

**CENTER FOR DRUG  
EVALUATION AND RESEARCH**

**Approval Package for:**

**APPLICATION NUMBER:**

87-955

*Generic Name:* Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>

*Sponsor:* Abbott Laboratories

*Approval Date:* July 25, 1983

# CENTER FOR DRUG EVALUATION AND RESEARCH

**APPLICATION NUMBER:  
87-955**

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**CENTER FOR DRUG  
EVALUATION AND RESEARCH**

**APPLICATION NUMBER:**

87-955

**APPROVAL LETTER**

NDA 87-955

JUL 25 1983

Abbott Laboratories  
Attention: Mr. Frederic A. Gustafson  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, IL 60064

Gentlemen:

Please refer to your new drug application submitted pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act for Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> (phytonadione) Injection, USP, 10 mg/ml in 1 ml ampul.

Reference is also made to your communication dated July 8, 1983.

We have completed the review of this abbreviated new drug application and have concluded that the drug is safe and effective for use as recommended in the submitted labeling. Accordingly, the application is approved.

We have not yet completed our validation of the regulatory methods in this application; we therefore expect your continued cooperation to help resolve expeditiously any problems that may arise with respect to validation.

Any significant change in the conditions outlined in this abbreviated new drug application, requires an approved supplemental application before the change may be made, except for changes made in conformance with other provisions of Section 314.8 of the new drug regulations.

This Administration should be advised of any change in the marketing status of this drug.

The requirement for adequate data to assure the biologic availability is being deferred at the present time. However, our action in approving this application is based upon an understanding that if this requirement is reinstated you will perform the appropriate procedures.

**For Initial Campaigns:** We request that you submit, in duplicate, any proposed advertising or promotional copy which you intend to use in your immediate advertising or promotional campaigns. Please submit all proposed materials in draft or mock-up form, not final print. Submit both copies together with a copy of the proposed or final printed labeling to the Division of Drug Advertising and Labeling (HFN-240). Also, please do not use Form FD-2253 for this submission.

**For Subsequent Campaigns:** We call your attention to Regulation 21 CFR 310.300(b)(3) which requires that material for any subsequent advertising or promotional campaigns, at the time of their initial use, be submitted to our Division of Drug Advertising and Labeling (HFN-240) with a completed form FD-2253. A copy of Form FD-2253 is enclosed for your convenience.

The enclosures summarize the conditions relating to the approval of this application.

Sincerely yours, *MS*

*MS*

*7/25/83*

*M*  
Mirvia Seife, M. D.  
Director  
Division of Generic Drug Monographs  
Office of the Associate Director  
for Drug Monographs  
Office of Drugs  
National Center for Drugs and Biologics

**Enclosures:**

Conditions of Approval of a New Drug Application  
Records & Reports Requirements  
Form FD-2253

cc: CHI-D0  
HFN-530  
HFN-616  
HFN-5  
HFN-313  
DUP  
KJohnson/JLMeyer/CChang: 7-18-83  
MSeife/djw: 7-19-83  
Approval

*7-20-83*

*MS*

*7/20/83*

**CENTER FOR DRUG  
EVALUATION AND  
RESEARCH**

**APPLICATION NUMBER:**

87-955

Final Printed Labeling

Exhibit I

Final Printed Labeling

ORIGINAL

Labeling:

MDA No: 87955 JAN 3 1983

Reviewed by ISI 7-26-83



NDC 0074-9158-01

1 ml

Vitamin K, Inj.  
PHYTONADIONE  
INJ., USP  
10 mg (10 mg/ml)  
Protect from light.  
FDA 1177-10/82  
Abbott Laboratories  
No. Chicago, IL 60064

*Handwritten signature or initials*

**APPROVED** ⊕  
JUL 25 1983





ABBOTT LABORATORIES, NORTH CHICAGO, IL 60064, USA

**Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj.**  
**PHYTONADIONE INJECTION, USP**  
10 mg (10 mg/ml)  
Protect from light.

JUL 25 1999

1 ml Ampul  
Single-dose 25 UNIT/ML NDC 0074-9158-01

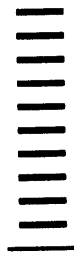
**APPROVED**

Exp.  
Lot

©Abbott

FDA1178-10/82

Printed in USA



Each ml contains phytonadione 10 mg;  
polyoxyethylated fatty acid derivative 70 mg;  
dextrose, hydrous 37.5 mg; benzyl alcohol 9 mg  
added as preservative. May contain hydrochloric  
acid for pH adjustment.  
Approx. pH 6  
Sterile, nonpyrogenic.

2 Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>  
Injection

**PHYTONADIONE INJ., USP**  
Aqueous Colloidal Solution of  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>  
Ampul  
Flitop Vial

APPROVED  
JUL 25 1983

Protect from light.  
Do not freeze or expose to extreme heat.



Caution: Federal (USA) law prohibits dispensing  
without prescription.

Abbott      FDA 1218-Rev. Nov. 1982      Printed in USA

ABBOTT LABORATORIES, NORTH CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, USA

**WARNING - INTRAVENOUS USE**

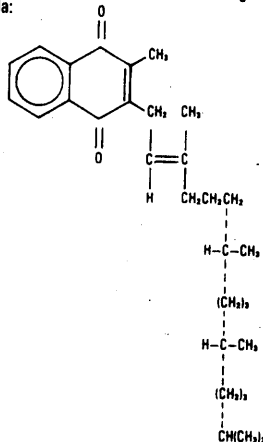
Severe reactions, including fatalities, have occurred during and immediately after INTRAVENOUS injection of phytonadione even when precautions have been taken to dilute the vitamin and avoid rapid infusion. Typically these severe reactions have resembled hypersensitivity or anaphylaxis, including shock and cardiac and/or respiratory arrest. Some patients have exhibited these severe reactions on receiving phytonadione for the first time. Therefore, the intravenous route should be restricted to those situations where other routes are not feasible and the serious risk involved is considered justified.

**DESCRIPTION**

Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP) is a yellow, sterile, nonpyrogenic aqueous colloidal solution available for injection by the intravenous, intramuscular and subcutaneous routes. Each milliliter contains phytonadione 2 or 10 mg, polyoxyethylated fatty acid derivative 70 mg, dextrose, hydrous 37.5 mg in water for injection; benzyl alcohol 9 mg added as preservative. May contain hydrochloric acid for pH adjustment. Approximate pH 6.

Phytonadione, USP is chemically designated 2-methyl-3-(3,7,11,15-tetramethyl-2-hexadecenyl)-1,4-Naphthalenedione, (C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>48</sub>O<sub>2</sub>), a viscous liquid,

insoluble in water. It has the following structural formula:



#### CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP) aqueous colloidal solution for parenteral injection possesses the same type and degree of activity as does naturally-occurring vitamin K which is necessary for the production via the liver of active prothrombin (factor II), proconvertin (factor VII), plasma thromboplastin component (factor IX), and Stuart factor (factor X). The prothrombin test is sensitive to the levels of factors II, VII and X. The mechanism by which vitamin K promotes formation of these clotting factors in the liver is not known.

The action of the aqueous colloidal solution, when administered intravenously, is generally detectable within an hour or two, and hemorrhage is usually controlled within 3 to 6 hours. A normal prothrombin level may often be obtained in 12 to 14 hours.

In the prophylaxis and treatment of hemorrhagic disease of the newborn, phytonadione has demonstrated a greater margin of safety than that of the water-soluble vitamin K analogues.

#### INDICATIONS

Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection is indicated in the following coagulation disorders which are due to faulty formation of factors II, VII, IX and X when caused by vitamin K deficiency or interference with vitamin K activity.

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Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection is indicated in:

- Anticoagulant-induced prothrombin deficiency;
- Prophylaxis and therapy of hemorrhagic disease of the newborn;
- Hypoprothrombinemia due to antibacterial therapy;
- Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to factors limiting absorption or synthesis of vitamin K, e.g., obstructive jaundice, biliary fistula, sprue, ulcerative colitis, celiac disease, intestinal resection, cystic fibrosis of the pancreas and regional enteritis;
- Other drug-induced hypoprothrombinemias where it is definitely shown that the result is due to interference with vitamin K metabolism e.g., salicylates.

