/57 mg oral suspension of AUGMENTIN contains 0.29 mEq potassium
- **AUGMENTIN Chewable Tablets, 125 mg/31.25 mg and 250 mg/62.5 mg** - Colloidal silicon dioxide, flavorings, magnesium stearate, mannitol, sodium saccharin, glycine, and D&C Yellow No.10.
 - Each 125 mg/31.25 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 0.16 mEq potassium
 - Each 250 mg/62.5 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 0.32 mEq potassium
- **AUGMENTIN Chewable Tablets, 200 mg/28.5 mg and 400 mg/57 mg** - Colloidal silicon dioxide, flavorings, magnesium stearate, mannitol, FD&C Red No. 40 and aspartame [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.7)*]
 - Each 200 mg/28.5 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 0.14 mEq potassium
 - Each 400 mg/57 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN contains 0.29 mEq potassium

12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

12.1 Mechanism of Action

AUGMENTIN is an antibacterial drug [*see Microbiology (12.4)*].

12.3 Pharmacokinetics

Mean amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium pharmacokinetic parameters in normal adults following administration of AUGMENTIN Tablets are shown in Table 6 and following administration of AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension and Chewable Tablets are shown in Table 7.

Table 6: Mean (\pm S.D.) Amoxicillin and Clavulanate Potassium Pharmacokinetic Parameters^{a,b} with AUGMENTIN Tablets

Dose and Regimen of AUGMENTIN	C_{max} (mcg/mL)		AUC_{0-24} (mcg*h/mL)	
	Amoxicillin	Clavulanate potassium	Amoxicillin	Clavulanate potassium
250 mg/125 mg every 8 hours	3.3 \pm 1.12	1.5 \pm 0.70	26.7 \pm 4.56	12.6 \pm 3.25
500 mg/125 mg every 12 hours	6.5 \pm 1.41	1.8 \pm 0.61	33.4 \pm 6.76	8.6 \pm 1.95
500 mg/125 mg every 8 hours	7.2 \pm 2.26	2.4 \pm 0.83	53.4 \pm 8.87	15.7 \pm 3.86
875 mg/125 mg every 12 hours	11.6 \pm 2.78	2.2 \pm 0.99	53.5 \pm 12.31	10.2 \pm 3.04

^a Mean (\pm standard deviation) values of 14 normal adults (N equals 15 for clavulanate potassium in the low-dose regimens). Peak concentrations occurred approximately 1.5 hours after the dose.

^b Amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium administered at the start of a light meal.

Table 7: Mean (\pm S.D.) Amoxicillin and Clavulanate Potassium Pharmacokinetic Parameters^{a,b} with AUGMENTIN for Oral Suspension and Chewable Tablets

Dose of AUGMENTIN	C_{max} (mcg/mL)		AUC_{0-24} (mcg*h/mL)	
	Amoxicillin	Clavulanate potassium	Amoxicillin	Clavulanate potassium
400 mg/57 mg (5 mL of suspension)	6.94 \pm 1.24	1.10 \pm 0.42	17.29 \pm 2.28	2.34 \pm 0.94
400 mg/57 mg (1 chewable tablet)	6.67 \pm 1.37	1.03 \pm 0.33	17.24 \pm 2.64	2.17 \pm 0.73

^a Mean (\pm standard deviation) values of 28 normal adults. Peak concentrations occurred approximately 1 hour after the dose.

^b Amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium administered at the start of a light meal.

Oral administration of 5 mL of the 250 mg/62.5 mg suspension of AUGMENTIN or the equivalent dose of 10 mL of the 125 mg/31.25 mg suspension of AUGMENTIN provides average peak serum concentrations approximately 1 hour after dosing of 6.9 mcg/mL for amoxicillin and 1.6 mcg/mL for clavulanic acid. The areas under the serum concentration curves obtained during the first 4 hours after dosing were 12.6 mcg*h/mL for amoxicillin and 2.9 mcg*h/mL for clavulanic acid when 5 mL of the 250 mg/62.5 mg suspension of AUGMENTIN or equivalent dose of 10 mL of the 125 mg/31.25 mg suspension of AUGMENTIN were administered to normal adults. One 250 mg/62.5 mg chewable tablet of AUGMENTIN or two 125 mg/31.25 mg chewable tablets of AUGMENTIN are equivalent to 5 mL of the 250 mg/62.5 mg suspension of AUGMENTIN and provide similar serum concentrations of amoxicillin and clavulanic acid.

Amoxicillin serum concentrations achieved with AUGMENTIN are similar to those produced by the oral administration of equivalent doses of amoxicillin alone. Time above the minimum inhibitory concentration of 1 mcg/mL for amoxicillin has been shown to be similar after corresponding every 12 hour and every 8-hour dosing regimens of AUGMENTIN in adults and children.

Absorption: Dosing in the fasted or fed state has minimal effect on the pharmacokinetics of amoxicillin. While AUGMENTIN can be given without regard to meals, absorption of clavulanate

potassium when taken with food is greater relative to the fasted state. In one study, the relative bioavailability of clavulanate was reduced when AUGMENTIN was dosed at 30 and 150 minutes after the start of a high-fat breakfast.

Distribution: Neither component in AUGMENTIN is highly protein-bound; clavulanic acid is approximately 25% bound to human serum and amoxicillin approximately 18% bound.

Amoxicillin diffuses readily into most body tissues and fluids with the exception of the brain and spinal fluid.

Two hours after oral administration of a single 35 mg/kg dose of suspension of AUGMENTIN to fasting children, average concentrations of 3 mcg/mL of amoxicillin and 0.5 mcg/mL of clavulanic acid were detected in middle ear effusions.

Metabolism and Excretion: The half-life of amoxicillin after the oral administration of AUGMENTIN is 1.3 hours and that of clavulanic acid is 1 hour.

Approximately 50% to 70% of the amoxicillin and approximately 25% to 40% of the clavulanic acid are excreted unchanged in urine during the first 6 hours after administration of a single 250 mg/125 mg or 500 mg/125 mg tablet of AUGMENTIN.

12.4 Microbiology

Amoxicillin is a semisynthetic antibacterial with in vitro bactericidal activity against Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria. Amoxicillin is, however, susceptible to degradation by beta-lactamases, and therefore, the spectrum of activity does not include organisms which produce these enzymes. Clavulanic acid is a beta-lactam, structurally related to the penicillins, which possesses the ability to inactivate some beta-lactamase enzymes commonly found in microorganisms resistant to penicillins and cephalosporins. In particular, it has good activity against the clinically important plasmid-mediated beta-lactamases frequently responsible for transferred drug resistance.

The formulation of amoxicillin and clavulanic acid in AUGMENTIN protects amoxicillin from degradation by some beta-lactamase enzymes and extends the antibacterial spectrum of amoxicillin to include many bacteria normally resistant to amoxicillin.

Amoxicillin and clavulanic acid has been shown to be active against most isolates of the following bacteria, both in vitro and in clinical infections [*see Indications and Usage (1)*].

Gram-positive bacteria

Staphylococcus aureus

Gram-negative bacteria

Enterobacter species

Escherichia coli

Haemophilus influenzae

Klebsiella species

Moraxella catarrhalis

The following in vitro data are available, **but their clinical significance is unknown**. At least 90 percent of the following bacteria exhibit an in vitro minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) less than or equal to the susceptible breakpoint for amoxicillin and clavulanic acid. However, the efficacy of amoxicillin and clavulanic acid in treating clinical infections due to these bacteria **has not been** established in adequate and well-controlled clinical trials.

Gram-positive bacteria

Enterococcus faecalis

Staphylococcus epidermidis

Staphylococcus saprophyticus

Streptococcus pneumoniae

Streptococcus pyogenes

Viridans group *Streptococcus*

Gram-negative Bacteria

Eikenella corrodens

Proteus mirabilis

Anaerobic Bacteria

Bacteroides species including *Bacteroides fragilis*

Fusobacterium species

Peptostreptococcus species

Susceptibility Test Methods

For specific information regarding susceptibility test interpretive criteria and associated test methods and quality control standards recognized by FDA for this drug, please see: <https://www.fda.gov/STIC>.

