This draft guidance, when finalized, will represent the current thinking of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA, or the Agency) on this topic. It does not establish any rights for any person and is not binding on FDA or the public. You can use an alternative approach if it satisfies the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations. To discuss an alternative approach, contact the Office of Generic Drugs.

This guidance, which interprets the Agency’s regulations on bioequivalence at 21 CFR part 320, provides product-specific recommendations on, among other things, the design of bioequivalence studies to support abbreviated new drug applications (ANDAs) for the referenced drug product. FDA is publishing this guidance to further facilitate generic drug product availability and to assist the generic pharmaceutical industry with identifying the most appropriate methodology for developing drugs and generating evidence needed to support ANDA approval for generic versions of this product.

The contents of this document do not have the force and effect of law and are not meant to bind the public in any way, unless specifically incorporated into a contract. This document is intended only to provide clarity to the public regarding existing requirements under the law. FDA guidance documents, including this guidance, should be viewed only as recommendations, unless specific regulatory or statutory requirements are cited. The use of the word should in FDA guidances means that something is suggested or recommended, but not required.

This is a new draft product-specific guidance for industry on generic lonafarnib.

---

**Active Ingredient:** Lonafarnib

**Dosage Form; Route:** Capsule; oral

**Recommended Studies:** Two in vivo bioequivalence studies with pharmacokinetic endpoints

1. **Type of study:** Fasting
   **Design:** Single-dose, two-treatment, two-period crossover in vivo
   **Strength:** 75 mg
   **Subjects:** Healthy males not of reproductive potential (surgically sterile) and non-pregnant, non-lactating females
   **Additional comments:** Exclude subjects with abnormal electrolytes, blood counts, or liver function tests. Female subjects of reproductive potential should use non-hormonal contraceptives during the study and continue to use effective contraceptives for one week after the last dose.
2. Type of study: Fed
   Design: Single-dose, two-treatment, two-period crossover in vivo
   Strength: 75 mg
   Subjects: Healthy males not of reproductive potential (surgically sterile) and non-pregnant, non-lactating females
   Additional comments: See comments above.

**Analyte to measure:** Lonafarnib in plasma

**Bioequivalence based on (90% CI):** Lonafarnib

**Waiver request of in vivo testing:** 50 mg strength based on (i) acceptable bioequivalence studies on the 75 mg strength, (ii) acceptable in vitro dissolution testing of both strengths, and (iii) proportional similarity of the formulations between both strengths

**Dissolution test method and sampling times:** The dissolution information for this drug product can be found in the FDA’s Dissolution Methods database, [http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/dissolution/](http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/dissolution/). Conduct comparative dissolution testing on 12 dosage units for each of both strengths of the test and reference products. Specifications will be determined upon review of the ANDA.

**Unique Agency Identifier:** PSG_213969