#### CONTRAINDICATION

Hypersensitivity to the drug or any ingredients in the formulation.

#### WARNINGS

See WARNINGS box.

Benzyl alcohol as a preservative in Bacteriostatic Sodium Chloride Injection has been associated with toxicity in newborns. Data are unavailable on the toxicity of other preservatives in this age group. There is no evidence to suggest that the small amount of benzyl alcohol contained in Phytonadione Injection, when used as recommended, is associated with toxicity.

Phytonadione promotes the synthesis of prothrombin by the liver and does not directly counteract the effects of the oral anticoagulants; it takes up to two hours for vitamin K to promote prothrombin synthesis. Whole blood or component therapy may also be required for severe blood loss. Phytonadione will not counteract the anticoagulant action of heparin.

When Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP) is used to correct excessive anticoagulant-induced hypoprothrombinemia, anticoagulant therapy still being indicated, the patient is again faced with the clotting hazards existing prior to starting the anticoagulant therapy. Phytonadione is not a clotting agent, but overzealous therapy with vitamin K<sub>1</sub> may restore conditions which originally permitted thromboembolic phenomena. Dosage should therefore be kept as low as possible, and prothrombin time should be checked regularly as clinical conditions indicate.

Repeated large doses of vitamin K are not warranted in liver disease if the response to initial

3

use of the vitamin is unsatisfactory. Failure to respond to vitamin K may indicate the presence of a coagulation defect or that the condition being treated is unresponsive to vitamin K.

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

Store in a dark place, and protect from light at all times.

Temporary resistance to prothrombin-depressing anticoagulants may result, especially when larger doses of phytonadione are used. If relatively large doses have been employed, it may be necessary when reinstating anticoagulant therapy to use somewhat larger doses of the prothrombin-depressing anticoagulant, or to use one which acts on a different principle, such as heparin sodium.

**Pregnancy Category C.** Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection. It is also not known whether Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproduction capacity. Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

#### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

Deaths have occurred after intravenous administration. (See boxed WARNING statement on first page.)

Pain, swelling, and tenderness at the injection site may occur. The possibility of allergic sensitivity, including an anaphylactoid reaction, should be kept in mind.

Hyperbilirubinemia has been reported in the newborn, particularly in prematures when receiving doses above those recommended. This effect, with its possibility of attendant kernicterus, should be borne to mind if such dosages are deemed necessary.

Transient "flushing sensations" and "peculiar" sensations of taste have been observed as well as rare instances of dizziness, rapid and weak pulse, profuse sweating, brief hypotension, dyspnea and cyanosis. Rarely, after repeated injections, reactions resembling erythema perstans have been reported.

#### **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**

Whenever possible, Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP) should be given by the subcutaneous or intramuscular route. When intravenous administration is considered unavoidable, the drug should be injected very slowly, not exceeding 1 mg per minute.

The human minimum daily requirements for

vitamin K have not been established officially, but they have been estimated to be 1 to 5 mcg/kg of body weight for infants and 0.03 mcg/kg for adults. Usually, the dietary abundance of vitamin K will satisfy these requirements, except during the first five to eight days of the neonatal period.

#### **Anticoagulant-Induced Prothrombin Deficiency**

To correct excessively prolonged prothrombin time caused by oral anticoagulant therapy—2.5 to 10 mg or up to 25 mg initially is recommended. In rare instances 50 mg may be required. Frequency and amount of subsequent doses should be determined by prothrombin time response or clinical condition. If in 6 to 8 hours after parenteral administration the prothrombin time has not been shortened satisfactorily, the dose should be repeated.

In the event of shock or excessive blood loss, the use of whole blood or component therapy is indicated.

Smaller doses are recommended for patients being treated with the shorter-acting anticoagulants, and for those in need of continued anticoagulant therapy. The smallest effective dose should be sought to obviate the possibility of temporary refractoriness to further anticoagulant therapy, and to avoid lowering the prothrombin time too far below that indicating an effective level of anticoagulant activity.

Larger doses are recommended for patients on the longer-acting anticoagulants, for those with severe bleeding, and for those not needing further anticoagulant therapy. Although more than 25 mg may be necessary, and a dose may be repeated, these courses of action are indicated *only rarely*.

#### **Prophylaxis and Treatment of Hemorrhagic Disease of the Newborn**

##### **Prophylaxis**

The Committee on Nutrition of the American Academy of Pediatrics recommends that vitamin K<sub>1</sub> be given to the newborn. A single intramuscular dose of phytonadione, 0.5 to 1.0 mg, is recommended. Although less desirable, phytonadione, 1 to 5 mg, may be given to the mother 12 to 24 hours before delivery.

##### **Treatment**

Phytonadione 1.0 mg should be given either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Higher doses may be necessary if the mother has been receiving oral anticoagulants.

Empiric administration of vitamin K<sub>1</sub> should not replace proper laboratory evaluation of the

coagulation mechanism. A prompt response (shortening of the prothrombin time in 2 to 4 hours) following administration of vitamin K<sub>1</sub> is usually diagnostic of hemorrhagic disease of the newborn, and failure to respond indicates another diagnosis or coagulation disorder.

Whole blood or component therapy may be indicated if bleeding is excessive. This therapy, however, does not correct the underlying disorder and phytonadione should be given concurrently.

**Hypoprothrombinemia Associated with Prolonged Hyperalimentation**

For prevention of hypoprothrombinemia associated with vitamin K deficiency in patients receiving total parenteral nutrition or prolonged hyperalimentation, it has been recommended that adults be given 5 to 10 mg of phytonadione intramuscularly once weekly, and children receive 2 to 5 mg intramuscularly once weekly. Infants who are breast fed or are receiving milk substitute formulas should be given 1 mg of phytonadione per month intramuscularly or subcutaneously, whenever the vitamin K content of the diet is below 100 mcg/liter.

**Hypoprothrombinemia Due to Other Causes**

A dosage of 2.5 to 25 mg or more (rarely up to 50 mg) is recommended, the amount and route of administration depending upon the severity of the condition and response obtained.

If possible, discontinuation or reduction of the dosage of drugs interfering with coagulation mechanisms (such as salicylates or antibiotics) is suggested as an alternative to administering concurrent phytonadione. The severity of the coagulation disorder should determine whether the immediate administration of phytonadione is required in addition to discontinuation or reduction of interfering drugs.

**Directions For Dilution**

Phytonadione may be diluted with 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, 5% Dextrose Injection or 5% Dextrose and Sodium Chloride Injection. Benzyl alcohol as a preservative has been associated with toxicity in newborns. *Therefore, all of the above diluents should be preservative-free* (See WARNINGS); other diluents should not be used. When dilutions are indicated, administration should be started immediately after mixture with the diluent, and unused portions of the dilution should be discarded, as well as unused contents of the container.