13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

Long-term studies in animals have not been performed to evaluate carcinogenic potential.

AUGMENTIN (4:1 ratio formulation of amoxicillin:clavulanate) was non-mutagenic in the Ames bacterial mutation assay, and the yeast gene conversion assay. AUGMENTIN was weakly positive in the mouse lymphoma assay, but the trend toward increased mutation frequencies in this assay occurred at doses that were also associated with decreased cell survival. AUGMENTIN was negative in the mouse micronucleus test, and in the dominant lethal assay in mice. Potassium clavulanate alone was tested in the Ames bacterial mutation assay and in the mouse micronucleus test and was negative in each of these assays.

AUGMENTIN (2:1 ratio formulation of amoxicillin:clavulanate) at oral doses of up to 1,200 mg/kg/day was found to have no effect on fertility and reproductive performance in rats. Based on body surface area, this dose of amoxicillin is approximately 4 times the maximum recommended adult human oral dose (875 mg every 12 hours). For clavulanate, the dose multiple is approximately 9 times higher than the maximum recommended adult human oral dose (125 mg every 8 hours), also based on body surface area.

14 CLINICAL STUDIES

14.1 Lower Respiratory Tract and Complicated Urinary Tract Infections

Data from 2 pivotal trials in 1,191 patients treated for either lower respiratory tract infections or complicated urinary tract infections compared a regimen of 875 mg/125 mg tablets of AUGMENTIN every 12 hours to 500 mg/125 mg tablets of AUGMENTIN dosed every 8 hours (584 and 607 patients, respectively). Comparable efficacy was demonstrated between the every 12 hours and every 8 hours dosing regimens. There was no significant difference in the percentage of

adverse events in each group. The most frequently reported adverse event was diarrhea; incidence rates were similar for the 875 mg every 12 hours and 500 mg every 8 hours dosing regimens (15% and 14%, respectively); however, there was a statistically significant difference (p less than 0.05) in rates of severe diarrhea or withdrawals with diarrhea between the regimens: 1% for 875 mg every 12 hours regimen versus 2% for the 500 mg every 8 hours regimen.

In one of these pivotal trials, patients with either pyelonephritis (n equals 361) or a complicated urinary tract infection (i.e., patients with abnormalities of the urinary tract that predispose to relapse of bacteriuria following eradication, n equals 268) were randomized (1:1) to receive either 875 mg/125 mg tablets of AUGMENTIN every 12 hours (n equals 308) or 500 mg/125 mg tablets of AUGMENTIN every 8 hours (n equals 321).

The number of bacteriologically evaluable patients was comparable between the two dosing regimens. AUGMENTIN produced comparable bacteriological success rates in patients assessed 2 to 4 days immediately following end of therapy. The bacteriologic efficacy rates were comparable at one of the follow-up visits (5 to 9 days post-therapy) and at a late post-therapy visit (in the majority of cases, this was 2 to 4 weeks post-therapy), as seen in Table 8.

Table 8: Bacteriologic Efficacy Rates for AUGMENTIN

Time Post Therapy	875 mg every 12 hours % (n)	500 mg every 8 hours % (n)
2 to 4 days	81% (58)	80% (54)
5 to 9 days	58% (41)	52% (52)
2 to 4 weeks	52% (101)	55% (104)

As noted, before, though there was no significant difference in the percentage of adverse events in each group, there was a statistically significant difference in rates of severe diarrhea or withdrawals with diarrhea between the regimens.

14.2 Acute Bacterial Otitis Media and Diarrhea in Pediatric Patients

One US/Canadian clinical trial was conducted which compared 45/6.4 mg/kg/day (divided every 12 hours) of AUGMENTIN for 10 days versus 40/10 mg/kg/day (divided every 8 hours) of AUGMENTIN for 10 days in the treatment of acute otitis media. Only the suspension formulations were used in this trial. A total of 575 pediatric patients (aged 2 months to 12 years) were enrolled, with an even distribution among the 2 treatment groups and a comparable number of patients were evaluable (i.e., greater than or equal to 84%) per treatment group. Otitis media-specific criteria were required for eligibility and a strong correlation was found at the end of therapy and follow-up between these criteria and physician assessment of clinical response. The clinical efficacy rates at the end of therapy visit (defined as 2 to 4 days after the completion of therapy) and at the follow-up visit (defined as 22 to 28 days post-completion of therapy) were comparable for the 2 treatment groups, with the following cure rates obtained for the evaluable patients: At end of therapy, 87% (n equals 265) and 82% (n equals 260) for 45 mg/kg/day every 12 hours and 40 mg/kg/day every 8 hours, respectively. At follow-up, 67% (n equals 249) and 69% (n equals 243) for 45 mg/kg/day every 12 hours and 40 mg/kg/day every 8 hours, respectively.

Diarrhea was defined as either: (a) 3 or more watery or 4 or more loose/watery stools in 1 day; OR (b) 2 watery stools per day or 3 loose/watery stools per day for 2 consecutive days. The incidence of diarrhea was significantly lower in patients who received the every 12 hours regimen compared to patients who received the every 8 hours regimen (14% and 34%, respectively). In addition, the number of patients with either severe diarrhea or who were withdrawn with diarrhea was significantly lower in the every 12 hours treatment group (3% and 8% for the every 12 hours/10 day and every 8 hours/10 day, respectively). In the every 12 hours treatment group, 3 patients (1%) were withdrawn with an allergic reaction, while 1 patient in the every 8 hours group was withdrawn

for this reason. The number of patients with a candidal infection of the diaper area was 4% and 6% for the every 12 hours and every 8 hours groups, respectively.

It is not known if the finding of a statistically significant reduction in diarrhea with the oral suspensions dosed every 12 hours, versus suspensions dosed every 8 hours of AUGMENTIN, can be extrapolated to the chewable tablets of AUGMENTIN. The presence of mannitol in the chewable tablets of AUGMENTIN may contribute to a different diarrhea profile. The every 12 hour oral suspensions (200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL and 400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL) of AUGMENTIN are sweetened with aspartame.

15 REFERENCES

1. Swanson-Biearman B, Dean BS, Lopez G, Krenzelok EP. The effects of penicillin and cephalosporin ingestions in children less than six years of age. *Vet Hum Toxicol.* 1988; 30: 66-67.

16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

AUGMENTIN® Tablets, USP:

250 mg/125 mg Tablets: Each white oval film-coated tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN on one side and 250/125 on the other side, contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 125 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-018-30 bottles of 30

NDC 81964-018-78 Unit Dose (10x10) 100 tablets

500 mg/125 mg Tablets: Each white oval film-coated tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN on one side and 500/125 on the other side, contains 500 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 125 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-006-14 bottles of 20

NDC 81964-006-78 Unit Dose (10x10) 100 tablets

875 mg/125 mg Tablets: Each scored white capsule-shaped tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN 875 on one side and scored on the other side, contains 875 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 125 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-021-14 bottles of 20

NDC 81964-021-78 Unit Dose (10x10) 100 tablets

AUGMENTIN® for Oral Suspension, USP:

125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL: Banana-flavored powder for oral suspension, each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 125 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 31.25 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-012-01 75 mL bottle

NDC 81964-012-03 100 mL bottle

NDC 81964-012-05 150 mL bottle

200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL: Orange-flavored powder for oral suspension, each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 200 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 28.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 34 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-013-50 50 mL bottle

NDC 81964-013-51 75 mL bottle

NDC 81964-013-52 100 mL bottle

250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL: Orange-flavored powder for oral suspension, each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 62.5 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-004-07 75 mL bottle
NDC 81964-004-10 100 mL bottle
NDC 81964-004-15 150 mL bottle

400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL: Orange-flavored powder for oral suspension, each 5 mL of reconstituted suspension contains 400 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 57 mg of clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-008-50 50 mL bottle
NDC 81964-008-51 75 mL bottle
NDC 81964-008-52 100 mL bottle

AUGMENTIN® Chewable Tablets, USP:

125 mg/31.25 mg Chewable Tablets: Each mottled yellow, round, lemon-lime-flavored tablet, debossed with BMP 189, contains 125 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 31.25 mg clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-014-31 Unit Dose (5x6) 30 chewable tablets

200 mg/28.5 mg Chewable Tablets: Each mottled pink, round, biconvex, cherry-banana-flavored tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN 200, contains 200 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 28.5 mg clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 34 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-015-14 Unit Dose (4x5) 20 chewable tablets

250 mg/62.5 mg Chewable Tablets: Each mottled yellow, round, lemon-lime-flavored tablet, debossed with BMP 190, contains 250 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 62.5 mg clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-016-31 Unit Dose (5x6) 30 chewable tablets

400 mg/57 mg Chewable Tablets: Each mottled pink, round, biconvex, cherry-banana-flavored tablet, debossed with AUGMENTIN 400, contains 400 mg of amoxicillin as the trihydrate and 57 mg clavulanic acid as the potassium salt (equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium).

