

Contains Nonbinding Recommendations
Draft – Not for Implementation
Draft Guidance on Quetiapine Fumarate
August 2024

This draft guidance, when finalized, will represent the current thinking of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA, or the Agency) on this topic. It does not establish any rights for any person and is not binding on FDA or the public. You can use an alternative approach if it satisfies the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations. To discuss an alternative approach, contact the Office of Generic Drugs.

In general, FDA's guidance documents do not establish legally enforceable responsibilities. Instead, guidances describe the Agency's current thinking on a topic and should be viewed only as recommendations, unless specific regulatory or statutory requirements are cited. The use of the word *should* in Agency guidances means that something is suggested or recommended, but not required.

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| Active Ingredient: | Quetiapine fumarate |
| Dosage Form: | Tablet, extended release |
| Route: | Oral |
| Strengths: | EQ 50 mg Base, EQ 150 mg Base, EQ 200 mg Base, EQ 300 mg Base and EQ 400 mg Base |
| Recommended Studies: | Two in vivo bioequivalence studies with pharmacokinetic endpoints |
1. Type of study: Fasting
 Design: Single-dose, two-treatment, two-period crossover in vivo
 Strength: EQ 200 mg Base
 Subjects: Healthy males and non-pregnant, non-lactating females
 Additional comment: Exclude geriatric subjects. Subjects should be kept in supine or semi-recumbent position for at least 10 hours after dosing. They should rise only with assistance during this period of time, if needed, and at the first rising when this period is over. Orthostatics should be assessed at the end of the 10-hour period before allowing subjects to rise without further assistance.

 2. Type of study: Fed
 Design: Single-dose, two-treatment, two-period crossover in vivo
 Strength: EQ 200 mg Base
 Subjects: Healthy males and non-pregnant, non-lactating females
 Additional comments: See comments above.

Analyte to measure: Quetiapine in plasma

Bioequivalence based on (90% CI): Quetiapine

Additional strengths: Bioequivalence of the EQ 50 mg Base, EQ 150 mg Base, EQ 300 mg Base, and EQ 400 mg Base strengths to the corresponding reference listed drug (RLD) strengths may be demonstrated based on principles laid out in the most recent version of the FDA guidance for industry on *Bioequivalence Studies with Pharmacokinetic Endpoints for Drugs Submitted Under an Abbreviated New Drug Application*.^a

Dissolution test method and sampling times: For modified release drug products, applicants should develop specific discriminating dissolution methods. Alternatively, applicants may use the dissolution method set forth in any related official United States Pharmacopeia (USP) drug product monograph, or in the FDA's database, <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/dissolution/>, provided that applicants submit adequate dissolution data supporting the discriminating ability of such a method. If a new dissolution method is developed, submit the dissolution method development and validation report with the complete information/data supporting the proposed method. Conduct comparative dissolution testing on 12 dosage units for each strength of the test and RLD products. Specifications will be determined upon review of the abbreviated new drug application.

In addition to the method above, submit dissolution profiles on 12 dosage units for each strength of the test and RLD products generated using USP Apparatus 1 at 100 rpm and/or Apparatus 2 at 50 rpm in at least three dissolution media (e.g., pH 1.2, 4.5 and 6.8 buffer). Agitation speeds may be increased if appropriate. It is acceptable to add a small amount of surfactant if necessary. Include early sampling times of 1, 2, and 4 hours and continue every 2 hours until at least 80% of the drug is released to provide assurance against premature release of drug (dose dumping) from the formulation.

Alcohol dose dumping studies: Due to concerns of dose dumping of drug from this product when taken with alcohol, conduct additional dissolution testing on all strengths using various concentrations of ethanol in the dissolution medium as follows:

Testing conditions: 900 mL, 0.1N HCl, USP Apparatus 1 (basket) at 100 rpm, with or without alcohol

Test 1: 12 units tested according to the proposed method (with 0.1 N HCl) with data collected every 15 minutes for a total of 2 hours

Test 2: 12 units analyzed by substituting 5% (v/v) of test medium with Alcohol USP and data collection every 15 minutes for a total of 2 hours

Test 3: 12 units analyzed by substituting 20% (v/v) of test medium with Alcohol USP and data collection every 15 minutes for a total of 2 hours

Test 4: 12 units analyzed by substituting 40% (v/v) of test medium with Alcohol USP and data collection every 15 minutes for a total of 2 hours

Conduct testing on both test and RLD products accordingly, and provide data on individual unit, means, range and %CV.

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^a For the most recent version of a guidance, check the FDA guidance website at <https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents>.