**HOW SUPPLIED**  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP) is supplied as follows:

List No.	Container	Amount of Vitamin K <sub>1</sub> Inj. in Container	Concentration of Vitamin K <sub>1</sub> Inj.
9157	1 ml Ampul	1 mg	(0.5 ml) 2 mg/ml
9158	1 ml Ampul	10 mg	(1.0 ml) 10 mg/ml
9160	5 ml Flitop Vial	50 mg	(5.0 ml) 10 mg/ml

**CENTER FOR DRUG  
EVALUATION AND RESEARCH**

**APPLICATION NUMBER:**

87-955

**CHEMISTRY REVIEW(S)**

CHEMIST'S REVIEW FOR  
ABBREVIATED NEW DRUG APPLICATION  
OR SUPPLEMENT

Statement Date:

DESI 2139

NDA NUMBER:  
87-955

NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT

Abbott Labs. - N. Chicago 60064

PROPOSED AMENDMENT/SUPPLEMENT

control & lab results

ORIGINAL  
AMENDMENT  
SUPPLEMENT   
RESUBMISSION   
CORRESPONDENCE   
REPORT  
OTHER

DATE(S) of SUBMISSION  
as per letter

PHARMACOLOGICAL CATEGORY

Prothrombogenic vitamin

NAME OF DRUG

Phytonadione (Vitamin K1)

HOW DISPENSED

RX XX OTC     

PACKAGE FORM(S)

injection (aqueous colloidal)

POTENCY(IES)

10 mg/ml

RELATED IND/NDA/DMF

87-955 10 mg/ml 1 ml amp  
87-954 2mg/ml 0.5 ml amp  
87-956 10 mg/ml  
5 ml flip top vial

STERILIZATION

SAMPLES

requested

TESTING

satisfactory per KJohnson

LOGIC AVAILABILITY

NA

ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTION

not on - about 1/10/53

INGREDIENTS, COMPOSITION, MANUFACTURING, CONTROLS

see

satisfactory

PACKAGING

1 ml, type 1 amp, amber ampul

STABILITY

protocol: satisfactory

Exp. Date:

12 mo w/challenge data

MARKS AND  
CONCLUSION:

1  
2

[ ] 1

CHEMIST'S REVIEW FOR  
3BREVIAATED NEW DRUG APPLICATION  
OR SUPPLEMENT

Statement Date:  
**DESI 2139**

NDA NUMBER:  
**87-955**

AMEND AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT

**Abbott Labs. - N. Chicago 60064**

ORIGINAL  
AMENDMENT  
SUPPLEMENT **XX**  
RESUBMISSION  
CORRESPONDENCE  
REPORT  
OTHER

PURPOSE OF AMENDMENT/SUPPLEMENT  
**control & lab results**

DATE(s) of SUBMISSION  
**as per letter**

HARMACOLOGICAL CATEGORY  
**Prothrombogenic vitamin**

NAME OF DRUG  
**Phytonadione (Vitamin K1)**

HOW DISPENSED  
RX **XX** OTC

USAGE FORM(S)  
**injection (aqueous colloidal)**

POTENCY(IES)  
**10 mg/ml**

RELATED IND/NDA/DMF  
**87-955 10 mg/ml 1 ml ampul**  
**87-954 2mg/ml 0.5 ml appl**  
**87-956 10 mg/ml**

STERILIZATION

SAMPLES  
**requested**

**5 ml flip top vial**

LABELING  
**satisfactory per KJohnson**

TOXICOLOGIC AVAILABILITY  
**NA**

ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTION  
**requested**

COMPONENTS, COMPOSITION, MANUFACTURING, CONTROLS  
**see issued letter**

PACKAGING  
**1 ml, type 1 — amber ampul**

STABILITY  
Protocol: **satisfactory**  
  
Exp. Date: **12 mo w/challenge data**

REMARKS AND 1.  
CONCLUSION: 2.

**ISI**  
**7-11-85**



CHEMIST'S REVIEW FOR  
ABBREVIATED NEW-DRUG APPLICATION  
OR SUPPLEMENT

Statement Date:  
DESI 2139

NDA #  
87-955

NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Bobbitt Labs - N. Chicago, IL 60064

ORIGINAL  
AMENDMENT  
SUPPLEMENT  
RESUBMISSION XX  
CORRESPONDENCE  
REPORT  
OTHER

PURPOSE OF AMENDMENT/SUPPLEMENT

labeling and control information

DATE(s) of SUBMISSION(s)

as per letter

PHARMACOLOGICAL CATEGORY

Prothrombogenic vitamin

NAME OF DRUG

Phytonadione (Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>)

HOW DISPENSED

RX XX OTC     

DOSAGE FORM

injection (aqueous colloidal  
solution)

POTENCY (IES)

10 mg/ml

RELATED IND/NDA/DMF

87-955 10 mg/ml 1 ml amp

87-954 2 mg/ml 0.5 ml amp

87-956 10 mg/ml

5 ml flip top via

STERILIZATION

SAMPLES

Requested

LABELING

satisfactory per KJohnson

BIOLOGIC AVAILABILITY

NA

ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTION

requested

COMPONENTS, COMPOSITION, MANUFACTURING, CONTROLS

see issued letter

PACKAGING

1 ml, type 1     , amber ampul

STABILITY:

Protocol: satisfactory

Exp. Date: 12 mo w/challenge data

REMARKS & CONCLUSION:

1)

2)

CChang Not approvable

ISI 3-18-83

ABBREVIATED NEW DRUG APPLICATION  
OR SUPPLEMENT

DEST 2139

87-955

NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Abbott Labs - N. Chicago, IL 60064

ORIGINAL  XX  
AMENDMENT  
SUPPLEMENT  
RESUBMISSION  
CORRESPONDENCE  
REPORT  
OTHER

PURPOSE OF AMENDMENT/SUPPLEMENT

DATE(s) of SUBMISSION(s)

PHARMACOLOGICAL CATEGORY

Prothrombogenic vitamin~~X~~

NAME OF DRUG

phytonadione (Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>)

as per letter

HOW DISPENSED

RX  OTC

DOSAGE FORM

injection (aqueous  
colloidal solution)

POTENCY(IES)

10 mg/ml

RELATED IND/NDA/DMF

87-955 10 mg/ml 1 ml am

87-954 2 mg/ml 0.5 ml  
ampul

STERILIZATION

SAMPLES

Requested

87-956 10 mg/ml  
5 ml flip top vi

LABELING

unsatisfactory per KJohnson

BIOLOGIC AVAILABILITY

NA

ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTION

requested

COMPONENTS, COMPOSITION, MANUFACTURING, CONTROLS

See issued letter

PACKAGING

1 ml, type i, amber ampul

STABILITY:

Protocol: satisfactory

Exp. Date: 12 mo w/challenge data

REMARKS & CONCLUSION: Note: 1)

2)

CChang Not approvable

ISI -16-82

**CENTER FOR DRUG  
EVALUATION AND  
RESEARCH**

**APPLICATION NUMBER:**

87-955

**ADMINISTRATIVE  
DOCUMENTS**

TO : Division of Drug Manufacturing, HFD-320      DATE: 5-13-82  
FROM : Division of Generic Drug Monographs, HFD- 530  
Requester's Name: David Rosen      Phone: 443-4040

SUBJECT: GMP EVALUATION REQUEST

NDA, ANDA, and SUPPLEMENT NUMBER: 87-954 (2 mg/ml 0.5 ml ampul)

DRUG Trade Name: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>  
87-955 (10 mg/ml 1 ml vial) 87-956 (10 mg/ml 5 ml Fliptop vial)

DRUG Non-Proprietary Name: Phytonadione Injection

DRUG CLASSIFICATION:       A or B       IC       Other

PRODUCT CODE: SVP      (description of dosage form, e.g.,  
compressed tablet; coated tablet;  
soft gelatin capsule; liquid; See Table)

180 DAY DATE: 11-11-82

APPLICANT'S NAME: Abbott Laboratories

ADDRESS: Abbott Park, North Chicago, IL 60064

FACILITIES TO BE EVALUATED: (Name, Address, and Responsibility)

- ~~1. [REDACTED]~~
- 2. Abbott Labs., Rocky Mount, NC 27801      *Manuf Finished Dosage Form*
- 3. ~~[REDACTED]~~
- 4. ~~[REDACTED]~~

**FOR HFD-320 USE ONLY**

Date Received: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Completed: \_\_\_\_\_

cc: HFD-320 (Orig)  
HFD- (2 Copies)

[DESI 2139]

[Docket No. FDC-D-218; NDA 2-139 et al.]