NDC 81964-017-14 Unit Dose (4x5) 20 chewable tablets

Dispense in original container.

Store tablets and dry powder at or below 25°C (77°F).

Store reconstituted suspension under refrigeration. Discard unused suspension after 10 days.

Keep out of the reach of children.

17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Administration Instructions

Inform patients that AUGMENTIN may be taken every 8 hours or every 12 hours, depending on the dose prescribed. Each dose should be taken with a meal or snack to reduce the possibility of gastrointestinal upset.

Allergic Reactions

Counsel patients that AUGMENTIN contains a penicillin class drug product that can cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Severe Cutaneous Adverse Reactions (SCAR)

Advise patients about the signs and symptoms of serious skin manifestations. Instruct patients to stop taking AUGMENTIN immediately and promptly report the first signs or symptoms of skin rash, mucosal lesions, or any other sign of hypersensitivity [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)*].

Diarrhea

Counsel patients that diarrhea is a common problem caused by antibacterials, and it usually ends when the antibacterial is discontinued. Sometimes after starting treatment with antibacterials, patients can develop watery and bloody stools (with or without stomach cramps and fever) even as late as 2 or more months after having taken their last dose of the antibacterial. If diarrhea is severe or lasts more than 2 or 3 days, patients should contact their physician as soon as possible.

Antibacterial Resistance

Patients should be counseled that antibacterial drugs, including AUGMENTIN, should only be used to treat bacterial infections. They do not treat viral infections (e.g., the common cold).

When AUGMENTIN is prescribed to treat a bacterial infection, patients should be told that although it is common to feel better early in the course of therapy, the medication should be taken exactly as directed. Skipping doses or not completing the full course of therapy may: (1) decrease the effectiveness of the immediate treatment, and (2) increase the likelihood that bacteria will develop resistance and will not be treatable by AUGMENTIN or other antibacterial drugs in the future.

Storage Instructions

Advise patients to keep suspension refrigerated. Shake well before using. When dosing a child with the suspension (liquid) of AUGMENTIN, use a calibrated oral syringe. Be sure to rinse the calibrated oral syringe after each use. Bottles of suspension of AUGMENTIN may contain more liquid than required. Follow your doctor's instructions about the amount to use and the days of treatment your child requires. Discard any unused medicine.

Manufactured by:

USAntibiotics, LLC
Bristol, TN 37620 (USA)

AUGMENTIN is a registered trademark of GlaxoSmithKline and is licensed to USAntibiotics, LLC.

CLINITEST is a registered trademark of Miles, Inc.

LOT:
EXP:
PRINTED ON LINE
PRINTING MAT SUPPLIED BY PRINT SUPPLIER

<p>NDC 81964-018-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 250 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p>		<p>NDC 81964-018-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 250 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p>
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Pharmacode: TBD

TBD

FPO

NDC 81964-018-30
AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablets, USP

250 mg/125 mg

AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 140 mg of clavulanate potassium)

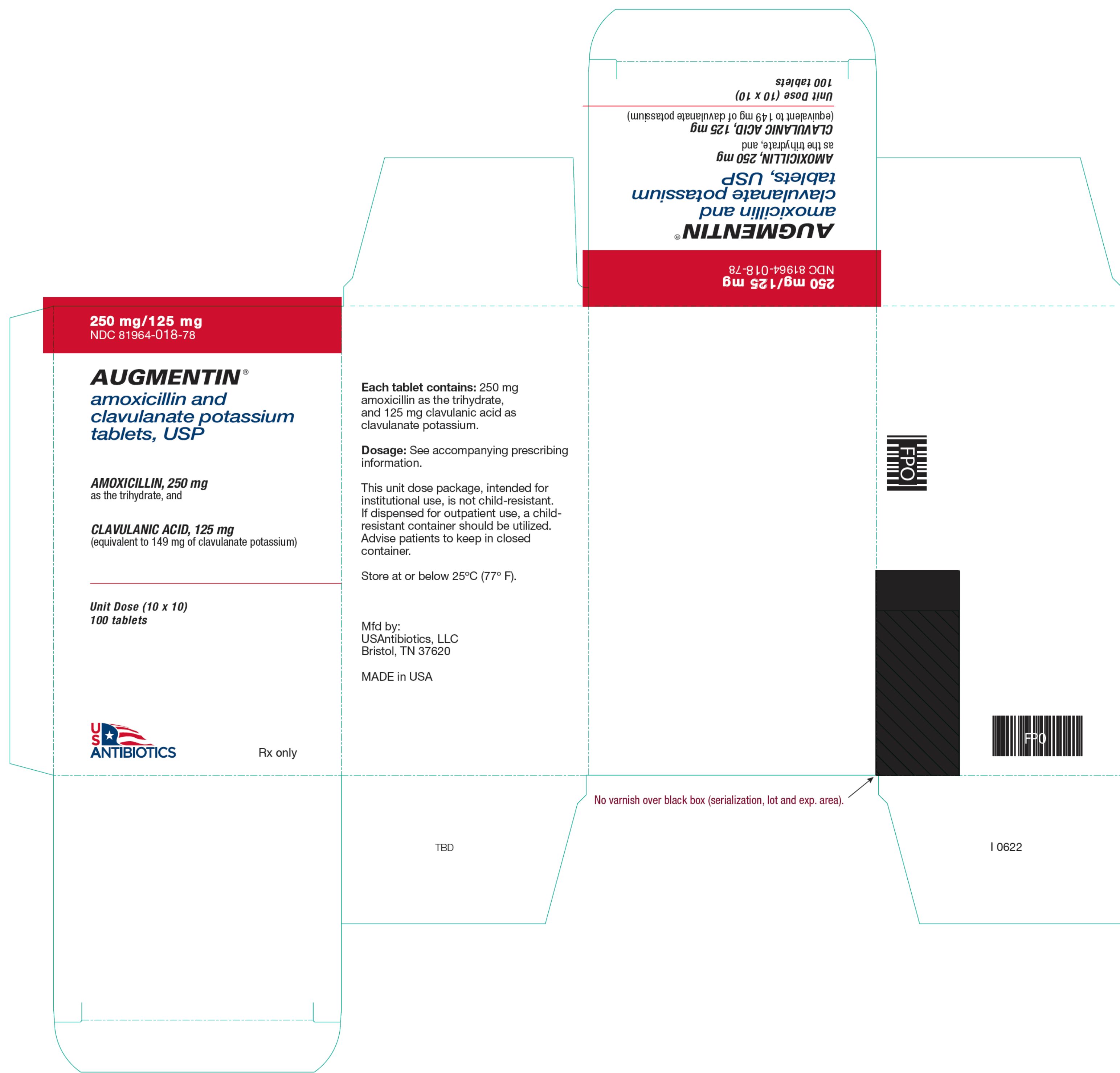
30 Tablets
Rx only

US ANTIBIOTICS

Each tablet contains: 250 mg amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg clavulanate acid as clavulanate potassium. Contains 30 tablets. See accompanying prescribing information. Dispense in original container. Advise patients to keep in a closed container. For only use as directed. Mfg. by: US Antibiotics, LLC, Grand, TN 37620. MADE in USA

FPO

10622



250 mg/125 mg
NDC 81964-018-78

AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP

AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg
as the trihydrate, and

CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium)

Unit Dose (10 x 10)
100 tablets



Rx only

Each tablet contains: 250 mg amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg clavulanic acid as clavulanate potassium.