**MENADIOL SODIUM DIPHOSPHATE,  
MENADIONE SODIUM BISULFATE,  
MENADIONE, AND PHYTONA-  
DIONE**

**Drugs for Human Use; Drug Efficacy  
Study Implementation**

The Food and Drug Administration has evaluated reports received from the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council, Drug Efficacy Study Group, on the following drugs:

1. a. Menadiol sodium diphosphate; marketed as Synkayvite Ampuls by Roche Laboratories, Division of Hoffman-LaRoche, Inc., 340 Kingsland Avenue, Nutley, N.J. 07110 (NDA 3-718).
- b. Menadiol sodium diphosphate; marketed as Synkayvite Tablets by Roche Laboratories, Division of Hoffman-LaRoche, Inc. (NDA 3-718).
2. Phytonadione; marketed as Konakion Injectable by Roche Laboratories, Division of Hoffman-LaRoche, Inc. (NDA 11-745).
3. Phytonadione; marketed as Aquamephyton Injection by Merck Sharp & Dohme, Division of Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, N.J. 07065 (NDA 12-223).
4. Phytonadione; marketed as Mephyton Tablets by Merck Sharp & Dohme, Division of Merck & Co., Inc. (NDA 10-104).
5. a. Menadione sodium bisulfite marketed as Hykinone Tablets by Abbott Laboratories, 14th Street and Sheridan Road, North Chicago, Ill. 60064 (NDA 2-694).
- b. Menadione sodium bisulfite; marketed as Hykinone Injection by Abbott Laboratories (NDA 2-694).
6. Menadiol sodium diphosphate; marketed as Kappadione Injection by Eli Lilly and Co., Inc., Post Office Box 618, Indianapolis, Ind. 45206 (NDA 5-725).
7. Menadione Tablets; marketed by Eli Lilly & Co., Inc. (NDA 2-139).

The drugs are regarded as new drugs (21 U.S.C. 321(p)). Supplemental new-drug applications are required to revise the labeling in and to update previously approved applications providing for such drugs. A new-drug application is required from any person marketing such drugs without approval.

The Food and Drug Administration is prepared to approve new-drug applications and supplements to previously approved new-drug applications under conditions described in this announcement.

**I. Menadiol sodium diphosphate;  
menadione sodium bisulfite; menadione**

for oral administration.—A. *Effectiveness classification.* The Food and Drug Administration has considered the Academy reports, as well as other available evidence, and concludes that:

1. a. Menadiol sodium diphosphate, menadione sodium bisulfite, and menadione are effective for use in the indications stated in the labeling conditions in paragraph IC.

b. Although these drugs may be effective in preventing hemorrhagic disease of the newborn, the risks associated with such use do not justify administration to the newborn or to the mother during the last weeks of pregnancy.

2. There is a lack of substantial evidence of effectiveness for the following indications which appear in the labeling of one or more of these drugs: Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to impaired absorption from gastrointestinal fistulas, ulcerative colitis, and conditions associated with steatorrhea, such as sprue, celiac disease, and cystic fibrosis of the pancreas; after the administration of large doses of quinine; after the administration of prothrombin-depressing drugs, such as barbiturates; prevention of secondary hemorrhage after tonsillectomy; liver disease; anticoagulant-induced hypoprothrombinemia; and prophylaxis in surgery.

B. *Form of drug.* These preparations are in tablet form suitable for oral administration.

C. *Labeling conditions.* 1. The label bears the statement "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription."

2. The drug is labeled to comply with all requirements of the Act and regulations. Its labeling bears adequate information for safe and effective use of the drug and is in accord with the guidelines for uniform labeling published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of February 6, 1970. The "Indications" section is as follows: (Labeling guidelines for the drug are available from the Administration on request.)

#### INDICATIONS

Vitamin K deficiency secondary to the administration of antibacterial therapy.

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to obstructive jaundice and biliary fistulas. Bile salts must be administered concomitantly. Menadione is ineffective alone. The menadiol salts may be effective alone.

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to administration of salicylates.

II. *Menadiol sodium diphosphate and menadione sodium bisulfite injection.*—

A. *Effectiveness classification.* The Food and Drug Administration has considered the Academy reports, as well as other available evidence, and concludes that:

1. a. Menadiol sodium diphosphate and menadione sodium bisulfite injection are effective for the indications stated in the labeling conditions in paragraph IIC. These drugs are also effective for use as a liver function test. This use does not now appear in the indications in paragraph C, as such use is now probably obsolete; however, it may be included in the labeling with properly qualifying comments.

b. Although menadiol sodium diphosphate and menadione sodium bisulfite injection may be effective in preventing hemorrhagic disease of the newborn, the risks associated with use of these drugs in the newborn do not justify administration to the newborn or to the mother during the last few weeks of pregnancy.

2. There is a lack of substantial evidence that menadiol sodium diphosphate and menadione sodium bisulfite injection are effective for the following indications for which one or both drugs are recommended: Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to the administration of large doses of quinine; after administration of prothrombin-depressing drugs, such as barbiturates; prevention of secondary hemorrhage after tonsillectomy; liver disease; anticoagulant-induced hypoprothrombinemia; prophylaxis in surgery; impaired liver function massive hemorrhage; and cirrhosis of the liver, toxic and infectious hepatitis, acute yellow atrophy and neoplasms of this organ.

B. *Form of drug.* These preparations are sterile solutions suitable for parenteral administration.

C. *Labeling conditions.* 1. The label bears the statement "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription."

2. The drug is labeled to comply with all requirements of the Act and regulations. Its labeling bears adequate information for safe and effective use of the drug and is in accord with the guidelines for uniform labeling published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of February 6, 1970. The "Indications" section is as follows: (Labeling guidelines for the drug are available from the Administration on request.)

#### INDICATIONS

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to factors limiting absorption of synthesis of vitamin K, e.g., obstructive jaundice, biliary fistula, sprue, ulcerative colitis, celiac disease, intestinal resection, cystic fibrosis of the pancreas, regional enteritis, and antibacterial therapy.

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to administration of salicylates.

III. *Phytonadione for oral administration.*—A. *Effectiveness classification.* The Food and Drug Administration has considered the Academy reports, as well as other available evidence, and concludes that the drug:

1. Is effective for the indications stated in the labeling conditions in paragraph III.C.

2. Lacks substantial evidence of effectiveness for its recommended use for: maternal hemorrhage due to hypoprothrombinemia; hypoprothrombinemia due to drug administration; hepatic disease, with prothrombin deficiency; pre-surgical use when hypoprothrombinemia is present or suspected; and hypoprothrombinemia due to other causes, including factors limiting absorption, inhibition, or destruction of vitamin K, e.g., obstructive jaundice and biliary fistula.

B. *Form of drug.* Phytonadione preparations are in tablet form suitable for oral use.

C. *Labeling conditions.* 1. The label bears the statement "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription."

2. The drug is labeled to comply with all requirements of the Act and regulations. Its labeling bears adequate information for safe and effective use of the drug and is in accord with the guidelines for uniform labeling published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of February 6, 1970. The "Indications" section is as follows: (Labeling guidelines for the drug are available from the Administration on request.)

#### INDICATIONS

Anticoagulant-induced prothrombin deficiency.

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to antibacterial therapy.

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to administration of salicylates.

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to obstructive jaundice or biliary fistulas. Bile salts are administered concurrently.

IV. *Phytonadione injection.*—A. *Effectiveness classification.* The Food and Drug Administration has considered the Academy reports, as well as other available evidence, and concludes that:

1. Phytonadione injection is effective for the indications stated in the labeling conditions in paragraph IV.C.

2. Phytonadione injection lacks substantial evidence of effectiveness for its recommended use for: maternal hemorrhage due to hypoprothrombinemia; pre-surgical use when hypoprothrombinemia is present or suspected; hypoprothrombinemia due to drug administration; hepatic disease with prothrombin deficiency; low prothrombin values incident to barbiturates; low prothrombin values incident to other prothrombin-depressing drugs; severe liver disease; and prevention of excessive bleeding due to hypoprothrombinemia in surgical procedures (biliary tract surgery, tonsillectomy and other operations in highly vascular areas, surgery on jaundiced patients, etc.).

B. *Form of drug.* These preparations are sterile solutions suitable for parenteral administration.

C. *Labeling conditions.* 1. The label bears the statement "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription."

2. The drug is labeled to comply with all requirements of the Act and regulations. Its labeling bears adequate information for safe and effective use of the drug and is in accord with the guidelines for uniform labeling published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of February 6, 1970. The "Indications" section is as follows: (Labeling guidelines for the drug are available from the Administration on request.)

#### INDICATIONS

Anticoagulant-induced prothrombin deficiency.

Prophylaxis and therapy of hemorrhagic disease of the newborn.

Hypoprothrombinemia due to antibacterial therapy.

Hypoprothrombinemia secondary to factors limiting absorption or synthesis of vitamin K, e.g., obstructive jaundice, biliary fistula, sprue, ulcerative colitis, celiac disease,

intestinal resection, cystic fibrosis of the pancreas, and regional enteritis.

Other drug-induced hypoprothrombinemia where it is definitely shown that the result is due to interference with vitamin K metabolism, e.g., salicylates.

**V. Marketing status.** Marketing of the drugs may continue under the conditions described in items VI and VII of this announcement.

**VI. Previously approved applications.**

1. Each holder of a "deemed approved" new-drug application (i.e., an application which became effective on the basis of safety prior to Oct. 10, 1962) for such drug is requested to seek approval of the claims of effectiveness and bring the application into conformance by submitting supplements containing:

a. Revised labeling as needed to conform to the labeling conditions described here for the drug and complete current container labeling, unless recently submitted.

b. Adequate data to assure the biologic availability of the drug in the formulation which is marketed. If such data are already included in the application, specific reference thereto may be made.

c. Updating information as needed to make the application current in regard to items 6 (components), 7 (composition), and 8 (methods, facilities, and controls) of the new-drug application form FD-356H to the extent described for abbreviated new-drug applications, § 130.4(f), published in the FEDERAL REGISTER April 24, 1970 (35 F.R. 6574). (One supplement may contain all the information described in this paragraph.)

2. Such supplements should be submitted within the following periods after the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER:

a. 60 days for revised labeling—the supplement should be submitted under the provisions of § 130.9 (d) and (e) of the new-drug regulations (21 CFR 130.9) which permit certain changes to be put into effect at the earliest possible time.

b. 180 days for biologic availability data.

c. 60 days for updating information.

3. Marketing of the drug may continue until the supplemental applications submitted in accord with the preceding subparagraphs 1 and 2 are acted upon, provided that within 60 days after the date of this publication, the labeling of the preparation shipped within the jurisdiction of the Act is in accord with the labeling conditions described in this announcement.

**VII. New applications.** 1. Any other person who distributes or intends to distribute such drug which is intended for the conditions of use for which it has been shown to be effective, as described under A above, should submit an abbreviated new-drug application meeting the conditions specified in § 130.4(f) (1), (2), and (3), published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of April 24, 1970 (35 F.R. 6574). Such applications should include proposed labeling which is in accord with the labeling conditions described herein and adequate data to assure the biologic availability of the drug in the formulation which is marketed or proposed for marketing.

2. Distribution of any such preparation currently on the market without an approved new-drug application may be continued provided that:

a. Within 60 days from the date of publication of this announcement in the FEDERAL REGISTER, the labeling of such preparation shipped within the jurisdiction of the Act is in accord with the labeling conditions described herein.

b. The manufacturer, packer, or distributor of such drug submits, within 180 days from the date of this publication, a new-drug application to the Food and Drug Administration.

c. The applicant submits within a reasonable time additional information that may be required for the approval of the application as specified in written communications from the Food and Drug Administration.

d. The application has not been ruled incomplete or unapprovable.

**VIII. Exemption from periodic reporting.** The periodic reporting requirements of §§ 130.35(e) and 130.13(b) (4) are waived in regard to applications approved for these drugs. The requirements of §§ 130.35(f) and 130.13(b) (1), (2), and (3) remain a continuing responsibility of each applicant.

**IX. Opportunity for a hearing.** 1. The Commissioner of Food and Drugs proposes to issue an order under the provisions of section 505(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act withdrawing approval of all new-drug applications and all amendments and supplements thereto providing for the indications for which substantial evidence of effectiveness is lacking as described in paragraphs I.A.2, II.A.2, III.A.2, and IV.A.2, of this announcement. An order withdrawing approval of the applications will not issue if such applications are supplemented, in accord with this notice, to delete such indications. Promulgation of the proposed order would cause any drug for human use containing the same components and offered for the indications for which substantial evidence of effectiveness is lacking, to be a new drug for which an approved new-drug application is not in effect. Any such drug then on the market would be subject to regulatory proceedings.

2. In accordance with the provisions of section 505 of the Act (21 U.S.C. 355) and the regulations promulgated thereunder (21 CFR Part 130), the Commissioner will give the holders of any such applications, and any interested person who would be adversely affected by such an order, an opportunity for a hearing to show why such indications should not be deleted from labeling. A request for a hearing must be filed within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. A request for a hearing may not rest upon mere allegations or denials, but must set forth specific facts showing that a genuine and substantial issue of fact requires a hearing, together with a well-organized and full-factual analysis of the clinical and other investigational data the objector is prepared to prove in a hearing. Any data submitted in response to this notice must be previously unsubmitted and include

data from adequate and well-controlled clinical investigations (identified for ready review) as described in § 130.12 (a)(5) of the regulations published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of May 8, 1970 (35 F.R. 7250). Carefully conducted and documented clinical studies obtained under uncontrolled or partially controlled situations are not acceptable as a sole basis for approval of claims of effectiveness, but such studies may be considered on their merits for corroborative support of efficacy and evidence of safety. If a hearing is requested and justified by the response to this notice, the issues will be defined, a hearing examiner will be named, and he shall issue a written notice of the time and place at which the hearing will commence.

**X. Unapproved use or form of drug.**

1. If the article is labeled or advertised for use in any condition other than those provided for in this announcement, it may be regarded as an unapproved new drug subject to regulatory proceedings until such recommended use is approved in a new-drug application or is otherwise in accord with this announcement.

2. If the article is proposed for marketing in another form or for a use other than the use provided for in this announcement, appropriate additional information as described in § 130.4 or § 130.9 of the regulations (21 CFR 130.4, 130.9) may be required, including results of animal and clinical tests intended to show whether the drug is safe and effective.

A copy of the NAS-NRC report has been furnished to each firm referred to above. Any other interested person may obtain a copy by request to the appropriate office named below.

Communications forwarded in response to this announcement should be identified with the reference number DESI 2139 and addressed (unless otherwise specified) to the Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Md. 20852:

Supplements (identify with NDA number):  
Office of Marketed Drugs (BD-200), Bureau of Drugs.

Original abbreviated new-drug applications (identify as such): Office of Marketed Drugs (BD-200), Bureau of Drugs.

Request for Hearing (identify with Docket Number): Hearing Clerk, Office of General Counsel (GC-1), Room 6-62, Parklawn.

All other communications regarding this announcement: Special Assistant for Drug Efficacy Study Implementation (BD-201), Bureau of Drugs.

Requests for NAS-NRC reports: Press Relations Office (CE-200), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C Street SW., Washington, D.C. 20204.

This notice is issued pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 502, 505, 52 Stat. 1050-53, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 352, 355) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (21 CFR 2.120).

Dated: July 17, 1970.

SAM D. FINE,  
Associate Commissioner  
for Compliance.

[F.R. Doc. 70-11143; Filed, Aug. 24, 1970;  
8:46 a.m.]

REVIEW OF PROFESSIONAL LABELING

ANDA - FPL

ANDA #: 87-954  
87-955  
87-956

CO. NAME: Abbott

NAME OF DRUG: Trade: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>

Generic: Phytonadione Injection

DATE OF SUBMISSION: April 30, 1982

COMMENTS:

Container:

- a) Should also note IV, as a route of administration.
- b) The expression of strength should be more prominent 10 mg  
or 1 mg

The i mg ampul (2 mg/ml, 0.5 ml) is especially poor.