Dosage: See accompanying prescribing information.

This unit dose package, intended for institutional use, is not child-resistant. If dispensed for outpatient use, a child-resistant container should be utilized. Advise patients to keep in closed container.

Store at or below 25°C (77° F).

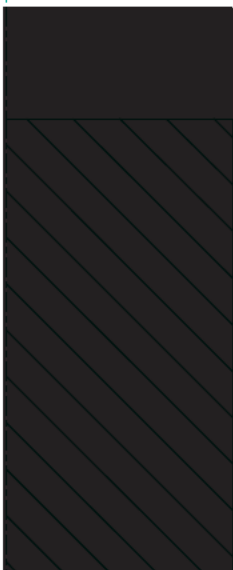
Mfd by:
USAntibiotics, LLC
Bristol, TN 37620

MADE in USA

250 mg/125 mg
NDC 81964-018-78

AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP
AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium)
Unit Dose (10 x 10)
100 tablets

FPO













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TBD

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<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 		<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 
<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 		<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 
<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 		<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 
<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 		<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 
<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 		<p>NDC 81964-006-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 500 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p> 

Pharmacode TBD



TBD

NDC 81964-006-14
AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP

500 mg/125 mg

AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 140 mg of clavulanate
potassium)

TBD



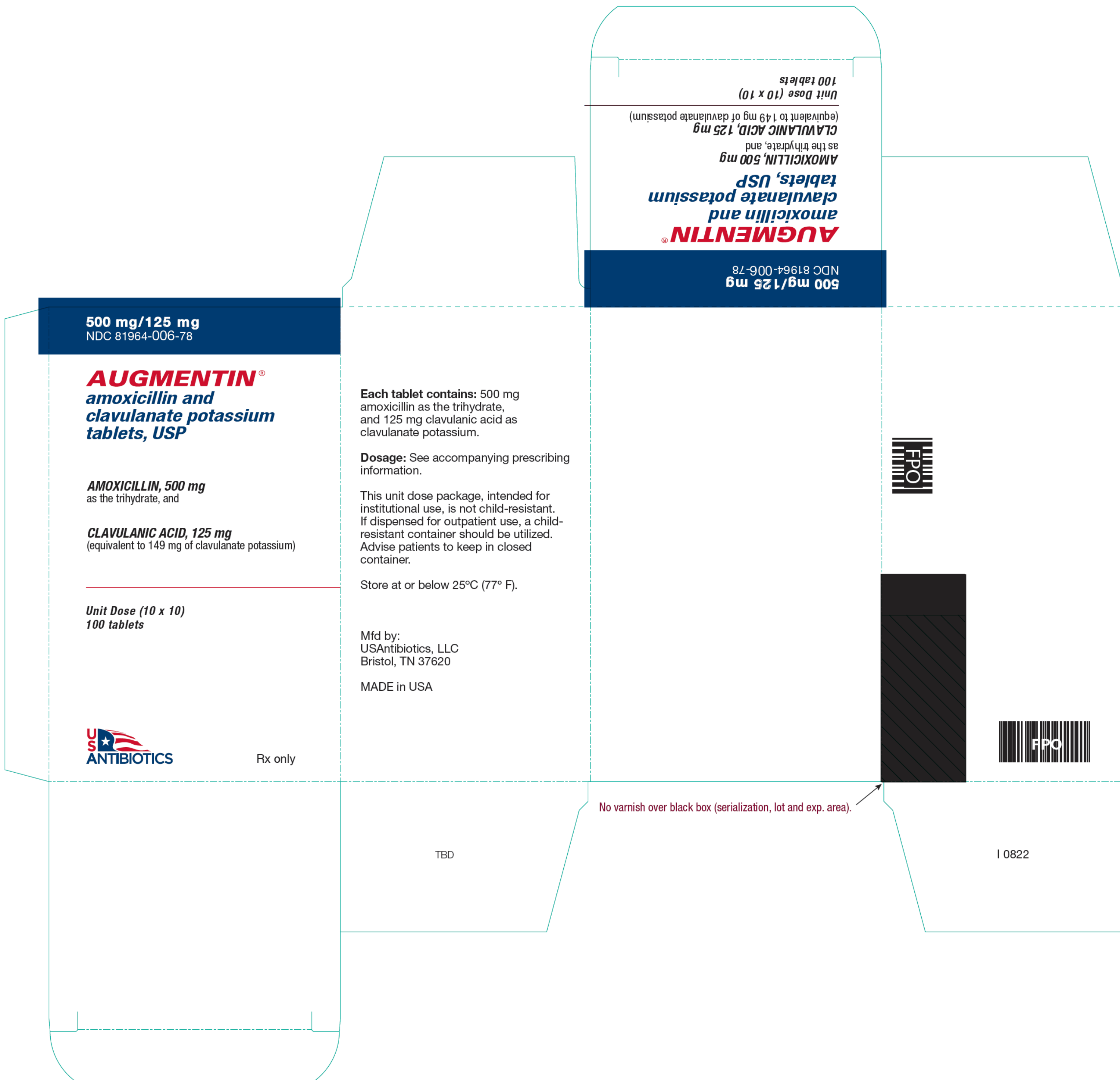
20 Tablets
Rx only



Each tablet contains 500 mg amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg clavulanate acid as clavulanate potassium. Contains 20 tablets in a white, round, film-coated tablet. Dispense in original container. Address patients to keep in a child-resistant container. For only use as directed. Mfg. by: US Antibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620
MADE IN USA

10622





500 mg/125 mg
NDC 81964-006-78

AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP

AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg
as the trihydrate, and

CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium)

Unit Dose (10 x 10)
100 tablets



Rx only

Each tablet contains: 500 mg amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg clavulanic acid as clavulanate potassium.

Dosage: See accompanying prescribing information.

This unit dose package, intended for institutional use, is not child-resistant. If dispensed for outpatient use, a child-resistant container should be utilized. Advise patients to keep in closed container.

Store at or below 25°C (77° F).

Mfd by:
USAntibiotics, LLC
Bristol, TN 37620

MADE in USA



No varnish over black box (serialization, lot and exp. area).


TBD

I 0822

AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP
AMOXICILLIN, 500 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium)
Unit Dose (10 x 10)
100 tablets

500 mg/125 mg
NDC 81964-006-78

Pharmacode: 704



81964-01201 9

N3

GTIN: 0 0381 964 01201 9

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 67 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.

Dosage: See accompanying prescribing information.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension.


Date reconstituted ____/____/____
Discard after 10 days.
 Some color change is normal during dosing period.

125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL
 NDC 81964-012-01

AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP


When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg
 as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg
 (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium)

75 mL
 (when reconstituted)



Rx only

Use only if inner seal is intact.
 Net contents: Equivalent to 1.875 g amoxicillin and 0.469 g clavulanic acid.
 Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
 Mfg. by: US Antibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620



MADE in USA 150057207 1 0622

Pharmacode: 705

3
N
81964-01203
3

GTIN: 00381964012033

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 90 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake vigorously.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake vigorously.

Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted


Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during desing period.

125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-012-03

AUGMENTIN®
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg
(equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium)

100 mL
(when reconstituted)


 **Rx only**

Use only if inner seal is intact.
Net contents: Equivalent to 2.5 g amoxicillin and 0.625 g clavulanic acid.
Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
Mfrd. by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620
MADE in USA

10622

150057209

Pharmacode: 706



N 81964-01205 7
GTIN: 0088196-012057

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 134 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap, shake vigorously.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap, shake vigorously.

Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted

Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

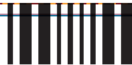
125 mg/31.25 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-012-05

AUGMENTIN®
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg
(equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium)


150 mL
(when reconstituted)

US ANTIBIOTICS Rx only



10622
150057210
MADE in USA

Pharmacode: 701

 81964-00407 6
GTIN: 00381964004076

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 65 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.

Dosage: See accompanying prescribing information.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension.


Date reconstituted / /
Discard after 10 days.
Some color change is normal during dosing period.