Carton: same as above

Package Insert:

HOW SUPPLIED section

Column 2

9157

--0.5-ml-

1

9158

--1.0-ml-

10

9160

--5.0-ml-

50 mg

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. Note above comments

2. [ ]

3. [ ]

4. Firm should incorporate above suggestions, and prepare and submit FPL of container, carton and package insert.

Kent T. Johnson

cc:  
dup  
KTJ/cj1/8-11-82



# MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE  
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE  
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

TO : *Check appropriate box.*

- Field Science Branch (HFO-130)
- Division of Drug Chemistry (HFD-420)
- \_\_\_\_\_ District Lab (HFR- \_\_\_\_\_)

DATE TO FSB: 3-9-83

DATE TO LABS:

OPERATION CODE  
PMS Code PAC 5-2832  
HIA/DCC: BD- \_\_\_\_\_

FROM : CChang \_\_\_\_\_ NDE Chemist, (301) 443-\_\_\_\_\_, (HFD- \_\_\_\_\_)

SUBJECT: Method Validation for NDA 87-954, 955, 956  
Product Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection  
Applicant Abbott Labs, N. Chicago 60064, AF No. \_\_\_\_\_

We request verification by your laboratory of the proposed manufacturing controls (*specifications and/or laboratory methodology*) as described in the subject application. All information relative to this application should be held confidential in accordance with 21 CFR 314.14.

Please perform the indicated tests on the samples herewith forwarded and identified on the attached Methods Validation Request and Reporting Sheet, Form FD 2871a, and summarize your laboratory findings in item 4.

ESTIMATED ANALYTICAL TIME REQUIRED: \_\_\_\_\_ HRS. (*Determined by HFO-130*)

Because of the statutory time limits for processing applications, your report should be submitted promptly upon completion, but not later than \_\_\_\_\_.

Please contact NDE Chemist if requested completion date cannot be met.

DISTRIBUTION AS INDICATED ON RIGHT:	DIVISION OF DRUG CHEMISTRY	DESIGNATED DISTRICT LABORATORY	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original Form FD 2871a and District Laboratory FD 2871a with attachments to Originating Chemist. Also include a statement of your conclusions as to suitability of proposed tests for control and regulatory purposes.</li> <li>• One copy of your FD 2871a and statement to HFO-130.</li> <li>• One copy of your FD 2871a to the District Laboratory which also ran a validation test.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original of Form FD 2871a with attachments (<i>original analytical worksheets, any spectra, graphs, curves, calculations and accompanying memos</i>) to DDC (HFD-420)</li> <li>• One copy of FD 2871a to NDE contact Chemist.</li> <li>• One copy of FD 2871a to FSB (HFO-130)</li> </ul>	
SAMPLE ACCOUNTABILITY ( <i>Completed by NDE Drug Sample Custodian</i> )			
		DATE	INITIALS
RECEIVED:	NDE Sample Room		
FORWARDED TO:	_____ District Lab		
	DDC (HFD-420)		
RETURN THIS COPY TO: (Check box)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Originating Chemist <u>C. Chang</u> _____ HFD- <u>530</u>		
ENCLOSURES: Form FD 2871a and proposed manufacturing controls.			

68



REVIEW OF PROFESSIONAL LABELING

Orig. Amendment - FPL

DATE OF REVIEW: 1-13-83

NAME OF FIRM: Abbott

ANDA #: 87-954  
87-955  
87-956

NAME OF DRUG: Trade: Vitamin K Injection  
Generic: Phytonadione Injection

DATE OF SUBMISSION: December 27, 1982

COMMENTS:

Container: satisfactory

Carton: satisfactory

Insert: satisfactory

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. Both container labels and insert labeling is satisfactory.
2. However, the firm should continue to explore a way to better express the total amount contained in the 1 mg ampul (perhaps an underline or a box).
3. The firm should also describe the presence of FDA on each label, and confirm such code will not go onto a commercial package.

  
Kent T. Johnson

cc:  
dup  
KTJ/c1/1114-83

<b>NOTICE OF APPROVAL NEW DRUG APPLICATION OR SUPPLEMENT</b>		NDA NUMBER 87-955
		DATE APPROVAL LETTER ISSUED JUL 25 1983
TO: Press Relations Staff (HF1-40)	FROM: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bureau of Drugs <input type="checkbox"/> Bureau of Veterinary Medicine	
ATTENTION Forward original of this form for publication only after approval letter has been issued and the date of approval has been entered above.		
TYPE OF APPLICATION <input type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL NDA <input type="checkbox"/> SUPPLEMENT TO NDA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ABBREVIATED ORIGINAL NDA <input type="checkbox"/> SUPPLEMENT TO ANDA		CATEGORY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HUMAN <input type="checkbox"/> VETERINARY
TRADE NAME (or other designated name) AND ESTABLISHED OR NONPROPRIETARY NAME (if any) OF DRUG Vitamin K <sub>1</sub> (phytonadione)		
DOSAGE FORM Injection	ORIGINAL ABBREVIATED	HOW DISPENSED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> XX <input type="checkbox"/> OTC
ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S) (as declared on label. List by established or nonproprietary name(s) and include amount(s), if amount is declared on label.)  Vitamin K <sub>1</sub> (phytonadione) 10 mg/ml		
NAME OF APPLICANT (Include City and State) Abbott Laboratories North Chicago, IL 60064		
PRINCIPAL INDICATION OR PHARMACOLOGICAL CATEGORY Prothrombogenic vitamin		
COMPLETE FOR VETERINARY ONLY		
ANIMAL SPECIES FOR WHICH APPROVED		
COMPLETE FOR SUPPLEMENT ONLY		
CHANGE APPROVED TO PROVIDE FOR		
FORM PREPARED BY NAME C. Chang		DATE 7-19-83
FORM APPROVED BY NAME J. L. Meyer		DATE

Quantitative Composition of the Solution

<u>Scale per ml</u>	<u>Drug</u>	<u>Per Typical Batch</u>
10.0mg	Phytonadione, USP (Vitamin K <sub>1</sub> for Parenteral Use)	
70.0mg	(Polyoxethylated fatty acid derivative)	
37.5mg	Dextrose, Dextrose,	
9.0mg	Alcohol, Benzyl, NF	
q.s.	Acid, Hydrochloric,	q.s.
q.s.		q.s.
q.s.	Water for Injection, USP	

\* for pH adjustment

**CENTER FOR DRUG  
EVALUATION AND  
RESEARCH**

**APPLICATION NUMBER:**

87-955

**CORRESPONDENCE**

JUL 12 1983

NDA 87-955

Abbott Laboratories  
Attention: Mr. Frederic A. Gustafson  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, IL 60064

Gentlemen:

Please refer to your new drug application submitted pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act for Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> (phytonadione) Injection, U.S.P., 10 mg/ml, in 1 ml Ampul.

Reference is also made to your communications dated March 8, April 15, and May 16, 1983.

The application is deficient and therefore not approvable under Section 505(b) of the Act as follows:

Our laboratory has made the following comments with respect to your sample and methodology:

(1)



The file is now closed. If you wish to reopen it, the submission should be in the form of an amendment to this application, adequately organized, which represents the information necessary to remove all deficiencies we have outlined.

If you do not agree with our conclusions, you may make a written request to file the application over protest, as authorized by 21 CFR 314.119(d). If you do so, the application shall be re-evaluated and within 90 days of the date of receipt of such request (or additional period as we may agree upon), the application shall be approved or you shall be given a written notice of opportunity for a hearing on the question of whether the application is approvable.

Sincerely yours,

*ISI*  
Martin Seife, M.D.

Director

Division of Generic Drug Monographs

Office of the Associate Director for

Drug Monographs

Office of Drugs

National Center for Drugs & Biologics

7/12/83

cc:

CHI-DO

HFN-530

JLMeyer/CChang

R/DinitJMeyer/MSeife

ft/cjl/7-8-83

not approvable

*ISI*  
7-11-83





**ABBOTT**

*Orig*

**Hospital Products Division**

Abbott Laboratories  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, Illinois 60064

July 8, 1983

NATIONAL CENTER FOR DRUGS AND BIOLOGICS, HFN #530  
Attn: DOCUMENT CONTROL ROOM #16-72  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20857

**ORIG NEW CORRES**

ATTENTION: Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

RE: ~~Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Inj., USP), NDA 87-954~~  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Inj., USP), NDA 87-954  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Inj., USP), NDA 87-956

Gentlemen:

Reference is made to a telephone conversation between Mr. Charles Chang of the Administration and Mr. James E. Murray of Abbott Laboratories on July 8, 1983. Based on that conversation, we understand that minor differences exist between the analytical justification supplied in the new drug applications and the results of the method validation.

We hereby commit to resolve these issues as soon as possible and request that the Administration approve the applications as provided for in Mr. Halperin's memo concerning method validation.

Sincerely,

Frederick A. Gustafson  
Director, Regulatory Affairs  
Hospital Products Division

JEM/ts  
0523f/119

**RECEIVED**

JUL 13 1983

**GENERIC DRUGS**



**ABBOTT**

*file*

**Hospital Products Division**

Abbott Laboratories  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, Illinois 60064

May 16, 1983

NATIONAL CENTER FOR DRUGS AND BIOLOGICS, HFN #530  
Attn: DOCUMENT CONTROL ROOM #16-72  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20857

ATTENTION: Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

RE: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP)  
NDA 87-954, 87-955, 87-956

Gentlemen:

In response to a request from Mr. Charles Chang of the Administration, the following sample is being sent to Mr. Dick Thompson of the Minneapolis District Laboratory:

This is sufficient material to run more than three replicates of the final product assay for \_\_\_\_\_.

Sincerely,

ABBOTT LABORATORIES

*Frederick A. Gustafson*

Frederick A. Gustafson  
Director  
Regulatory Affairs  
Hospital Products Division  
(312) 937-3213

JEM:jb

cc: Mr. Dick Thompson  
FDA District Laboratory  
240 Hennepin Ave.  
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55401  
(612) 725-2128

**RECEIVED**

MAY 19 1983

**GENERIC DRUGS**



**ABBOTT**

*Orig*

**Hospital Products Division**

Abbott Laboratories  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, Illinois 60064

April 15, 1983

**RESUBMISSION  
NDA ORIG AMENDMENT**

NATIONAL CENTER FOR DRUGS AND BIOLOGICS, HFD #530  
Attn: DOCUMENT CONTROL ROOM #16-72  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20857

ATTENTION: Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

RE: ~~Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 10mg/ml, 1ml ampul,~~  
~~NDA 87-955~~  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 2mg/ml, 0.5ml ampul,  
NDA 87-954  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 5ml Fliptop Vial,  
NDA 87-956

Gentlemen:

Reference is made to the Administration's letters dated March 21, 1983 concerning the subject new drug applications. The following represents our response to the Administration's comments:

Comment 1: "It fails to include the appropriate DMF from both \_\_\_\_\_ as previously requested."

Response: The manufacturing controls data was submitted January 11, 1983 by \_\_\_\_\_ A letter of authorization was provided in our February 4, 1983 amendment.

The \_\_\_\_\_ submitted their manufacturing controls data for phytonadione on March 8, 1983. Appended as Exhibit I is a letter of authorization from the \_\_\_\_\_

Comment 2: "It fails to include the certificate of analysis from \_\_\_\_\_ It is recommended that in addition to \_\_\_\_\_ the complete U.S.P. monograph test be performed by \_\_\_\_\_"

**RECEIVED**

APR 15 1983

**GENERIC DRUGS**



Response: A certificate of analysis from \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
manufacturer) was supplied in our December 27, 1982  
submission. Appended as Exhibit II is a letter  
from \_\_\_\_\_  
manufacturer) stating that "  
tests the phytonadione  
\_\_\_\_\_  
followed by USP tests per the USP specifications.

A certificate of analysis detailing the results of  
the USP tests is also appended. In addition, the  
material is tested against USPXX specifications  
upon receipt by Abbott Laboratories as defined in  
the raw material specification for Phytonadione,  
USP, Drug Code 56984, p. 49 of the original  
submission.

We trust that our submissions are now complete and request an expeditious  
approval.

Sincerely,

ABBOTT LABORATORIES

Frederick A. Gustafson  
Director  
Regulatory Affairs  
Hospital Products Division

JEM/ts  
Attachments  
0685f/6

Exhibit I

3/8/03  
Wesley

**Redacted** 2

**pages of**

**trade secret and/or**

**confidential**

**commercial**

**information**

Exhibit II

3/8/83  
3/28/83  
4/6/83  
WSEVS

**Redacted**

6

**pages of**

**trade secret and/or**

**confidential**

**commercial**

**information**



MAR 21 1983

NDA 87-955

Abbott Laboratories  
Attention: Mr. Frederic A. Gustafson  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, IL 60064

Gentlemen:

Please refer to your new drug application submitted pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act for Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> (phytonadione) Injection, U.S.P., 10 mg/ml in 1 ml Ampuls.

Reference is also made to your communications dated December 27, 1982, January 31, and February 4, 1983.

The application is deficient and therefore not approvable under Section 505(b) of the Act as follows:

- (1) It fails to include the appropriate DMF from both \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_ as previously requested.
- (2) It fails to include the certificate of analysis from \_\_\_\_\_. It is recommended that in addition to \_\_\_\_\_ the complete U.S.P. monograph tests be performed by \_\_\_\_\_.

The file is now closed. If you wish to reopen it, the submission should be in the form of an amendment to this application, adequately organized, which represents the information necessary to remove all deficiencies we have outlined.

If you do not agree with our conclusions, you may make a written request to file the application over protest, as authorized by 21 CFR 314.110(d). If you do so, the application shall be re-evaluated and within 90 days of the date of receipt of such request (or additional period as we may agree upon), the application shall be approved or you shall be given a written notice of opportunity for a hearing on the question of whether the application is approvable.

Sincerely yours,

*ISJ*  
Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

Division of Generic Drug Monographs  
Office of the Associate Director for  
Drug Monographs  
Office of Drugs  
National Center for Drugs and Biologics

*3/21/83*

CHI-DO HFN-530  
KJohnson/JLMeyer/CCh  
R/DinitJMeyer/MSeif  
ftcjl/3-14-83  
not approvable

*3-15-83*  
*ISJ*  
*3/14/83*



**ABBOTT**

*Orig*

**Hospital Products Division**

Abbott Laboratories  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, Illinois 60064

February 4, 1983

**ORIG NEW CORRES**

NATIONAL CENTER FOR DRUGS AND BIOLOGICS, HFD #530  
Attn: DOCUMENT CONTROL ROOM #16-72  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20857

ATTENTION: Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

RE: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 10mg/ml, 1ml ampul,  
NDA 87-955  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 2mg/ml, 0.5ml ampul,  
NDA 87-954  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 5ml Fliptop Vial,  
NDA 87-956

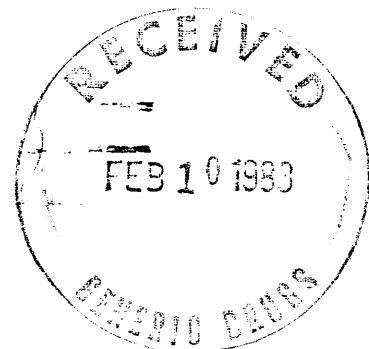
Gentlemen:

Abbott Laboratories hereby amends our supplemental applications dated December 27, 1982 which were submitted in response to the Administration's letter dated August 23, 1982. The purpose of this amendment is to provide a letter of authorization from \_\_\_\_\_ allowing the Administration to access the data supplied by them January 11, 1983 when reviewing our pending NDA's for Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection. \_\_\_\_\_ is a \_\_\_\_\_ of the active ingredient of the subject NDA's, namely Phytonadione USP. Appended is a copy of the letter of authorization.