250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-004-07

AUGMENTIN®
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium)


75 mL
(when reconstituted)

 **Rx only**

Use only if inner seal is intact.
Net contents: Equivalent to 3.75 g amoxicillin and 0.938 g clavulanic acid.
Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
Mfd. by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620

MADE in USA 1500572 14 10622

Pharmacode: 702



N 3
81964-00410 6


GTIN: 00381964004106

250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-004-10


AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg
(equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium)

100 mL
(when reconstituted)



Rx only



10622

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure **87 mL** of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.


Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted

Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

Use only if inner seal is intact.
Net contents: Equivalent to 5 g amoxicillin and 1.25 g clavulanic acid.
Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
Mfd. by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN, 37620
MADE in USA


Pharmacode: 703



N 3 81964-00415 1

GTIN: 00381964004151

250 mg/62.5 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-004-15



10622

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 130 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake vigorously.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake vigorously.

Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted _____


Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium)

150 mL

(when reconstituted)









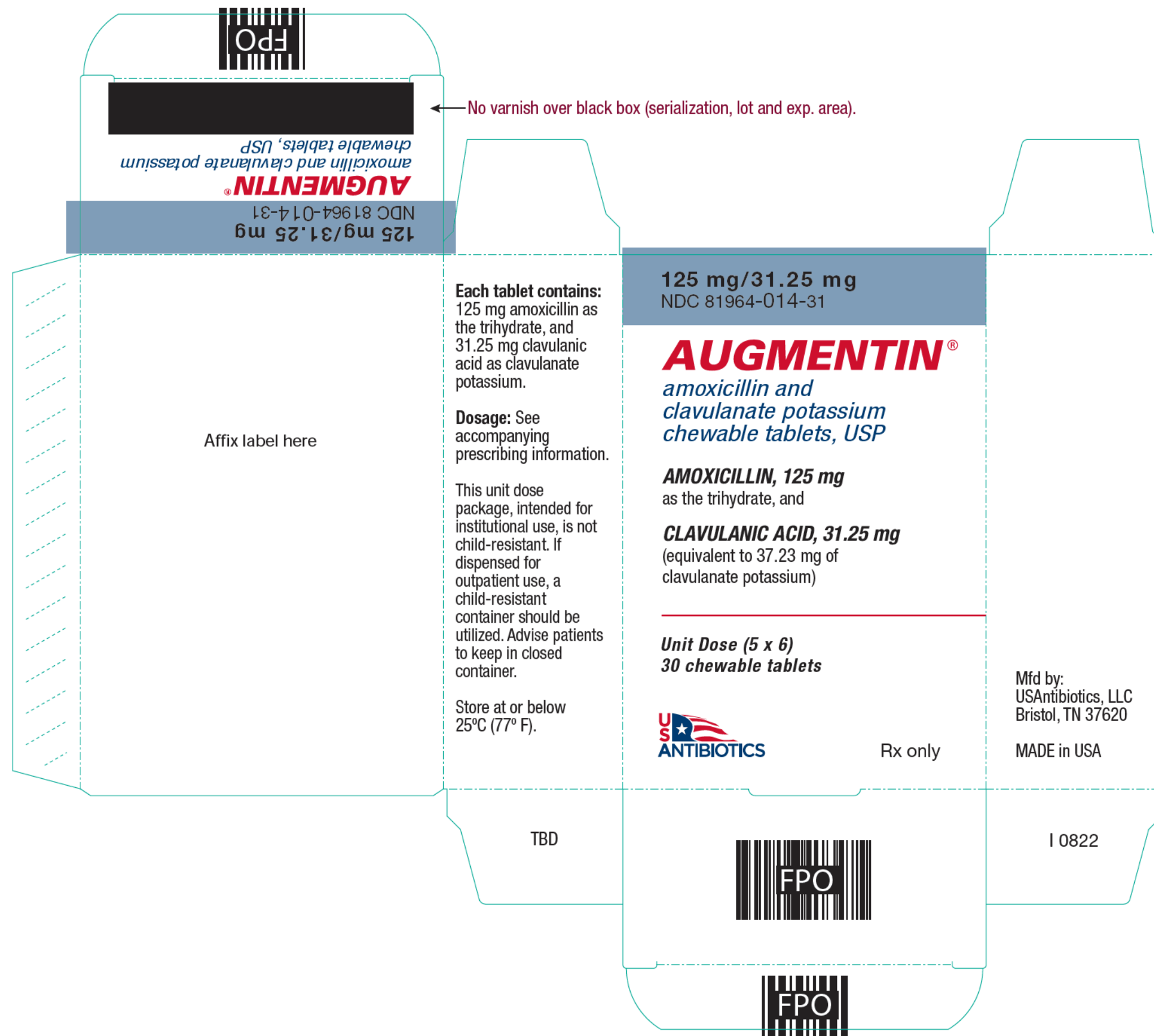
Rx only

Use only if inner seal is intact.
Net contents: Equivalent to 7.5 g amoxicillin and 1.875 g clavulanic acid.
Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
Mfd. by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620
MADE in USA

15 0057216

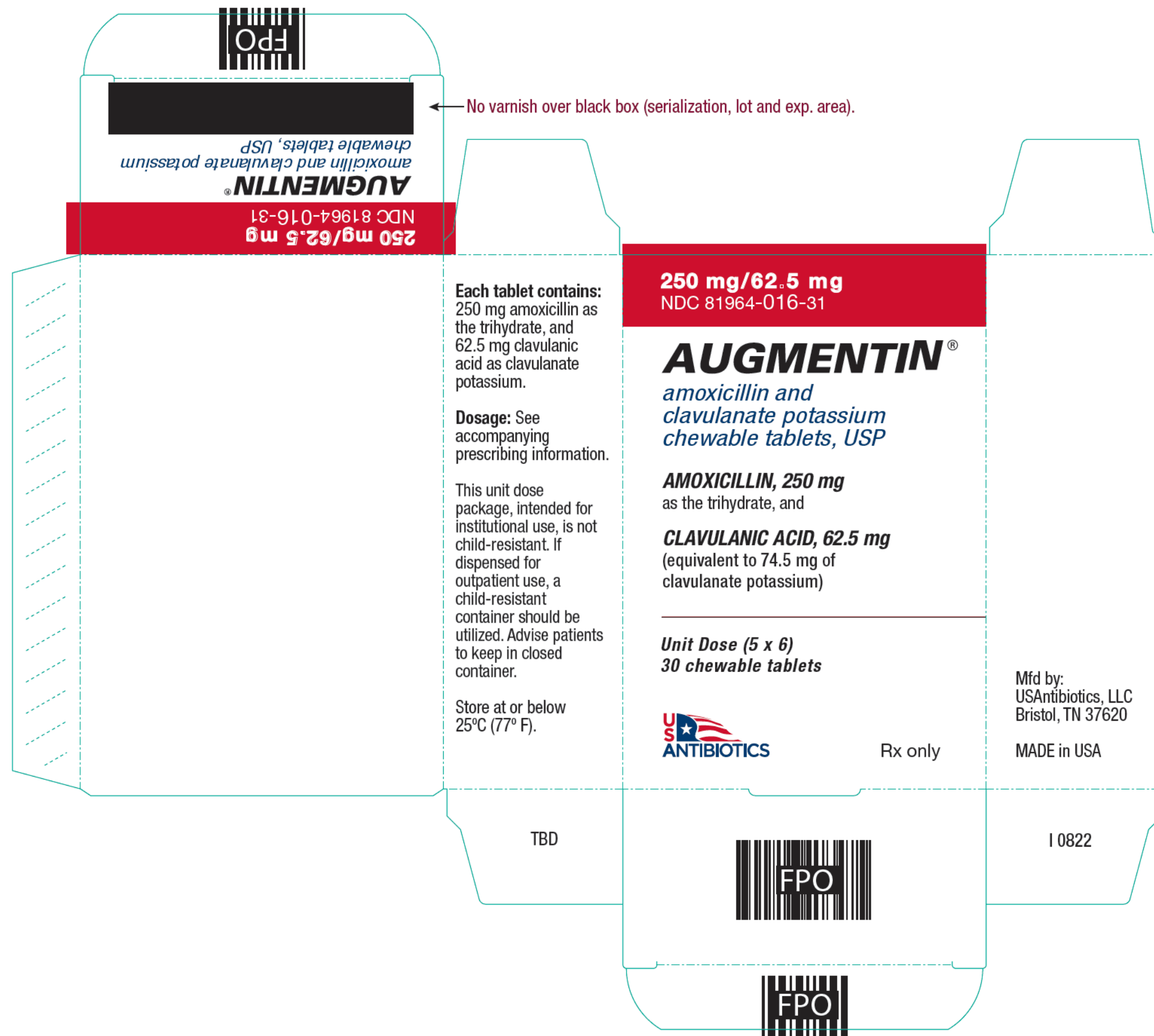
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<p>NDC 81964-014-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 125 mg/31.25 mg AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfd by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822 </p>	<p>NDC 81964-014-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 125 mg/31.25 mg AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfd by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822 </p>
<p>NDC 81964-014-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 125 mg/31.25 mg AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfd by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822 </p>	<p>NDC 81964-014-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 125 mg/31.25 mg AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfd by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822 </p>
<p>NDC 81964-014-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 125 mg/31.25 mg AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfd by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822 </p>	<p>NDC 81964-014-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 125 mg/31.25 mg AMOXICILLIN, 125 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 31.25 mg (equivalent to 37.23 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfd by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822 </p>



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<p>NDC 81964-016-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 250 mg/62.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mid by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822  FPO TBD</p>	<p>NDC 81964-016-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 250 mg/62.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mid by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822  FPO TBD</p>
<p>NDC 81964-016-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 250 mg/62.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mid by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822  FPO TBD</p>	<p>NDC 81964-016-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 250 mg/62.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mid by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822  FPO TBD</p>
<p>NDC 81964-016-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 250 mg/62.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mid by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822  FPO TBD</p>	<p>NDC 81964-016-31 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium chewable tablet, USP 250 mg/62.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 250 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 62.5 mg (equivalent to 74.5 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mid by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD Rx only Cut with scissors. I 0822  FPO TBD</p>



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<p>NDC 81964-021-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 875 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 875 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p>		<p>NDC 81964-021-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 875 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 875 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p>
<p>NDC 81964-021-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 875 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 875 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p>		<p>NDC 81964-021-78 AUGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium tablet, USP 875 mg/125 mg AMOXICILLIN, 875 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg (equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium) Mfg. by: USAntibiotics, LLC Bristol, TN TBD I 0822 Rx only Push through from front.</p>
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NDC 81964-021-14
AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP

875 mg/125 mg

AMOXICILLIN, 875 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 149 mg of
clavulanate potassium)

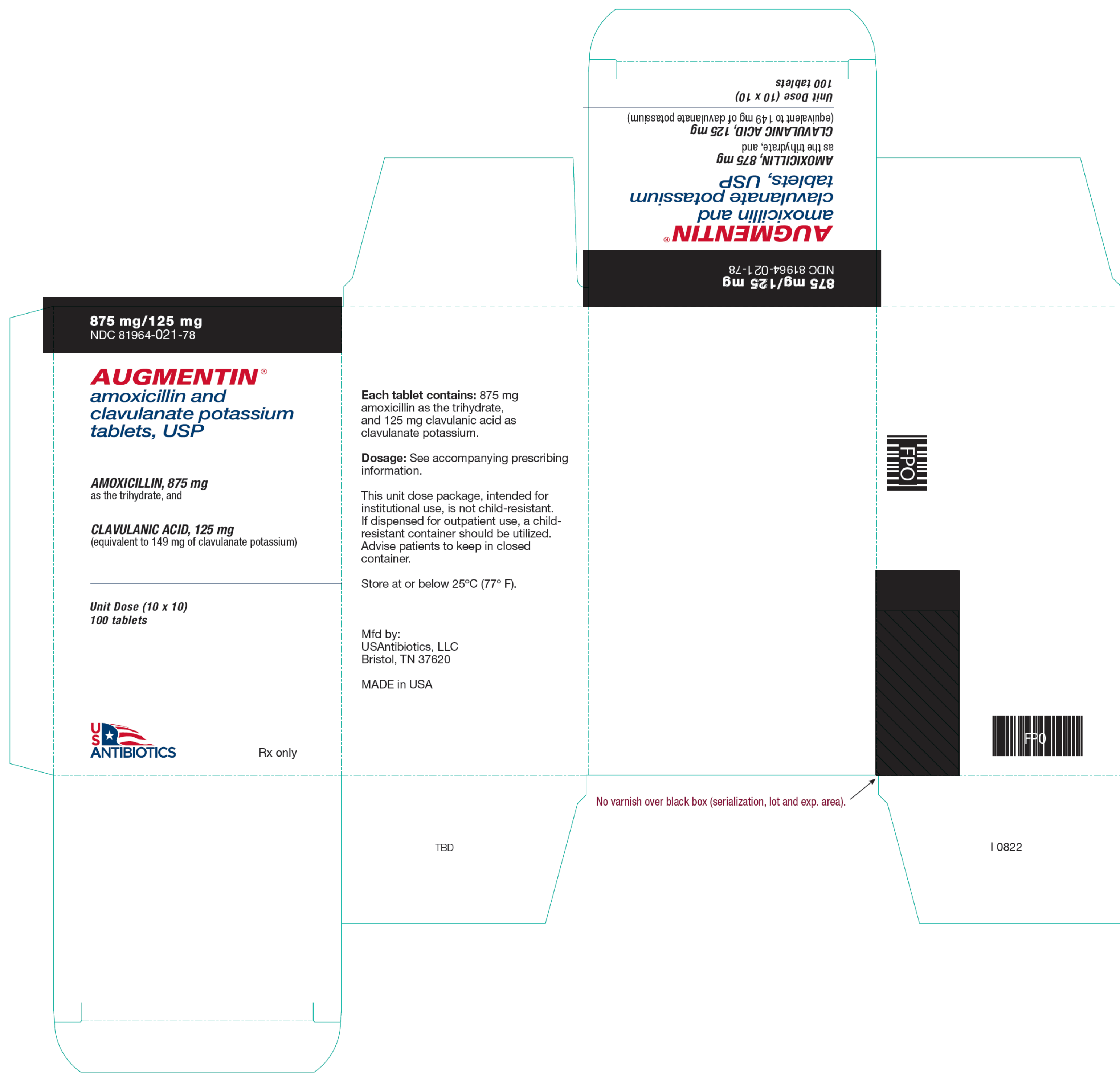
US ANTIBIOTICS

Rx only
20 Tablets

Pharmacode: 51

Each tablet contains: 875 mg amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg clavulanic acid as clavulanate potassium.
See accompanying prescribing information.
Store at 25°C (77°F).
Dispense in original container.
Advise patients to keep in closed container.
Use only if inner seal is intact.
Mfd by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620
MADE in USA

1 0622



875 mg/125 mg
NDC 81964-021-78

AUGMENTIN[®]
*amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP*

AMOXICILLIN, 875 mg
as the trihydrate, and

CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium)

Unit Dose (10 x 10)
100 tablets



Rx only

Each tablet contains: 875 mg amoxicillin as the trihydrate, and 125 mg clavulanic acid as clavulanate potassium.

Dosage: See accompanying prescribing information.

This unit dose package, intended for institutional use, is not child-resistant. If dispensed for outpatient use, a child-resistant container should be utilized. Advise patients to keep in closed container.

Store at or below 25°C (77° F).

Mfd by:
USAntibiotics, LLC
Bristol, TN 37620

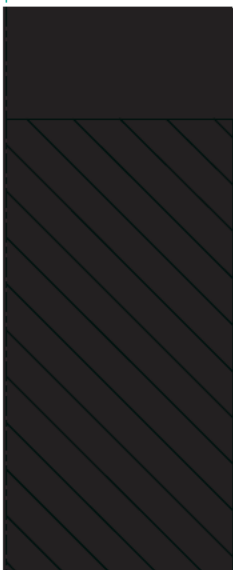
MADE in USA

875 mg/125 mg
NDC 81964-021-78

AUGMENTIN[®]
*amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
tablets, USP*

AMOXICILLIN, 875 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 125 mg
(equivalent to 149 mg of clavulanate potassium)

Unit Dose (10 x 10)
100 tablets




No varnish over black box (serialization, lot and exp. area).