Sincerely,

Frederick A. Gustafson  
Director, Regulatory Affairs  
Hospital Products Division

JEM/ts  
Attachment  
0600f



**Redacted**

4

11/31/83 & 1/11/83  
letters

**pages of**

**trade secret and/or**

**confidential**

**commercial**

**information**



**ABBOTT**

*Orig*

**Hospital Products Division**

Abbott Laboratories  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, Illinois 60064

December 27, 1982

NATIONAL CENTER FOR DRUGS AND BIOLOGICS, HFD #530  
Attn: DOCUMENT CONTROL ROOM #16-72  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20857

**RESUBMISSION**

**NDA ORIG AMENDMENT**

**FPL**

ATTENTION: Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

RE: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 10mg/ml, 1ml ampul,  
NDA 87-955  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 2mg/ml, 0.5ml ampul,  
NDA 87-954  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Inj. (Phytonadione Inj., USP), 10mg/ml, 5ml Fliptop Vial,  
NDA 87-956

Gentlemen:

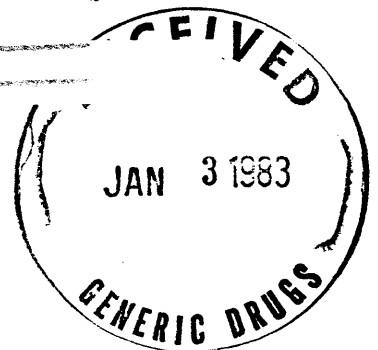
Reference is made to the Administration's letter dated August 23, 1982 concerning our submissions dated April 30, 1982 for Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection. The letter requested additional manufacturing controls information and a labeling change. The following represents our response:

Comment 1: "It fails to submit the correct labeling information. In this regard:

a. Container and Carton labels:



b.

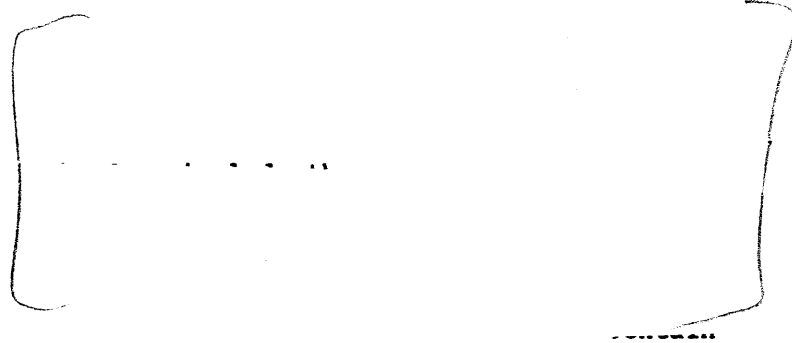




c. Package insert

How Supplied Section	Column 2
9157	1mg (0.5 ml)
9158	10 mg (1 ml)
9160	50 mg (5 ml) ."

Response:



The container labels, cartons, and "How Supplied" section of the package enclosure have been revised to increase the prominence of the total dosage as well as the fill volume and concentration/ml of Vitamin K<sub>1</sub>. In addition, the package enclosure has been revised to comply with the Administration's Labeling Guidelines (Revised 9/82) for Phytonadione Injection.

Appended as Exhibit I are twelve (12) copies of the revised final printed labeling.



**Redacted**

2

**pages of**

**trade secret and/or**

**confidential**

**commercial**

**information**



Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Page Five

We trust that this adequately answers the Administration's comments and request an expeditious approval.

Sincerely,

ABBOTT LABORATORIES

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Frederick A. Gustafson".

Frederick A. Gustafson  
Director  
Regulatory Affairs  
Hospital Products Division

JEM/ts  
Attachments  
0526f

APPEARS THIS WAY  
ON ORIGINAL



**ABBOTT**

*file*

**Hospital Products Division**

Abbott Laboratories  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, Illinois 60064

December 7, 1982

NATIONAL CENTER FOR DRUGS AND BIOLOGICS, HFD #530  
Attn: DOCUMENT CONTROL ROOM #16-72  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20857

ATTENTION: Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

RE: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP), NDA 87-954  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP), NDA 87-955  
Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP), NDA 87-956

Gentlemen:

Reference is made to the Administration's letters dated August 23, 1982 which requested samples and analytical results of the finished dosage form.

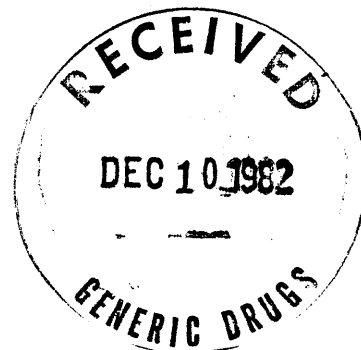
Appended are the analytical results for Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection, 10mg/ml in 5ml          Vials, Lot I-10-A. Samples of the subject finished dosage form are being hand delivered to the Administration. The samples consist of four identical, separately packaged subdivisions, each containing at least three times the amount required to perform the laboratory test procedures described in the subject applications. The samples are being submitted in support of the three subject new drug applications.

Sincerely,

*Frederick A. Gustafson*

Frederick A. Gustafson  
Director, Regulatory Affairs  
Hospital Products Division

JEM/ts  
Attachments  
0504f







5. It fails to submit samples and analytical results of the finished dosage form for the lot submitted.
6. It fails to submit adequate stability studies. In this regard:



The file is now closed. If you wish to reopen it, the submission should be in the form of an amendment to this application, adequately organized, which represents the information necessary to remove all deficiencies we have outlined.

If you do not agree with our conclusions, you may make a written request to file the application over protest, as authorized by 21 CFR 314.110(d). If you do so, the application shall be re-evaluated and within 90 days of the date of receipt of such request (or additional period as we may agree upon), the application shall be approved or you shall be given a written notice of opportunity for a hearing on the question of whether the application is approvable.

Sincerely yours,

*MMS*  
*ISI*

8/23/82

Meyer Seife, M.D.  
Director  
Division of Generic Drug Monographs  
Office of the Associate Director  
for Drug Monographs  
Office of Drugs  
National Center for Drugs and Biologics

cc: CHI-DO  
HFD-614  
HFD-530  
RD:KJohnson/JLMeyer/CChang  
RD Init: JMeyer/MSeife  
MSeife 8/10/82  
ft/vmp/8/16/82(2655 pl7)  
not approvable

*ISI* 8-19-82

MAY 19 1982

NDA 87-955

Abbott Laboratories  
Attention: Frederick A. Gustafson  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, IL 60064

Gentlemen:

We acknowledge the receipt of your abbreviated new drug application submitted pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act for the following:

NAME OF DRUG: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection; BSP)  
10 mg/ml, 1 ml ampul

DATE OF APPLICATION: April 30, 1982

DATE OF COVER LETTER: April 30, 1982

DATE OF RECEIPT: May 11, 1982

We will correspond with you further after we have had the opportunity to review the application.

Please identify any communications concerning this application with the NDA number shown above.

*AS* *19/82*  
✓ *Marvin Seife*, M.D.  
Director  
Division of Generic Drug Monographs  
Office of Drug Monographs  
Bureau of Drugs and Biologics

CHI-DO      DUR      HFD-530  
JLMeyer/041/5-10-82  
ack

*AS* *5/18/82*



**ABBOTT**

**Hospital Products Division**

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Abbott Laboratories  
Abbott Park  
North Chicago, Illinois 60064

April 30, 1982

BUREAU OF DRUGS, HFD #530  
Attn: DOCUMENT CONTROL ROOM #16-72  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20857

ATTENTION: Marvin Seife, M.D.  
Director

RE: Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Injection, USP)  
ORIGINAL ABBREVIATED NEW DRUG APPLICATION

Gentlemen:

Abbott Laboratories hereby submits an original abbreviated new drug application for the above referenced drug in accordance with the Federal Register DESI Notice 2139 of August 25, 1970. The drug is essentially identical in formulation to the currently available Phytonadione Injection marketed as Aqua MEPHYTON Injection by Merck, Sharp & Dohme.

The drug will be supplied as a sterile, nonpyrogenic aqueous dispersion in the following dosage form:

List 9158 Vitamin K<sub>1</sub> Injection (Phytonadione Inj. USP), 10mg/ml,  
1ml ampul

Please refer to the accompanying table of contents for the data supporting this submission. We trust that this submission is complete in all respects and would appreciate an expeditious review.

Sincerely,

Frederick A. Gustafson  
Director, Regulatory Affairs  
Hospital Products Division

JEM:jkf  
Attachments  
0454n