TBD

I 0822

Pharmacode: TBD




FPO


200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-013-50

AUGMENTIN®
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 200 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 28.5 mg
(equivalent to 34 mg of clavulanate potassium)

50 mL
(when reconstituted)

 **Rx only**



FPO

TBD

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 50 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake vigorously.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake vigorously.

Dosage: See accompanying prescribing information.


Phenylketonurics: Contains phenylalanine 7 mg per 5 mL.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted

Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

Use only if inner seal is intact. Net contents: Equivalent to 2 g amoxicillin and 0.285 g clavulanic acid. Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F). Mfg by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620. MADE in USA.

TBD




FPO

200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-013-51


AUGMENTIN[®]
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 200 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 28.5 mg
(equivalent to 34 mg of clavulanate potassium)

75 mL
(when reconstituted)



Rx only



FPO

TBD

10622

TBD

MADE in USA

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure **75 mL** of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.

Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Phenyketonurics: Contains phenylalanine 7 mg per mL.
Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension.

Date reconstituted ____/____/____.
Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

Use only if inner seal is intact.
Net content's: Equivalent to 3 g amoxicillin and 0.4275 g clavulanic acid.
Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
Mfd. by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620

TBD

FPO

TBD

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 95 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake vigorously.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake vigorously.

Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Phenylketonurics:
Contains phenylalanine 7 mg per mL.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted

TBD Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

200 mg/28.5 mg per 5 mL

NDC 81964-013-52

FPO

10622

AUGMENTIN®

amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:

AMOXICILLIN, 200 mg as the trihydrate, and

CLAVULANIC ACID, 28.5 mg (equivalent to 34 mg of clavulanate potassium)

100 mL

(when reconstituted)

Rx only

Use only if inner seal is intact.

Net contents: Equivalent to 4 g amoxicillin and 0.57 g clavulanic acid.


Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).

Mfd. by: US Antibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN, 37620

MADE in USA

TBD

Pharmacode: TBD



Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 50 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake vigorously.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake vigorously.

Dosage: See accompanying prescribing information.

Phenyletonics: Contains phenylalanine 7 mg per 5 mL.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted

Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-008-50


AUGMENTIN®
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 400 mg as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg (equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium)

50 mL
(when reconstituted)

US ANTIBIOTICS

Rx only




16822

TBD

MADE IN USA

TBD




FPO


400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-008-51

AUGMENTIN®
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 400 mg as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg (equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium)

75 mL
(when reconstituted)

 **Rx only**



FPO

TBD

10622

TBD

MADE in USA

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 70 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake **vigorously**.

Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Phenyketonics: Contains phenylalanine 7 mg per mL.
Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension.

Date reconstituted / / .
Discard after 10 days.
Some color change is normal during dosing period.

Use only if inner seal is intact.
Net content: Equivalent to 6 g amoxicillin and 0.855 g clavulanic acid.
Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
Mfd. by: USAntibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN 37620
MADE in USA

TBD

Directions for mixing:

1. Tap bottle until all powder flows freely.
2. Measure 90 mL of water (total).
3. Add approximately 2/3 of the water to powder. Replace cap; shake vigorously.
4. Add rest of water. Replace cap; shake vigorously.

Dosage:
See accompanying prescribing information.

Phenylketonurics:
Contains phenylalanine 7 mg per mL.

Keep tightly closed. Shake well before each use. Must refrigerate suspension. Date reconstituted


TBD / /
Discard after 10 days. Some color change is normal during dosing period.

400 mg/57 mg per 5 mL
NDC 81964-008-52

AUGMENTIN®
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium for oral suspension, USP

When reconstituted, each 5 mL contains:
AMOXICILLIN, 400 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg
(equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium)

100 mL
(when reconstituted)





 Rx only

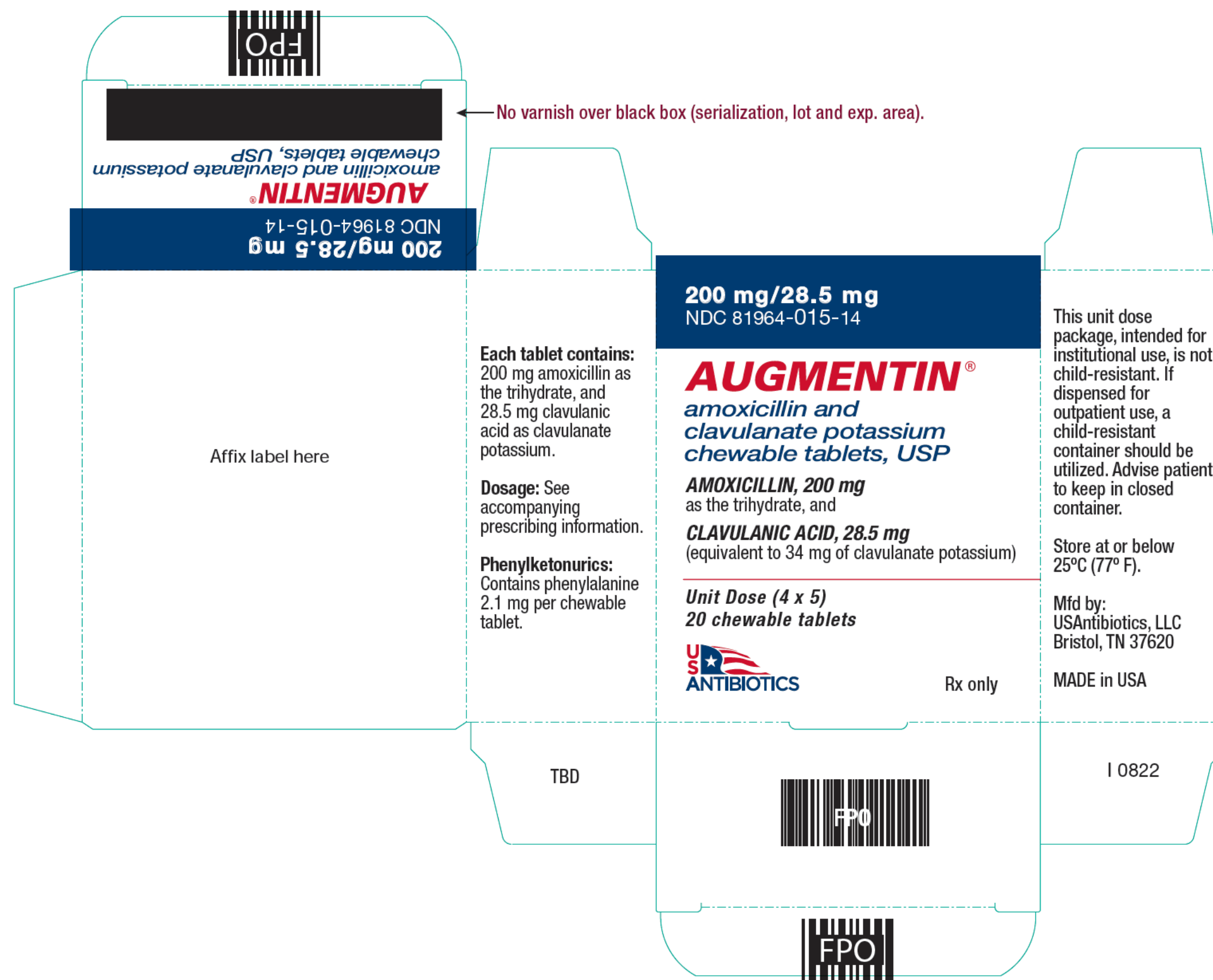
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Use only if inner seal is intact.
Net contents: Equivalent to 8 g amoxicillin and 1.14 g clavulanic acid.
Store dry powder at or below 25° C (77° F).
Mfd. by: US Antibiotics, LLC, Bristol, TN, 37620
MADE in USA

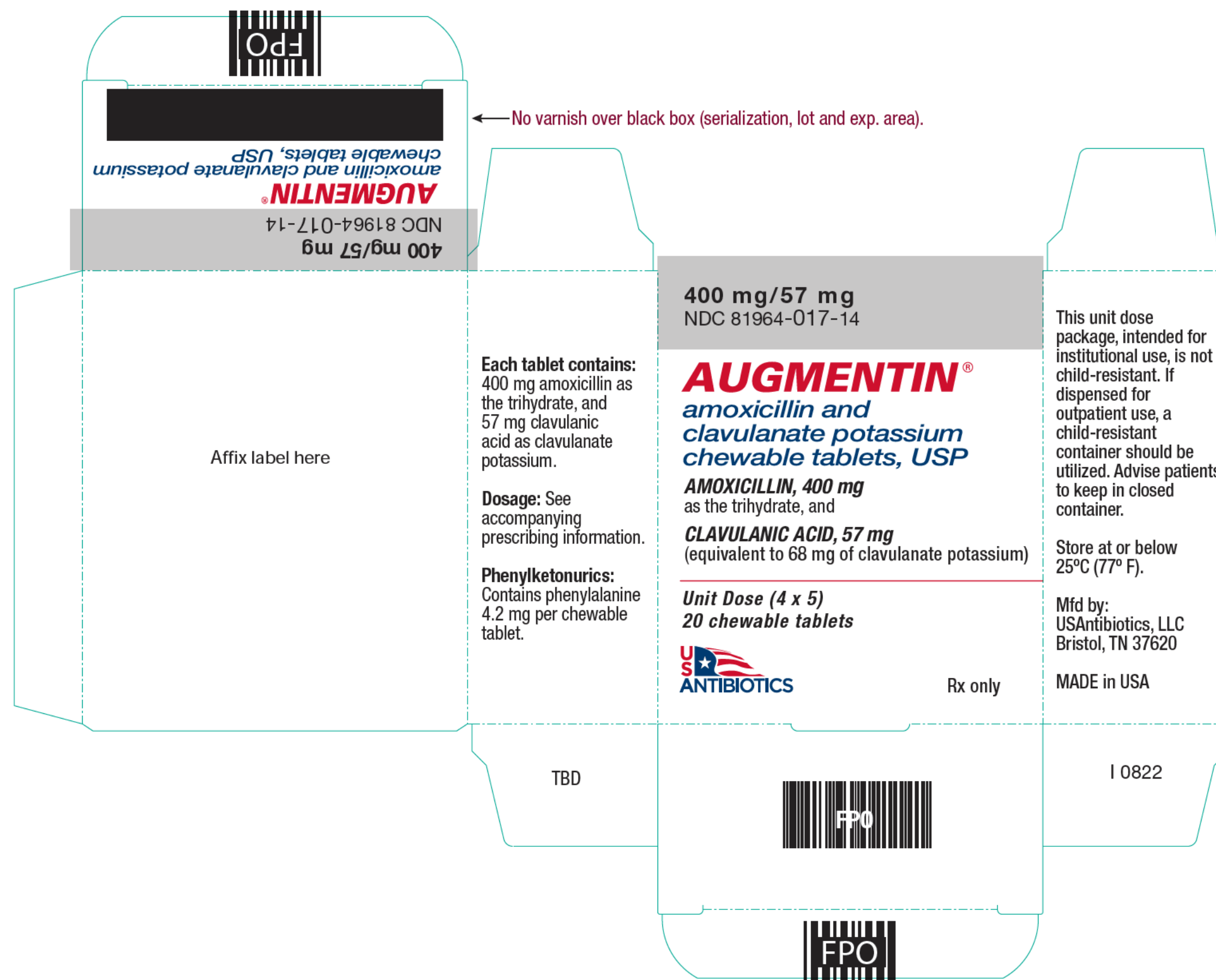
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<p>NDC 81964-015-14 ALGUMENTIN® amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Chewable Tablet USP 200 mg/28.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 200 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 28.5 mg (Equivalent to 28 mg of clavulanate potassium) Type III, Mfg. by USV Inc., LLC, Bland, TN (USA) NADA 141-101 Cut with scissors. 1 0822</p>  <p>150</p>	<p>NDC 81964-015-14 ALGUMENTIN® amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Chewable Tablet USP 200 mg/28.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 200 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 28.5 mg (Equivalent to 28 mg of clavulanate potassium) Type III, Mfg. by USV Inc., LLC, Bland, TN (USA) NADA 141-101 Cut with scissors. 1 0822</p>  <p>150</p>
<p>NDC 81964-015-14 ALGUMENTIN® amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Chewable Tablet USP 200 mg/28.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 200 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 28.5 mg (Equivalent to 28 mg of clavulanate potassium) Type III, Mfg. by USV Inc., LLC, Bland, TN (USA) NADA 141-101 Cut with scissors. 1 0822</p>  <p>150</p>	<p>NDC 81964-015-14 ALGUMENTIN® amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Chewable Tablet USP 200 mg/28.5 mg AMOXICILLIN, 200 mg as the trihydrate, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 28.5 mg (Equivalent to 28 mg of clavulanate potassium) Type III, Mfg. by USV Inc., LLC, Bland, TN (USA) NADA 141-101 Cut with scissors. 1 0822</p>  <p>150</p>



LOT:
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<p>NDC 81964-017-14 ALGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Clavulanate Potassium USP 400 mg/57 mg AMOXICILIN, 400 mg for the hydrochloride, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg [Equivalent to 60 mg of clavulanate potassium] Mfg. by U.S. Pharm., LLC, Brent, TN (USA) NDC 81964-017-14 Cut with scissors 1 0822 150</p> 	<p>NDC 81964-017-14 ALGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Clavulanate Potassium USP 400 mg/57 mg AMOXICILIN, 400 mg for the hydrochloride, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg [Equivalent to 60 mg of clavulanate potassium] Mfg. by U.S. Pharm., LLC, Brent, TN (USA) NDC 81964-017-14 Cut with scissors 1 0822 150</p> 
<p>NDC 81964-017-14 ALGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Clavulanate Potassium USP 400 mg/57 mg AMOXICILIN, 400 mg for the hydrochloride, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg [Equivalent to 60 mg of clavulanate potassium] Mfg. by U.S. Pharm., LLC, Brent, TN (USA) NDC 81964-017-14 Cut with scissors 1 0822 150</p> 	<p>NDC 81964-017-14 ALGMENTIN[®] amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium Clavulanate Potassium USP 400 mg/57 mg AMOXICILIN, 400 mg for the hydrochloride, and CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg [Equivalent to 60 mg of clavulanate potassium] Mfg. by U.S. Pharm., LLC, Brent, TN (USA) NDC 81964-017-14 Cut with scissors 1 0822 150</p> 



FPO
No varnish over black box (serialization, lot and exp. area).
amoxicillin and clavulanate potassium
chewable tablets, USP
AUGMENTIN
NDC 81964-017-14
400 mg/57 mg

Affix label here

Each tablet contains:
400 mg amoxicillin as
the trihydrate, and
57 mg clavulanic
acid as clavulanate
potassium.

Dosage: See
accompanying
prescribing information.

Phenylketonurics:
Contains phenylalanine
4.2 mg per chewable
tablet.

400 mg/57 mg
NDC 81964-017-14

AUGMENTIN[®]
*amoxicillin and
clavulanate potassium
chewable tablets, USP*

AMOXICILLIN, 400 mg
as the trihydrate, and
CLAVULANIC ACID, 57 mg
(equivalent to 68 mg of clavulanate potassium)

Unit Dose (4 x 5)
20 chewable tablets

US
ANTIBIOTICS

Rx only

This unit dose
package, intended for
institutional use, is not
child-resistant. If
dispensed for
outpatient use, a
child-resistant
container should be
utilized. Advise patients
to keep in closed
container.

Store at or below
25°C (77° F).

Mfd by:
USAntibiotics, LLC
Bristol, TN 37620

MADE in USA

TBD



I 0822

FPO

This is a representation of an electronic record that was signed electronically. Following this are manifestations of any and all electronic signatures for this electronic record.

/s/

DMITRI IARIKOV
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